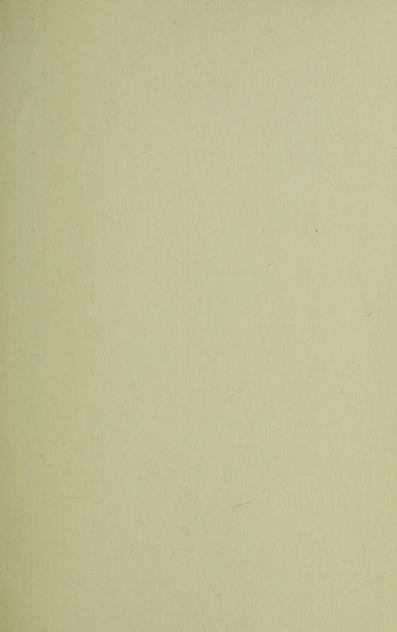
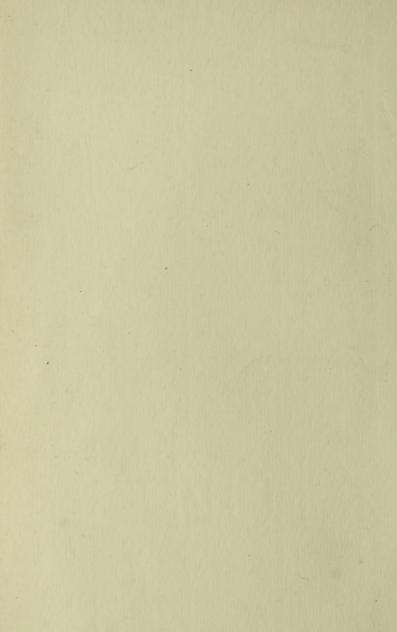




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OHIO UNIVERSITY BULLETIN



CATALOGUE NUMBER

ATHENS, OHIO, APRIL, 1913

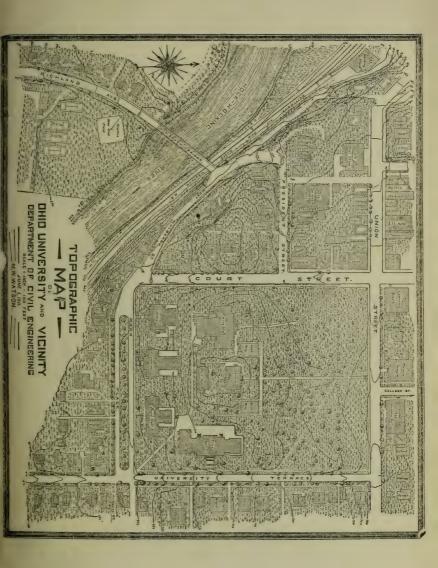
Published by the University and Issued Quarterly

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CATALOGUE

OF

OHIO UNIVERSITY

ATHENS, OHIO

1912-1913

AND

CIRCULAR OF INFORMATION

FOR

1913-1914

PUBLISHED BY THE UNIVERSITY

1913



Religion, morality, and knowledge, being necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind, schools and the means of education shall forever be encouraged."

Article 3, Ordinance of 1787.

"Under this statute (Ordinance of 1787) the Ohio Company, organized in Boston the year before as the final outcome of Rufus Putnam's proposed colony of officers, bought from the government five or six millions of acres, and entered on the first great movement of emigration west of the Ohio. The report creating the colony provided for public schools, for religious instructions, and for a university."

THOMAS W. HIGGINSON.

"We are accustomed to praise the lawgivers of antiquity; we help to perpetuate the fame of Solon and Lycurgus; but I doubt whether one single law of any lawgiver, ancient or modern, has produced effects of more distinct, marked, and lasting character than the Ordinance of 1787. * * * It was a movement of great wisdom and foresight, and one which has been attended with highly beneficial results and permanent consequences. * * * It set forth and declared it to be a high and binding duty of government itself to support schools and advance the means of education."

DANIEL WEBSTER.

"That there shall be an University instituted and established in the town of Athens, * * * for the instruction of youth in all the various branches of the liberal arts and sciences, for the promotion of good education, virtue, religion, and morality, and for conferring all the degrees and literary honors granted in similar institutions."

Section 1, Territorial Act, January 9, 1802.

"Whereas, institutions for the liberal education of youth are essential to the progress of arts and science, important to morality, virtue, and religion, friendly to the peace, order, and prosperity of society, and honorable to the government tha encourages and patronizes them, etc."

Preamble, Act of Ohio Legislature Establishing the Ohio University, at Athens, February 18, 1804.

OHIO UNIVERSITY

AND

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

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DAFYDD J. EVANS, A. M., Professor of Latin.

Frederick Treudley, A. M., Professor of Philosophy and Sociology.

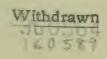
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OHIO UNIVERSITY

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GEORGE C. PARKS, Ph. B.,
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Evan Johnson Jones, Ph. B., Instructor in History.

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Marie Louise Stahl, Instructor in Drawing and Painting.

MARY J. BRISON, B. S.,
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Mary Engle Kaler, Ph. B., B. Ped., Instructor in English.

Fred C. Langenberg, B. S., Instructor in Physics.

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Nellie H. VanVorhes, Instructor on the Piano and Virgil Clavier.

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Instructor in Voice Culture.

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KATHARINE HOGE McIntyre, Instructor in Voice.

JOHN N. HIZEY,
Instructor on the Violin.

SYLVIA MOORE,
Instructor on the Piano.

MINNIE F. DEAN,
Instructor in Stenography.

GRACE MARIE JUNOD, Ph. B., Instructor in Typewriting.

EUGENIA MAY LISTON,
Instructor in Public-School Music.

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LENA E. CORN, A. M.,
Instructor in French and Spanish.

KATE DOVER,
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WILLANNA M. RIGGS, Dean of Boyd Hall.

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Assistant Registrar.

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Julia L. Cable,
Stenographer, President's Office.
Clyde O. Gibson,
Curator of the Gymnasium.

ELIZABETH MUSGRAVE, Critic Teacher, First-Year Grade.

AMY M. WEIHR, Ph. M., B. Ped., Critic Teacher, Second-Year Grade.

ELSIE S. GREATHEAD.

Critic Teacher, Third-Year Grade.

WINIFRED L. WILLIAMS,

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Teacher, Rural Training School.

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Teacher, Rural Training School.

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COURSES OF STUDY.

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SUMMER SCHOOL

Williams, W. F. Copeland, Mills, Coultrap, and Dunkle.

LIBRARY.

Chubb, Treudley, Elson, Chrisman, and Bentley.

STUDENT WELFARE.

Treudley, Stahl, Atkinson, Elson, and T. N. Hoover.

STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS.

William Hoover, Addicott, Evans, Chrisman, and Landsittel.

ATHLETICS-GYMNASIUM.

Wilson, Douthitt, T. N. Hoover, Parks, and Richeson.

SPECIAL CASES OF DISCIPLINE.

Bentley, Atkinson, Addicott, Treudley, and Matheny.

TRAINING SCHOOL.

Waite, Williams, McLeod, Gard, and Brison.

WOMEN'S DORMITORIES.

Chubb, Bohn, Dean, Tilley, and Williams.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT.
Williams, Chubb, Waite, Coultrap, and Martzolff.

ATHLETIC, LECTURE, AND ENTERTAINMENT FUND.

C. M. Copeland, Atkinson, McVey, Pierce, and Addicott.

^{*}The President of the University has membership in each committee.

GENERAL INFORMATION

OHIO UNIVERSITY

ORIGIN OF THE UNIVERSITY

The existence of the Ohio University was provided for as early as 1787, in the purchase of lands made from the Government of the United States by the Ohio Company of Associates. By the contract between these two parties, two townships of land were set apart for the purpose of a University, and placed under the care of the Legislature of the State. The University was organized under an act of the Legislature passed February 18, 1804. Its Trustees are appointed by State authority, and the Governor of the State is, ex-officio, a member of the Board. Recent legislation confirms the position of the University as one of the educational wards of the State of Ohio. State support gives the institution an annual revenue of about \$100,000. Other sources of income swell the amount above named to over \$300,000. Special appropriations for buildings and equipment during the last ten years ending with February, 1912, have amounted to \$574,698.

LOCATION

Athens, the seat of the University, is situated in the southeastern part of the State. It is easily accessible from the east and west by the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad and its branches; from the southern, central, and northern portions of the State by the Hocking Valley and the Toledo and Ohio Central railways. By these routes it is one hundred and sixty miles from Cincinnati and seventy-five miles southeast from Columbus. The sanitary arrangements of the city are unsurpassed. Its principal streets are paved; it is provided with water-works and sewerage; its Board of Health is vigorous and efficient. There are few cities in the country that are more desirable as a place of temporary or permanent residence than Athens. There are no saloons.

The lover of natural scenery cannot fail to be charmed with its picturesque surroundings. The winding valley of the Hockhocking and the wooded hills beyond present a series of striking views from the University, while the wide prospects, as seen at certain seasons from some of the neighboring summits, afford a quiet and varied beauty.

BUILDINGS

The University buildings are thirteen in number. Nine of them are grouped on the campus.

The "Central Building" was erected in 1817, and is the oldest college edifice northwest of the Ohio river. This venerable structure is dear to many by strong and tender associations, and to many more by means of eminent men who have here studied and taught. It has been modernized and is admirably adapted to its uses for college work.

"Ewing Hall," named in honor of Hon. Thomas Ewing, of the Class of 1815, is a handsome building in which may be found the assembly room, art rooms, various class-rooms, and the administration offices.

"Ellis Hall," the new building occupied by the departments of the State Normal College, now nine years in use, is the first building in Ohio, erected at State expense, given up wholly to the training of teachers for service in the public schools. It is one of the largest, best, and most costly buildings on the grounds. Five hundred people can find comfortable seats in the assembly room of this building.

The "Carnegie Library," fully equipped and in running order, is situated in the southwest corner of the campus. It presents a fine appearance and suggests the highly practical service it is rendering the educational work of the University.

The buildings known as the "East Wing" and the "West Wing" are nearly as old as the Central Building. They afford

class-room and laboratory facilities for certain departments of instruction as well as comfortable quarters for a number of male students.

The "Old Chapel," so called, stands apart from the other buildings. Some of the work of the College of Music is carried on in this building. Here the Athenian, Philomathean, and Adelphian literary societies have well-furnished rooms. On the first floor is an assembly room often used when narrower quarters than those found in the assembly room of Ewing Hall are desired.

"Women's Hall," is located nearly opposite the north entrance to the campus. It is a fine brick structure heated by steam, where convenient and pleasant rooms are occupied by a Dean, a Matron, and ninety women students. The dining-room and kitchen are clean and well furnished.

"Boyd Hall" the newdormitory for young women, is located near Ellis Hall and the Carnegie Library. It has a frontage of 150 feet on Park Place and a depth of 100 feet.

The building is heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Each bedroom is well lighted and has ample closet space. In all, accommodations are provided for eighty-eight students and, in addition to these, rooms are provided for the maids and servants.

The "New Gymnasium" is a handsome, structure containing a swimming pool, lockers, offices, and all the appliances found in a complete gymnasium.

The "Central Heating Plant," constructed at a cost of \$50,000, is in good running order. Recently this building has been doubled in size. Ultimately the University Electric Light Plant, now occupying basement quarters in Ewing Hall and the Old Chapel, will be installed here. It is intended that every building on the University campus shall get its heat from this Central Plant.

"Science Hall." This building was occupied for the first time in 1912. It is a commodious structure, consisting of a well-lighted basement and three carefully arranged stories above ground. With its equipment it has cost about \$120,000. In it are the departments of Physics, Chemistry, and Biology.

The "Training School" of the State Normal College, a model building of its kind, has been erected and equipped at a cost of \$70,000. It is of fire-proof construction and has basement, ground floor, and two stories in height. It contains ten classrooms, twelve recitation rooms, rest-rooms, offices, and an auditorium with seating capacity for 400 persons. The plan of lighting, heating, and ventilating shows the best that present building experience can suggest. Wide corridors, two large stairways, and four wide and easily reached exits lessen the danger to teachers and pupils in the event of a fire alarm.

"Fire Protection." Foresight to safeguard life and property is shown in the ready means of extinguishing fires to be found in every building on the grounds. Standpipes, with hose attachment, are on every floor of each large building. Four strong extension ladders are placed where they can be reached easily in case of need. Sixty approved fire extinguishers have been located in places where their use would likely prove most serviceable.

OF THE OHIO UNIVERSITY

Students are permitted to select work from the wide range of studies in the different departments and colleges of the University. In each of the four-year courses much of the work is required, but with the options and electives allowed there is opportunity for the student to specialize. Thorough-going specialization by an undergraduate is apt to result in an intensive knowledge of one thing with an extensive ignorance of everything else; consequently at Ohio University, in the College of Liberal Arts, about two-thirds of the work is required; in the State Normal College the proportion of required work is larger. However, as options are permitted in many cases, the student has great freedom in selecting those studies which will best prepare him for his future occupation.

The following statements show in concise form the range of educational work now offered:

COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS

- 1. Course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts (A. B.)
- 2. Course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science (B. S.)

Each of these is a four-year course based upon graduation from an accredited high school of the first grade, or equivalent scholarship, and requires 120 semester hours for completion.

The following Colleges and Departments are also parts of the College of Liberal Arts:

The School of Commerce:

- A Collegiate Course -two years.
- 2. Special Courses in Accounting, Typewriting, and Stenography.

3. Teachers' Course in Stenography-two years.

Graduates of high schools having a four-year course will be admitted to the Collegiate Course without conditions.

College of Music:

- 1. Course in Piano and Organ.
- 2. Course in Vocal Culture.
- 3. Course in Violin.
- 4. Course in Harmony and Composition.

School of Oratory:

- 1. Two-year Course for Graduates of High Schools.
- Five-Year Course in Connection with Four-Year College Course.

The Department of Physics and Electrical Engineering:

As a part of the scheduled work of this department there is a Short Course—two years—in Electrical Engineering. The course referred to leads to a diploma. It may all be taken as an elective course in connection with the Scientific Course as outlined in the catalogue, thus not only giving the graduate the degree of Bachelor of Science, but also establishing a special foundation for his life work as well.

Department of Mathematics and Civil Engineering:

The work of this department is of wide range and special excellence. It includes a Short Course in Civil Engineering—two years. The course leads to a diploma, but students are urged to take the B. S. Course, choosing the subjects of this course as electives.

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

- 1. A Course for Teachers of Rural Schools-two years.
- 2. Course in Elementary Education-two years.
- 3. Course in Kindergarten-two years.
- 4. Course in School Agriculture—two years.
- 5. Course in Manual Training-two years.
- 6. Course in Domestic Science-two years.
- 7. Course in Secondary Education-four years.

- 8. Course in Supervision—four years.
- 9. Professional Course for Graduates from reputable Colleges of Liberal Arts—one year.

Diplomas are also given for the completion of Courses in Public-School Music and Public-School Drawing.

Admission to any of these courses, save No. 1, is based upon graduation from an accredited high school of the first grade.

STATE PREPARATORY SCHOOL

The Preparatory School, maintained in connection with the State Normal College, is felt to be a necessity under present educational conditions. Persons who can secure full high school training at home are urged to get it before attempting to gain admission to the Preparatory School, which is conducted to help those who cannot secure adequate preparation at home. The needs of the teachers and prospective teachers, looking forward to the advanced work of the State Normal College, have been fully provided for in the courses offered.

Primarily, the Courses of Study are planned with two ends in view: (1) To give the student the best possible instruction for the time he may be able to remain in college, and (2) to enable him to make special preparation for regular work in one of the diploma or degree courses of the University.

THE UNIVERSITY SUMMER SCHOOL

The work of the Summer School for 1913, June 23 to August I, is shown in detail in a special Bulletin issued in January. The reprint of the essential features of that Bulletin will be found in this catalogue, beginning with page 198.

DEGREES

The Bachelor's degree (A. B., B. S., or B. S. in Education) is conferred upon students who have completed any one of the three courses laid down in another part of this catalogue.

An additional year's work, that is, thirty semester hours, will be required for the securing of a second Bachelor's degree. To illustrate—if a student has earned the degree of A. B. by securing 120 semester hours, he must secure an additional

thirty hours to receive the degree of B. S. or B. S. in Education. The additional thirty hours shall be done in the line of his first degree upon the approval of a committee composed of the President, the Dean, and the professors under whom he is to do his work.

Ohio University does not confer the degree of Doctor of Philosophy (Ph. D.) Only graduates of the University are eligible to the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity (D. D.)

The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws (L.L.D.) is conferred upon those selected by joint action of the Faculty and the Board of Trustees. Other honorary degrees may be conferred when deemed proper by the authorities above named.

REGULATIONS CONCERNING THE BACHELOR'S DEGREE

1. When a student registers he shall declare the course he is taking; and then when he is enrolled in the catalogue his name shall appear in but one place.

At the beginning of every month each professor and instructor shall send to the Deans and Principal of the Preparatory School the name of each student whose work is unsatisfactory. Uniform cards will be furnished for this purpose. The names of students belonging to the College of Liberal Arts shall go to the Dean of that College, etc.

- 2. A student shall be enrolled as a Freshman until he has removed all entrance requirements. This will allow him three semesters in which to do so.
- 3. In applied Music and Painting, but six hours of credit will be allowed to a candidate for a Bachelor's degree. In Manual Training and Domestic Science but six hours shall be allowed for such work as wood-work, and sewing and cooking. Only the first year's work in Stenography shall count as college credit. In the College of Liberal Arts, six hours will be allowed for practice teaching done in high-school subjects. For such work as Voice Culture, Pantomime, and the mechanical side of Oratory no credit shall be given. A total of twelve hours will be allowed from all the subjects above named, and no more.

4. Grading shall be done by the letters—A, B, C, D, E, and F.

A signifies Highest Honor

B signifies Honor

C signifies Creditable

D signifies Passing

E signifies Conditioned

F signifies Failed

These are the terms to be handed to the Registrar for his record. To aid the instructors in reaching some standard of uniformity, the following percents are affixed to the predicates, — A, 95 to 100; B, 90 to 94; C, 80 to 89; D, 70 to 79.

- 5. If a student shall at graduation, in a four-year course, have had A's in four-fifths of his work, and above D in the rest, he shall have a seal on his diploma signifying "Highest Honor." If he shall have four-fifths in A's or B's and above D in the rest, he shall have a seal signifying "Honor." No student shall receive these honors who has not attended the University or the State Normal College at least four semesters.
- 6. In order to graduate, a student must have a grade above D in more than half his work.
- 7. Upon the removal of a condition, or upon passing special examination after a failure, the grade shall be recorded as a D.

REGULATIONS FOR THE GRANTING OF THE MASTER'S DEGREE IN COURSE

A holder of a Bachelor's degree from the Ohio University, or a college of equal rank, may obtain the Master's degree after complying with the following conditions:

- 1. He shall take thirty semester hours, or a year's work, in residence. The writing of the thesis shall be included in the thirty hours. No credit shall be given for work receiving a grade lower than B. If teaching more than five hours a week, the student shall be required to take more than a year's time in residence.
- 2. The candidate shall take one major and two minors, two of the three subjects must be related. The major study shall comprise three-fifths and each of the minors one-fifth of the

work. The three studies must be studied under at least two professors.

3. Before entering upon a course the candidate must obtain the recommendation of a Special Committee consisting of the President and the Deans, and the professor under whom he expects to take his work. His instructors shall then file an outline of the proposed course with this Special Committee, who shall approve or reject. When the work has been completed and the instructors have recommended the candidate for the degree, the candidate shall receive a final examination by a committee appointed for this purpose by the Special Committee. Upon the joint recommendation of the instructors and the examining committee the faculty shall act.

NUMBER OF HOURS AND SPECIAL WORK

Each student in a regular course is expected to take from fourteen to sixteen hours a week. By taking fifteen hours a week he can graduate in four years. Only by special permission will a student be permitted to take more than than sixteen hours, and then only upon evidence that his work of the preceding semester has been of a very high grade.

No work in absentia will be allowed at Ohio University.

In addition to the work of the regular semesters, not more than ten hours work, of which six shall be done in the Summer School, may be taken by any student in the course of the year. The remaining four hours must be included between the close of the Summer School and the opening of the Fall semester. To obtain credit for this work, the student must register in advance in the office of the University Registrar.

METHODS OF INSTRUCTION

Instruction is given both by recitation and lecture. The constant aim in both is to awaken interest in study, to aid in the acquisition of knowledge, and to develop the power of thought and communication.

Some subjects better than others can be treated in lectures. The knowledge the student has of a subject is likewise a factor that is taken into account. The lecture method is generally

better adapted to advanced students than to those who are still in the elements. After the elementary principles have been thoroughly mastered from the text-book, supplemented with such elucidations as seem to be called for, the student is generally prepared to profit by the lectures of the teacher and to grasp the wider outlook that is the result of a knowledge of a subject rather than of the contents of any single book, or even of several books. In the observational studies the learner is, as far as possible, brought face to face with the objects themselves under consideration. The classes in Botany, Geology, and Elementary Science make excursions into the surrounding country for the purpose of collecting specimens and deriving scientific knowledge from original sources. The classes in Surveying and Mensuration have practice in the use of instruments in field work.

SCHOLASTIC REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO THE FRESHMAN CLASS

Ohio University recognizes and gives full credit to the classifications of high schools made by the State Commissioner of Common Schools. Graduates from high schools of the first grade can enter the Freshman class of the College of Liberal Arts or the State Normal College, or enter upon the short courses in the School of Commerce, in Electrical Engineering, and in Civil Engineering without examination, provided they have completed at least fifteen units of secondary work as the terms are generally understood and applied in educational circles; also, graduates from high schools named in the accredited lists of colleges and universities of recognized high standing will be received, by certificate, on equal terms.

When any part of the fifteen units of secondary credit is made up of what may be regarded as legitimate college work the same will be accepted without examination, but no hours of college credit will be given therefor.

When the fifteen units of secondary credit do not include all the studies required as preparatory work by Ohio University, such studies may be regarded as electives, and included in the 120 hours of college work required for graduates. The foregoing statements are made to show students that, in order to complete any one of the four-year degree courses, they must have fifteen units of preparatory credit, and 120 hours of collegiate work.

A unit represents a year's study in any subject in a secondary school, constituting approximately a quarter of a full year's work.

"This statement is designed to afford a standard of measurement for the work done in secondary schools. It takes the four-year high-school course as a basis, and assumes that the length of the school year is from thirty-six to forty weeks, that a period is from forty to sixty minutes in length, and that the study is pursued for four or five periods a week but, under ordinary circumstances, a satisfactory year's work in any subject cannot be accomplished in less than one hundred and twenty sixty-minute hours or their equivalent. Schools organized on any other than a four-year basis can, nevertheless, estimate their work in terms of this unit."

To enter the Freshman class of Ohio University fifteen units are required.

Graduates from a "Commercial Course" of a first-grade high school will be given full credit for the special work there done, should they enter upon any course connected with the School of Commerce; but if such graduates seek admission to the Freshman class of the College of Liberal Arts, or the State Normal College, they will be given such credit as may deemed just and proper by the Faculty Committee on Registration, after a careful examination of each separate case.

The intent of the foregoing is to make it clear that Ohio University will recognize all work of a high school of the first grade at its full value. After the student is given admission, with college rank, to any scheduled course, he will be required to "make good," in full measure, all required and elective work necessary to complete 120 hours of credit.

In all cases where students seek to enter any of the colleges or departments of the University without examination, they must present to the Registrar the legal certificate, or a certified copy thereof, which accompanies the diploma of each high school graduate; or a "Certificate of Application for Admission," prepared by the University, will be sent to prospective students thus enabling them to comply with the conditions hereinbefore stated.

Holders of High School Certificates, issued by the Ohio State Board of School Examiners, will be admitted to the Freshman class of any college or department of the University without condition. If they enter upon any four-year or degree course in the State Normal College, they will be given, in addition, such professional credit as conditions may suggest as just and proper. Also, any holder of the State Certificate, before referred to, may receive college credit for branches of college grade named therein when the same are accepted by the Faculty Committee on Registration of Students.

Candidates for advanced standing are, in all cases, examined to ascertain their thoroughness and proficiency; but certificates from other institutions will be accepted for the amount of work done in the different departments.

In exceptional cases students are admitted to classes for a week on trial, without examination, provided the professors in charge are reasonably certain that they can maintain their standing.

Women are admitted to all departments of the University on the same terms, and under the same conditions as those prescribed for men.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION

English (Rhetoric and Literature)	3 units
History	1 unit
Mathematics	2 units
Science (Physics or Chemistry) 1 unit	
Foreign Language (Ancient or Modern)	4 units

TABLE OF RECOGNIZED UNITS

The eleven units named above are required of all candidates for admission to the Freshman Class. The following is a list of recognized units from which the total of fifteen units must be selected:

English	I, 2, 3, or 4 units	
American History or Americ	an History and Civil	
Government	r unit	
Ancient and Medieval History.	I unit	
English History	I unit	
	I unit	
Algebra (beyond quadratics).	½ unit	
Geometry (plane)	r unit	
Geometry (solid)		
Trigonometry	½ unit	
Latin	2, 3, or 4 units	
Greek	I, 2, 3, or 4 units	
German	2, 3, or 4 units	
French	2, 3, or 4 units	
	2, 3, or 4 units	
(With the exception of Greek, not less than two		
units of any foreign language will be accepted.)		
Physics	1 unit	
Chemistry	I unit	
Physical Geography		
Zoölogy		
Botany	1 unit	
Physical Geography	The 41-	
Zoölogy	For the present any two of	
Botany	these may be counted together as I unit	
Physiology	as I unit	
Agriculture	m1	
Free-hand drawing	The Registration Committee	
Manual Training	may, after investigating each	
Manual Training Domestic Science	claim, grant a total credit of	
9		

HELPS TO REGISTRATION

Prospective students, who do not wish to take entrance examinations, should secure blank certificates of application for admission from the President or the Registrar of the University, then have their High School credits entered therein by the

Superintendent of their local school and attested by his signature. These papers should then be forwarded to the University not later than September 1st, in order that the applicants' standing may be determined before the opening of the college year. Students coming from other colleges are required to present properly signed statements of work and certificates of honorable dismissal from the institution last attended.

In order to expedite registration, several members of the Faculty act as advisers for the various colleges and departments of the University. The following selection has been made for the year 1913-1914:

College of Liberal Arts, Dean Chubb.
Normal College, Dean Williams.
Electrical Engineering, Professor Atkinson.
Civil Engineering, Professor Addicott.
School of Commerce, Professor C. M. Copeland.
College of Music, Professor McVey.
State Preparatory School, Principal Coultrap.
School of Domestic Science, Principal Bohn.
Agriculture, Professor W. F. Copeland.
Training School, Principal Waite.
Rural Training School, Professor Richeson.

Before reporting to the Registrar, all students should consult their course advisers, who will assist them to make out their work. They should next go to the Registrar's office, present their selection of studies, secure a registration card, and pay their fees in full.

Preparatory students will not be allowed to enroll for collegiate subjects unless their required preparatory work is not sufficient to complete their registration. Collegiate credit in any subject will not be granted to a student who is under fifteen years of age.

When a student has registered, no change may be made in his work, except in case of error, without the consent of his adviser and the Registrar. After three weeks, the consent of the Faculty is necessary.

DAYS FOR REGISTRATION

At the opening of the First Semester—in September—the registration schedule is as follows:

Saturday from 8:00 A. M. to 4:00 P. M.

Monday from 7:30 A. M. to 5:00 P. M.

Tuesday from 7:30 A. M. to 11:30 A. M.

At the opening of the Second Semester the registration schedule is as follows:

Saturday from 8:00 A. M. to 4:00 P. M.

Monday from 7:30 A. M. to 5:00 P. M.

Students who fail to register within the times designated will pay a registration fee of eleven dollars.

A student who is unable to take the examinations at the end of a semester can take a special examination only upon special permission and the payment of a fee of one dollar. The fee is to be paid in advance to the registrar.

All registration fees are due and payable in advance.

LIBRARY AND READING ROOM

In the study of Literature and History the most important aid, in addition to a good teacher, is a large stock of well-selected books. In this respect the Ohio University is liberally supplied. The University and Society libraries contain about 40,000 volumes, a large part of which are of recent purchase. Recently five thousand dollars have been appropriated each year for the purchase of books, magazines, and pamphlets. This liberal allowance has secured an abundance of the best recent literature in the various fields of scholastic activity. The readingroom furnishes access to the latest contributions on all topics under current discussion. Some of the largest works are useful not only for reference, but also for purposes of original investigation.

It is the special aim of the managers of the Library to acquire as rapidly as issued all the leading works bearing on Pedagogy, whether in German, French, or English. A large number of works on this topic and the history of education is already on hand. The Library is so managed as to be accessible every day.

The reading room, in which are placed most of the reference books, and all the periodicals, is accessible at all times. The reading of well chosen books not only tells the student what others have thought in every department of knowledge, but likewise stimulates him to think for himself. A good library is of itself a university.

APPARATUS

The departments of Mathematics, Psychology, Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Elementary Science, Physiography, Manual Training, Domestic Science, Agriculture, Electrical Engineering, and Civil Engineering are well equipped with valuable apparatus, which is put at the personal disposal of the student. The subjects are illustrated upon the lecture-table, but it is insisted upon only when he has acquired skill in carrying on laboratory experiments by himself under the supervision of the professor.

The facilities for the work in science have been greatly increased by the removal of the Department of Physics, Electrical Engineering, Chemistry, and Biology into the new Science Hall, the commodious structure completed in 1912 at a total cost of about \$120,000.

The large Biological Laboratory has been filled with appliances suitable for pursuing extensive courses of study in the various departments of Biology, the selections being made with a view to furnish each student with such apparatus, reagents, etc. as are necessary for independent work. To this end more than seventy microscopes have been provided and many duplicates of other appliances are at hand. Excellent histological apparatus is in use for freezing and sectioning, and the laboratory is also well equipped for embryological and bacteriological work.

The Department of Physics and Electrical Engineering is well equipped for the work it undertakes to do. Additions are made each year both to the apparatus for class demonstration and to the equipment for individual laboratory work in the various courses. The laboratory for Elementary Physics is provided with apparatus for thorough work in mechanics, heat, light, sound, and electricity and magnetism. The laboratory

for Advanced Physics is provided with all facilities for the more advanced phases of laboratory work, besides having arrangements for the investigation of special subjects, as required in advanced elective work, and for thesis work.

The Electrical Laboratory contains much apparatus for absolute measurements in electricity and magnetism. The Dynamo Laboratory, in the basement of Science Hall, contains various types of dynamos, transformers, gas engines and steam engines; also the necessary forms of voltmeters, ammeters, wattmeters, tachometers, rheostats, indicators, and other appliances for the various electrical and steam tests. The shops are well provided with machinery and tools for both wood and metal working.

The Chemical Laboratory occupies the entire second floor of the new Science Hall. Here are modern lecture rooms, offices, dark rooms, lockers, and special laboratories both for elementary and advanced work in chemistry.

In the Department of Paidology and Psychology, a laboratory has been established. Rooms set apart for this department have been equipped with furniture and apparatus such as are needed for experimental work in these sciences. This equipment has been carefully made with the end in view of having a laboratory well arranged for carrying on both elementary and advanced work.

The Department of Mathematics and Civil Engineering is well equipped with the best modern appliances for carrying on the wide range of work offered. Fine sets of surveying instruments of the most approved kind are used by the students in field work under the direction of the Professor of Civil Engineering.

The Department of Elementary Science—Normal College—occupies most desirable quarters on the third floor of Ellis Hall. The Department has a large equipment of well-selected apparatus and illustrative material costing several thousand dollars.

The equipment of the Department of Manual Training is to be found in two large rooms well located in Ewing Hall. One of these rooms contains the machinery used in instruction in iron work. The wood-working appliances are found in the room recently used as a gymnasium. In the iron-working shop are six motor-driven engine-lathes, a power-driven 20-inch drill-press, a 12-inch shaper, also motor-driven, and a power saw, besides smaller lathes, grinders, tools, and other appliances. In the wood-working room are found ten high speed wood-turning lathes, a 24-inch band saw, a 12-inch circular saw, a 12-inch jointer—all power-driven; also twenty individual work benches and the necessary individual sets of tools.

The Department of Physiography is equipped with reflectroscope, tellurin, globes, relief maps, wall maps, blackboard outline maps, individual globes and abundant library references.

The Art Departments—University and Normal—occupy a large, well-lighted suite of rooms with equipments of an up-to-date character. Facilities for carrying on the special work of these departments are of the very best.

The Department of Domestic Science occupies all of a building—formerly a private residence—on College street just north of Women's Hall. It has full equipment, modern and of the best.

THE MUSEUM

The Museum is located in the basement of the Carnegie Library. It already has a well catalogued and labeled collection of mineralogical, archæological and historical specimens. Many of these are rare and valuable. Among the special features to be seen are the Case Collection of geological specimens, the Lowry Filipino Collection, the Wickham Civil War Collection and the Wilmont Elton Brown Filipino Collection. Accessions are being made all the time and new quarters are necessary to accommodate the growing Museum.

MAPS, CHART, ETC.

Excellent sets of maps, chiefly those of Kiepert and others, published by Rand, McNally & Co., intended to illustrate the physical features and political changes of the historical countries of Europe and the East, have lately been added to the equipment of the institution. These, in addition to those before on hand, afford an important and well-nigh indispensable

aid to the study of history and geography. The outfit in this regard is believed to be unusually complete.

Wall and portfolio pictures, and hundreds of lantern slides, form an important part of the equipment of many of the departments of the University.

DISCIPLINE-OPPORTUNITY

Entering the University will be considered a pledge to obey its rules and regulations. These are few and simple, appealing to the student's self-respect and sense of personal responsibility. Persons of known bad character or of lazy habits are not wanted, and will not be retained unless they show a decided desire to reform. Students from other colleges must present certificates of honorable dismissal.

A record is made of the daily work of each student. When the standing of the student, as shown by this record and examination, falls below an average grade of 70 per cent., he must review the study. A record is also kept of each student's deportment. A low standing in either record is followed by private admonition, and notice is given to the parents or guardian

Whenever the conduct of a student is such as to indicate that he is unfit to be a member of the University, either because of immorality or because of habitual neglect of his college studies, he will be requested to withdraw. But in the latter case, his parents will first be notified, and if he is not withdrawn within a reasonable time he will be dismissed.

FEES

There is no charge for tuition in any of the regular preparatory or collegiate classes, but all students pay a registration fee of nine dollars a semester. For the Summer School of six weeks the registration fee is three dollars. From each semester fee of nine dollars, one dollar and a half is turned over to the control of the Faculty Committee on "Athletic, Lecture, and Entertainment Fund." It is the purpose of this committee to adminster the fund so that the students may have the opportunity to hear distinguished lecturers, scholars, musicians, etc. Laboratory Fees—In the laboratory courses in physics and electrical engineering, biology, elementary science, agriculture, paidology and psychology, and Course I in chemistry, there is a fee of \$1.50 a semester for each. In the other—the advanced and elective—courses in chemistry, the semester fee is \$3.00.

All laboratory fees are payable at the beginning of each semester in which the laboratory work is required. To these fees is added a small charge for breakage—to careful students usually not more than a few cents. Regular and special fees, save breakage fees, are collected by the Registrar when the student registers. Breakage fees are collected by the heads of departments. Any balance of such fees, after they have met the purpose for which collected, shall be returned to students upon their completion of the course, or when they withdraw from class with honorable dismissal.

Field Work in Civil Engineering—Students taking field work in Civil Engineering pay a semester fee of \$1.50.

Normal College Art Department—Instruction in school drawing is free. Students in elementary manual training, on account of material used by them, pay a fee of \$2.50 a semester. This covers everything.

Gymnasium—A deposit fee of \$1.00, collected by the Curator of the Gymnasium, is put up by each student at the beginning of each college year, or whenever he enters college. This fee is to insure the proper use of the locker, the return of the locker key, and the right handling of the gymnasium equipment.

School of Commerce—The fee in stenography and typewriting is \$7.50 a semester. The fee for typewriting alone is \$3.00 a semester. The registration fee of \$9.00 gives the student free instruction in other subjects scheduled.

College of Music—Fees, per semester, including the registration fee of \$9.00, are as follows:

Piano	Lessons	(two per week)	elementary grades \$	19	50
Piano	e 66	` ~ "	7 7 7 "	24	-
Voice	"	66		24	00
Violin	6.6	6.6		24	00
Organ		66		24	00
			y for each semester	3	00
Rent	of organ	, one hour per d	ay for each semester	9	00

Students of the College of Music who have paid the regular registration fee of \$9.00 are entitled to pursue other regular college work without paying additional fees.

Diplomas and Certificates—For each diploma granted, in course, a fee of \$5.00 is charged; for each certificate, a fee of \$1.50. The diploma given in connection with the conferring of any honorary degree is presented free of charge.

Drawing and Painting—All instruction in drawing is free, but students taking individual instruction in painting pay a semester fee of \$15.00.

EXPENSES

Board and lodging can be obtained within a reasonable distance of the University at \$3.50 per week. By forming clubs, students may board at from \$2.50 to \$3.00 per week. Those students whose circumstances require it are allowed to board themselves, by which means their expenses may be still further reduced; but this plan is not recommended, because likely to be prejudicial to health and good scholarship.

All young women who are not residents of Athens are required to reside in Boyd Hall or Women's Hall, unless the rooms are all occupied. Only in special cases will exceptions be made. This regulation has been adopted with a view solely to the best interests of the young women themselves, and not with any purpose to restrict them in the enjoyment of every legitimate privilege. It is the aim of the management to make these quarters as attractive and pleasant as possible, and at the same time to keep the cost as low as is consistent with the accommodations provided. The cost of room and board is from \$3.75 to \$4.00 per week, according to the size and location of the room. Everything is furnished except soap and towels. About one hundred and eighty young women can be received.

As persons frequently wish to know, as nearly as may be, the cost of a student for one year at the Ohio University, the following estimates are here given:

Lowest	MEDIUM		
Registration fee \$ 18 o	o Registration fee \$ 18 00		
Board in clubs, av'age 95 5			
Room 31 5	o Room 47 00		
Books 15 o	o Books 20 00		
Laundry 20 0	o Laundry 30 00		
Incidentals 10 0	o Incidentals 21 00		
\$190 O	\$250 00		

This estimate is for thirty-eight weeks, and includes all necessary expenses. The additional charges for students who take electives in Chemistry and Electricity and for those receiving special instruction in Music, Painting, Electricity, and certain commercial branches are elsewhere noted.

SELF-HELP

It is the glory of Ohio University that she does not shut any of her doors against the poor boy or girl. The munificence of the State of Ohio furnishes her sons and daughters with the educational facilities that once were deemed the prerogatives of the children of the rich.

At the present time there are at least sixty Ohio University boys making their boarding expenses, many of them are making more. There are twenty-five boys earning their meals by acting as waiters in restaurants and other boarding places. Ten boys earn their board by running boarding clubs. Eight boys are earning from \$6.00 to \$15.00 per month apiece by acting as janitor for different club rooms and churches in town. Still there are numerous others earning from a few cents a week up to a good salary by doing all kinds of work, such as reporting for the papers, collecting laundry, acting as agents for different firms, clerking in different stores, and doing odd jobs for the town people. These are a few of the ways an energetic student can help himself through school. These positions are changing hands two or three times a year, that is the most of them are, and if one is on the lookout he can soon get a good place.

Said a student recently: "I have been at Ohio University for two years, and to me this is the place for a poor boy. It is a

place where one can get the benefit of large appropriations made by the State for running the school where almost all we spend is for our living expenses, which are as cheap, if not cheaper, then any place else; where the classes are comparatively small on account of the large faculty; where the location is very healthful, landscape beautiful, and the water is as pure as can be found anywhere."

THE ALUMNI LOAN FUND

Three thousand dollars have already been subscribed by the alumni and friends of Ohio University to the Alumni Loan Fund. The purpose of this fund is to loan money to deserving students who have proven their worth in character and scholarship. No aid is given before the student has completed 60 hours of college credit. The Fund is administered by a committee consisting of President J. D. Brown, of the Bank of Athens; the Dean of the College of Liberal Arts; and the Secretary of the Faculty.

RELIGIOUS INFLUENCE*

The University is not sectarian, and no effort is made to inculcate the doctrines of any particular creed or denomination; but the utmost care is taken to promote sound and healthy religious sentiments. Students are encouraged to attend with regularity the churches of their choice. The various churches of Athens, both Protestant and Catholic, are cordially thrown open to the students.

The founder of the Ohio University believed that "religion, morality, and knowledge are necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind;" and it has been the steady purpose of those to whom has been entrusted the duty of carrying out his plans to insist on the intimate relation existing between the three. The good man, the good citizen is not he who is best informed, but he who is constantly inspired with

^{*}Sixty-five percent, of all the students enrolled are church members. Eighty percent, of all students in regular attendance are members of the Y. M.C. A. or the Y. W. C. A. At least three classes in Bible study are instructed by Faculty members, each term. This is elective work with college credit.

the thought that his knowledge should be used for the good of his fellowman. Knowledge without virtue is a curse and not a blessing. It is the constant policy of both Trustees and Faculty to inspire students with the love of knowledge and with desire to practice religion and morality. Accordingly only those persons are invited to profit by the means of instruction here placed within their reach, who are willing to conform their conduct as far as possible to the teachings of the Bible. We expect students who have spent some time with us to depart not only wiser, but also better, than they came. If such is not the case it will not be for want of care on the part of the Faculty.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS

Both the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A. have flourishing organizations connected with the Ohio University, and a large proportion of the students are members of one or the other. These hold meetings weekly or oftener, provide lectures on religious or Biblical topics, and take an active interest in promoting the spiritual, moral, and intellectual welfare of the entire student body. The management of the University is in hearty sympathy with these organizations and does all that is possible to aid them in their work.

The Y. W. C. A. has a rest room on the first floor of the Central Building, and has an assembly room on the second floor of the West Wing.

The Y. M. C. A. has a basement room, with seating capacity for two hundred people, in the well-lighted Carnegie Library.

All these rooms are well furnished, presenting a home-like and inviting appearance.

LITERARY SOCIETIES

There are three literary societies in the University, the Athenian, the Philomathean, and the Adelphian. They occupy well-equipped halls in the former chapel building. The members have opportunity to exercise themselves in Declamation, Composition, and Oratory, and to become familiar with the modes of conducting business in deliberative assemblies. Debating clubs are also formed from time to time by those students

who desire to have more extended practice in the public discussion of important questions.

The first annual contest in oratory, between the Athenian and Philomathean literary societies, was held in the Spring term of 1901. Each succeeding Spring term of the college year has brought a contest of similar nature. Up to 1907, when Mr. J. D. Brown donated \$100 for the prizes, the prizes were as follows: First prize, \$30; second prize, \$20.

THE "BROWN PRIZE IN ORATORY."—Mr. James D. Brown, a public-spirited citizen of Athens, who has always shown a deep interest in the welfare of the University, and a special interest in the oratorical contests, has made provision for prizes to be awarded to the three oratorical contestants winning highest grades, as follows: First prize, \$50.00; second prize, \$30.00; third prize, \$20.00. This generous action has stimulated increased interest among students, in the work of the literary societies.

The results of the different contests are shown herewith:

YEAR	FIRST PRIZE		
1901	. May S. Conner, Philomathean.		
1902	. James P. Wood, Philomathean.		
1903	. Albert J. Jones, Philomathean.		
1904	. Clarence Matheny, Athenian.		
	. Harley E. Baker, Athenian.		
	. Fred Shaw, Athenian.		
1907	. Malcolm Douglas, Philomathean.		
	.Ora C. Lively, Athenian.		
1909	. Horace E. Cromer and James A. Long.		
Philomathean, tie.			
	Philomathean, tie.		
1910	Philomathean, <i>tie</i> . . Harley A. Tuttle, Athenian		
	. Harley A. Tuttle, Athenian		
1911	. Harley A. Tuttle, Athenian . H. L. Nutting, Athenian.		
1911	. Harley A. Tuttle, Athenian		
1911	. Harley A. Tuttle, Athenian . H. L. Nutting, Athenian.		
1911 1912 VEAR	. Harley A. Tuttle, Athenian . H. L. Nutting, Athenian . Lewis H. Miller, Athenian. SECOND PRIZE		
1911	. Harley A. Tuttle, Athenian . H. L. Nutting, Athenian . Lewis H. Miller, Athenian. SECOND PRIZE . Lissa Williamson, Philomathean.		
1911	. Harley A. Tuttle, Athenian . H. L. Nutting, Athenian . Lewis H. Miller, Athenian. SECOND PRIZE		

1905	Floyd S. Crooks, Athenian.
1906	Malcolm Douglas, Philomathean.
1907	Lewis E. Coulter, Athenian.
1908	J. P. Alford, Philomathean.
1910	Elgie LeRoy Bandy, Athenian.
1911	Samuel S. Shafer, Adelphian.
1912	Samuel S. Shafer, Adelphian.
YEAR.	THIRD PRIZE.
	THIRD PRIZEG. C. Morehart, Athenian.
1907	
1907	G. C. Morehart, Athenian.
1907 1908	G. C. Morehart, Athenian. A. S. Northup, Athenian.
1907	G. C. Morehart, Athenian. A. S. Northup, Athenian. William T. Morgan, Athenian.

ORATORICAL ASSOCIATION

There is an Oratorical Association under whose auspices Intercollegiate debating and contests in Oratory are held. This association is a student organization with a committee of faculty advisers. In recent years debates have been held with the University of Cincinnati, Miami University, and Butler University. This year the triangular debate includes Miami University, Denison University, and Ohio University. The Oratorical League includes De Pauw, Wabash, Butler, Miami, Kentucky State, and Ohio University.

THE EMERSON PRIZE POEM FUND

The late W. D. Emerson, of the class of 1833, bequeathed to the Trustees of Ohio University the sum of one thousand dollars, the interest on which is to be awarded every second year to the student or graduate of the institution who shall write the best original poem. The awards have been as follows:

YEAR	NAMES	
1893	ss Carrie Schwefel.	
1895N	ss Esther Burns, and Mr. John H. Atkinson	

1897	. Miss	Virginia M.	Houston.
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1899...... Miss Virginia M. Houston, Mr. John H. Atkinson, and Miss Willa C. MacLane.

1901..... Miss Willa C. MacLane.

1905..... Miss Winifred Richmond.

1907..... Mr. Harold Edgar Cherrington.

1909..... Miss Mary Treudley.

1911..... Miss Carrie Alta Matthews.

1913..... Miss Clara E. Vester.

Persons distinguished in the literary walks of the country have served as judges. Among these may be named: Miss Annie Fields, Mr. Maurice Thompson, Mr. E. C. Stedman, Mrs. Margaret E. Sangster, Mr. W. D. Howells, Mr. Clinton Scollard, Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox, Prof. George E. Woodberry. Prof. W. H. Venable, Prof. George P. Baker, Prof. Henry Van Dyke, Mr. Hamilton W. Mabie, Dean J. V. Denney, Mr. Edmund Vance Cooke, Prof. Richard Burton, Mr. Robert U. Johnson, Hon. James Ball Naylor, Prof. Bliss Perry, Prof. W. L. Phelps, and Ellery Sedgwick.

For the information of future contestants, and others interested, the conditions of the competition for the Emerson Prize are herewith given: they must be observed in every particular. Amount, about \$120. Date of award not later than the opening of the second semester, 1915.

The competitors must be either graduates or students in actual attendance at the University.

The poems must be in the hands of the President of Ohio University before the opening of the second semester, 1915.

The prize will be awarded upon the merits of the production, not its length.

Anyone having, in any contest, been awarded first prize, shall not again be eligible to contest.

The judges shall be three disinterested persons appointed by the President of Ohio University and the Professor of English Literature *ibidem*, who shall independently of each other pass upon the production submitted to them.

In the preparation of the MSS, the following regulations are to be observed:

Use the typewriter.

Use paper eight and one-half by eleven inches.

Write only on one side.

Send in three typewritten copies.

Mark the MSS. with some pseudonym or character, and send this in a sealed envelope, with your name and address, to the President of the University. This envelope will not be opened until the award of the judges has been made.

FACILITIES FOR PHYSICAL INSTRUCTION

THE NEW GYMNASIUM—It is hoped that the magnificent new gymnasium will greatly increase the interest in physical culture. It is now completed, well equipped, and affords excellent opportunities for the development of the physical nature.

The use of the baths and the gymnasium is free to students A deposit fee of one dollar is required of each student as a pledge for the proper care of his locker and key. This fee will be returned to the student, when leaving college, if the key is returned and the locker left in good condition. In the conduct of the gymnasium, the aim is not so much the development of a few gymnastic experts as the provision for wholesome exercise for the many. For this purpose regular instruction in light gymnastics is given to both ladies and gentlemen.

ATHLETIC FIELD—The athletic field is a level tract of ten acres, owned by the University, and situated a few minutes' walk southward from the campus. The field has been equippep especially for baseball, football, tennis, and track.

ATHLETIC RULES—1. Three semesters of gymnastic work are required in all courses.

2. This work covers two hours each week throughout the period required.

No credit will be given for work done in the gymnasium. Work in the gymnasium is to begin as soon after matriculation as the above regulations will admit. In applying the above it is understood that two semesters of work shall be completed within two years after the student's matriculation; the other semester must be completed before the student graduates from any course leading to a diploma or a degree.

SUPERVISION OF ATHLETIC SPORTS—The general supervision of athletic sports is vested in a Faculty Committee.

The Advisory Board consists of the officers of the Athletic Association. These boards, under certain regulations, have charge of all financial affairs of the Athletic Association and the arrangement of all intercollegiate games. These games are played under Ohio Conference rules.

The Faculty Committee, composed of five members, has charge of all matters involving the relation of athletic sports to the University; for example, the eligibility of players proposed for any University team and the investigation of charges of misconduct on the part of players. The policy of the committee is to foster the spirit of honor and gentlemanliness in athletics, to suppress evil tendencies, and to see that play shall not encroach too much upon the claims of work.

COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS

COURSES OF STUDY

Two degrees are given in the College of Liberal Arts-Bachelor of Arts (A. B.) and Bachelor of Science (B. S.) To receive either a student must have a credit of 120 semester hours. By taking fifteen hours a semester a student can graduate in four years; by attending the Summer School for three sessions he can do it in less time. Physical training in the gymnasium is required in addition to the 120 hours. Of the 120 hours about two-thirds is required work as outlined in the courses below. However, it is to be observed that in the required courses there are a number of options. An examination of the first semester of the Freshman year in the A. B. course, where all the work is required, reveals that there are at least fourteen possible variations. That is, each one of fourteen students might be pursuing the same course leading to A. B. and no two have exactly the same studies.

In the Junior and Senior years the student has great opportunity to choose from a wide range, electives, including professional courses of collegiate grade in the State Normal College. By requiring in the earlier years those studies that experience has designated as especially cultural, such as the Ancient

and Modern Languages, Mathematics, the English Language and Literature, the various Sciences, History, Philosophy, and Economics, and then in later years permitting the mature student to elect where his interests lie, the authorities hope they have made wise and adequate provision for a thorough and liberal education.

A student electing German in the Freshman year is required to continue the study of the language two years unless he has two years of preparatory credit in it. In the latter case, but one year of college German is required. If a student elects either French or Spanish the first year, he may take the other language the second year.

With the idea of developing power by the intensive study of one subject, each student, in his course, must elect studies from one department until he has a total of twenty semester hours of credit, including the required work in the department; or fourteen hours in each of two related departments.

Each student seeking the B. S. degree must select at least one course in Physics.

Each semester covers a period of nineteen weeks. Each recitation period is an hour in length and represents fifty-five minutes of actual class-room work. Admission to the Freshman class is based upon the completion of fifteen units of approved secondary work.

REQUIRED SUBJECTS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS

FRESHMAN YEAR

First Semester

Two from these: Greek 4; Latin 4; a Modern Language 4. Plane and Spherical Trigonometry or Physics 3. Economics 3. English Composition 2.

Second Semester

Two from these three: Greek 4; Latin 4; a Modern Language 4. College Algebra or Physics 3. Zoölogy or Botany 3. English Composition 2.

SOPHOMORE YEAR

First Semester

Two from these three: Greek 3; Latin 3; a Modern Language 3. Chemistry or Physiology 3. European History 3.

Second Semester

Two from these three; Greek 3; Latin 3; a Modern Language 3. Tennyson and Browning 3. Chemistry or Physiology 3.

JUNIOR YEAR

First Semester

Survey of English Literature 3. Psychology or Ethics 3. Public Speaking 2.

Second Semester

Survey of English Literature 3. Psychology or Sociology 3.

SENIOR YEAR

First Semester

Geology 3.
Philosophy or Logic 3.

Second Semester

Philosophy or Advanced Civics 2. Thesis 3.

REQUIRED SUBJECTS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

FRESHMAN YEAR

First Semester

Chemistry 4.

A Modern Language 4.
Plane and Spherical Trigonometry or Physics 3.
Economics 3.
English Composition 2.

Second Semester

Chemistry 4.
College Algebra or Physics 3.
A Modern Language 4.
Zoölogy or Botany 3.
English Composition 2.

SOPHOMORE YEAR

First Semester

One of these four: Analytical Geometry (Finished) Differenttial Calculus (Begun) 3; Physics 3; Chemistry 3; Biology 3. Physiology 3.

European History 3.

A Modern Language 3.

Second Semester

A Modern Language 3.
Physiology 3.
Tentyson and Browning 3.

JUNIOR YEAR

First Semester

One of these four: Analytical Mechanics 4; Physics 4; Chemistry 4; Biology 4.

Survey of English Literature 3. Psychology or Ethics 3.

Public Speaking 2.

Second Semester

One of these four: Analytical Mechanics 4; Physics 4; Chemistry 4; Biology 4.

Psychology or Sociology 3

SENIOR YEAR

First Semester

Geology 3.
Philosophy or Logic 3.

Second Semester

Philosophy or Advanced Civics 2. Thesis 3.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF THE DEPARTMENTS OF INSTRUCTION

COLLEGIATE DEPARTMENT

RHETORIC AND ENGLISH LITERATURE

PROFESSOR CHUBB

Asst. Professor Mackinnon

The aim of the English Department is two-fold, to train the power of expressing thought, and to cultivate an appreciation of literature. In the classes in rhetoric, the main stress is placed upon the actual work in composition done by the student. In the study of literature the endeavor is to quicken the artistic and æsthetic sense.

The Library is the laboratory of the English Department. In the study of an author different students are assigned different works for reading. Each student then reports, sometimes in an address, sometimes in an essay, upon the results of his reading

When studying literature, emphasis will also be placed upon the practice of composition, and in the classes in rhetoric much attention will be given to the study of literature.

RHETORIC AND ENGLISH LITERATURE

First Semester

1. ENGLISH COMPOSITION—2 hours a week. Freshman. Required throughout the year. The one definite purpose in this course is to increase the student's power of self-expression. The main emphasis is upon actual practice in oral and written

composition. English Composition: by Camby and others is the text. There will be four sections.

- 2. Survey of English Literature—3 hours. Junior, required. The course of the first semester extends from Beowulf to Addision; that of the second from Pope to the present time. Much use is made of the Century Readings in English Literature by Cunliffe Pyre, and Young. Crawshaw's English Literature is also studied. Outlines and lectures are given by the teacher. The course runs throughout the entire year. The whole year's work is required of all candidates for the A. B. degree; only the first half is required of candidates for the B. S. degree. There are two sections.
- 3. SHAKSPERE—3 hours. Elective. About eight plays will be read in class, in an order selected to show the development of Shakspere's genius. *An Introduction to Shakspere*, by MacCracken, Pierce, and Durham is also studied.
- 4. The ROMANTIC MOVEMENT IN ENGLISH LITERATURE —3 hours. The course will cover the beginnings of the movement in the eighteenth century, its culmination in the early years of the nineteenth century with Scott, and later development with the Pre-Raphaelites. Text, English Romanticism in the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Centuries, by H. A. Beers.
- 5. ADVANCED COMPOSITION—2 hours. The work will deal mainly with the short story, but the course may be varied to suit the wishes and needs of the class. A text book may be used. The course will be restricted to those who have shown superior ability in composition.
- 6. THE ENGLISH BIBLE—I hour. Courses in the Old Testament and the New Testament are given throughout the year by Professors Evans and Treudley.
- 7. (ENGLISH PROSE FICTION—3 hours. A rapid survey of the origin and development of the English novel, and a discussion of modern tendencies. The reading of about eight novels will be required. Instruction mainly by lectures. This course alternates with No. 4, and will be omitted in 1913-14.)

Second Semester

- 8. SURVEY OF ENGLISH LITERATURE—(See Course No. 2.)
- 9. ENGLISH COMPOSITION—(See Course No. 1.)

- 10. Tennyson and Browning—3 hours. Required in the Sophomore year. Tennyson's In Memoriam, The Idylls of the King, and some of the shorter poems, and Browning's shorter poems and dramas will be studied. The students will need a modern complete edition of these poets. There will likely be two sections.
- 11. BYRON, KEATS, AND SHELLEY—3 hours. The most important poems by these writers will be read. The course is a sequence to Course No. 4.
- 12. The Modern Drama—2 hours. Some of the most interesting and important plays will be read from Ibsen, Sudermann, Hauptmann, Maeterlinck, Rostand, Pinero, Shaw, Jones, Galsworthy, Fitch, Strindberg, and Kennedy. Free class discussion will be invited. The object of the course will be to obtain some idea of the present day tendencies in the theater.
- 13. (EARLY ENGLISH LITERATURE—2 hours. This course will cover a hasty review of Old English poetry in translation, a more detailed study of the Middle English period, particularly of Chaucer, the popular ballad, and the origin of the English drama. This course alternates with No. 12, and will therefore be omitted in 1913-14.)

GREEK

PROFESSOR DUNKLE

It is the aim of this Department to enable students to read the authors commonly read in colleges, and to make them acquainted as far as possible with the literature and life of the ancient Greeks. In teaching the language, especially that of Homer, attention is drawn to those words that are etymologically related to other languages, particularly Latin, German, and English. Especial prominence is given, as the student progresses, to the following points: first, form; second, vocabulary; third, relation to cognate languages; fourth, literature and history. The ear is regarded as equally important with the eye in the interpretation of words. When possible, some entire work of an author is read, as it is believed that a more lasting and more satisfactory impression will thus be made on the mind

of the students than by the use of selections, only. It is a well-established principle in the study of teaching of the ancient languages that they should be made, as far as possible, the basis of a study of antique life. The Greek language embodies the experience of the most remarkable people of antiquity—a people whose achievements in literature, in the arts, and in government have been, and doubtless will continue to be, inexhaustible sources of profitable instruction. It is here claimed that the study of the Greek language, together with all that should properly be taken in connection therewith, will contribute the most important elements of a liberal education.

The study of collegiate Greek is preceded by one year of preparatory work covering an elementary course and the first book of Xenophon's Anabasis. All candidates for the degree of A. B. who elect Greek are required to pursue the study of that language through the Freshman and Sophomore years. The Greek of the Junior year is wholly elective. One or more years of Greek may be elected by students who are taking courses leading to other degrees than that of Bachelor of Arts.

The following courses in collegiate Greek are offered for 1913-14.

First Semester—Xenophon's Anabasis, Books II-IV, and Greek Prose, Freshman, 4 hours.

> Herodotus, Sophomore, 3 hours. Demosthenes de Corona, Junior, 3 hours.

Second Semester—Homer's Iliad and Greek Prose, Freshman, 4 hours.

Plato's Apology and Krito, Sophomore, 3 hours. The Medea of Euripides and Sophocles' Antigone, Junior, 3 hours.

LATIN DEPARTMENT

DAFYDD J. EVANS, Professor

Admission to the Freshman class in Latin is, without condition, given to those who finish the course in the State Preparatory School and to those who bring from accredited High Schools certificates covering the same course. This course

is Cæsar, 4 books; Cicero, 6 orations; Vergil's Aeneid, first 6 books; weekly exercises in Latin composition.

For 1912-1913

FRESHMAN YEAR. First semester, De Senectute ad Amictia and Latin Writing, 4; second semester, Horace—Odes and Epodes, 4.

SOPHOMORE YEAR. First semester, first half, Cicero, De Officiis; second half, Horace, Epistles. Selections. Second semester, first half, Cicero, De Legibus; second half, Tacitus, Agricola.

The endeavor in the Latin course is to study the literature and history of the Romans as a moral and mighty people who were able to make the citizenship and language of Rome the coveted privilege and acquirement of the world and furnished fundamental lessons for modern thought and life.

GERMAN

EMIL DOERNENBURG, Professor

FREDERICK VON RIETHDORF, Associate Professor

The purpose of the work of the first year is to secure a thorough knowledge of the fundamental principles of the German language and to acquire an extended vocabulary. The work in the class-room is carried on in German as far as practicable.

After the first year the aim is to familiarize students with the best German literature, and, at the same time, constantly to afford practice in the oral and written acquisition of the language. In the second year the work is largely carried on in German, and after the second year, entirely so.

A German Club, maintained by students beyond the first year and meeting once a month, assists students in acquiring proficiency in the use of colloquial German. There is also a German Club for first-year students.

COURSES

I. ELEMENTARY GERMAN. First semester, 5 hours a week, required. Kayser and Monteser: Foundation of German completed. Spanhoofd's Erstes Lesebuch. Conversation

based on Newson's First German Book in connection with Hoelzel's charts on the seasons.

- 2. ELEMENTARY GERMAN. Second semester, 5 hours a week, required. Conversation continued. Reading of short modern stories such as Storm's Immensee; Heyse's L'Arrabiata; Eichendorff's Aus dem Leben eines Taugenichts. Other texts of an equal degree of difficulty are substituted from year to year, for those named above. Wesselhoeff's German Composition.
- 3. Second Year German. First semester, four hours, required. Syntax; prose composition. Reading: Max Mueller's Deutche Liebe or Raabe's Else von den Tanne, Schiller's Wilhelm Tell or Die Jungfrau von Orleans. Conversation based on Manley's Ein Sommer in Deutschland.
- 4. SECOND YEAR GERMAN. Second semester, four hours, required. *Goethe's Hermann und Dorothea* and other works; of the same author. Conversation and composition continued.
- 5. SUDERMANN AND HAUPTMANN. First semester, three hours, elective. A study of the representative works of these modern German writers. Conversation based on *Pattou's An American in Germany*.
- 6. FREYTAG AND SCHEFFEL. Second semester, three hours, elective. Reading: Freytag's Der Rittmeisten von Alt-Rosen and Scheffel's Ekkehard. Conversation on Pattau's An American in Germany continued.
- 7. Schiller: His Life and Works. First semester, three hours, elective. Lectures and reports. Reading: Wallenstein's Tod and Maria Stuart.
- 8. GOETHE: THE MAN AND HIS WORK. Second semester, three hours, elective. Lectures and reports. Reading: Faust first part; Tasso or Iphigenie auf Tauris.
- 9. LESSING. First semester, three hours, elective. Reading: Minna von Bernhelm and Nathan der Weise.
- 10. MIDDLE-HIGH-GERMAN LITERATURE. Second semester three hours, elective. The great folk and court epics. Das

Nibelungenlied; Parzival and Tristran und Isolde. Reading of lyric and epic poetry. Selections from Walther von der Vogelweide and other Minnesingers.

- II. SCIENTIFIC READING. First semester, two hours. For students desiring to acquire facility in the reading of scientific literature. Required in courses of Engineering. Text: Wallentin and Hodges.
- 12. Scientific Monographs. Second semester. Required as in 11.

For students that had little or no practice in speaking German, the following work is offered to precede the regular Freshman work, although it will be counted for college credit. The greatest stress in this class will be laid on conversation; the grammar will also be thoroughly reviewed.

Conversational, German. First semester, three hours. Review of Grammar. Conversation based on Newson's *First German Book* and Hoelzel's charts on the seasons. Reading of several short modern stories with composition and conversation based on the text read.

CONVERSATIONAL GERMAN. Second semester, three hours. Similar reading and conversation as in the preceding course, using the Hoelzel charts and later the little German student magazine, "Aus Nah und Fern."

THE TEACHING OF GERMAN IN GRAMMAR AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS—This course has as object the discussion of the subject of text-books and familiarizes the teacher with the new methods of the teaching of German and their application to the teaching of translation, reading, composition pronunciation, and grammar. For students taking Observation and Teaching in the Normal College course. Two hours a week.

PRESENT-DAY GERMANY—Her educational, economical, social, and moral conditions. One hour a week; obligatory for students taking the teachers' course.

ROMANCE LANGUAGES

LILLIAN G. ROBINSON, Professor LENA E. CORN, Instructor

FRENCH

FRENCH I—The object of the course is to give the essentials of the grammar, including the conjugation of the regular and the more common irregular verbs; a careful drill in the pronunciation; the use of the personal pronouns, common adverbs, prepositions and conjunctions; the order of words in the sentence the elementary rules of syntax; the reading of one hundred pages of graduated texts, with constant practice of translating into French easy variations of the sentences read. First semester, 4 hours.

FRENCH 2—Continued drill upon the rudiments of grammar with constant application in the construction of sentences; mastery of the forms and use of pronouns, pronominal adjectives, of all irregular verbs, and of the simpler uses of the conditional and subjunctive; the reading of not less than three hundred pages of modern prose in the form of stories, plays or historical sketches; constant practice in translating into French easy variations upon the texts read; frequent abstracts of the text; continued drill in pronunciation, conversation and dictation. Second semester, 4 hours.

FRENCH 3—Idioms, synonyms and diction. The course calls for the ability to use the language effectively as a means of oral and written expression. Characteristic prose and poetry form the basis for more advanced language study. First semester, 3 hours.

FRENCH 4—Outline history of French literature. This course traces the history of French literature from its origin to the present day, bringing out the great currents in their relations to each other. Illustrative readings from representative authors will be assigned for study and report, and themes and essays on literary subjects will be required. Second semester, 3 hours.

FRENCH 5—French literature of the XVII century Classicism, origin, formation, apogee, decline. Writers: Boileau,

Moliere, Racine, Corneille, La Fontaine, Pascal, Bossuet, etc. First semester, 2 hours.

FRENCH 6—French literature of the XVIII century. Writers: Le Sage, Marivaux, Montesquieu, Voltaire, Diderot Jean Jacques Rousseau, Regnard, etc. Second semester, 2 hours

FRENCH 7—French Literature of the XIX century. Study of the representative works beginning with Victor Hugo and the French romanticists. First semester, 2 hours.

FRENCH 8—French literature of the XVI century. Origin of classicism in France; study of language and literature with illustrative readings. Second semester, 2 hours.

FRENCH 9—History of the French language. Lectures on the general history of the French language from its origin to the present time. First semester, 2 hours.

FRENCH 10—Scientific French. First and second semesters, 3 hours. No course will be given for less than four.

SPANISH

Spanish I—Careful drill in pronunciation, including accentuation; the rudiments of grammar, including all the regular and the more common irregular verbs, the forms and order of the personal pronouns, the uses and meaning of the common prepositions, adverbs and conjunctions, the uses of the personal accusative, and other elementary rules of syntax. First semester, 3 hours.

SPANISH 2—Practice in speaking and writing Spanish, together with the careful reading of several modern novels and dramas. Attention is constantly directed to points of syntax, idiomatic constructions, synonyms, and the translation of English into Spanish. Second semester, 3 hours.

SPANISH 3—Spanish prose composition. This course is designed to give the student a practical command of Spanish as a medium of expression. It may be varied to adapt it to the needs of the student, now tending more to commercial forms of composition, now to those forms used in literature, or by travellers. First semester, 2 hours.

Spanish 4—General introduction to Spanish literature. Illustrative readings from representative authors will be

assigned for study and report, and themes and essays on literary subjects will be required. Second semester, 2 hours. No course will be given for less than four.

ITALIAN

ITALIAN I—A course in beginning Italian. It is preferred that students have one year of French before entering upon this course.

ITALIAN 2—A continuation of Italian 1, consisting mainly of reading and conversation. In both courses especial attention is given to the pronunciation.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE

PROFESSOR ELSON

FIRST SEMESTER		SECOND SEMESTER	
h	ırs.		hrs.
Economics	3	British Empire	3
Advanced American History	3	Adv. American History	3
European History	3	Advanced Economics	2
Methods of Taxation	2	International Law	2
Ancient Civilization	2	Medieval Civilization	2
		Advanced Civics	2

Modern European History-Required

This department is devoted to the study of the rise of absolutism on the ruins of feudalism, and the later development of constitutional governments in Europe.

Chief among the topics in this study are: The Decline of the Holy Roman Empire and of Spain, the Reformation of the Sixteenth Century and the Religious wars, Development of Parliamentary Government in England, the French Revolution and its momentous consequences, and the Unification of Italy and of Germany.

United States History

The importance of the study of United States History in preparing citizens to exercise the duties incumbent upon them as members of the body politic is growing more apparent every year. Therefore the aim of the teaching in this department is so to read the history of the past as to throw light upon present civic and economic problems, and thus aid in their solution. The disciplinary value of the subjects included in this department is kept constantly in view. History is regarded as a record of the social, economic, moral, and political life of the people. Environment, former ideas, and changing industrial conditions are all considered as important factors in determining the course of events. The work of our great leaders in thought and action is studied carefully in connection with the history of the people. Students are encouraged to investigate the civil and economic questions of the present day with minds as free as possible from partisan prejudice and preconceived opinions.

Advanced American History-Elective

FIRST SEMESTER.

After a brief review of the Colonial and Revolutionary periods, the intensive work of the course begins with the national period and covers the seventy years to the Civil War. Special study is devoted to establishing government under the new constitution, to the second war with England, its causes and results, to the high water mark of democracy under Jackson, and to the fierce political battle over slavery preceding the Civil War.

SECOND SEMESTER.

A study of the Civil War, especially the political features and underlying causes of government policies, followed by a study of Reconstruction in its deeper phases, will constitute the first part. After this will follow a careful study of the changing conditions that followed the war, the industrial development of the last half century, the most recent presidential campaigns and their issues, and finally the purposes and principles of the great political parties of the present.

Elson's History of the United States will be used as a guide in the foregoing course; but much of the work will be research work in the library.

Advanced Civics-Required

SECOND SEMESTER.

Advanced Civics is a senior required study optional with philosophy. It is a study of the American system of government in its deeper phases, and also of world politics.

In addition to the study of the American government, the governmental systems and present day workings of the great nations of Europe are studied and compared with one another; also political theories and political parties of the European countries are studied and compared with our own.

In the library are found Bryce's American Commonwealth, Lowell's Government of England, Governments and Parties in Continental Europe, and Ogg's Governments of Continental Europe, to all of which the student may have access.

Economics-Required

FIRST SEMESTER.

The regular required economics, which is given in the Freshman year, presents this great subject in its elementary form.

SECOND SEMESTER.

Advanced Economics, which is given in the second semester, is elective. It presents the great economic subjects of modern times and deals concretely with many of the present day problems of the industrial, financial and economic world. No one who has not taken the elementary economics is eligible to this class. Taussig's two volume work will be used as a text.

Special Electives

SECOND SEMESTER.

THE BRITISH EMPIRE—This is a study, as exhaustive as time will permit, of the development of the British Empire. Beginning with the Tudors, the long strife between the Sovereign and Parliament, the warfare between the Stuarts

and the Puritans, the reign of Walpole, the reaction under George III. and its disastrous results, the 19th Century reforms in Parliament and the expansion of the island Kingdom into a world empire, the greatest in history—these form the chief topics of study. No text book is required.

ANCIENT CIVILIZATION—This is a study of the great empires of antiquity including Greece and Rome, their modes of life, methods of warfare, forms of religion, and their bearing on medieval and modern life. It is followed in the second semester by a similar study of *Medieval Civilization*. In each the text book used is by Seignobos, a Frenchman, and one of the greatest living historical scholars.

METHODS OF TAXATION—This is a study of the various forms of taxation in our States, in the United States, and in other countries, the object being to ascertain the most equitable methods and to show the weak points in many of our tax laws. No separate text book is used.

INTERNATIONAL, LAW—Wilson and Thacher as a text, takes up the great questions of international relations, customs and the like, with a notice of important treaties past and present.

PHILOSOPHY, ETHICS, AND SOCIOLOGY

PROFESSOR TREUDLEY OUTLINE OF COURSES

FIRST SEMESTER

No. Courses

- Introduction to and History of Philosophy. Three hours.
- 2. Philosophy of Aesthetics. Two hours.
- 4. Logic. Three hours.
- 6. Ethics. Three hours. Required in courses.
- 8. Reading in Sociology. Two hours.
- 10. Studies in Ancient and Medieval Classics. Two hours.

SECOND SEMESTER

No. Courses

- Introduction to and History of Philosophy. Three hours.
- 3. Philosophy of Religion. Two hours.
- 5. Readings in Philosophy. Two hours.
- 7. Advanced Ethics. Two hours.
- Problems in Philosophy. Three hours. Required in some courses.
- Studies in Ancient and Medieval Classics. Two hours.
- Sociology. Two hours. Required in some courses.

REMARKS—The work of this department, subject to limits of time, is intended to afford students some real insight into the theoretical and practical details of the subjects offered. There is pre-supposed some maturity of thought and experience because these studies deal with life in its most fundamental relations. Various courses are offered to meet varying needs

COURSE I—Students seeking the Degree of Bachelor of Arts may select Philosophy Course I, but if so, they must pursue it throughout the year. The work embraces during the first semester a study of philosophical problems, after which the subject leads into the history of philosophy, dealing chiefly with Greek systems of thought. Medieval and Modern Philosophy is studied during the second semester.

COURSE 9—Students seeking the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Education are required to pursue this course. It is

offered as will be observed in the second semester, and deals with the problems of Philosophy somewhat more elaborately than does Course 1.

Courses 2, 3, and 5—Three elective courses of two hours a week are offered, viz., Philosophy of Aesthetics, Philosophy of Religion, and Readings in Philosophy. These courses are designed to serve the purposes of students of maturity of thought and somewhat extended experience who would like to look more deeply than ordinarily into these great fields of expression of human life. It is hoped to throw some permanent light upon the questions presented so as to enable the students to realize in some degree their significance.

COURSE 6—This course in Ethics involves both a theoretical and practical treatment of the subjects of morals. It is required of all students seeking the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education from the State Normal College.

COURSE 7—To those persons desiring further work along ethical lines Course 7 is offered in the second semester. This deals with modern ethical problems and is pursued by means of lectures, readings, and reports.

COURSE 4—The course in Logic embraces, together with the study of the theory of logical operations, many exercises for practice. Examination is made of the argument of editorials, public speeches, etc., with the view to develop skill in the appreciation of truth and the detection of fallacies.

COURSES 8 and 12—Course 8 is a reading course and deals with the larger movements of social life. It is informational in its nature and pre-supposes a fair degree of general intelligence but not special training. It is conducted by means of reading in the library, lectures, and reports. Course 12 is required of all students seeking the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education from the State Normal College. It is required also of all candidates for the diploma in Elementary Education, Kindergarten and other courses. It embraces in its scope a study of the structure of society and the forces operative.

COURSES 10 and 11—By way of general application to conduct and because the subjects considered are expressive of deep literary, historic, ethical and philosophical values, Courses 10

and II are offered. Amongst the work considered are Job, Greek Tragedy, and Dante's Divine Comedy. They are recommended to students interested in the cultural side of education and who are seeking to become acquainted with some of the supreme master-pieces of human thought.

These varied lines of study are proposed in the hope of meeting the needs of students both in adjusting and balancing their programs of study and in rounding out their education.

CHEMISTRY

PROFESSOR BENTLEY

J. R. MORTON, Assistant Professor R. G. Webber, Assistant

The aim of the Chemical Department is two-fold. It offers to the general student the oportunity of becoming acquainted with the principles of this science and gives him practice in some of the methods used in the chemical laboratory. To a smaller number of students the Department offers superior advantages for more advanced work both theoretical and practical. The Department also possesses a growing collection of reference books which will meet the requirements of students who make Chemistry their special field for work.

A. DOMESTIC SCIENCE CHEMISTRY. This course consists of lectures or recitations twice a week and laboratory work once a week throughout the year. It involves a study of some of the more important elements and their compounds. Especial attention is paid to the chemistry of foods and food preparation and to the applications of chemistry to daily life. This course covers all the chemistry required by the Domestic Science course. Credit, six semester hours.

I. GENERAL DESCRIPTIVE CHEMISTRY—This course consists of three lectures and one laboratory period each week throughout the year; also a quiz, alternate weeks. It consists of a study of the fundamental principles of the science, and a general study of the more important elements and their compounds. This course serves as an introduction to all higher courses in Chemistry, is required of all candidates for the

degree of B. S. and is elective for all others. Credit, eight semester hours.

ELEMENTARY DESCRIPTIVE CHEMISTRY—Shorter course. Two lectures or recitations and one laboratory period per week throughout the year; also one quiz or one laboratory period alternate weeks. This course is required of all candidates for the degree of A. B. except those who elect Physiology. Credit, six semester hours.

This course is parallel with, but less complete than Course 1. It is recommended that students, desiring to pursue the subject further, should select the more complete course.

Note. The laboratory work in Course 2 is the same as in Course 1 and especial care and attention is given to each student individually.

3. QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS—This course consists of six hours of laboratory work throughout the year and two recitations each week during the first semester.

A study is made of compounds, both soluble and insoluble, whereby the student becomes familiar with tests for bases and acids, and with methods of separating them.

The recitations will consist in part of discussions of laboratory methods, and in part of a consideration of the fundamental principles underlying analytical chemistry, both qualitative and quantitative. This course serves a double purpose; systematizing the work done in elementary chemistry and preparing students for a more advanced study of the subject.

Students who have already completed the laboratory requirements of the course may take the class work only, Credit for the class work, two semester hours. Credit for the entire course, six semester hours.

- 4. QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS—A laboratory course is offered equivalent to six semester hours of credit. It comprises a series of determinations, illustrating the fundamental principles and methods, involved in gravimetric and volumetric analysis. Prerequisite, Course 3.
- 4a. CHEMICAL CALCULATIONS.—A course in chemical calculations is offered during the second semester. Credit, two semester hours.

- 5. Organic Chemistry—This course consists of three recitations each week throughout the year. A careful study is made of the constitution, preparation and properties of the typical compounds of the aliphatic and aromatic series. Credit, six semester hours.
- 5a. ORGANIC PREPARATIONS—A laboratory course designed to accompany Course 5. Credit, four semester hours.
- 6. Physical, Chemistry, including Electro-chemistry. Three recitations per week throughout the year. This course supplements the work given in Courses I and 3 and presents to the student the more recent developments in chemical theories. It is recommended to all students who contemplate teaching chemistry, as well as to those who expect to enter the practical field.

Text-books, Walker's Introduction to Physical Chemistry, and Lehfeldt's Electro-Chemistry. Credit six semester hours.

6a. PRACTICAL PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY. A laboratory course designed to accompany Course 6. Credit, four semester hours.

Note. Courses 5 and 6 are given alternate years. Course 6 will be offered in 1913-14.

- 7. ADVANCED QUANTITAT VE ANALYSIS—This course is offered to those who have completed Course 4 and will be arranged to suit the needs and demands of the individual student. It may consist of limestone, coal (promimate analysis and thermal test), ore, water, soil or gas analysis; also analysis of alloys.
- 8. ELEMENTARY AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY—A three hour course given the second semester. Especial emphasis is placed upon the practical application of elementary chemistry to soil problems. It also embraces a study of soil formation, and methods of soil improvement. Credit, three semester hours.
- 9. ADVANCED AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY—This course supplements Course 8 and is intended for those who are preparing for a more advanced study of Agriculture and Forestry.
- 10. INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY. This course consists of recita tions and reports made by the students. This is a very practical course and deals with the applications of chemistry to modern industrial processes.

Thorp's *Industrial Chemistry* is used as a guide. Credit six semester hours.

10. METALLURGY. An elementary course is offered and will be equivalent to a credit of six semester hours.

Note. Courses 10 and 11 are given alternate years. Course 11 will be offered in 1913-14.

- 12. INORGANIC PREPARATIONS. This is a laboratory course and will be arranged to suit the requirements of the individual student.
- 13. RESEARCH. Students desiring to work out a thesis in this Department will find facilities for work in almost any line. The aim of the Department is to give the student an opportunity to develop a spirit of independence and self-reliance in chemical work.

BIOLOGY AND GEOLOGY

PROFESSOR MERCER
W. E. McCorkle, Assistant Professor
J. W. Buchanan, Assistant

This department embraces all the subjects properly belonging to Biology, together with Inorganic and Organic Geology.

The work in Zoology begins with the second semester of the Freshman year. Abundant opportunity is offered for field work. In addition to the material gathered by the class, use is made of preserved marine types which are received from time to time for the purpose of dissection. Each student is required, also, to spend some time in the Zoological Museum, which contains many valuable specimens.

The student enters the laboratory at the very start, and such types are placed before him for examination and dissection as will lead him step by step to correct habits of observation, by which he is enabled to comprehend the close relations of one form of life to another. As this work is in progress, the subjects under examination are fully discussed, and, on the completion of each dissection, the student is examined upon the work done. Drawings are required of the different parts

and organs, in all cases. After a few types have been studied in the laboratory the subject of classification receives careful attention.

An advanced course in Zoology is offered in the college proper. (See Comparative Anatomy.)

The course in Preparatory Physiology aims to give a good general knowledge of Anatomy and Hygiene, and the functions of the different organs. Occasional dissectious are performed before the class, and some laboratory work is required of all. In the collegiate course this subject is studied by more advanced methods. Osteology receives close attention, and each student is expected to give some attention to dissection, besides making a practical study of a few histological structures. Physiological principles and theories are discussed according to the latest investigations; and, in this connection, experiments are performed in the laboratory. The department is supplied with a valuable skeleton and superb French anatomical models. (For more advanced work in Anatomy and Physiology, see Preparatory Medical Course.)

The University is thoroughly equipped for work in General Biology, a required subject in all the collegiate courses. A biological laboratory has recently been completed and fitted up with modern apparatus, including a steam sterilizer, fine optical appliances, dissecting instruments, water baths, paraffin bath, CO₂ freezer, Minot Microtone, etc. The student is given practical training in Microscopy, and is taught the process of staining and preparation of permanent mountings. It is the intention to give a thorough knowledge of the structure and mode of growth of typical plants and animal forms, and the laboratory work is accompanied with lectures, in which the conposition of organism, methods of reproduction, development, and other biological subjects are discussed.

At an early stage of the work in Geology, such objective study of minerals is pursued as will enable the student to comprehend the composition of rocks, which is next taken up. To supplement the text, lectures may be given from time to time upon Dynamical, Structural, and Palæontological Geology, and these subjects are further studied in the field. A large cabinet of minerals is open at all times to the student of Geology.

The stereopticon is in constant use in the Department to illustrate the lectures. The facilities for making lantern slides are such that many additions are made annually to the already quite complete set of over eight hundred slides.

CURRENT JOURNALS—American Naturalist, Science, American Journal of Anatomy, Biological Bulletin, Ohio Naturalist, Journal of Experimental Zoology, Nature-Study Journal, Popular Science Monthly, Journal of Geology, Economic Geology, Journal of Morphology, Science Progress, and the reports of all the leading scientific societies.

COURSES OFFERED IN THE DEPARTMENT OF BIOLOGY AND GEOLOGY

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Course	Course
Physiology and Hygiene	5 Invertebrate Zoology 3 4 College Botany* 3 I Anatomy, Mammalian,

*See Department of Civic Biology and Botany

All the college courses are laboratory courses. It requires two hours of actual work in the laboratory for one hour credit. All four-hour courses are made up of at least two laboratory periods and two lectures or recitations each week of the term, and all other laboratory courses in the same proportion.

Any student electing the course in Histology and Embryology must plan to take the entire work of the year.

Description of Courses

- 1. ANATOMY—The laboratory work will be mainly dissection of the cat or rabbit, and the study of microscopic sections of all important organs.
- 2. Physiology—This course will consist of at least two lectures or recitations, one hour each, and one laboratory section of two hours each for the year. This will be a course of actual demonstration of the functions of the different parts of the body. For example, the student actually tests the action of the reagents found in the gastric juice upon the food principles. He then uses the gastric juice prepared from the stomachs of different classes of animals, and tests its action upon different foods, the changes thereby being brought before the eye. Experimental physiology and hygiene will be made a large part of this course.

One course in Physics, and Invertebrate Zoology, or College Botany, are required before entering upon this course.

3. HISTOLOGY—This course includes a careful study of technic; taking fresh tissue and carrying it through to the finished slide by the most approved and modern methods.

The student also makes a study of the finished slide and makes drawings of many type tissues. This course is designed thoroughly to fit the student preparing for the study of medicine as well as to give the student in general a thorough idea of the structure of the human body preparatory to the study of physiology.

4. BOTANY—Study begins with the plant cell and traces the development of the plants through the successive orders to the flowering plants. Attention will be given to living plants including plant histology, and a general consideration of all the, life principles involved in plants.

This course may be taken in place of the Zoology to supply the science requirements in the Freshman year.

5. INVERTEBRATE ZOOLOGY—The course in Zoology takes up the study of animal life in the line of development, beginning with the amoeba and tracing the line by means of type forms through the succeeding orders to the vertebrates. Physiology

in the simple forms is studied with special reference to its bearing upon human physiology.

- 6. Comparative Anatomy—This course includes all of the Phylum Chordata except the mammals. The type forms studied are the Amphioxus, the dog-fish, the perch, the frog, the turtle and the English sparrow. A careful dissection is made of all these forms, but more time is spent on the frog than on any other form. The muscular, the nervous, the digestive, the circulatory, and the respiratory systems are compared in each case to show their relationship and their advancement as we ascend the scale in chordata. Physiology plays a very important role in this course for all these forms.
- 7. BACTERIOLOGY—The laboratory work in this course is mainly technic. The student prepares all the common media inoculates specimens of many of the different forms of bacteria and studies the growth and action of the same. He also gets a fair idea of the methods of identification of common forms making slides from the cultures.

The lectures connected with this course are designed to bring out the relation of the subject to hygiene and the basic relations of bacteria to disease. The history of the subject and its relation to Scientific Medicine are also brought out.

The work is so arranged that a person desiring to get a theoretical knowledge of the subject can enter the lectures and get half credit in hours. A three-hour course is also given here for the students in Domestic Science.

- 8. EMBRYOLOGY—In this course the student follows carefully the development of the chick, makes slides of the embryo at different ages from four hours up to seventy hours, and prepares museum specimens of the chick from that to twenty-one days. He supplements his work with careful reading and comparison with the development of the mammal, and makes dissections of a fetus of pig or cow. Serial sections of pig embryos from 5 mm. to 30 mm. are studied throughout the entire course.
- PHYSIOLOGY—In this course the frog is used to a large extent in performing the experiments in the first semester.
 A complete set of the Harvard apparatus is in constant use.

The activities of the muscles and all the vital organs are observed and tracings made in many cases. The relation of the nerves to the muscles is shown in many ways, including the central nervous system and the sympathetic system.

Chemical Physiology will occupy the second semester.

Course 2, as well as the requirements leading up to it, must be taken before entering upon this course.

- 10. HUMAN ANATOMY—This course is designed to give the prospective medical student a chance to get a start in anatomy before going to a medical college, and also to enable the students preparing to teach physiology in high schools and colleges to go into the real merits of the science. Special teachers will find these courses in anatomy and advanced physiology of great benefit in their work.
- II. HISTORICAL BIOLOGY—This course will bring out the fundamental ideas of Biology, and men and conditions under which these ideas were given to the world. The different theories of the origin of the species will be discussed. Natural selection adaptation, mutation, etc., will receive a prominent place. All these dicussions bear upon the great question of Heredity. To bring out all the above topics the biography of the leaders of Biology will be used to a large extent. Three college hours will be allowed for the completion of the course.
- 12. Sanitation—This course will be an advanced course in Hygiene and presupposes a through knowledge of Physiology. Nothing less than a first-class high school course in Physiology will be accepted. This course will, in no sense, take the place of the course in Elementary Physiology, described above. A good practical knowledge of bacteria and their relation to disease will be obtained. The laboratory work will be largely the culture and the observation of bacteria both in a general way and with the microscope. Fundamental questions of sanitation, both municipal and personal, will be discussed. The legal side, as well as the scientific side, of school inspection, etc., will be discussed. Summer term and first semester.
- 13. ENTOMOLOGY—This course is offered for the Summer term. It will be an advanced course in Nature Study, consisting of a large amount of field work and the making of a collec-

tion of insects The lectures will consist of a discussion of some of the larger economic questions of the relation of insects and plants. The laboratory work will consist of the study of some typical forms of insects.

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL SCIENCES

It is desirable in many cases that students looking forward to the medical profession should, after spending four years in collegiate work, be admitted to advanced standing in medical schools, whereby a year's time might be gained. With this object in view, the Department of Biology now offers such work as is in conjunction with Physics and Chemistry recognized by the best of these schools the full equivalent of a year's professional study.

The laws in many states are such that no time credit can be given for this work, but our students get credit in all the Medical Colleges for subjects completed, which gives them time to specialize in some subject during their medical course. The advantage of this cannot be overestimated.

The Departments of Physics and Chemistry furnish abundant opportunities for the work required in that direction. The Biological work is, from the very outset, suited to the needs of the medical student. To this end it properly begins with General Biology, to be followed by a comparative study of animal forms and of phanerogamic and crytogamic plants. The development of some vertebrate is closely studied, and preparations of embryos are required of each student. Throughout the entire course close attention to laboratory work is insisted upon. Practical instruction is given in the preparation of miscroscopic objects, and the student is taught the technic of section cutting and mounting. A practical knowledge of Human Anatomy is obtained from the careful dissection of the human body. Arrangements have been made whereby students of the University are allowed, under certain conditions to attend post-mortem examinations and to assist in the work. The laboratory is provided with modern apparatus for accurate investigation of disease germs, and the student is therefor required to do practical work in the all important subject of Bacteriology.

The following subjects are comprehended in this course: Genral Biology, Zoology, Mammalian Anatomy, Human Anatomy Histology, Physiology, Structural and Systematic Botany Vegetable Histology, Embryology, and Bacteriology.

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

A. A. ATKINSON, Professor

G. E. McLaughlin

Instructor in Electrical Engineering and Shops F. C. Langenberg, Instructor in Physics C. O. Williamson, Assistant in Shop Work

The department has recently acquired new laboratories, and every facility is at hand for carrying on the work outlined in the course of instruction. Several private laboratories are available to students who desire to pursue advanced laboratory or research work. Many valuable reference works are in the Carnegie and departmental libraries, and the leading periodicals are on file for use by the students.

Courses of Instruction

 ELEMENTARY PHYSICS—(Class work, 3 hours per week laboratory, 4 hours per week, throughout the year.)

This course is required in the fourth year of all the preparatory courses. Also those who do not present entrance Physics are required to take this course.

The class work will be conducted chiefly by the recitation method with occasional lectures on the phases of the subject which are the most difficult for beginners.

The laboratory portion consists of about fifty carefully selected experiments to be performed by each student and neatly written up in the laboratory.

2. DESCRIPTIVE PHYSICS—(Class work, 3 hours per week; laboratory, twenty representative experiments performed by each student during the year.)

This course is offered to meet the needs of those who desire to pursue the study of Physics simply to complete a general education or to undertake the subject as a substitute for mathematics. The class work will consist of recitations, supplemented by lectures and reports from the students on special topics. Constant attention will be given in this course to present the subject in such a manner that the laws and principles studied in the class and laboratory work will be brought into the proper relation with the physical phenomena observed in everyday life.

The material for study will be chosen for its instructiveness; and because (a) it involves some important scientific principle; (b) it is related to some readily observable phenomena; or (c) it has a practical application in natural, commercial or industrial processes.

Apparatus will be provided for the fullest possible demonstation of each of the subjects considered in the course; but no effort will be made to cover systematically the whole field of Physics.

This course is open to those who have had Physics I, or its equivalent. A knowledge of higher mathematics is not required for its completion, this course being optional with mathematics in the Freshman year.

3. GENERAL PHYSICS—(3 hours per week. Optional in the first semester of the Scientific Course, and continued as elective in the second semester.)

The work will consist of a discussion of the general principles of Physics, including as far as possible, the derivation of the fundamental equations of the subject with the interpretation of their physical meaning and their application to the solution of problems of Physics. Curve plotting and the interpretation of curves will be an important feature. Experimental demonstrations will be provided where the nature of the topic requires it. A minimum of individual laboratory work will be required. Those who have taken Course 2, and wish to obtain a better understanding of the more mathematical phases of the subject, while not desirous of pursuing advanced work in Physics, will find Course 3 well adapted to their needs. Students seeking a

B. S. degree are required to take one year's work in Physics; they are advised to take Course 3 in preference to Course 2.

This course is open to those who have had Physics I, or its equivalent, and who possess an elementary knowledge of trigonometry and chemistry.

4. ADVANCED PHYSICAL MEASUREMENTS—(First semester, mechanics, heat, and sound. Class work, I hour per week; laboratory, 6 hours per week. Second semester, electricity and light.)

The chief emphasis in this course will be placed on the laboratory work. The class work will discuss the theory of each experiment and interpret the laboratory results. Complete notes will be required containing the development of the theory and outline of the method of each experiment.

This course is open to those who have had Physics 3, or its equivalent, and who possess an elementary knowledge of Analytical Geometry and Calculus. Students should also have a reading knowledge of French and German. Where circumstances seem to justify it, permission may be given for the election of only one-half of this course, either the first or second semester.

5. MOLECULAR PHYSICS—(Offered in the first semester in alternate years with Course 7. Class work, three hours per week.)

The work covered will be the Kinetic Theory, Capillarity, Surface Tension, Elementary Thermodynamics, and Solution.

This course is regularly open to those who have had Physics 3, but may also be taken by those who satisfy the instructor that their previous training is sufficient to undertake the work.

6. ELECTRIC WAVES—(Offered in the second semester in alternate years with Course 8. Class work, 3 hours per week.)

The work will consist of a general discussion of the theory of generation and detection of electric waves and their application to wireless telegraphy.

This course is open to students under the same conditions as Course 5.

7. ELEMENTS OF THERMODYNAMICS—(First semester, offered in alternate years with Course 5. Class work, 3 hours per week.)

The work will be upon the fundamental principles underlying the mechanical theory of heat, and the application of these principles to physical and thermochemical problems.

This course will be open to those who have had Course 3, or its equivalent, and who possess a knowledge of the principles of Calculus and General Chemistry.

8. Light—(Second semester, offered in alternate years with Course 6. Class work, 3 hours per week.)

This is an advanced course in Physical Optics, and is arranged for those who desire to make a specialty of Physics. Special benefit can be derived from this course by those who are taking engineering work. This course is open under the same conditions as Course 7.

9. The Pedagogy of Physics—(First semester, 3 hours per week. This course will be given upon request of a sufficient number of students to justify its being offered.)

This course is designed to meet the needs of those who are teachers, or who expect to teach Physics in high schools. The work will consist of lectures and discussions upon the choice of subject matter and methods of presentation best suited to elementary courses in Physics.

Course 9 is open to all who have had the necessary training in Physics to profit by the discussions and lectures given.

10. PHYSICS RESEARCH—(An advanced intensive laboratory course for those who have had Course 4.)

This work will partake more of the character of original investigation of some topic or problem of Physics. The work may be arranged to supplement Physics 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8; but the choice of work and the time devoted to it will rest entirely with the student.

If the problem attacked has sufficient merit, the report upon its investigation may be used as the thesis required for the Bachelor's degree.

- 11. ELECTRICAL LABORATORY (D. C.)—A course of six hours a week in a dynamo laboratory in studying the characteristics, regulation and efficiency of direct current machinery. Also lectures once a week. Continued throughout the first semester
- 12. ELECTRICAL LABORATORY (A. C.)—Lectures once a week, laboratory four hours a week on alternating current

characteristics, regulation, efficiency; voltage and current curves of alternators and transformers; measurement of polyphase power' induction motor and rotary converter tests. Second semester.

Other courses may be chosen as electives from among the Engineering studies by those prepared to profit thereby.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

INTRODUCTION—Ohio University is a State institution, whose free library occupying the new Carnegie Library building, literary societies, musical, scientific, and other organizations offer many advantages to the students. All the regular literary departments of the University are open to engineering students, if they choose to elect any of the general work there offered. The whole atmosphere of college surroundings is beneficial, and constitutes no small advantage over the purely technical school. In Ohio University small classes, usually ten to forty, and attention to individual students, are advantages that can not be overestimated.

The following work offered in Electrical Engineering is looked upon as electives in applied Physics, so arranged as to be consecutive, and to have both an educational and a practical value to the student. Ohio University makes no pretense of being an engineering school, but does offer exceptional advantages to students to become thinking men, capable of the highest success in any line of endeavor.

EQUIPMENT—The University possesses an incandescent light ing and power plant, used for lighting the buildings and furnish ing power to the laboratories and shops, providing the students practical training in construction, operation, and care of electrical machinery. Both direct and alternating currents are used, and very extensive additions to the electrical equipment are now being made. Science Hall, newly constructed, was first occupied at the opening of the college year, 1912-13. This is a four story structure of red pressed brick, 79 feet by 124 feet, costing complete, ready for work, about \$120,000. The Department of physics and Electrical Engineering occupies the first two floors. These will provide recitation rooms and offices for

the instructors in the departments; a large laboratory for general Physics, with two dark rooms, and apparatus room attached; laboratories for the various advanced courses in Physics, with the necessary weighing rooms and apparatus rooms; a laboratory for electrical measurements, with apparatus and weighing rooms; a dynamo, motor and transformer laboratory; a photometric laboratory, a storage battery room, high temperature laboratory, unpacking room, storage rooms, several small research laboratories, and a constant temperature laboratory; also a drafting room, photographic dark room, laboratory shop, private laboratories, and a departmental library and reading room.

The Department equipment includes also the college power plant, a gas engine plant and general shops. Students are thus afforded practical work in steam and gas engineering; testing and valve-setting; tests of various kinds on A. C. and D. C. motors, generators and measuring instruments; tests of transformers and rotary converters. There are in the laboratories a number and variety of measuring and test instruments, ammeters, voltmeters, wattmeters, tachometers, potentiometers, electro-dynameters, portable testing sets, wheatstone bridges, sechometers, conductivity bridges, and galvanometers. There are also standard instruments of various types for calibrating purposes. Our shop facilities have also been improved both by the addition of a large room and a great deal of new machinery.

What was formerly the gymnasium floor has been converted into additional shop room, and equipped with wood-working benches; wood-working lathes driven by motors; band saw, shaper, circular-saw, and jointer, all motor driven. The machine lathes, drills, grinders, and other machinery in the older section of the shop are also driven by electric power.

REFERENCES—Students in the Engineering department find on file for ready reference a large number of technical perodicals, such as the Electrical World, General Electric Review, Electric Journal Street Railway Journal, Engineering Magazine, Power, Scientific American, Scientific American Supplement, Proceedings of American Institute of Electrical Engineers, Transactions of the Illuminating Engineering Society, Science, Physical Review, Science Abstracts, Bulletins of the General Electric and the Westinghouse Companies, Publications of the Bureau of Standards, Publications of the Bureau of Mines, Engineering News, Engineering Record, Mines and Minerals, Journal of the Western Society of Engineers, Reports of the State Engineering Societies, Cement, Railway Gazette, Journal of the Franklin Institute, Electro-Chemical and Metallurgical Industry, Journal of the Chemical Industry, Die Zeitschrift für den physikalischen und chemischen Unterricht. Besides the Department library which is available to students taking these courses, the Carnegie library is also open for use each day and three evenings a week.

REQUIREMENTS—All work scheduled in Electrical Engineering can be taken as elective by students pursuing the course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science. There is optional substitution of modern language for Latin. See courses of study of the State Preparatory School given elsewhere. Graduates of first grade high schools will be able to enter the first year of the course without condition.

A diploma from a first grade high school, or its equivalent, is now required for admission to this course. It is urgently recommended that the complete four-year course following the combined Scientific and Engineering course outlined below be taken, or if the engineering studies are first completed in two years, the rest of the scientific work arranged for engineers may be completed in two more years. The degree of B. S. will then be given.

If the Short Course with the auxiliary studies is fully completed, a certificate will be issued showing the character of the work done. The courses are subject to such changes from time to time as conditions require, and as the proper treatment of such studies makes necessary. Students who finish either of the courses will be fully able to meet the requirements of the Ohio law relative to the examination and licensing of engineers.

SCIENTIFIC COURSE WITH ELECTIVES IN ENGINEERING

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English Compos., 2; Mathematics, 3; German, 3; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Chemistry, 4; Shop (4 hours a week), 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—English Compos., 2; Mathematics, 3; German, 3; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Chemistry, 4; Steam Engineering, 2; Shop (4 hours a week), 1.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Survey of Eng. Literature, 3; Analytics and Calculus, 3; Scientific German, 2; History, 3; Physics, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Shops (4 hours a week), 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—Survey of Eng. Literature, 3; Calculus, 3; Scientific German, 2; Physics, 3; Sanitation, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Shop (4 hours a week), 1.

Third Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering, 4; Applied Calculus, 3; Advanced Chemistry, 3; Geology, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering, 3; Applied Calculus, 3; Advanced Chemistry, 3; Electrical and Magnetic Calculations, 2; Surveying, 4; Mechanical Drawing, 1; Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1.

Fourth Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering, 3; Electrica Laboratory, 3; Gas Engines, 2; Electrical Measurements, 2; Economics, 3; Thesis, 3; Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering, 3; Electrical Laboratory, 3; Hydraulics, 3; Commercial Law, 3; Thesis, 3; Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1.

The completion of the above course entitles the student to the degree of Bachelor of Science, and a certificate testifying to his completion of the engineering work contained in it.

SHORT COURSE

For those who are unable for any reason to undertake the above complete course, the following short course is provided, the completion of which entitles the student to a certificate testifying to the character of the work done.

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English, 2; Electrical Engineering, (D. C.), 4; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Trigonometry, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Shop(4 hours a week), 1; Station Practice(4 hours a week), 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—English, 2; Electrical Engineering (D. C.), 3; Descriptive Geometry, 2; Mathematics, 3; Electrical and Magnetic Calculations, 2; Steam Engineering, 2; Mechanical Drawing, 1; Shop(4 hours a week), 1; Station(4 hours a week), 1.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering (A. C.), 3; Dynamo Laboratory, 3; Gas Engines, 2; Electrical Measurements, 2; Analytics and Calculus, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 1; Shop (4 hours a week), 1; Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering (A. C.), 3; Dynamo Laboratory, 2; Commercial Law, 3; Calculus, 3; Surveying, 4; Mechanical Drawing, 1; Shop(4 hours a week), 1, Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1.

MATHEMATICS AND CIVIL ENGINEERING

WILLIAM HOOVER, Professor of Mathematics
LEWIS J. ADDICOTT, Professor of Civil Engineering
ARTHUR W. HINAMAN, Assistant

COLLEGIATE MATHEMATICS

First Semester

Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, 3 hours, Freshman. Analytical Geometry, 3 hours. Sophomore.

Analytical Mechanics, 4 hours. Junior.

General Astronomy, 3 hours (elective); prerequisites, all preceding courses. Junior.

Second Semester

College Algebra, 3 hours. Freshman. Analytical Mechanics (continued).

Differential and Integral Calculus, 3 hours. Sophomore.

In teaching the pure Mathematics, especial attention is directed to the value of the study as a means of training the logical faculties. Constant stress is laid upon the steps of reasoning which underlie the various processes; and it is insisted that the principal business of the college student of Mathematics is to apprehend these clearly.

PLANE TRIGONOMETRY—There will be used in the first semester Bauer and Brooke's *Plane Trigonometry*. Hussey's mathematical tables will be used. Special emphasis will be put upon the analytical theory, and all parts of the work illustrated by large practice in the application of principles. In calculation the methods of the professional computer will be used.

SPHERICAL TRIGONOMETRY—Chauvenet's excellent and standard text is used. About all the text for which the student is, prepared, at this stage of his mathematical study, is taken. Special pains is taken in computation.

FRESHMAN ALGEBRA—The continuation of Fisher and Schwatt's Higher Algebra used in the third year preparatory course and starting with a quick review of quadratic equations and succeeding subjects. In addition the chapters on the binomial theorem, logarithms, permutations and combinations variables and limits, the parts of Chapter XXXIII on infinite series which contribute to the determination of the condition of convergency of the expansion of a binomial with any rationa exponent and recurring series, method of differences, interpola tion, Chapters XXXIX and XL on determinants and the theory of equations, all illustrated by the solutions of many original exercises. Given in the second semester, Freshman year, and repeated in the immediately following semester.

ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY—Fine and Thompson's Coördinate Geometry will be taken in the first semester, special effort being put on the original exercises. This branch is of great importance to engineering students. It is, besides, of most valuable disciplinary importance to any undergraduate.

DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS—This will be given in the second semester of the Sophomore year. The first nineteen chapters of Osborne's revised text will be used.

INTEGRAL CALCULUS—This is a continuation of the work in Osborne's text, and will be given in the second semester of the Sophomore year. The method of limits is the basis of the theory. Extensive drill in integration is given the student that he may acquire skill in this refined and highly useful instrument of investigation.

ANALYTICAL MECHANICS—Bowser's text, applying every previous mathematical course of the student, is taken in the first semester of the Junior year, and affords the best chance of show of ability in mathematics he has so far had. About three-fourths of this text is taken, most of which relates to Statics and Dynamics.

COLLEGE ASTRONOMY—Young's General Astronomy is used most emphasis being placed upon the parts of a more mathematical character. As largely as possible, the student is made acquainted with the methods of the professional astronomer. Began in the first semester, Junior year.

ELECTIVES—The following are among the electives in recent texts by the best American and British writers: Advanced Theory of Equations, including Advanced Determinants; Analytic Geometry of Three Dimensions; Differential Equations Advanced Statics and Dynamics; Elliptic Functions; Spherical Harmonics; Least Squares; Mathematical Optics; and other mathematical Physics, with Theoretical Astronomy.

CIVIL ENGINEERING

Work in Civil Engineering was planned under action taken by the University Trustees in 1904. The course is designed to give students a working knowledge of the various subjects offered.

LIMIT OF COURSE—The course covers a period of two years. In that time such subjects are considered as will prove most beneficial in active work. Drafting-room and field practice make up a large part of the course.

EQUIPMENT—The Department makes use of seven rooms in the building known as the East Wing. The drafting-rooms have fifty large tables, for drawing and mapping, and cabinets for drawing-boards, paper, instruments, etc. The instrumentroom contains two Gurley 8-inch mining transits, two Ulmer 11inch transits, a Buff & Berger 11-inch transit, a Keuffel & Esser 11-inch transit, a Keuffel & Esser solar transit, a Keuffel & Esser precision level, three Gurley 20-inch Y-levels, an Ulmer 18-inch Y-level, an Ulmer 14-inch Dumpy level, a Keuffel & Esser 20-inch Y-level, two Keuffel & Esser 12-inch levels, a Gurley Plane-Table, a Mariner's Sextant, a Gurley compass, and numerous other instruments essential to field work, such as tapes, stadia rods, leveling rods, ranging poles, hand-levels, etc. The cement-testing laboratory is equipped with the most modern and improved apparatus. It contains a 20,000 lb. Olsen Testing Machine, a Fairbanks improved testing machine, the Vicat, Gilmore's needles, molds, sieves, etc. New instruments and apparatus will be added as necessity requires, and every effort made to keep the department up-todate in every particular.

REFERENCE WORK—The leading periodicals and magazines relating to Civil Engineering are in the department library, and many others are in the Carnegie library, all of which are accessible to the students at all times. Among the magazines which are available for student use, are the following: Engineering News, Engineering Record, Railway Age Gazette, Mines and Minerals, Cement, Reports of Engineering Societies, Journal of the Association of Engineering Societies, Western Society of Engineers, Engineering and Mining Journal, and many others that are not strictly Engineering magazines.

Ohio University does not offer regular engineering courses, but has scheduled a number of elective subjects in civil engineering, that can be taken in connection with the regular scientific course.

SCIENTIFIC COURSE WITH CIVIL ENGINEERING ELECTIVES

The following Scientific Course with Civil Engineering electives will lead to the Bachelor of Science Degree, in four years.

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English Composition, 2; Mathematics, 3; German, 3; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Chemistry, 4.

SECOND SEMESTER—English Composition, 2; Mathematics, 3; Descriptive Geometry, 2; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Elements of Mechanics, 3; Chemistry, 4.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Survey of English, 3; Analytics and, Calculus, 3; Scientific German, 2; History 3; Physics, 3; Reënforced Concrete, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Survey of English Literature, 3; Calculus, 3; Scientific German, 2; Physics, 3; Sanitation, 3, Surveying and Leveling, 4.

Third Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Applied Calculus, 3; Advanced Chemistry, 3; Railroad Engineering, 3; Field Work, 2; Geology, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Applied Calculus, 3; Advanced Chemistry, 3; Commercial Law, 3; Topographic Surveying, 3; Instrument Adjustment, 1.

Fourth Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Civil Engineering, 4; Economics, 3; Thesis, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Civil Engineering, 4; Details of Construction, 3; Hydraulics or Mechanics, 3; Thesis, 3.

The completion of the above course entitles the student to the degree of Bachelor of Science, and a certificate stating that he has completed the short course in Civil Engineering.

For those who for any reason are unable to undertake the above course the following short course in Civil Engineering is provided, the completion of which entitles the student to a certificate certifying to the character of the work completed.

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English Composition, 2; Mathematics 3; Descriptive Geometry 3; Mechanical Drawing 2; Electricity; 4:

SECOND SEMESTER—English Composition 2; Mathematics 3; Descriptive Geometry 2; Elements of Mechanics 3; Surveying and Leveling 3; Field Work 1; Electricity 2.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Railroad Engineering 3; Field Work 2; Civil Engineering 4; Reënforced Concrete 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Mathematics, 3; Civil Engineering 4; Topographic Surveying 2; Field Work 1; Details of Construction 2; Drawing 1; Mathematics 2; Commercial Law 2; Engineering Instruments and their use 1.

In the first year those who desire may substitute a year's work in Chemistry, or a modern language for the work in Electricity.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

The course in Civil Engineering is designed to give the student a thorough and practical training in the various subjects offered; and to give field and draughting-room practice of such a nature as will prepare him for active work.

A large number of young men have taken this Short Course, and have found very satisfactory positions after completing the work.

The work in Mechanical Drawing continues throughout the Freshman year, and embraces twenty-four plates. Much attention is given to lettering. Cross's Mechanical Drawing and Reinhardt's Lettering serve as guides in this work. The work in Descriptive Geometry continues throughout the Freshman year. During the first semester the work consists of recitations and problems relating to the right line, curved line, planes, tangents, and normals; to cylindrical, conical, and warped surfaces and to their intersection. About fifteen original problems are required. Shades, Shadows, and Perspective are taken up during the second semester. Church's Descriptive Geometry, is the text used. Merriman's Elements of Mechanics is taken up during the second semester. The work in the text-book is supplemented with additional problems.

Leveling and Surveying, of the second semester, consists of three hours per week of recitations and one afternoon per week of field work, embracing the following: Chain, Compass and Transit Surveying; the use of the Plane Table and Leveling.

The student is required to keep his field notes in proper form, to plat all surveys, and to make profiles of the level lines run. Conventional methods are used in all work. Gillespie's Surveying is the text used.

The work in Railroad Engineering is taken up during the first semester of the second year. This consists of three hours per week of recitations and one afternoon a week of field and draughting-room work. A preliminary survey for a railroad is made and the topography taken. A contour map is drawn and a location projected. The text used is Searles's Field Engineering.

In Stereotomy, the work of Siebert and Biggin is used and enough class work is given to obtain a working knowledge of the subject. A number of original problems and drawings are required.

The course in Engineering Instruments and Their Use is intended to familiarize the student with such instruments as the Sextant, Plane-Table, Polar Planimeter, Universal Drafting Machine, Pantograph, Slide Rule, Solar Transit, Precise Level, and other instruments.

The subject dealing with Details of Construction, as given in the second semester, consists of two recitations per week and one afternoon of drawing. Each student designs and completes the working drawing, with blue prints, of a wood and steel truss. Howe's Design of Simple Trusses in Wood and Steel is the text used.

Fiebeger's Short Course in Civil Engineering, is the text-book used in discussing the various subjects offered under the general head of Civil Engineering. The course is given throughout the entire year and embraces the following subjects: Loads on Beams, Trusses of all kinds, Graphics, Dams, Retaining Walls, Hydraulics, Water Supply, Sewer Construction, and Pavements.

During the second semester the work in Topographic Surveying is taken up and embraces the following: The accurate measurements of a base line, and triangulating a given section. The topography is taken by means of the stadia and hand level.

From the survey a map is made and contour lines are drawn; conventional signs are used to represent the different structures and objects that appear upon the map.

The topographic map of the campus, in the front of the catalogue, was a part of the regular work of the class of 1908. Each year a similar map is made, thus familiarizing the student with platting and mapping.

The work in Mathematic, Sciences and English is done in the regular University classes.

Students of the Engineering Department wishing to take advanced standing in other institutions can do so by taking the required amount of Mathematics, Language, English, etc., in the regular classes of the University.

Students of the University can take up and complete, within two years, such engineering and scholastic studies as will give them admission, with full credit, to the Junior class of the Case School of Applied Science at Cleveland, Ohio.

Students are urged to take the scientific course and elect their work from the subjects offered in civil engineering.

This will enable them to complete a regular scientific course and at the same time complete all the work offered in the short course in Civil Engineering.

SCHOOL OF COMMERCE

Faculty*

ALSTON ELLIS, Ph. D., LL. D., President

CHARLES M. COPELAND, B. Ped.,

Director and Professor of Accounting and Commercial Law

MINNIE FOSTER DEAN, Instructor in Stenography GEORGE C. PARKS, Ph. B.,

Assistant in Commercial Branches.

Grace Marie Junod, Ph. B., Instructor in Typewriting.

[•]The required work in English, History, Economics, Education, Psychology, Science, and Modern Language is taken in the regular University classes.

Ohio University began, in 1893, to offer courses in commercial studies. The increasing demand for this kind of work justified the establishment and equipment of a separate department in 1899, with a course of study consisting largely of commercial branches and some required work in English and History. This arrangement gave the regular students of the University an opportunity to elect this work as part of their college course, and it is gratifying to note that many have improved the opportunity. These and the special students who had a good preparatory training were greatly benefitted and those who desired it have had no trouble in finding employment. But the greater part of the special students with meager preparation were poorly equipped for a successful business career, even after they have made a good record in their commercial studies.

As a result of this observation the entrance requirements and the courses of study, for students desiring to take commercial work, were gradually extended until 1909, when conditions justified the organization of a School of Commerce with two courses of study, each including two years or 60 semester hours of collegiate work as outlined elswhere in this catalogue.

Students in the School of Commerce have the same privileges in the University library, reading room, literary societies, and gymnasium as regular students, and may enter any of the preparatory or collegiate classes without extra charge. Commodious rooms in Ewing Hall have been well equipped for this work. The commission, wholesale and retail offices and the bank, in the office department, are well arranged for instruction purposes. Here students receive the training that comes from filling the principal as well as the subordinate positions in such offices. In the bank they pass from the work of collection clerk to that of bookkeeper, teller, and cashier; in the railroad office, they are agent and clerk; in the commission office, receiving clerk, shipping clerk, bookkeeper and manager; in the wholesale office, shipping clerk, bookkeeper, and manager.

ADMISSION—The requirements for entrance to either course in the School of Commerce are the same as the requirements for entrance to the Freshman class of the University, namely,

fifteen units of secondary credit. Graduates of high schools of the first class are usually able to enter without condition. Students who have not the necessary amount of entrance credit may make it up in the State Preparatory School.

DIPLOMAS AND COLLEGE CREDIT—Diplomas will be granted to those who complete either course in the School of Commerce. Students in the degree courses of the University may take part of their elective work in the School of Commerce, and in this way they may in four years obtain both their degree and the diploma in the course in commerce.

DEGREE COURSE FOR GRADUATES-Graduates in either of the two-year courses in the School of Commerce must have at least 60 semester hours of college credit. Upon the completion of 60 additional semester hours of college work, outlined by the Dean of the College of Liberal Arts, graduates of the Commercial Course will be granted the A. B. or B. S. degree, provided that at least 45 of such additional hours have been done in the required work of the course leading to the degree to be conferred. Upon the completion of 60 additional semester hours of college work, outlined by the Dean of the State Normal College, graduates of the Teachers' Course in Stenography will be granted the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education, provided that at least 45 of such additional hours have been done in the equired work of the course leading to said degree and that in he entire course not less than 30 semester hours in professional subjects have been taken.

Special Students in Accounting and Stenography—Persons wishing to take only Bookkeeping and Stenography will be admitted as special students. Certificates showing the nature of the work done and signed by the President of the University and Director of the School will be issued to students who complete a year's work in Accounting or Stenography and have credit for the English, History, and Civics required in the first preparatory year. A passing grade in Penmanship will be required of those who receive the certificate for Accounting.

FEES—All students pay a registration fee of \$9.00 per semester. Besides this, there is an extra fee of \$7.50 per semester for Stenography and Typewriting. The fee for Type-

writing alone is \$3.00 per semester. The fee for the diploma is \$5.00, and for a certificate \$1.50.

Positions—The University does not guarantee positions to graduates in any course. However, only a small number of those who make a good record in work and conduct have trouble in finding desirable employment. The management of the School of Commerce has always taken much interest in recommending students to places which they can fill, and no school in the country can show a larger percentage of its graduates at profitable employment. On account of the limited scholarship required in the average commercial school, its product is not in favor with progressive business men. A general culture, as well as a knowledge of commercial branches is demanded of those who seek important positions. Such a course as the one outlined in this catalogue will meet the approval of those who are looking for competent help, and the young man or woman of good character who completes it will be in demand.

Commercial, Teachers- High schools of all grades are organizing commercial courses. This creates a demand for competent teachers of commercial branches. The competition for these places is not strong, for many of those who are acquainted with the subjects to be taught are not eligible to high school positions on account of limited education or a lack of experience in teaching. Teachers who have had successful experience would do well to consider the commercial courses of this institution with a view to high school work. While pursuing this course they would have an excellent opportunity to study Methods in Teaching in the classes of the State Normal College of the University.

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

Those studies in the courses which are not described below are outlined under the head of the department to which they belong.

I. THEORY OF ACCOUNTS I—Four recitations per week and offered in each semester. This course is for beginners in accounting and is planned to give the student an understanding

of the fundamental principles of the science. By numerous drills and problems students are made acquainted with a variety of account books used in retailing and wholesaling and with the business papers connected with the transactions proposed for entry.

- 2. THEORY OF ACCOUNTS II—Four recitation per week, and offered in the second semester. This course is open to those who have had Theory of Accounts I. It deals with the modern systems used in the more complex forms of business, such as banking, commission and manufacturing. An important feature of this course is the work in the railroad, commission, and wholesale offices and in the bank by which the student is brought into actual business relations with the students of this and other schools through a great variety of transactions.
- 3. COMMERCIAL LAW—Three recitations per week in the second semester. This work deals in a general way with the subjects of contracts, agency, partnership, corporations, sales, and negotiable paper, and is intended to give students a practical acquaintance with the fundamental principles of each. Considerable time will be spent in studying actual cases and in drawing business papers.
- 4. Negotiable Contracts—One recitation per week in the first semester and open to those who have had Commercial Law. The Uniform Negotiable Instruments Law is used as a text in this course.
- 5. Corporation Accounting and Law—Three recitations per week in first semester and open to who have had Theory of Accounts I. This course deals with the law and accounting connected with the organization, financing, management, dissolution, and re-organization of corporations.
- 6. CORPORATION AND TRUST FINANCE—Two recitations per week in second semester and open to those who have had Corporation Accounting and Law. A study is made of the movement toward combination of enterprises and large aggregations of capital. Cause, method, and effect are considered with a view to giving the student a proper attitude toward this important question.

- 7. ACCOUNTING PROBLEMS AND SYSTEMS—Three recitations per week in the second semester and open to those who have had Theory of Accounts and Corporation Accounting. In this course systems for various businesses will be devised, criticised, and compared, and the principles of accounting will be applied to the solution of a number of difficult problems. Considerable attention will be given to Cost Accounting.
- 8. COMMERCIAL SEMINAR—One recitation per week throughout the year and open to students who have had Theory of Accounts and Commercial Law. The Banker's Magazine, Journal of Accountancy, and articles on commercial subjects in other magazines will form the basis of this work.
- 9. Money and Banking—Two recitations per week in the second semester. This course consists of a study of the origin, use, and history of money as a medium of exchange with special reference to the financial history of the United States.

It includes a study of the history, utility and functions of banks, and particularly of those governed by the National Banking Act.

10. INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY—Two recitations per week in the first semester. The rapid expansion of our domestic and foreign commerce has made it necessary for the modern business man to inform himself as to the various natural and manufactured products which are bought and sold in the world's markets.

In this work a study is made of commercial conditions as they are found in various parts of the world as a result of certain physical and political influences, of the products of man's industries and commerce, and of the conditions of inter-dependence existing among different parts of the civilized world.

INDUSTRIAL HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES—A study is made of the growth and development of the industries and commerce of the country and particularly as found to be influenced by our tariff bills, banking systems and the different wars in which the nation has engaged. The subject of conservation is given special attention. Two hours, first semester.

STENOGRAPHY I AND II —Designed for students who wish to fit themselves for amanuensis work. Students are prepared to take from dictation commercial correspondence and different

forms of legal papers, including contracts, conveyances, wills, and court pleadings. The notes are transcribed on the typewriter and a high standard of neatnss and accuracy is maintained. As soon as they are able to do so students are required to take dictation for an hour a day from the phonograph. Four hours of credit.

STENOGRAPHY III AND IV REQUIRED IN TEACHERS' COURSE. This course is intended to prepare students to teach Stenography, and is open to all who have completed Stenography I and II. After a careful review of the principles of outline formation the student is drilled in advanced methods of writing. A much higher speed is required and matter dictated is of a difficult character. Three hours of credit.

AMANUENSIS WORK I AND II—Practice in transcribing from notes matter of difficult and complicated character. Two hours of credit.

Typewriting and Composition I—The student's first efforts are directed toward acquiring a command of the keyboard by the touch method. This is followed by extensive practice in copying correct business papers, neatness and accuracy being insisted upon from the beginning. A text in the hands of the students is made the basis of a careful study of the principles of composition, and such work is done as will require the application of these principles.

Three recitations per week.

Students taking this course are expected to practice one (I) hour per day on the typewriter in addition to the hours of class work. Two hours of credit.

Typewriting and Composition II—The text in composition begun in I is completed in II, and is followed by a course in letter writing in which the students carry on, from data furnished, the correspondence of one or more business firms. In this connection thorough training is given in tabulating, manifolding, filing, mimeographing, etc.

Three recitations per week.

Students taking this course are expected to practice one (1) hour per day on the typewriter in addition to the hours of class work.

Two hours credit.

The typewriter room is amply supplied with new standard machines and tabulators, and is equipped with mimeograph, letter-press, electric phonograph, and all modern, up-to-date office appliances pertaining to this work.

Beginning classes are formed each term.

FIRST YEAR

PENMANSHIP—Students in the commercial course who do not write a good hand are required to take regular instruction. The modern business man demands of his bookkeeper or clerk, the ability to write rapidly and legibly. Movement is the foundation of Penmanship.

The constant aim in all exercises given is to develop plain writing with an easy, rapid movement.

COMMERCIAL COURSE

SECOND YEAR

PIRST TEAR	SECOND TEAR
FIRST SEMESTER	FIRST SEMESTER
Theory of Accounts I	Corporation Accounting & Law (3) Negotiable Contracts
SECOND SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Theory of Accounts II	Money and Banking

Students wishing to take Stenography I and II and Typewriting and Composition I and II will be permitted to make substitution in second year, subject to the approval of the Director of the School of Commerce.

TEACHERS' COURSE IN STENOGRAPHY

FIRST YEAR

American History.....(3)

SECOND YEAR

English.....(3) Principles of Education....(3)

School Management....(2)

Elective (2)

FIRST SEMESTER	FIRST SEMESTER
Stenography I	Stenography III
SECOND SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Stenography II	Stenography IV(3) Amanuensis Work (Stenog.)II. (2) English(3)

Substitutions in the Commercial Course and in the Teachers' Course in Stenography, not otherwise provided for, may be made upon the consent of the Committee on Registration.

SCHOOL OF ORATORY

Faculty

ALSTON ELLIS, Ph. D., LL. D.,

President

HARRY RAYMOND PIERCE,

Director of the School of Expression and Professor of Public Speaking, Ohio University. Coach and Critic for Coil Lyceum Bureau. Literary Interpretation. Voice Training. Dramatic Action. Oratory

MARIE A. MONFORT.

Graduate Leland Powers School—Assistant, Shakspere, Pantomime, Bodily Action, Interpretative Reading, Monologue

ZULETTE SPENCER PIERCE,

Lyceum Reader and Entertainer—Assistant

C. M. DOUTHITT,

Director of Physical Education

For what does the School of Oratory of Ohio University stand? What methods of instruction are used? Does it offer a practical course for college men and women?

Answering these questions in order: First, the school stands for a higher devlopment of personality, for individuality and loftier purposes; second, to achieve the best results there must be brought to bear the highest possible training in thought and expression; third, today in all walks of life, men must be able to stand on their feet and express their views in public; and, furthermore, be able to convince and persuade their fellow-men.

To accomplish this result there is daily practice in committing selections and orations of prominent writers and speakers, then, in writing original speeches and delivering them, studying the great orators as models, thus developing high standards; also, a thorough training in voice production is necessary for a well modulated voice. A good personality can always gain a hearing and accomplish the desired results. Making extemporaneous speeches from the class-room platform, during the second year's work, and debating the questions of the day form regular work. All these exercises are practical and profitable, because they prepare for a more useful life's work.

Beecher says; "Let no man who is a sneak try to be an orator." And he might have added, let no man aspire to distinction as a public speaker, whether it be in the pulpit, at the bar, or on the platform, unless he be willing to spend his days and nights in developing all the resources of his spirit, mind, and body. Our motto is: "A Rounded Development Must Be of Spirit, Mind, and Body."

Private Lessons

Two private lessons each week is a special feature of the School. This gives every student one hundred and twenty private lessons during the course. These lessons are given without extra charge. The best success of each pnpil depends upon the private criticism. It enables the instructor at the very beginning to remove the personal difficulties and develop the student along the lines in which he seems deficient.

Bodily Expression and Pantomime

Art has its causation in the mind. All action of the body must be the result of the action of the mind. In this course, the body is treated as an instrument. It is freed from mannerisms and accidentals and trained to become the obedient and willing servant of the mind. A definite technique of action is introduced with exercises for the application of the principles of gesture. The office in expression of the different agents of the body—head, torso, and limbs—is studied. The pantomimic expression is carefully developed by problems of

simple situations, characterization, life studies, original studies, and dramatic action.

How to Gesture

"Every outward movement is but the manifestation of an inward emotion. To know how and when to gesture are important facts. There should be ease and grace and absolute control of the body. A gesture should be only for emphasis, to make the mental picture stand out more clearly before the audience; a gesture should never attract attention to itself, but should be the bodily expression of the thought. Gesture is that subtle language which conveys impressions which words are powerless to express."

Physical Culture

Too much stress cannot be laid upon the importance of physical development; there is a marked degeneracy in the physical powers of the men and women of today as compared with our forefathers. The tendency of the present age is towards menal rather than physical development and, as a result, we have an average of higher intellectuality without the necessary physical strength to support it. One function should not be neglected at the expense of another. There should be the Trinity of Spirit, Mind, and Body.

Voice Culture

The principles of vocal expression are not found in any mechanical rules, but in the thought and feelings of the speaker. If one would understand the rules which govern vocal expression, he must first learn how to think and feel with the author whom he interprets. His imagination, therefore, must be stimulated, his discriminating powers developed, and his voice becomes a responsive agent under the guidance of his emotions.

Instruction is given in the management and regulation of the breath, the proper use of the body, and the development of vocal energy.

English

The courses in English and Rhetoric are under the direction of Edwin W. Chubb, Litt. D., Dean of the College of Liberal Arts, and Professor of Rhetoric and English Literature.

The public speaker must not only be familiar with the best literature, he must have a mind stored with thoughts worthy of being imparted to others.

The aim will be to develop in the student the power of clear thought and accurate expression, in oral and written work; as it is believed by all that English literature is of primary importance to one who desires to become proficient in English expression.

Diplomas

Those completing the full course of two years, and passing the examinations satisfactorily, will receive a diploma bearing the name of Ohio University, School of Oratory. A charge of Five Dollars is made for this diploma.

Special Price

The usual cost for a term in the study of Expression at any of the well-known schools is Fifty Dollars per term, or One Hundred and Fifty Dollars per year, and when the student considers that he is to receive two private lessons each week, in addition to the course outlined above, this would not be too much. It is the wish of the authorities of the University, however, that all who care for this development may avail themselves of the opportunity. A semester's tuition in Oratory is \$28.50. A registration fee of \$9.00 is charged each semester, which allows the student to pursue other regular college work if so desired.

Public Speaking

(All courses must be continued throughout the year.)

Course 1-Oratory I, II.

The aim is to acquire a pure tone, strength and flexibility of the voice, and a natural, easy manner of reading or speaking from the platform. Charts for correct pronunciation are made, miscellaneous selections studied, and parts committed which will be recited by the students before the class. Two hours. Each semester, Freshman elective. Text—"Choice Reading," Cumnock.

Course 2-Literary Interpretation III, IV.

This course covers the field of American Literature; selected authors are studied each week. The purpose of the course is to acquire the best possible expression—such as will reveal the thought and emotion—of these different writings. Two hours. Each semester, Sophomore elective. Course must be preceded by Course I or an equivalent. Text—Literary Interpretations, S. H. Clark; How to Gesture, Ott.

Course 3-Public Speaking V, VI.

The masterpieces of modern oratory are first studied as models, then original orations are written and delivered from the platform. Extemporaneous speaking on subjects assigned in advance. The development of mental imagery in conjunction with which original descriptions of scenes are given by the student. Each member of the class is required to write and deliver two orations during the course. Two hours. First semester. Required of Juniors in A. B. and B. S., courses. Text—"How to Speak in Public," Kleiser.

Course 4-Advanced Oratory VII, VIII.

This study of Advanced Oratory is arranged especially for those who are pursuing the Graduate course in the Department of Oratory. Two hours each semester, Senior elective. Texts—"Psychology of Public Speaking," Scott; "Effective Speaking," Phillips.

Course 5-Argumentation.

Study and principles of argumentation. Preparation of briefs, weekly practice in debates and written arguments. Three hours, first semester. Elective for students who have completed Courses I or II. Text—"Argumentation and Debating," Foster.

Course 6-Debating.

Practice in preparation and delivery of debates. Elective for students who have completed Courses I and IV. Two hours, second semester.

COURSE 7-Interpretative Reading I, II.

This course is arranged especially for those who are fitting themselves for teachers. Correct emphasis in reading cannot be too highly commended, as it shows the intelligence of the reader and gives a certainty of meaning to the thought expressed.

It is a source of pleasure and culture to listen to the skillful reading of a book, newspaper articles or passages in the Bible Two hours. Each semester. Elective.

COURSE 8-Shakspere I, II.

Shaksperean plays, Bible and Hymn Reading. Critical study of four of Shakespere's plays during the year. Expressional reading of principal scenes, and assigned passages are committed and recited. At the end of the year one of the plays will be given in costume by members of the class.

The study of Bible and Hymn reading will be taken up in the course for the sake of impressiveness. The words and the text must not simply be seen, but felt. The subject matter must come into the mind as reality—truth. The motive of the reader is to secure acceptance, and the end is belief. Two hours. Each semester. Elective.

Course 9-Expression.

Advanced study of expression. The purpose of this course is to give more extensive preparation to those desiring to make a specialty of literary interpretation and expression, either for teaching or platform work.

Arrangements for this course can be made with the head of the Department. The instruction will consist of private lessons, for which three hours' credit will be given.

Course 9 must be preceded by Courses 1 and 2, or their equivalent.

Oratorical and Debating Association

The Oratorical Association is open to all students regularly enrolled for twelve or more hours' work per week.

The object is to promote a higher standard of literary excellence in this institution, through annual contests with other colleges and universities, in debate, oratory, and such other forms of literary discourse as may be decided upon by the Executive Council.

There are two preliminary contests in debate and two preliminary contests in oratory to determine who shall represent the institution in inter-collegiate contests in debate and oration. The first preliminary contest is held in December of each year, and the second preliminary contest before the Easter vacation.

For further information concerning contests, send for "Constitution of the Oratorical and Debating Association of Ohio University."

Dramatic Club

A Dramatic Club, under the direction of Prof. Pierce, has been formed. Students are allowed to present one standard play each term of the school year. This is of great advantage to the pupils, as it brings out certain latent powers, develops the art of impersonation, acquaints the cast with stage terms and settings, and the art of costuming and making-up to represent the characters true to life. There is no better way of acquiring ease and freedom of manner on the platform.

DRAWING AND PAINTING

MARIE LOUISE STAHL, Instructor

A thorough foundation in drawing is necessarily the basis for specializing in any phase of art work or artistic handicraft. The work in this department is carried on as much as possible after the manner of our best art schools. The student begins with still-life and perspective drawing, and, as he advances, draws from the cast and the living model. Studies in composition are required from the more advanced students. Any individuality in the student is encouraged, and no fixed method is insisted upon. In painting, instruction is given in oils, water colors, pastels, and porcelain decoration—for which a kiln has been provided. Some knowledge of form, proportion, and mass of light and shade is necessary, through the study of charcoal drawing, before the student can begin to paint. To those desiring it instruction in out-of-door work will be given, providing the pupils are sufficently advanced. Students in the Engineering Department will vary the medium from charcoal to pencil and pen and ink. Talks are given to the students on architecture, sculpture, and painting. These talks are illustrated with photographs, casts and lantern slides. There is also an abundance of illustrative material in the many art periodicals and works on art which are kept in the studio for the use of students.

COLLEGE OF MUSIC

Faculty

ALSTON ELLIS, Ph. D., LL. D.,

President

JAMES PRYOR McVEY, Ph. B., Director, Voice and Piano

MARGARET EDITH JONES, Mus. B., Piano and Harmony

NELLIE H. VAN VORHES, Piano and Virgil Clavier

CLAUD CHARLES PINNEY, Mus. B., Pipe Organ, Piano, Theory

> Pauline A. Stewart, Voice and History of Music

KATHARINE HOGE MCINTYRE,

Voice

Sylvia Moore,

Piano

John Newman Hizey, Violin

EUGENIA MAY LISTON, Public-School Music

From the experience of all who have been observant of those matters it is proved that the natural place for a college of music is among the older colleges of a university. The close affinity existing between literature and the arts justifies the statement that only in such surroundings as these can the student of music

aquire that familiarity with language, literature, history, etc., as will make him a musician worthy of his art. Music requires much special study; and a full and well-trained mind must be brought to bear upon the interpretation of the master works which have been produced by those intellectual giants among both the ancients and the moderns of musical history. He who does not know history and literature cannot grasp the full meaning of the great tone works, the study of which is required in a thorough musical course.

This being a College of the University, its students are given the opportunity to acquire a liberal education, which is necessary for the complete rounding of a musical course. Too much stress cannot be laid upon the advantage of intimate association with a great seat of learning, having its libraries, laboratories, lectures, and classes in all the varied departments of liberal education.

The College is well equipped for the special work it offers. The rooms it occupies are well adapted for the purpose for which they are used.

Diploma

A diploma is granted by the Trustees of the Ohio University to those completing the Musical Course to the satisfaction of the faculty of the College of Music. For the diploma four studies are required—a major and a minor in applied music, and the complete course in Harmony and in the history of Music. Those finishing the course in piano must have had at least one year of study of voice or instruction upon some musical instrument other than the piano. Those finishing the course in voice or violin must have had at least one year of piano. The courses in the Harmony and in the History of Music are required of all who expect a diploma. One year of a modern language is also required.

Entrance Requirements

The classes in the College of Music are open to any one wishing to take special work, but not desiring to graduate. Those expecting a diploma must have completed a high-school course of fifteen units or the equivalent. Work which has not already

been done can be carried on by the students in the State Preparatory School while pursuing earlier musical study.

The requirements for admission to the advanced classes in the College of Music are the same as those for admission to the Freshman class of the University, with these exceptions: that modern languages may be substituted for Latin, and that additional units in history, English, or in languages may be substituted for the advanced mathematical work required.

COURSES OF STUDY

It is understood that these courses are merely suggestive, and are in no sense to be considered as mentioning all the work given. This is determined by the needs of the individual pupil and is limited only by the bounds of the literature of music.

Elementary Work

Children should have instruction as early as possible, that they may cultivate the talent with which they are naturally endowed. The instruction should be the best, since without a good foundation no artistic exellence is possible. Even in the elementary department the pupils appear early in recitals, thus acquiring ease and precision.

Preparatory Work

Technique is carefully studied. Taste and style are cultivated and the student is taught to grasp intelligently the compostion and ideal of the composer.

Normal and Artist Department

For those who expect to teach and who expect to do concert or other professional work, the opportunities offered are excellent. Students of the College of Music have already gone into the different professional fields and have met with success born only of faithful study and excellent training. Special illustrated lectures on the art of teaching are given; the students from the different departments are chosen to appear before the Normal classes.

The sight-singing and chorus classes give helpful training to those who expect to take up choir work or to teach music in public schools. The frequent student's recitals and concerts, the oratorio or opera given by the College, afford ample opportunity for those who expect to become professional artists.

Courses in Piano

Grade I—Theory of technic, simple exercises; little studies by Kohler, Gurlitt, Czerny, Loeschorn; elementary pieces by Clementi, Mozart, Gurlitt, and others.

Grade 2—Czerny's School of Velocity, studies by Duvernoy, Heller, Loeschorn; sonatinas of Mozart, Clementi, Kuhlau; pieces of Reinecke, Gurlitt, Heller and Schumann.

Grade 3—Loeschorn studies, Op. 67; Czerny School of Velocity; Bach's Inventions(two voice); Trill Studies of Krause; Octave Studies by Jean Vogt or Kullak; Easier Studies of Cramer; Sonatas of Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven; pieces by Lack, Godard, Chaminade.

Grade 4—Studies by Cramer; Octave Studies of Wolff; Daily Studies, Czerny; Bach's Inventions (three voice); Sonatas, Mozart; Dussek, Beethoven; Selections from Mendelssohn, Chopin, Schubert, Schumann, Raff, Scharwenka, Godard, Chaminade, Leschetizky, Tschaikovsky, and others.

Grade 5—Clementi's Gradus ad Parnassum, Tausig's Daily Exercises, Mason's Touch and Technic, Bach's Well-Tempered Clavichord, Chopin Studies, Henselt Studies, Sonatas of Beethoven, Liszt's Rhapsodies, Compositions of Mendelssohn Moscheles, Chopin, Rubinstein, Grieg, MacDowell and others.

Course in Vocal Culture

Individual voices differ so widely in their needs that this course can be indicated only in a general way.

Grade I—Lessons in breathing, voice placing, intervals, exercises for blending registers, tone-production (continued throughout the course as needed); Studies by Concone, Vaccai and others; easy songs by American, English, and German composers.

Grade 2—Intervals with portamento, scales, arpeggio, solfeggio; Studies in Concone, Marchesi; English Ballads, Mendelssohn's Songs, Sacred Songs.

GRADE 3—Scale, arpeggio, turns and trills in more rapid tempo, vocalises of Concone, Marchesi, English, German, French and Italian songs; more difficult church music.

GRADE 4—Major and minor scales, chromatic scales, Concone's Fifteen Vocalises, recitative and aria, German, French, and Italian Opera, easier oratoria arias; more difficult songs of Schubert, Schumann, Grieg, Jensen, Liszt, Lassen, Brahms, and others.

GRADE 5—Bravura and Coloratura singing; difficult concert songs; complete opera and oratorio with traditional rendering; special study of Creation, Redemption, Elijah, Messiah, and the Passion Music of Bach.

Students of voice expecting certificates must know enough of piano to play simple accompaniments.

Special, Notice—A well planned, thorough course in Public School Music is offered. See descriptive statement connected with the State Normal College.

Pipe Organ Course

Students of the organ must have had at least one year's work in piano and one semester's work in harmony. The course is opened with a careful study of the Clemens Organ School, supplemented by hymn tunes, simple anthems, chants and the easier compositions for the organ by Guilmant, Du Bois, Mendelssohn and others. More advanced work, including pedal studies by Neilson, trios by Snyder and Rheinberger, Bach preludes and fugues, and the more difficult works of other masters of the organ, is offered to those who may desire to make a specialty of organ playing.

The church organist finds himself called upon to make frequent use of transpositions and modulation, therefore students are required to follow out a carefully planned course in these much neglected branches of the organist's equipment.

Course in Violin

GRADE I—Hermann Method—Book I, Kayser—thirty-six progressive studies, Op. 20, (Nos. I to 18). Easy pieces by Dancla, Papani, Bohn, Hermann, etc.

GRADE 2—Hermann Method—Book II, Schradieck—Finger Exercises, Kayser—thirty-six progressive studies, Op. 20, (Nos. 19 to 36), Mazas Etudes, Op. 36. Selected pieces for violin and piano.

Grade 3—Schradieck—Scales, Kreutzer—Etudes, Florilla, Etudes, Concertos by Rhode, De Beriot, Solos by Alard, Rode, etc.

Grade 4—Schradieck—Chord studies and double stops, Rode --twenty-four Caprices, Alard—twenty-four Caprices, Op. II. Concertos and solos by Rhode, Viotti, De Beriot, etc.

Grade 5—Bach's Sonatas for violin solo, Schradieck—twenty-four studies, Op. I; Dont Gradus ad Parnassum; Etudes et Caprices, Op. 15; Solos by Wieniawski, Vieuxtemps, etc.

HARMONY AND THEORY COURSE

In addition to the study of applied music, whether piano, voice, violin, or organ, a practical knowledge of harmony and theory is necessary to a complete appreciation of musical works. Therefore this course is required of all students expecting to graduate. This work covers two years with recitations twice a week.

Harmony

FIRST SEMESTER

Part I.-

Scales, Minor and Major, Intervals, Triads and their location. Connection of Triads, Primary and Secondary.

Inversions of Primary and Secondary Triads.

Part II.-

Chord of the Dominant seventh.

Inversion of the Dominant seventh.

Triad on Leading Tone.

Modulation to nearly related Keys.

Modulation through the use of Dominant seventh chord.

SECOND SEMESTER

Secondary seventh chords.

Cadences-Half and Deceptive.

Chord of Dominant ninth.

Chord of Diminished seventh.

Chords of seventh on the remaining degrees of the scales.

Passing seventh.

Original work.

Part III .-

Modulating to Dominant Key.

Modulating to Sub-Dominant Key.

Modulating a Major second upward.

Modulating a Major second downward.

Modulating a Minor third upward.

Modulating a Minor third downward.

Modulating a Major third upward.

Modulating a Major third downward.

THIRD SEMESTER

Part IV .-

Altered chords.

Chord of Augmented sixth.

Chord of Augmented sixth, four-three.

Chord of Augmented six-fifth.

Chord of Augmented sixth with doubly augmented fourth.

Chord of Neapolitan sixth, eighth, and six-four.

Modulations.

Part V.—

Suspensions.

Retardation.

FOURTH SEMESTER.

Passing tones and embellishment.

Appoggiatura and Anticipation.

Pedal Point.

Figuration.

Figurated Melodies.

Florid Melodies.
Accompaniments.
Analysis.
Form.

History of Music

A year's work of two recitations a week in this study is required of all students who expect a diploma. The aim is to give a comprehensive view of the rise and development of music to the present period. Copious illustrations, with the pianola and other instruments, serve to give the student a sympathetic and living interest in the master-works.

Appreciation of Music

This course, while open to all serious students, is especially designed for those who have little or no technical knowledge of music, and yet wish to aquire a helpful general comprehension of it as a whole, so that in listening to good music they may be both pleased and intelligently uplifted. The course covers one year of two lectures each week.

NOTE: In addition to the regular course offered above, students may take work in counterpoint and fugue, if they like.

Public School Music

For a description of this course, turn to pag 110 of this catalogue.

Supplementary Courses

The ideal of the music student should be the completion of a four-year course in the College of Liberal Arts. Of course this would require five or six years of one who had finished a course in a first-grade high school, on the supposition that the student had already made some progress in music. To those who can not attain this end, it is suggested that an effort be made to round out their musical education by taking the following supplementary course in the liberalizing studies here outlined:

First Year-

Freshman Composition, Byron, Keats, and Shelley, American Poetry.

Second Year-

Shakespere, Browning and Tennyson, The English Bible.

Third Year-

European History, The Modern Drama.

Fourth Year-

History of English Literature, Modern Fiction.

PUBLIC SCHOOL MUSIC

MISS LISTON, Instructor

The aim of this Department is two-fold. First—a general study of the rudiments of music, for grade teachers. This work is required of all students taking the regular Elementary Course in the Normal College. The purpose of this is to acquaint the teacher with a sufficient knowledge of music that he may be able to carry on the work intelligently under the direction of a supervisor, or, if necessary, to give such instruction himself.

One year's work is required. The first half of each semester is given to a study of the underlying principles of all the technical difficulties of music as found in the public-school course of eight years. In the second half of each semester, the professional side of the subject is considered as thoroughly as possible with attention to practical methods as needed in school-room teaching.

The second aim—a comprehensive study of music for those who wish to become supervisors. All students completing this special course will receive a diploma. Sufficient time to earn this diploma is given. Admission is based upon graduation from a high school of the first grade. Students who have

sufficient scholastic preparation may take work in the State Preparatory School.

For those without any knowledge of music, two years will be required to complete the course, but those who have some knowledge of the piano and voice may be able to complete the course in less time.

The following is a brief description of the work offered inthis Department toward the completing of this course.

SIGHT SINGING—Individual and class drill in singing at sight, without accompaniment, melodies in all major and minor keys. An intelligent study of rhythm, phrasing and expression.

EAR TRAINING—Systematically graded exercises to quicken the musical hearing. Oral and written reproduction of melodies in all keys.

CHORUS—A series of practical lessons in the study of material suitable for use in High School and Upper Grammar Grades. The possibilities of the school chorus investigated. Use of the baton as a dignified means of keeping chorus together. Each member of class taught to direct.

ADVANCED SIGHT SINGING—A class for those who are to become Supervisors of Music. A study of the different music systems in common use is taken up in this class.

METHODS—Principles of education as applied to the teaching of music. Course of study planned, for all grades from First Year through the High School. Special study of the voice. Study of song material suited to the various years of school life. Rote Songs, how to select, to teach, and use them. Special attention paid to Folk Songs and Singing Games.

OBSERVATION AND TEACHING—Nine semester hours of teaching and observation are required in this course. During the first year the pupil-teacher observes music teaching in different grades, and reports on same to Music Supervisors. As soon as students are prepared they begin teaching in the Training Schools, and as they acquire skill in teaching music in all grades under supervisions, they become experienced teachers of Public School Music upon finishing the course.

For a detailed statement of this two-year course for Supervisors of Public School Music, see the Course of Study on the following pages.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

C. M. DOUTHITT, M. D.,

Director of Indoor Athletics

ARTHUR W. HINAMAN,

Director of Outdoor Athletics

AIMS-

- 1. To develop bodily vigor and vitality, the prerequisite mental efficiency.
- 2. To secure and maintain correct bodily carriage in standing, walking, and running, a balanced muscular development, and a fair degree of skill and ease of movement.
- 3. To provide an opportunity and incentive for every student to secure physical recreation to overcomethe evils of the sedentary life of the student.
- 4. To promote the social, moral, and mental values of games and sports, and to secure to every student the opportunity for their practice.
- 5. To develop such habits of exercise in students that they shall continue their practice after leaving college.

REQUIRED WORK—Three semesters of work in physical training are required, unless the student is excused because of physical disability. This work should be taken during the first and second years of college life.

MEDICAL AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION—All first year students are urged to take a medical and physical examination as soon as possible after entering college. The purpose is to determine the student's organic condition; to discover abnormal deviations of form, structure, and function; to warn and give special advice when necessary.

GVMNASIUM WORK—The work in the gymnasium consists of running, calisthenic drills (free hand, wands, dumb bells, and

Indian clubs,) gymnastic dancing, heavy apparatus work, and active games, such as basket-ball, and indoor base-ball.

The exercises are chosen rather for their physiological value than their looks—for the education of the neuro-muscular system than for the mere development of strength.

The gymnasium is open for individual work throughout the day except during regular gymnaisum class work.

OUTDOOR ATHLETICS—Facilities are furnished for the various forms of outdoor athletics. Ample opportunity is given to all who care to indulge in foot-ball, base-ball, tennis, and track and field athletics.

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE OF OHIO UNIVERSITY

FACULTY*

ALSTON ELLIS, Ph. D., LL. D., President

HENRY G. WILLIAMS, A. M., Ped. D.,

Dean of the State Normal College and Professor of School Administration

FREDERICK TREUDLEY, A. M., Professor of Philosophy and Ethics

WILLIS L. GARD, A. M., Ph. D.,

Professor of the History and Science of Education

OSCAR CHRISMAN, A. M., Ph. D.,

Professor of Paidology and Psychology

EDSON M. MILLS, A. M., Ph. M.,

Professor of Mathematics

WILLIAM FRANKLIN COPELAND, Ph. M., Ph. D., Professor of Agricultural Education

HIRAM ROY WILSON, A. M., Litt. D.,

Professor of English

WILLIAM ALDERMAN MATHENY, A. M., Ph. D.,

Professor of Civic Biology and Elementary Science

^{*}The instructors named above teach principally in Normal College classes. Members of the University Faculty have work in the Normal College, of a nature indicated by the University Departments with which they are connected.

THOMAS N. HOOVER, A. B., A. M., Professor of History

Frederick C. Landsittel, B. Ped.,
Instructor in Methods and Art of Teaching

John J. Richeson, B. Ped.,

Professor of Physiography and Supervisor of Rural Training Schools

C. M. DOUTHITT, M. D.,

Director of Indoor Athletics

GEORGE E. McLaughlin, Instructor in Manual Training

C. O. WILLIAMSON, B. Ph. Assistant in Manual Training

GEORGE C. PARKS, Ph., B., Instructor in Penmanship

HOMER GUY BISHOP, B. S.,

Instructor in Paidology and Psychology

MARIE A. MONFORT. B. O.,
Instructor in Reading and Public Speaking

ELIZABETH H. BOHN,
Principal Domestic Science School

HELEN HOAG,
Instructor in Domestic Science

BERTHA E. BUXTON,

Assistant in Domestic Science

MARY ELLEN MOORE, A. B., Instructor in Latin

EMMA S. WAITE,
Principal of Training School

MARY JUNITA BRISON, B. S.,
Instructor in Drawing and Hand-Work

KEY ELIZABETH WENRICK,
Assistant in Drawing

EUGENIA MAY LISTON,
Instructor in Public-School Music

ELIZABETH MUSGRAVE, AMY M. WEIHR, Ph. M., B. Ped., ELSIE S. GREATHEAD, WINIFRED L. WILLIAMS, MARGARET A. DAVIS, CORA E. BAILEY, B. Ped., and MARGARET L. TILLEY,

Critic Teachers

HAIDEE CORAL GROSS, EDITH A. BUCHANAN, and LILLIAN ESTHER TERRELL,

Critic Teachers in Rural Training School

CONSTANCE TRUMAN MCLEOD, A. B.,

Instructor in Kindergarten Education and Principal of the Kindergarten School

KATE DOVER,
Instructor in Kindergarten

Training for Teaching at Ohio University

THE BEGINNING—Ever since 1886, the Ohio University has made provision for the training of teachers, at first, in a Normal Department. This owes its existence to legislation, May 11, 1886, whereby the sum of \$5,000 was appropriated for its establishment. The appropriation was accepted by the Board of Trustees and made effective through the efforts of its committee, the chairman of which was Dr. John Hancock, since deceased. This committee placed Dr. John P. Gordy at the head of the new department, and its special work was entered upon in September of the same year. Two courses of study were offered, an "Elementary" and an "Advanced" and the latter was made equal to and parallel with the other college courses then existing.

At the regular session of the 75th General Assembly of Ohio, March 12, 1902, H. B. No. 369—Mr. Seese—became a law.

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE of Ohio University owes its existence to a provision of this act. Section 2, of said Act, requires the University Board to organize "a normal school which shall be co-ordinate with existing courses of instruction, and shall be maintained in such a state of efficiency as to provide proper theoretical and practical training for all students desiring to prepare themselves for the work of teaching."

Section 4 of an Act of the Legislature, dated April 16, 1906, creates a special fund for the support of "the State Normal School or College in connection with the Ohio University." This fund is derived from a mill tax of five one-thousandths (.005) of one mill upon each dollar of all the taxable property in Ohio. The annual income thus derived amounts to about \$37,500.

SCOPE OF WORK—The law of 1902 explicitly states that the school shall be established for the training of "all students desiring to prepare themselves for the work of teaching." This is surely comprehensive enough to permit the carrying on of all grades and kinds of normal-school work. In fact, the language used is mandatory and contemplates the founding of a school in which the graduates of the common school, the high school, and the college shall have opportunity for "theoretical and practical training" for the work of teaching. At present, in Ohio, there are twelve times as many teachers employed in elementary schools as in high schools. Important as is the work of the high-school teacher, that of the elementary or primary teacher is, admittedly, more so. The latter work is fundamental, and upon its character depend in large measure the breadth, depth, and ultimate value of much of the work of the secondary school. Then, too, it must be kept in mind that by far the greater number of those enjoying public-school advantages never, as pupils, see the inside of a high-school. These considerations suggest that normal-school work should, first of all, be planned to meet the wants of those preparing for service in the elementary schools. The higher grades of academic and professional training will follow, in any right-ordered, wellrounded scheme of normal-school organization, as a matter of course.

The Function of the Normal School

TRAINING-In a general way it may be stated that the function of a normal school is to train persons for the work of teaching. If teaching is to become a profession in the true sense, those who expect to follow it must receive special training. By professional training we mean a special training beyond mere scholarship in language, art, mathematics, science, history, etc., including special preparation and training in those lines of thought and action which have to do particularly with the teaching process. This preparation should include a broad scholastic training as a foundation upon which should be built the superstructure of special knowledge. No amount of knowledge of pedagogy will take the place of a broad culture in literature, history, science, mathematics, and other generally recognized college subjects, but this knowledge of pedagogy and related professional subjects is very essential in the equipment of a man or woman trained for the school-room.

PROFESSIONAL TRAINING—Persons who expect to enter the profession of law, ministry, medicine, or dentistry, are first required to obtain a somewhat broad scholastic training upon which is built a professional knowledge looking to the particular profession they desire to enter. It is this special training that furnishes the equipment that makes a man a physican rather than a lawyer. In three of the professions named the state not only protects those who wish to enter the profession, but also by making statutory requirements of those who seek admission to it. Surely the work of teaching should require as much special training as that of any of the other callings named. Before a man is permitted to extract your teeth he is required to produce evidence of professional fitness, and that evidence must have state recognition. It is not so with those who pretend to teach. Not even a high school graduation is required by the laws of this state. There is absolutely no restriction as to scholarship, or special fitness, except as found in the judgment of the county or city examiner. Why should the training of the common school or the high school bring a person nearer the threshold of one profession than that of another? If teaching is ever to become a profession the need of this special training must be recognized. Teaching is such a difficult, complex, and ever-changing process that more skill is required to teach a growing child as he should be taught, than to try a case before the bar of justice. To unfold the possibilities of a child's soul is a more delicate matter than the compounding of medicines or the use of the surgeon's knife. To unfold the senses, train the intellect, and direct the will of the child requires more discipline of mind and a greater breadth of view than to preach a sermon.

TEACHERS REQUIRED-Approximately 27,000 teachers are necessary to supply the public schools of Ohio, 24,000 of whom are required for the elementary schools—that is, the grades below the high school in the towns and cities and the ungraded schools of the township and village districts. It has been somewhat carefully estimated that about 6,000 of these teachers are new in the work each year. This means that an equal number of teachers leave the work of teaching each year. Various causes may be given for the constant changing in the personnel of the great body of teachers. Who are these 6,000 young, inexperienced teachers admitted to the school rooms of Ohio each year armed with the protection which a teacher's certificate affords? They are usually earnest, wide-awake young men and women (or boys and girls) who are anxious to do their best-to teach according to the best models they have had presented to them. Very few are college or normal school graduates. Not a large percentage are graduates of high schools. These new teachers are usually young people, who by their own efforts, unaided or misguided, have obtained enough technical knowledge to enable them to pass a teacher's examination, but who have formed no adequate conception of the duties and responsibilities of the teacher; young people who are entirely ignorant of the great body of fundamental knowledge underlying the science and art of teaching.

HIGH SCHOOLS—Although high schools are multiplying rapidly and are growing more and more efficient year by year, yet many of these young people have never had the opportunity of high school training. Besides, a knowledge of high school

subjects is not required of the applicant who seeks admission to the examination for the teacher's certificate. Therefore, high school graduation cannot wisely be made the standard of admission to our state normal schools so long as the laws governing the certification of teachers remain as they do at present. The state can not wisely close her doors against the young people who seek admission to the profession, nor against that large body of teachers already enrolled in the work who have educational qualifications but little higher than the graduate of the common schools. Better training must be provided for them.

The law establishing these state normal schools says that they shall "provide theoretical and practical training for all students desiring to prepare themselves for the work of teaching." The needs of the class referred to as graduates of the common schools or as those having only equivalent education are carefully met by the course of study beginning at the point of graduation from the common schools. In this connection we desire to call attention to the preparatory course leading to the regular college courses in Elementary Education and Secondary Education, found elsewhere in this catalogue. Attention is also called to the fact that persons holding a teacher's certificate may complete one of the elementary courses in two years. Teachers of much experience may enter the two-year course and be conditioned on preparatory work but cannot receive a diploma until they have 15 units of preparatory work to their credit.

VALUE OF TRAINING—Much has been said and written concerning the relative strength of normal-trained and college-trained teachers. It must be admitted that a person who has learned how to do a thing can do it better than one who has not learned how. The scientific purpose of the normal school is to teach persons how to teach, but such knowledge must presuppose a knowledge of what to teach. The teacher who is to be capable of the best service should have both scholastic and professional training. It must not be forgotten that normal training is not necessarily all professional, so called. The school that can combine these two essentials in the teacher's preparation should certainly be sought. In the Normal College of Ohio University this happy combination is found. Each of the courses offers a collegiate training in academic and cultural

studies in addition to the training along distinctively professional lines. All studies in the several courses in the College of Liberal Arts are open to students of the Normal College. To be admitted to any of the regular courses in the Normal College a student must have made a preparation equal to that required for admission to any other regular college course. No one need fear that the instruction in the State Normal College will be in any sense inferior to the best instruction given in the University, as Normal College students are taught in the same classes by the same professors, and have access to all the privileges of the University.

RURAL SCHOOL TEACHERS—But there are now engaged in the schools of Ohio thousands of worthy teachers who could not measure up to the ideal standard of college admission. They will give the schools more years of service than many of those who spend years in preparation. If, therefore, the purpose of the normal schools in Ohio is to provide better teaching for the children in the public schools of the state and thus give back to the people something in return for their support of the normal schools, should not the normal schools open their doors to these teachers? Such teachers are encouraged to attend the State Normal College of Ohio University, where they will be carefully guided in the selection of such studies as will make them more efficient. Our duty in this matter is plain.

The attention of prospective students is invited to the several courses of study, in the State Normal College, found elsewhere in this catalogue. These courses have been prepared with much care and represent the results of a careful study of the courses in operation in all the leading normal schools in this country, together with the ripest wisdom and best judgment of those who have given many years to a study of the training of teachers. The experiences of other states have been of service in mapping out such courses of study as will best fit the local conditions, touching the needs of the great mass of the teachers, existing in Ohio.

The two-year college course in Elementary Education is designed for those who have graduated from high schools of the first grade or who possess equivalent scholarship. Fifteen

units of credit in any recognized preparatory subject admit the student to the Freshman class. The course in Elementary Education leads to a diploma from the Normal College. This diploma entitles the holder to a special examination for a State Life Certificate, as fully explained elsewhere in this catalogue.

The four-year course in Secondary Education is the equal in scholastic requirements of any other course in the University.

Courses of Study in the State Normal School

FOR TEACHERS OF COUNTRY SCHOOLS—Almost one-half the teachers in Ohio are required to teach the rural or country schools. The State Normal School authorities realize that these teachers usually have the most difficult of all teaching to do, because of the many grades of pupils under the instruction of a single teacher. It is also true the majority of teachers employed in the rural schools have not had educational advantages of an academic character equal to those of the town and city schools. These two facts make a double handicap for many country teachers. The State Normal School at Athens recognizes these conditions and realizes also that the people in rural communities are paying exactly the same rate of tax for the support of the State Normal Schools as are the people in the cities. These schools belong to all the people of Ohio and the special training offered to prepare teachers to return to these country schools as teachers possessing a high-grade efficiency is given with a full knowledge of the needs of such teachers and of the conditions prevailing in the country schools. The reason so many of the graduates and trained students of the State Normal College do not return to the country schools is because the towns and cities outbid the township boards of education and pay often from \$100 to \$400 a year more than the townships will pay for the same instruction. Sometimes this is due to the fact that the townships can not pay more. In such a case it is the plain duty of the State to aid such township, making it possible for it to secure the services of trained teachers. It has just as much right to them as the cities.

Frequently, however, the fault is with the township board or the people, who see no difference in teachers, but who will pay inexperienced, untrained teachers as much as they are willing to offer to trained and experienced teachers. A higher ideal of the work of the teacher is needed.

ELEMENTARY STUDIES—But the State Normal College offers special training in all so-called common branches for those who need futher drill in these subjects to enable them to teach them better or to secure better certificates. At the same time emphasis is placed upon the methods of teaching these subjects in the country schools. Besides articulating their work with that of the special department for the training of rural teachers, both as to methods to be employed in the district schools and as to the rural-school course of study, most teachers and professors in charge of the work in the State Normal College have had practical experience in actual teaching in the country schools, and these people have a clear and accurate vision of the actual needs and environments of the country school. Besides it is one of the cardinal principles of the State Normal School to make constant study of rural-school conditions in Ohio.

Courses are given in Orthography, Reading, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Grammar, Composition, United States History, Civil Government, Geography, Physical Geography, Commercial Geography, Physiology, School Management, School Law, Theory and Practice, Grading and Organizing Country Schools, the Course of Study, Nature Study, Elementary Agriculture, Advanced Agriculture, Manual Training, Domestic Science, Gardening, Elementary Chemistry, Physics, Botany, Latin, German, and everything that a progressive rural school teacher needs. Special emphasis is placed upon the problems of country school organization and management.

There is no teacher of the country school who could not be greatly helped and encouraged by attending even a single term at the State Normal School at Athens. Students may enter at any time, study whatever they wish if they are qualified to enter the classes, and no entrance examinations are required. The Dean of the Normal College will confer with students and ad

vise them as to the studies they should pursue, but all assignments are wholly in the interests of the student.

FOR GRADE TEACHERS-For teachers and students who are ambitious to teach in the graded elementary schools of the towns and cities, several courses are offered. For those who are graduates of good high schools, a two-year college course is offered, covering advanced reviews of all the common branches each pursued in the light of the best methods of teaching the subject in the grades (by "grades" is meant the elementary school-all work below the high school, usually divided into eight grades, or years); courses in Principles of Education, both Primary and Grammar Grade Methods, School Management, Training in Teaching, Paidology, Sociology, Drawing, Music, Nature Study, English, Mathematics, the Elementary Course of Study, History of Education, History, Science, Agriculture, Domestic Science, Manual Training, etc., but no foreign language is required in this course. It covers two years, and each graduate from this course is given a Diploma in Elementary Education, which becomes a State Life Certificate after 24 months of experience. This diploma represents as much scholarship and training as graduation from any one of the half-score of highest grade state normal schools in the United States. In nearly every state such a diploma is recognized as a life diploma to teach, or at least as a state certificate to teach.

Those who do not hold four-year high school diplomas are required to complete the State Normal School preparatory course, by pursuing such studies there marked out as they have not completed before entering the State Normal School. The completion of this course admits the student to any Normal College course, the same as graduation from a high school of the First Grade.

FOR HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS—The course for high-school teachers is a full four-year college course, and graduates are granted the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education, the full equivalent in scholarship and literary culture of any bachelor's degree. This course is so arranged that not less than three years of specialization shall be made by the student upon at least one collegiate subject—History, Science, Mathematics,

Latin, German, Greek, or English. This renders every graduate from this course competent to teach in a highly successful degree at least one subject in secondary education. But the high-school teacher is just as much in need of a knowledge of pedagogy and of training in actual teaching under skilled supervision as the teacher of the elementary school. Here is where most schools fail in the training of high-school teachers. The Report of the Committee of Seventeen, on the Professional Preparation of Secondary Teachers, issued in 1908, strongly emphasizes the importance of training in observation and practice on the part of all who would teach in our high-schools. It is not enough that such teachers shall know Latin and Greek and geometry and every thing else they undertake to teach, but these same teachers need to be trained to teach these subjects. A knowledge of subject-matter alone will not make a teacher of its possessor. Neither will the additional knowledge of Psychology, Principles of Education, History of Education, Methods, School Systems, Adminstration, etc., insure success. These will help greatly, but the crucial test of every teacher is the actual work in the class-room. For years we have emphasized the importance of the training of the elementary teacher, but have continued to accept the inexperienced, untrained college graduate as the high-school teacher. As a result there is more poor teaching done to-day in the high schools than in grades of the same town or city. We need trained high-school teachers.

PRACTICE TEACHING—The State Normal College has a State Preparatory School for the instruction of those who have not completed a four-year high school course, and skilled teachers do the teaching here—in Latin, Algebra. Geometry, History, Literature, Rhetoric, Botany, Chemistry, Physiology, German, Greek, Physics, and all other secondary school subjects. Students in the State Normal College who are pursuing either the course for high school teachers or the course for superintendents are not only permitted to teach in these secondary subjects, but are required to do so, and always under the skilled instruction and guidance of the head of the department in which the teaching is done, as well as under the direction of the professor of methods and teaching. A teacher in training for high

school work must show proficiency to a high degree in teaching at least one high-school subject before a diploma will be granted.

Such training is invaluable, and a school that cannot offer thorough training of this nature is not fully equipped to train teachers for the high-schools.

COURSES FOR SUPERINTENDENTS—This course is the same as that for high-school teachers except that the requirement of three collegiate years in one subject is not made, and more work in Administration is required.

FOR COLLEGE GRADUATES—Graduates of reputable colleges may pursue a course of one year in length and receive the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. All the work of this course is of a professional nature, and is well adapted to meet the needs of those who desire to teach in the elementry schools or high-schools or to serve as superintendents, due to the fact that all the work of this course is elective, the subjects to be chosen from groups of subjects offered. In this way a college graduate may specialize in any line or lines of work desired.

Course for Rural, Teachers—Special attention is called to the course for students preparing to teach in rural schools. The opportunities in this direction are unexcelled, and teachers and prospective teachers will find this course most satisfactorily planned to meet their needs. The course is broad enough in the academic studies to meet the needs of teachers preparing to teach the various elementary branches; and the opportunity to study methods of teaching, principles of education, school management, etc., is broad enough to equip teachers most satisfactorily for work in the rural schools. The Rural Training School is in session from the second Monday in September until the latter part of July, within one week of the close of the Summer School. To inexperienced teachers this is a Model School or school for observation, but to experienced teachers and students sufficiently advanced, it is a Practice School.

COURSES FOR PRIMARY TEACHERS—Very frequently a teacher desires to make a special preparation for work in the First Grade, or D Primary. Excellent opportunities are offered such students. They are permitted to take special work in Primary Methods, do more than the minimum of 120 hours of teaching, take a special course in Kindergarten Methods, do

special work in the matter of lesson-planning for the First Grade, and devote special attention to Nature Study, Language, Music, Drawing, etc., to fit them for positions as Special Primary Supervisors. If a teacher desires to confine her work to the work of the first four grades—that is, to the primary school as distinguished from the grammar school—opportunity is afforded for such specialization, and all the practice teaching of such pupil-teaching will be confined to the Primary Grades in the Training School. Those who desire to make special preparation for teaching in the Grammar Grades may confine their practice teaching to the Grammar Grades of the Training School.

THE KINDERGARTEN—Special attention is directed to the fact that the State Normal College maintains a first-class Kindergarten, under the skilled direction and teaching of a specialist of much experience, with a graduate kindergartener as assistant, who not only teach the Kindergarten, but train prospective kindergartners. This is the only State Kindergarten in Ohio, and this addition to the already wide-range course of instruction in the State Normal College comes in answer to a demand for a course of instruction that would prepare young ladies for positions as kindergarten teachers, as the kindergarten is now a part of the public school system of Ohio, and all boards may make a special levy for the support of kindergartens.

DEPARTMENT OF ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SCIENCE—It is with peculiar pleasure that the State Normal College announces as a strong department that of Elementary School Science, consisting of courses in Nature Study or Civic Biology, Botany, Elementary Chemistry and Physics for the Elementary School. A specialist of broad and practical experience has charge, a fine laboratory has been equipped, and opportunities are here offered for thorough work.

THE TRAINING-SCHOOL.—The very center of a normal school is its Training-School. A theory of teaching must stand the test of actual practice under normal conditions. Ever since the State Normal College at Athens was opened it has maintained a Training-School. This Training-School now covers work in the Kindergarten, the Primary Grades, the Grammar

Grades, the Rural Schools, and the High-School-the full range of teaching in public schools. This Training-School consists of well-graded and closely-articulated schools covering the Rural School, the Kindergarten School and all the primary and grammar grades, followed by the State Preparatory School for High-School practice. Each school or grade consists of about forty children, and is a real school in every sense. The Normal College has, under its own roof and its own control, the pupils from about one-third of the city of Athens-the portion of the city in which the University is located. These, then, are all real schools, not small schools of selected children, but schools in which real conditions exist. Collectively, these schools constitute our Training-School. During the first year of the student's training the Training-School is used as an observation or Model School, in which the teaching is all done by the Critic Teachers, who are trained teachers regularly in charge of each room.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.—Prior to June, 1911, instruction in Agriculture was given in the Department of Elementary Science. Courses had been given for three years prior to that time, and the increasing demand for such work justified the organization of a new department. The primary purpose is to equip teachers to give instruction in agriculture in the public schools. The reader is referred to the detailed description of courses elsewhere in this catalogue.

During this first year the student or pupil-teacher takes lessons in observing the work done and in reporting on what he sees. During the second year, after the student has taken a thorough course in Methods, Phsychology, Observation, and Principles of Education, he is required to teach in these schools, the work being adapted to his tastes or to the grades in which he wishes to specialize. The Training School is now to him a Practice School. This teaching is done under the guidance and supervision of the Critic Teachers and the Training Supervisor.

A similar plan is followed by those who are training for highschool positions. They observe the teaching of Physics, Botany, Algebra, Geometry, Literature, Rhetoric, Latin, German, History, and other secondary school subjects. Before graduation each candidate for a degree must teach one or more of these subjects not less than 90 hours, or lessons, and this teaching must be of such character as will be accepted by the College authorities. The total amount of work in observation and teaching required in secondary subjects is 180 hours. The student may teach 120 hours and observe 60 hours, but not less than one-half of the total of 180 hours shall be given to teaching. The Ohio law authorizes the State Commissioner of Common Schools to fix the amounts and ratios of observation and of Practice Teaching and that office has determined the ratios and aggregates here given.

Life Certificates For Trained Teachers

AT LEAST FORTY STATES in the Union recognize the value of professional training for their teachers. This recognition is shown in their certification laws, in which graduates of their State Normal Schools are granted professional certificates exempting their holders from further examinations. In twentyone states the graduates of the State Normal Schools and Colleges of Education are granted permanent or life certificates upon graduation and in twenty states provisional certificates are granted, valid for a period ranging from two to four years, at the expiration of which time the certificates are made permanent upon the applicant's credentials showing successful teaching experience. Until 1910, Ohio was not to be found in either column, but the legislature of 1910 enacted the Hawkins Law, which recognizes professional training by granting to the holders of diplomas from Normal Colleges first a state provisional certificate, valid for four years, and such certificate is to be made permanent when the holder has passed a limited professional examination before the State Board of School Examiners and has had not less than twenty-four months of successful experience in teaching.

Prior to the enactment of this law several states had recognized the diplomas of the State Normal College of Ohio University, by granting provisional or permanent state certificates to their holders. Of the 48 states in the Union, at least 29 re-

cognize the diplomas from the State Normal College as state licenses to teach, usually as lifelicenses without examinations. The Dean of the State Normal College will furnish full information on this point to graduates who contemplate teaching in a state other than Ohio. The Hawkins Law is already proving a healthy stimulus to professional activity among the teachers of Ohio. The provisions of this law, briefly stated, are as follows:

THE NORMAL SCHOOL OR COLLEGE which grants the diploma recognized under this law, must offer a college course of not less than two full years beyond graduation from a four-year highschool course or equivalent preparatory scholarship. This means that the preparation for such a professional course must cover not less than 15 units of high-school or secondary subjects, a unit standing for a subject pursued not less than one year of not less than 32 weeks. In ordinary interpretation this means that 160 recitation hours or periods of 40 minutes each, shall be given to a high-school subject to equal one unit of credit. Under the ruling of the State School Commissioner who is given authority under this law to fix the standards of observation and practice teaching, and determine the ratio of academic work to work in professional subjects, not less than 50% of the two-year course in the Normal School or College shall be given to educational or professional subjects. The law provides that all courses for elementary teachers, and special teachers in Drawing, Music, Kindergarten, Manual Training, etc., shall cover not less than two years of work apportioned between professional and academic subjects in such ratio as the Commissioner shall require. As a part of the professional work done in such a case there shall be not less than 180 recitation hours devoted to Observation and Practice Teaching in a Training School under the direction and control of the Normal School or College, and not less than 90 hours of this work shall be given to actual teaching in such Training School. The holder of a diploma granted for one of these two-year courses is entitled to a four-year state certificate valid in any school in the state, after passing the regular examination for elementary certificates, the manuscripts to be forwarded by the county examiners to the State School Commissioner, who grades and values the same. When the holder

of such diploma has had twenty-four months of successful experience following graduation, he or she is entitled to go before the State Board of School Examiners and take an examination in Theory and Practice, passing which the applicant is given a Common School Life Certificate.

SPECIAL CERTIFICATE—Graduates from the courses in Kindergarten, Public School Music, Public School Drawing, Manual Training, Domestic Science, or Agriculture are entitled to appear before any county board of school examiners and take an examination in the special subject and Theory and Practice and receive from the State School Commissioner a special State Certificate, which becomes a Life Certificate in that special subject in the same manner as required in the case of one who has completed a course leading to a Common School or a High School Life Certificate.

ALL GRADUATES of a four-year Normal School or College course pursue the same general plan and are granted High School Life Certificates. The four-year course shall include not less than 25% of professional subjects in which shall be included actual Observation and Practice Teaching in secondary subjects in a Training School under the direction of the Normal School or College. This means that no such diploma shall be recognized unless one full collegiate year has been devoted to professional subjects, although the work in these subjects may be distributed throughout the four years. The holder of a diploma from a four-year course in a Normal School or College first takes the regular uniform high-school examination before any county board in the state, the papers to be graded and valued by the State School Commissioner. If the applicant is successful he is granted a four-year State High School Certificate. Aftertwenty-four months of successful experience the holder of said diploma is then entitled to appear before the State Board of School Examiners, where he takes an examination in Theory and Practice, History of Education, and Science of Education, passing which he is granted a High School Life Certificate.

ALL PROGRESSIVE TEACHERS in Ohio now certainly have a strong inducement to obtain professional training. The facilities for such instruction in the State Normal College of Ohio University are such as to meet in every detail all the conditions

imposed by this law and by the requirements of the office of the State School Commissioner. In fact, the standard at the State Normal College has always been as high as that above described. The course for high-school teachers and superintendents offered by the State Normal College requires 35% to be done in educational subjects. The facilities for Observation and Practice Teaching required by this law are more than ample to meet the need in the training of teachers in the elementary schools, in the high-schools, in the rural schools, and for positions as supervisors in special subjects or as superintendents of schools.

In addition to the courses above outlined and recognized by the state in the granting of professional life certificates, the State Normal College has also made ample provision for the professional training of teachers for the rural schools, having established clearly differentiated courses for such teachers and opened a Rural Training School, which is supervised by a trained teacher who has had wide experience in the rural schools. Special attention is directed to a detailed description of this course elsewhere in this catalogue.

DEPARTMENT OF SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

PROFESSOR WILLIAMS

The general aim of this department in the Normal College is to give the student a broad and comprehensive view of the various factors in school administration, to give him a detailed and critical view of the problems of school organization, school management, school discipline, school hygiene, school architecture, the course of study, the classification and grading of pupils, and to lead him to understand school law as it relates to school administration. The courses are briefly described as follows:

1. School Administration and School Law—This is a three-hour course for one semester, and includes a study (1) of School Organization under the heads of parties to the school organization, a study of existing systems, the function of the public school, the teacher as a factor in organization, etc.; (2)

School Law, including a critical study and analysis of the Ohio School Laws and topical study of the relation of school law to the effectiveness of school systems; (3) School Hygiene including school architecture, school environment, ventilation, lighting, seating, fatigue, contagious disease, defective hearing, and defective vision; (4) School Management and School Discipline, with their various problems. The Ohio School Laws will be made the basis of the work in School Law. Chancellor's Our Schools and Their Administration is made the basis of this course. Much of the work, however, is in the form of a library and lecture course. First semester, three hours.

2. SECONDARY COURSE OF STUDY—This course will inquire into the principles governing the selection of subjects for the Secondary Course, the order of presentation of these subjects, the purpose of secondary school training, the relation of the secondary school to the elementary school on the one hand, and the college and the technical and professional schools on the other. The particular methods of instruction demanded by the secondary school and how these methods must differ from the methods employed in lower and in higher schools, will receive some attention, but special instruction in the methods of high-school teaching must be obtained in the Department of Methods.

The texts used are DeGarmo's Principles of Secondary Education, Report of the Committee of Ten, and Report of the Committee of Seventeen on the Professional Training of High School Teachers. First semester, Junior year, three hours. Required of all students pursuing the course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education, and may be elected by Juniors and Seniors in other courses.

3. SUPERVISION AND CRITICISM —This is a two-hour required study in the course for superintendents and high-school teachers and is given during the second semester, and occasionally repeated in the Summer term. The purpose is to cover all the leading problems of administration and supervision. For those who are preparing for the work of supervision certainly no course in the Normal College could be more valuable.

This course is wholly a library and lecture course, and the student is referred to important papers and addresses in the N. E. A. Reports, Magazines, etc.

4. The Problems of School Administration—This is a two-hour course, extending through second semester, senior year elective, and open only to those who have had courses in the Science of Education, History of Education, and School Administration.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ART OF TEACHING

PROFESSOR LANDSITTEL

Teaching as an art is eminently worthy of clear exemplification. It implies the application of scientific principles with understanding, and calls for deftness and skill in handling pupils and materials as well. This department strives toward the end thus defined. By the use of the Training School classroom as a laboratory of method, students are enabled to see, and make for themselves, practical application of the various theoretical solutions of teaching problems which are developed in the regular course of instruction. Appreciation of the dignity and wealth of opportunity in the teacher's work is stimulated incidentally in all courses as the grounding of a sincere and wholesome professional spirit.

FIRST SEMESTER

I. Grammar Grade Methods I—Three hours. Freshman, required in the diploma courses in Public School Music, Drawing, Domestic Science, and Manual Training, and in the rural school course. A thorough study of the recitation constitutes the fundamental part of this course. The accepted method types represented in current usage are studied with attention to the corresponding lesson plans. Regular observation work in the Training School is carried on, either preceded or supplemented by class consideration of the principles involved. The teaching of reading, nature study and geography, and physiology are carefully developed, and incidental observation work in Domestic Science, Manual Training, Music, and Drawing is introduced.

GRAMMAR GRADE METHODS II—Three hours. Freshman required. This course is a continuation of the work of Grammar Grade Methods I, with special attention to the teaching of Language and Grammar, History, Geography, and Arithmetic.

- 3. ELEMENTARY COURSE OF STUDY -Two hours. Sophomore required. Prerequisite, a minimum of ten hours work in education. The fundamental principles of ultimate and immediate aims in school instruction receive first consideration in this study of the curriculum, and they logically connect with the great question of educational values. The latter are regarded as inhering in subject matter not solely by reason of its importance as world knowlege, but quite as much because of its adaptability to the capacity and needs of the growing child. The bearing of community interest upon values is given attention, with the end in view of promoting the better social service of educational agencies. A study of sequences, both logically and psychologically considered, and of the correlation of subjects, paves the way for practical work in the construction of courses. The text-books used will be McMurry's Course of Study for the Eight Grades and Williams's Course of Study for Ohio Schools.
- 4. SECONDARY DIDACTICS—Three hours. Junior required. Scientific method in class teaching and in the study of educational problems is marked out as the distinctive type of training to be emphasized through this course. Specific difficulties in method will be set before students, and guidance will be given in finding facts and working up materials by way of their solution. Opportunity for gathering data first-hand will be afforded through regular observations of work in the preparatory classes of the University.
- 5. SECONDARY TEACHING—Three hours. Senior required. Students presenting themselves for work in practice teaching must have had a minimum of eighteen hours of work in education, including Courses 4 and 10 in this department. Exception will be made to this rule only in the cases of graduate students and teachers of approved experience. A major and a minor subject must be chosen by each student, two hours a week being given to the former and one to the latter; all teaching will be done in regularly organized classes in secondary subjects,

and will be under the immediate direction of the regular instructors of these classes but subject to supervision by the head of this department.

SECOND SEMESTER

- 6. THEORY AND PRACTICE—Three hours. Freshman required. This course deals with the five phases of the teacher's work—organization, management, instruction, training, and discipline. It makes rapid survey of educational laws and procedure, and is designed to serve the interests of teachers of experience who may wish to prepare for the state examinations given under the Hawkins law and of those, as well, who are seeking state or local certificates in special subjects.
- 7. GRAMMAR GRADE METHODS I—Three hours. A repetition of Course 1.
- 8. Grammar Grade Methods II—Three hours. A repetition of Course 2.
- 9. Social Methods in Education—Two hours. Sophomore required. The aim in this study is to present teaching as a social service, and to give insight into the social relationships that condition education both within the school itself and as regards its connection with other social structures. Students are put in touch with the most recent undertakings in the way of giving added efficiency to education. The school as a social center, the function and form of school dramatics, and other forms of group work that seem practicable for class use are given particular attention.
- 10. High School Methods—Two hours. Junior required. An understanding of the special function of the American high-school is developed through consideration of its past history, its present academic and social aspects, and its relation to the general problem of adolescence. The essentials of secondary class management will be dealt with; and opportunity will be afforded, through assigned readings and group conferences, for special study of the teaching of individual high school subjects.

II. SECONDARY TEACHING—Three hours. Senior required. This is a continuation of Course 5. Students will be expected to give one or two hours a week to the major subject selected for the first semester, devoting the remaining time to one or two minors, as they may elect.

DEPARTMENT OF THE HISTORY AND PRINCIPLES OF EDUCATION

PROFESSOR GARD

It is the purpose of the department to familiarize the student with the historical and current ideas and conceptions of education. The courses are arranged to meet the professional needs of elementary teachers, secondary teachers, superintendents, and special teachers in drawing, music, domestic science, manual training, and agriculture. Courses one, two, and eight are especially designed for elementary teachers and the teachers of the special subjects; Courses three, and four, for secondary teachers; Courses three, four, five, six, and seven for superintendents and advanced students.

The department does not encourage students to remain with us for graduate study. Those, however, who elect such work in the department must do the work in actual residence. For a minor a student must complete six semester hours and for a major he must complete eighteen semester hours. No work in absentia will be accepted to satisfy the requirement.

- I. PRINCIPLES OF EDUCATION—An elementary course which seeks to acquaint the student with the practical and scientific phases of teaching. The principles of teaching are based on the laws of genetic and dynamic psychology. The psychological factors in the process of learning and the science of the recitation receive careful consideration. Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Second semester. Open to students who have credit for one semester of psychology or an equivalent.
- 2. HISTORY OF ELEMETARY EDUCATION— A brief course in which attention is given to the events in the history of education that throw light on the problems of the teacher in the elementary schools. Special attention is given to the work of

the reformers of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Monday, Wednesday, Friday. First semester. Course repeated the second semester. Open to sophomores.

- 3. SCIENCE OF EDUCATION—(a) Psychological and Biological Principles. During the first semester the main and well-tested results of the scientific study of education from the psychological and biological points of view receive consideration. No attempt is made to give prescriptions and devices. The course is concerned with the fundamental principles of education. (b) Social Principles of Education. During the second semester an attempt is made to formulate the social concept of education. Attention is given to the social meaning of education and to the concrete application of the principles to present-day needs. Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Throughout the year. Open to juniors.
- 4. HISTORY OF EDUCATION—(a) Ancient and Medieval. During the first semester a study is made of the larger movements of educational thought during the ancient and medieval periods. Educational ideas, methods, and curricula are studied in their relation to social, cultural, and industrial changes. (b) Modern Period. During the second semester a study is made of the Reformation and its influence on education. Much attention is given to the social and industrial conditions of Europe which made necessary the great reform of Comenius, Pestalozzi, Herbart, Froebel, and Spencer. The fundamental recommendations of each of the reformers are carefully noted-Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Throughout the year. Open to seniors.
- 5. Modern School, Systems—(a) Germany and France. A study is made of the development and organization of primary and secondary education. Attention is given to the training of teachers and to the relation of the schools to the life of the people. Special attention is given to the provisions for industrial education. (b) England and the United States. The treatment is the same as in the first division of the course. Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Throughout the year. Open to seniors.
- 6. Philosophy of Education—An advanced course in the theory of education. An intensive study of the theories of Plato,

Aristotle, Comenius, Locke, Rousseau, Pestalozzi, Herbart, Froebel, Spencer and others will be made. Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Throughout the year. Open to seniors.

Note—Courses five and six will alternate. In the academic year o 1913-1914, Course five will be offered. Course five or six may be substituted for Course four.

- 7. SEMINAR IN EDUCATION—In this course an opportunity is given to study intensively some phase of education. In selecting the topic for investigation consideration is given to the needs of those electing the course. The topic for 1913-1914 will probably be experimental pedagogy. One hour a week. Throughout the year. Open to seniors.
- 8. INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION—A study of the historical development of industrial education, its justification from the stand point of psychology and society, and its present status. The course is designed to acquaint the student with what is being done in this field and to point out its relation to the whole problem of education. Tuesday, Thursday, first semester. Open to sophomores. Required in the diploma courses in Agriculture, Domestic Science, and Manual Training.

Primary Methods, Observation and Teaching

MISS WAITE

THE PURPOSE of this department is to train teachers. We attempt to do this through instruction, observation, and practice.

It certainly does not follow that, because a man or woman is a good student, he or she must necessarily be a good teacher. The profession of teaching, like any other profession, must be studied. After the work in observation and theory, comes the opportunity of putting these into practice under the supervision of thoroughly trained teachers. Our Training School, consisting of about three hundred children, including all the Grammar as well as all of the Primary grades, a Principal, seven Critic Teachers, and five Special Teachers, furnishes ample opportunity for this practice. The Special Teachers teach Music, Drawing, Domestic Science, Manual Training and Nature Study.

PRIMARY METHODS AND OBSERVATION—Three times each week throughout one year the class is given a lesson in Primary Methods. At the close of each lesson, the class is taken to the Training School to see an application of these methods in a model lesson given by a Critic Teacher. Before going, the students are instructed as to what they should carefully observe, as we have no aimless observation in our Training School.

Special attention is given to the teaching of every subject in the Primary Grades, with suggestions as to good devices for drill work. The same may be said of the work in the Grammar Grades, under another department.

Attention is given to the writing of lesson plans, so that, at the close of the year's work, the student is ready to begin his teaching in the Training School.

TEACHING—As we learn to do by doing, the best way to learn to teach is by teaching under skilled supervision.

As each student is given a subject to teach in the Training School, he is held entirely responsible for the results of his work. No lesson, however, is ever taught, until a plan, submitted at least the day before the lesson, is either approved or corrected.

The student is allowed to specialize to some extent in his teaching. Although it is not thought best that he should do all of his practice teaching in one grade, he may do it all in either the Primary or Grammar grades, and at least two-thirds of his teaching may be done in the special grade of his own choosing.

All of the practice teaching is under the close supervision of the Critic Teacher of the grade, or a special teacher, and the Principal of the Training School.

PAIDOLOGY AND PSYCHOLOGY

PROFESSOR CHRISMAN
ASSISTANT PROFESSOR BISHOP
HERMAN H. YOUNG Assistant.

THE PURPOSE of the work in Paidology, the science of the child, is to furnish a knowledge of child nature. It is intended to give to students what has been learned about children, to fix in them the habit of observation and study of children, and to

help them to an understanding of child life under the various conditions in which it is found.

The purpose of the work in Psychology is to give a knowledge of mind action in its various conditions. It is proposed to acquaint students with such facts of mind as have been gained through various sources, to help them to a better understanding of their own mental activities, and to give them power to apply this knowledge.

IN BOTH PAIDOLOGY AND PSYCHOLOGY facilities are afforded for laboratory and field work whereby much of the work is carried on by observation and experimental methods, so that not only is there opportunity given for learning the subject matter, but also for applying the work so as to give further power that will greatly aid in the mental growth.

The details of the work of this Department are given herewith. All the courses give full college credit and, where not required, can be elected by students in any of the colleges of the University.

COURSES

PSYCHOLOGY (INTRODUCTORY)—The aim of this course is to give an outline of the subject in order to acquaint the student with phenomena and laws of mental life and to train him in simple experimentation. In the first semester the essentials of the subject matter will be gone over and in the second semester the subject will be taken up in a more comprehensive way. The textbooks used will be Pillsbury's Essentials of Psychology for the first semester and Angell's Psychology for second semester, with references to other texts. Throughout the year; recitations 8:30; Section 1, Monday, Wednesday; Section 11 Tuesday Thursday; laboratory 3 hours per week (2500 min.), at hours as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit each semester.

PAIDOLOGY (INFANCY)—In this course will be taken up the first period of life after birth, a knowledge of which is so important for the better understanding of the periods following. There will be studied both the physiological life of the being at this time, including the diseases of infancy, the beginning of language, volition, motor ability, the rise and development of the senses, etc., and also the care and attention needed

by the infant as a basis for future growth. The references will be works on the diseases of infancy together with studies on growth and development, as, Preyer's Development of the Intellect, Preyer's Senses and Will, Shinn's Notes on the Development of Child, Griffith's Care of the Baby, and Forsyth's Children in Health and Disease. Second semester; recitations 9:30, Monday, Wednesday; laboratory and field work 3 hours per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit.

- 3. PSYCHOLOGY (COMPARATIVE)—This course will consist of a study of the development of intelligence in animal life as going along with the development of the nervous system as presented through behavior. With the texts to be used will be found Washburn's Animal Mind, Yerkes's Dancing Mouse, Morgan's Introduction to Comparative Psychology, Jennings's Lower Organism, Watson's Animal Education, and Thorndike's Animal Intelligence. First semester; recitation 7:30, Tuesday, Thursday; laboratory and field work 3 hours per week (2500 min.) at hours as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit.
- 4. Paidology (Childhood)—In this course the time of childhood is taken up, The general characteristics of this period, growth, disease, the senses, mental and physical development etc., are studied. Also observations and studies of children are carried on in the field and in the laboratory. Among the magazines referred to in the course are the Pedagogical Seminary, Studies in Education, and the Paidologist; among the books are Oppenheim's Development of the Child, Thorndike's Notes on Child Study, Chamberlain's The Child, Kirkpatrick's Fundamentals of Child Study, Sully's Studies of Childhood, and Warner's Study of Children. First semester; recitations 7:30, Monday, Wednesday; laboratory and field work 3 hours per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit.
- 5. PSYCHOLOGY (GENETIC)—Under this course will be studied and compared the psychological development as shown by the child and the race. Among the topics to be considered will be the meaning of infancy, habits of growth and activity, physical development as related to mental development, and the

interests and impulses of the child and the race. Works relating to the mental development of the child and of the race, as, Baldwin's Mental Development in the Child and in the Race, Kirkpatrick's Genetic Psychology, Tracy's Psychology of Childhood, King's Psychology of Child Development, Fiske's Meaning of Infancy, with other psychological texts, will furnish the material for this course. Second semester; recitations 7:30, Monday, Wednesday; laboratory and field work 3 hours per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit.

- 6. Paidology (Adolescence)—This includes the time of boygirlhood and youth. It is intended to give a knowledge of this so important time in the life of the young, directing attention to the remarkable growth and the changes that take place, taking up the characteristics of this period, with the mental and moral conditions that occur. Some of the magazines and books, used are the Pedagogical Seminary, Psychological Clinic, Journal of Adolescence, Gross's Play of Man, Claparede's Experimental Pedagogy and Psychology of the Child, Latimer's Girl and Woman, Hall's Adolescence, Starbuck's Psychology of Religion and Ellis's Man and Woman. Second semester; recitations, 7:30 Tuesday, Thursday; laboratory and field work 3 hours per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit.
- 7. Pyschology (Experimental)—A study will be made of the subject matter of experimental psychology, together with demonstration of apparatus and methods of investigation, so as to familiarize students with this work; also the students will perform a series of experiments selected to furnish them practice in the use of apparatus, to acquaint them with the methods of experimental psychology, and to give them power to formulate results of experimentation. The texts used will be Titchener's Textbook of Psychology, Sanford's Experimental Psychology, and Myers' Textbook of Experimental Psychology, with references to other works on Psychology. Throughout the year; recitations 9:30, Tuesday, Thursday; laboratory 3 hours per week (2500 min.), at hours as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit each semester.

- 8. PAIDOLOGY (UNCIVILIZED AND HISTORICAL CHILD)-In this course will be studied the child as found among uncivilize d semi-civilized, and historical peoples. Some of the topics considered under the first subject are the relations of child and parent, care of children, deformation of children, games and plays and songs. Under the last heading is considered the child as found among the nations of ancient times, in Medieval Europe, and earlier United States. Comparisons are made in these studies with the child as found at present among civilized peoples Such works are consulted as the Smithsonian Reports, Chamberlain's Child and Children in Folkthought, Bancroft's Native Races of the Pacific States, Kidd's Savage Childhood, Guhl and Koner's Life of the Greeks and Romans, Headland's Chinese Boy and Girl, Gray's Children's Crusades, and Earle's Child Life in Colonial Days. First semester; recitations 8.30, Tuesday. Thursday; laboratory and field work with children 3 hours per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned, Three hours of collegiate credit.
- 9. PSYCHOLOGY (SOCIAL AND INDIVIDUAL)—This course will include a study of the individual in his own activities and as modified by groups of individuals as found in the crowd, the mob, the assembly, and other gatherings: social, religious, business, studying especially the influence of suggestion, imitation, and leadership. Among the works used in this course will be Eucken's Problem of Human Life, Ames's Psychology of Religious Experience, Ward's Psychic Factors of Civilization, Baldwin's Individual and Society, Lydston's Diseases of Society and Degeneracy, Le Bon's The Crowd, Fite's Individualism, and Scott's Increasing Human Efficiency in Business. First semester; recitations 10:30, Tuesday, Thursday; laboratory and field work 3 hours per week (2500 min.), at hours as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit.
- 10. PAIDOLOGY (ABNORMAL CHILD)—Defective children, delinquent children, dependent children, wildings, and exceptional children are studied under this heading, knowledge of the first four classes leading up to a better comprehension of exceptional children, who need so much to bestudied and understood. Some of the works used are Wade's Deaf-Blind, Folks's Care of Destitute, Neglected, and Delinquent Children, Mor-

rison's Juvenile Offenders, Riis's Children of the Poor, and Travis's Young Malefactor. Second semester; recitations 8:30 Tuesday, Thursday; visitations to institutions on Saturdays. Four hours of collegiate credit.

- II. PSYCHOLOGY (ABNORMAL)—A study of mental disorders, as insanity and degeneracy, and of abnormal phenomena: as hallucinations, hypnoses, speech defects, etc. Clinics are held at the State Hospital for the Insane, located at this place. The students in this course in connection with those in abnormal Paidology have visited the State Institution for Feeble Minded, The State School for the Blind, The State School for the Deaf, and the State Hospital for the Insane, all located at Columbus; The State Hospital for Epileptics, at Gallipolis; The State Girls' Industrial Home, at Delaware; The State Boy's Industrial School, at Lancaster; The State Hospital for the Insane, and the Athens County Childrens' Home, both located at Athens; The Athens County Infirmary, at Chauncey; and the Juvenile Court of Franklin County, at Columbus. Such works are consulted as Störring's Mental Pathology in its Relation to Normal Psychology, Janet's Major Symptoms of Hysteria, Church and Peterson's Nervous and Mental Disorders, Jastrow's The Subconcious, Ellis's The World of Dreams, and Tanner's Studies in Spiritism. Second semester; recitations 10:30 Tuesday, Thursday; clinics at the Athens State Hospital for the Insane at 3:00 on Fridays; visitations to institutions on Saturdays. Four hours of collegiate credit.
- 12. PAIDOLOGY (PRENATALITY)—This study will include the time of the child before birth. This period will be studied to ascertain what are the conditions of life at this time, what effects are produced here, the necessary care to be given, the problems of heredity and environment, and other matters connected with this period of life, which are of such vital importance to the whole future life of the child. The works consulted are such as Minot's Embryology, Bateson's Method and Scope of Genetics, Davenport's Race Improvement through Eugenics, Heisler's Textbook of Embryology, Thompson's Heredity, Marshall's Physiology of Reproduction, and Kellicott's Social Direction of Human Evolution. First semester;

recitations 10:30, Monday, Wednesday; studies on children 3 hours per week (2500 min.), at hours as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit.

- 13. PAIDOMETRY—In this course it is purposed to study the growth and physical development of children. Among the works consulted will be Rowe's Physical Nature of the Child, Hastings' Manual of Physical Measurements of Boys and Girls, Gulick and Ayre's Medical Inspection of Schools, Tyler's Growth, and Education, Whipple's Manual of Mental and Physical Tests, and Lovett's Lateral Curvature of the Spine and Round Shoulders. Second semester; recitations 10:30, Monday, Wednesday; laboratory 3 hours per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit.
- 14. Thesis Work—Students who may elect to work out their theses in this department must have had sufficient work in paidology and psychology to acquaint them with various phases of paidological and psychological phenomena, at least two years completed in the department by the close of the senior year, exclusive of the thesis. Also under the rules of the University, thesis work must be determined upon, and the head of the department in which the work is to be done consulted, before the opening of the first semester, and the work is to continue throughout the year. Those desiring thesis work in this department and who are ready for it will be given such subjects as may be suited to their acquirements and tastes. Throughout the year; 2 hours per week (4000 min.), at such hours as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit.

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

PROFESSOR MILLS

1. ARITHMETIC—The course in Arithmetic comprises the work of two semesters, but only the second semester is required of high school graduates unless it should appear that they are in special need of both. Accuracy and rapidity in performing the operations in the solution of problems is the first aim in the study of this subject. These accomplishments are brought about through the use of carefully prepared exercises and drills

in the four fundamentals and in fractions. The text-book used in the first term's work is Milne's Practical Arithmetic, and the work in this book is completed to the subject of Partial Payments. Ray's Higher Arithmetic is the text-book for the second term's work. Much material is chosen from Mills' Arithmetic Analysis, and other widely used texts. The subjects especially emphasized in this semester's work are the following applications of Percentage: Profit and Loss, Interest, True and Bank Discount, Stocks and Bonds, Commission, Exchange, and Equation of Payments. Other subjects which receive special attention are Arithmetical Analysis, Involution and Evolution, and the very important subject of Mensuration. The one important result, a proper understanding of the reason for every step necessary to the solution of a problem, is kept constantly in mind throughout all the work in Arithmetic. Forms of solution and methods of teaching receive special attention.

- 2. Algebra—Wells's Secondary Algebra is the text for the first semester, and is completed through factoring. Fisher and Schwatt's Higher Algebra is the text for the second semester and is completed to Harmonical Progression.
- 3. PLANE GEOMETRY—Lyman's *Plane Geometry* is the textbook used. In this work students are encouraged to form the habit of original investigation. Terseness and technical accuracy of statement are constant requirements, and much emphasis is given to the application of the principles of Geometry to Arithmetic.
- 4. Solid Geometry—Solid Geometry will be given the first half of the second semester. This work will include the fundamental propositions in planes and solid angles, polyhedrons and the sphere, with a great variety of original exercises. Lyman's Plane and Solid Geometry is the text-book used.
- 5. DESCRIPTIVE ASTRONOMY—One semester's work is devoted to this subject. A text-book is used, but topical method of recitation is followed, and students are encouraged to seek information from the standard works of Astronomy in the library. Students are made familiar with the Zodiacal and Circum-polar

Constellations, the principle stars and planets. The University is supplied with a good telescope and all the apparatus necessary to efficient work in this study.

NOTE—For the courses in Solid Geometry, Advanced Algebra, Trig onometry and Surveying, and electives in Mathematics, see description of courses in the College of Liberal Arts. The courses in Arithmetic and Beginning Algebra are offered each semeter.

SCHOOL ART AND ELEMENTARY MANUAL TRAINING

MISS BRISON, Head of Department
MISS WENRICK, Instructor

DRAWING AND ELEMENTARY MANUAL TRAINING have obtained their present place in public-school courses because our most noted educators believe in their educational value. This work is taught primarily not to make artists and artisans but as a means of improving the public taste and the general culture. Learning the appreciation of the good things in nature and art from an æsthetic point of view is a pleasure to the student and often results in practical value. Training along these lines helps the individual to choose and create for himself, and thus greatly helps to bring about individuality of thought and expression. The manual arts should be taught for the sake of the individual student; and his needs should form the basis of the course of study. Therefore these subjects should train the power of observation, bring one into closer touch with nature and various products of human activity, and help one to think and express himself clearly. Hence they serve to help to adapt one to his environment.

In the following courses the work and exercises will be given with this in view; that the student may not only learn how to do the work himself, but how it should be taught to children.

In drawing, pencil, charcoal, and colored crayons are used. It is thought best to have the student familiarize himself with all of these mediums, as their use varies in the different public schools.

FIRST SEMESTER

- 1. School Drawing—One hour. Freshman required. Object drawing, elementary applied design, and some mechanical drawing.
- 3. ELEMENTARY MANUAL TRAINING—Two hours. Required. A course in cardboard construction, knife work, clay modeling, weaving rafia and reed work planned for primary and intermediate grades, but suggestive for a course for higher grades is given in each semester.
 - 4. BOOKBINDING-Two hours. Elective.
- 5. APPLIED DESIGN—One hour. Required in the Domestic Science course. This course presupposes the student to have had Courses I and 2.

SECOND SEMESTER

- 2. School Drawing—One hour. Freshman required. Theory of color, perspective, and methods of teaching drawing. Type problems for public schools will be worked out and provision made for observation in the Training School.
- 3. ELEMENTARY MANUAL TRAINING—Two hours required. Same as in first semester.
- 6. ART APPRECIATION—One hour. Elective. This course takes up art principles and applies them to pictures, interior decorations, architecture, etc.

Note-A class, taking up the same work as that given in Course 1 is offered during the last half of the second semester.

COURSES FOR DRAWING TEACHERS AND SUPERVISORS

Courses leading to a certificate in School Drawing are offered for those who wish to teach that subject. These students will be expected to take work in free-hand and mechanical drawing in the departments of art and civil engineering respectively, besides the courses in Drawing and Elementary Manual Training in the Normal College. In most cases the drawing teacher arranges his courses in correlation with the work of the different schools in which he is teaching, therefore

he has to be an originator of courses as well as teacher. Hence it has been found necessary to require the student to take certain educational subjects or have a somewhat liberal education in addition to his work in drawing. Unusual advantages are offered to the students in that they are enabled to study with the different University instructors, giving a standing to their work not possible in a Normal School not connected with a university.

FIRST SEMESTER

- 7. Design—Two hours. Required throughout a year. This course deals with pure and applied design, and presupposes the student to have had Courses 1 and 2.
- 9. Composition and Methods—Four hours. Required throughout a year. High-school, elementary, and grammar grade problems will be discussed. Stories and poems will be illustrated. Landscape, figure and flower composition will be attempted. There will also be sketching from the model and blackboard work.

SECOND SEMESTER

8. Design—Two hours. See Course 7.

10. COMPOSITION AND METHODS—Four hours. See Course 9. FREE-HAND DRAWING—See courses in Drawing and Painting in the College of Liberal Arts.

MECHANICAL DRAWING—See courses in Civil Engineering in the College of Liberal Arts.

Students taking the Normal College courses leading to a degree may take the drawing course as elective, obtaining a certificate in school drawing as well as a degree at the end of the four-year course.

DIPLOMA COURSES—Courses for supervisors and teachers in public-school drawing are outlined in detail in the statement of the various courses in the Normal College, on another page.

PUBLIC SCHOOL MUSIC

MISS LISTON. Instructor

THE AIM of this Department is two-fold. First—a general study of the rudiments of music, for grade teachers. This

work is required of all students taking the regular Elementary Course in the Normal College. The purpose of this is to acquaint the teacher with a sufficient knowledge of Music to be able to carry on the work intelligently under the direction of a Supervisor, or, if necessary, to give such instruction himself.

One year's work is required. The first half of each semester is given to a study of the underlying principles of all the technical difficulties of music as found in the public-school course of eight years. In the second half of each semester, the professional side of the subject is considered as thoroughly as possible with attention to practical methods as needed in school-room teaching.

All students completing this course will receive a Special Diploma. Sufficient time to earn this Diploma is given, and admission is based upon graduation from a high-school of the first grade or equivalent scholarship. Students entering without equivalent scholarship may take work in the Preparatory School.

For those without any knowledge of music, two years will be necessary to complete the course, but those who have some knowledge of piano and voice may be able to complete the course in less time.

The following is a brief description of the work offered in this Department towards the completing of this Special Course.

- 1. NOTATION—Practice in rapid blackboard work in the writing of musical signs, and in a knowledge of their use.
- 2. SIGHT SINGING—Individual and class drill in singing at sight, without accompaniment, melodies in all major and minor keys. An intelligent study of rhythm, phrasing and expression.
- 3. EAR TRAINING—Systematically graded exercise to quicken the musical hearing. Oral and written reproduction of melodies in all keys.
- 4. Chorus—A series of practical lessons in the study of material suitable for use in High-School and Upper Grammar Grades. The possibilities of the school chorus investigated. Use of the baton as a dignified means of keeping chorus together. Each member of class taught to direct.

- 5. ADVANCED SIGHT SINGING—A class for those who are to become Supervisors of Music. A study of the different music systems in common use, is taken up in this class.
- 6. METHODS—Principles of education as applied to the teaching of music. Course of study planned, for all grades from First Year through the High-School. Special study of the voice. Study of song material suited to the various years of school life. Rote Songs, how to select, to teach, and use them. Special attention paid to Folk Songs and Singing Games.
- 7. OBSERVATION AND TEACHING—180 hours teaching and observation are required for this course. During the first year the pupil-teacher observes music teaching in different grades, and reports on same to Music Supervisor. As soon as students are prepared they begin teaching in the Training Schools, and as they acquire skill in teaching music in all the grades under supervisions, they become experienced teachers of Public School Music upon finishing the course.

For a detailed statement of this two-year course for Supervisors of Public School Music, see the Course of Study on the following pages.

ENGLISH LITERATURE AND COMPOSITION

PROFESSOR WILSON
PROFESSOR COULTRAP
MISS KALER

- 1. Composition—Teachers' course. Extensive practice in writing themes. A study will be made of Narration and Exposition. Methods of teaching composition will be emphasized. Two hours, first semester. Several sections.
- 2. Composition—Teachers' course. A continuation of Course 1. A study of Description, Argumentation, and the Short-Story. Two hours, second semester.
- 3. LITERATURE FOR THE PRIMARY GRADES—A study of representative myths, fables, folk-lore, fairy tales, and of two great epics. The purpose of the course is to deal with the source material from which most of the work in reading and in literature is drawn. Method work. Two hours, second semester. Course I must precede Course 3.

- 4. LITERATURE FOR THE GRAMMAR GRADES—A study of the folk-lore suitable for these grades. Much material is selected from the Arthurian and Nibelungen cycles. Selections in poetry and prose from English and American writers. Two hours, second semester. Course I must precede Course 4.
- 5. AMERICAN POETRY FROM 1811 TO 1890—This course is based upon the material given in Page's *The Chief American Poets*. Discussions and written work. Two hours, first semester. Course 1 must precede Course 5.

ENGLISH POETRY FROM 1798 TO 1896—This course will largely follow the poetry selected in Page's *British Poets of the Nine-teenth Century*. Three hours, second semester. Course I must precede Course 6.

HIGH-SCHOOL METHODS IN ENGLISH—A consideration of the methods of teaching literature and composition. The "English requirements" will be taken as a basis for some of the work done. This course presupposes Courses 1, 2, 5, and 6, or an equivalent. Optional; required of all students making English their major. Two hours, first semester. Given in the summer term, 1913, and in the first semester, 1914.

- 8. The Pre-Shakesperian Drama—A study of specimens of the mystery and miracle plays, interludes, and early forms of the drama. Library work; reports and discussions. Open to juniors and seniors. First semester, two hours. Elective.
- 9. ENGLISH DRAMA FROM 1550 TO 1650—A study of many of the minor Elizabethan dramatists and of some of the greater contemporaries of Shakespere. Library work; reports and discussions. Three hours, second semester. Open to juniors and seniors. Optional.
- 10. THE POETRY OF MILTON—In addition to a study of the poetry, there will be collateral reading assigned in Milton's prose and on questions of contemporaneous history. This course is given each alternate year. Elective. Open to juniors and seniors; two hours, first semester. Given in 1914.
- II. THE LITERATURE OF THE BIBLE—A study of the literary forms of the Bible. A part of the work will take up Moulton's Introduction to the Literary Study of the Bible. First semester

two hours. Elective. Open to students who have had fresh man English.

12. THE POETRY OF WORDSWORTH AND COLERIDGE—The work of this course will deal with the leading poetical productions of these men. Supplementary study of their prose. Second semester, two hours. Elective. Open to juniors and seniors

CIVIC BIOLOGY AND BOTANY

PROFESSOR WILLIAM A. MATHENY.

The work in this department is as follows:

	FIRST SEMESTER		SECOND SEMESTER
I.	First Year Botany(3)	6.	First Year Botany(3)
2.	Ecology(2)	7.	Plant Histology(2)
3.	Plant Pathology(2)	8.	Plant Pathology(2)
4.	Civic Biology (Sec. 1)-(3)	9.	College Botany(3)
5.	Civic Biology (Sec. 2)-(3)		Civic Biology (3)

In all these studies the idea of civic and community welfare is placed foremost. The practical and human interest side of these sciences is strongly emphasized with the aim of best serving the needs of the teacher and of citizenship in general.

THE LABORATORY AND FIELD METHODS of study will be followed almost entirely. For this purpose ample apparatus and a school garden have been provided. Attention will be given to the planning and construction of simple apparatus whereby important natural laws can be demonstrated in an inexpensive manner.

- r. First Year Botany—This course will run throughout the year and is required in all courses. It will be a consideration of plants in their practical relation to every-day life, and will be especially adapted to the needs of teachers. In the Fall and Spring, work in the school garden will be required. *Practical Botany* by Bergen and Caldwell is the text. One recitation and two laboratory periods per week
- 2. Ecology—A study of plants as they are related to their environment. *Ecology* by Coulter, Barnes and Cowles will be the text. Two hours.
- 3, 8. PLANT PATHOLOGY—Plant diseases as they affect farm crops, gardening, orchards, etc. will receive extended

attention in this course. Fungus Diseases of Plants by Duggar will be the text used. Two hours.

- 4, 5, 10. CIVIC BIOLOGY—This is a study devoted to the every-day problems presented to us by the living forces in nature. Modern Biology is rapidly extending its influence into all avenues of human activities and national life. This branch, Civic Biology, aims to reach the common schools and community life through the agency of the teacher. While evolution is not lost sight of in this work, it is by no means placed foremost, neither is it intended to train specialists. The course centers about the child, the home, and the state in their most common relations to living nature. Required in Normal College courses. Three hours.
- 7. PLANT HISTOLOGY—A laboratory course in the microscopic anatomy of plants. *Plant Histology* by Chamberlain will be used. Two hours.
- 9, 10. COLLEGE BOTANY—Plant Morphology and Physiology will be taken up in this course. It will be a study in plant evolution with special reference to the algae and the fungi. Required in the Agricultural Course and is optional with Zoology in the College of Liberal Arts. Three hours.

AGRICULTURE

PROFESSOR W. F. COPELAND INSTRUCTOR O. E. DUNLAP

Summary of Courses in School Agriculture

Cor	ırse.	Subject.	Semes	ter.	Year. Cred	il.
I.	General	Agriculture	First or S	econd	Fresh	3
2.	Horticul	ture	First			3
2.	Horticul	ture	Second		46	2
3.	Soils		First and	Second	Soph	4
4.	Forestry		. First and	Second	Fresh	4
5.	Farm Ar	nimals	First		Soph	3
6.	Farm Cr	rops	Second		Soph	3
7.	Evolutio	n and Heredity	First		Soph	3
8.	Rural E	conomics or				
	Comm	ercial Law	Second		Soph	3

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE was established in June, 1911. Previous to that time instruction in agriculture was given in the Department of Elementary Science. Courses had been given for three years and the increasing demand for such work justified a new department. The primary purpose is to equip teachers for giving instruction in agriculture in the public schools. On account of present conditions it is necessary to modify this aim to some extent and give lessons regarding subject matter as well. The lessons are practical rather than detailed or scientific. The department is being equipped with modern apparatus whereby important lessons can be demonstrated. Provisions are made for enlarging this equipment as fast as is advisable for efficient work. In the laboratory, students are instructed in seed testing, soil studies, a study of plant life under laboratory conditions, farm plans, machines, and the use of the more common and practical pieces of agricultural apparatus. Such studies are planned for the winter season. During the summer season as far as possible lessons will be demonstrated in the field where plants and animals are living under ordinary conditious. The department has an excellent agricultural library.

Provisions is now made for a two-year course, at the completion of which students are granted a diploma in School Agriculture. A summary of this course is given above and a complete outline by semesters elsewhere in this catalogue.

COURSE I. GENERAL AGRICULTURE—This is a two-hour course during the first semester and a three-hour course during the second semester. Laboratory and recitation plan. For demonstration use is made of the common garden, field and orchard crops. Other features of the farm and farm-life will receive equal consideration. Credit, two hours for the first semester and three hours for the second.

COURSE II. HORTICULTURE—This is a three-hour course for the first semester and a two-hour course during the second semester. Total credit, four hours. The lectures, recitations and reports will aim to give a general view of the subject. During favorable weather the laboratory work will be done in the field.

COURSE III. SOILS—Soils will be studied both in the field and in the laboratory, chemically and physically. This is a laboratory course and will meet twice each week for two periods. Credit two hours per semester.

COURSE IV. FORESTRY—This course aims to give students a knowledge of forest conditions, their distribution, and the possibilities in tree planting. As far as possible this is done out in the field where the importance of trees can be considered as soil-makers, wind-breakers, and money-makers. Both the economic and æsthetic values will be considered. Emphasis is placed on the value of Forestry as a school study. This is a two-hour course consisting of two field lessons per week. It is offered the first and second semester of the sophomore year. Credit, two hours per semester.

COURSE V. FARM ANIMALS—This course is planned to give students a knowledge of the most important farm animals of the different types, and elementary lessons in feeding, balanced rations, and judging. As far as possible the animal studied will be examined by the student. One lecture and two field trips per week during the first semester. Credit, three semester hours.

COURSE VI. FARM CROPS—This course is offered during the second semester. Credit, three hours. Studies are made of field selection, crop rotation, seed selection, and artificial fertilizers. One lecture and two field lessons per week.

COURSE VII. EVOLUTION AND HEREDITY—This is the course formerly offered during the winter term. It is now scheduled for the first semester of the Sophomore year. The plan of the work is to consider a few of the prominent theories of Evolution or Heredity or both; especially those of interest to animal and plant breeders. This course presupposes some knowledge of botany and zoology. Three recitations per week during the first semester of the Sophomore year.

COURSE VIII. RURAL ECONOMICS—Students taking the twoyear course in agriculture are allowed to substitute commercial law for Course VI. The aim of this study is to consider some of the important farm problems, such as wages, rent, labor, land, marketing, crops, and their related problems. Some time will be devoted to the possibilities of the small farm, the large farm, intensive and extensive culture, and also to consider to what extent farm operations can be foretold and directed according to a farm plan. The class will meet for three recitations per week during the second semester of the Sophomore year.

RURAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT

PROFESSOR RICHESON, Supervisor

The work in this department is designed to meet the needs of the rural teacher.

- I. RURAL SCHOOL DIDACTICS—A course in Rural School Didactics is given, in which are discussed the proper attitude of the teacher towards the profession, the proper training for teachers, the relation that the school and the home bear to each other, the means of securing the best results in the school-room, the correlation of subjects, the proper combination of classes, the methods and need of supervision, the consolidation of weak schools, and the best methods of instruction to be employed in the rural schools.
- 2. RURAL SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY—Following the subject of methods as presented in the class in Rural School Didactics as shown above will be given a course in Rural School Course of Study in which a number of practical courses of study will be studied, together with a study of the Report of the Committee of Twelve. It will be the aim of this class to develop for itself a practical course of study, designed especially for use in the rural schools.

Classes in Rural School Didactics and in the Rural School Course of Study will be organized about the middle of the second semester to accommodate those coming in after the close of their schools.

This department has in operation a first-class model rural school in which the work as taught in the class-room is exemplified in actual work. This model school is so located that it can be reached by those taking this course in a very few minutes.

Almost one-half of the 27,000 teachers employed in the public schools of Ohio are engaged in teaching rural schools or in small village schools where a close system of classification into grades by years is impossible. The State Normal College has made ample provision for the training of teachers for these schools and has recognized the essential differentiation in the functions and needs of such schools as compared with those of cities and the larger towns. The course for rural teachers makes ample provision for Observation and Practice in the Training School established for the special purpose of training rural teachers. In this Training School, divided into three rooms, are to be found the eight grades. Each room is presided over by a skilled teacher who is a graduate of the State Normal College and who has had several years of successful experience in teaching. Over these three critic teachers is an experienced supervisor who is also a graduate of the State Normal College, with the Bachelor's degree, and who teaches professional and academic subjects in the State Normal College.

THE TWO-YEAR COURSE provided for rural teachers does not require graduation from a four-year high school as a prerequisite for admission. However, no diploma under the Hawkins Law can be granted for the completion of this course. For this reason, provision will be made for graduates of fouryear high school courses to take the regular two-year course in elementary education, in which the special courses in Rural Methods, Observations and Practice, and Rural School Course of Study will be substituted for courses in similar subjects required in that course. Then the graduate from the Rural School Course will be granted a diploma which will have the same value and receive the same recognition as a diploma issued on completion of the two-year course for elementary teachers. We strongly urge high-school graduates to take this course, for the rural schools of Ohio are very much in need of teachers who have received training equal to the training required of teachers for the towns and cities. Students who have completed the work of the first year of the course as outlined on another page, will be permitted and required to teach in the Rural Training School.

DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY

PROFESSOR RICHESON

THE COURSE in Physiography will be research work entirely. It will be the aim of this course to develop the subject in a logical manner, taking up such parts of Physical Geography as are essential to the study of Political and Commercial Geography, after which the topical method of developing these phases of the subject will be pursued. This work will also be devoted, in part, to the study of methods.

In Physical Geography, no efforts will be made to encourage the memorizing of the work, but no pains will be spared to develop the thought. In this course, besides the work of the regular text, there will be required research work, field trips laboratory exercises, and drawings.

The Political Geography will be especially designed to meet the needs of those expecting to take the teachers' examinations. This work will be comprehensive, thorough, and of permanent value. More attention will be given to geographical and industrial development than to locative geography, although this phase of the subject will not be neglected.

A class in Political Geography will be organized about the middle of the second semester to accommodate teachers coming in after the close of their schools.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

PROFESSOR THOMAS N. HOOVER

EVAN J. JONES, Instructor

FIRST SEMESTER

- 1a. American History, collegiate, 3 hours.
- 2a. Advanced American Government, collegiate, 2 hours.
- 3a. Constitutional History, collegiate, 2 hours.
- 4a. Government of England, collegiate, 2 hours.
- 5a. American Statesmen, collegiate, 2 hours.

SECOND SEMESTER

- 1b. American History, collegiate, 3 hours.
- 2b. Advanced American Government, collegiate, 2 hours.
- 3b. Constitutional Law, collegiate, 2 hours.
- 4b. Methods in History, collegiate, 2 hours.

DESCRIPTION OF THE COURSES—Courses Ia and Ib offer a thorough course in the history of our own country. The usual college method is used—lectures, reference work, papers, and term thesis. The guides to the courses will be the Manual, and the Epoch Series. These courses are open to all students in any department of the University excepting preparatory.

Courses 2a and 2b offer a thorough study of the actual workings of our government—National, State, and Local. The Manual and Hart's Actual Government will be used as guides.

Course 3a is a study of the making and the ratifying of the Federal Constitution. Sources are investigated and the students report on their topics investigated.

Course 3b is carried on by the text and case method. All the leading cases bearing on the subjects are abstracted. McClain's Constitutional Law is the guide.

Course 4a deals with the present actual Government of England—National, Local, and the Empire. Lowell's Government of England is used as a guide.

Course 4b is specially intended for those students who desire to teach history or government.

Course 3a and 4a, 3b and 4b may be given alternate years. Course 5a is a study of the lives of the leading Americans.

- 1. HISTORY OF GREECE—Lectures, outside readings, and recitations. This course deals principally with the growth of Athenian democratic institutions in relation to and in comparison with our own modern institutions. The *Epoch* series and other standard works will be used. Mr. Jones. Three hours of college credit.
- 2. HISTORY OF ROME—A course dealing with the overthrow of monarchy, the struggle for political equality, the expansion of the republic, the rise and fall of the empire, and the introduction of Christianity. The arts, letters, and social

condition will be studied in their respective periods. Seignobos's *History of the Roman People* is the text. Three hours of college credit. Mr. Jones.

3. UNITED STATES HISTORY—A review course for teachers. Commences April 27. Intended to help those teaching or those preparing for a teachers' examination. Mr. Jones.

THE KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL OF THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE OF OHIO UNIVERSITY

CONSTANCE T. MCLEOD, Principal KATE DOVER. Instructor

This school offers a training to young women who desire to prepare themselves for professional work as kindergarteners.

It gives opportunities also for those who do not intend to become teachers, but desire this course as a means of general culture or as an aid in following other lines of work.

The Kindergarten School is an integral part of the University, so that in addition to the training in Kindergarten education, students receive instruction in other departments of the institution. As a part of the regular work in the Kindergarten School, a kindergarten is conducted where students may observe and obtain practical experience in all branches connected with such work.

Second year students attend the meetings of the Kindergarten Mothers' Association which are held once a month and so gain an insight into the organization and conducting of such meetings.

The course offered is two years in length, and leads to the diploma in Kindergarten Education. This course is given in detail by terms on another page.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION—Graduation from a first-class high-school or equivalent scholarship.

The course is as follows:

FIRST YEAR

First Semester—Mother Play, 1; Gifts, 2; Occupations, 1. Second Semester—Mother Play, 2; Gifts, 1; Occupations, 1.

SECOND YEAR

First Semester—Mother Play, 2; Gifts, 2; Occupations, ½; Program Construction, ½.

Second Semester—Mother Play, 1; Stories, ½; Education of Man, ½; Program Construction, 1; Games, 1.

KINDERGARTEN THEORY AND ACTIVITIES—Under the head of Kindergarten Theory and Activities are included all those subjects which pertain especially to Kindergarten education.

FROEBEL'S Mother Play—A study of this work with reference to other writings of Froebel. Educational laws and life-truths are presented and insight gained into child life.

PROGRAM CONSTRUCTION—A study and discussion of the different divisions of Kindergarten work with the planning of programs for definite periods.

STORIES—A study of typical stories and of the principles governing their selection, with practice in story telling.

GIFTS AND OCCUPATIONS—Theory and Practice in use of the Kindergarten play material, known as the gifts, and the Kindergarten occupations, or hand work.

RHYTHM, SONGS, AND GAMES—A study of these with the principles underlying them.

OBSERVATION AND PRACTICE TEACHING—In the Kindergarten and also observation in the Primary School, both under supervision.

In connection with the observation and practice teaching in the Kindergarten a class is held one period a week for the discussion of the different parts of the daily work in the Kindergarten.

Observation in the Primary School and work in Primary Methods is limited to work done in the First and Second Grades.

In order to accommodate teachers who wish to gain an insight into Kindergarten theory and practice, a beginning class will be organized about the middle of the second semester if five or more students request it at that time.

DEPARTMENT OF HOME ECONOMICS.

ELIZABETH H. BOHN, Principal
HELEN HOAG, Instructor
BERTHA E. BUXTON, Assistant

DOMESTIC SCIENCE AND DOMESTIC ART are the various terms that are applied to the lines of work here grouped under *Home Economics*. The term is not satisfactory, but is used be cause it is the one often used and more generally understood to include the full range of subjects than the others. The scope of the subject matter here outlined covers the following points: Foods and their uses, cooking, general science, sewing, textiles, drawing and house decoration, home nursing and emergencies, household management and professional subjects.

THE DEPARTMENT OF HOME ECONOMICS is housed in Central Building on the second floor. When this course was opened a modern residence was purchased and fully equipped for carrying on the work that especially pertained to household problems. Two kitchens, a laboratory, pantry, ice room and dining room afford opportunity for practice in the preparation of various kinds of food.

The Domestic Art department occupies two rooms. One large and well lighted sewing room and adjoining this is a well equipped fitting room. The lecture and recitation rooms are equipped with various household appliances.

The course as outlined is designed to fit those pursuing it to teach this subject in the elementary and secondary schools. While it recognizes that a knowledge of the theory is essential to those who are preparing themselves for this work, it emphasizes also the practical side as very important. Practical work is given in cooking and sewing, sufficient to make the young woman skillful in her work and give her a good opportunity for instructing others.

This course is of a kind that it is practically necessary to begin the same at the opening of the first semester and continue it regularly throughout the two years. Certain subjects are elective but the entire course is compulsory for all who intend to specialize with a view to teaching the work.

REQUIREMENT—Graduation from high-school or fifteen units of preparatory work.

FEES—Fees to partially cover cost of materials are charged. See each course.

SEWING—Two consecutive hours twice a week throughout the course. Credit, two hours. Fee, \$1.50 each semester.

Sewing I—This course is offered the first semester. It includes the various stitches on canvas; hems and hemming; ruffles and bands; darning stockinet and cloth; patching, flannel work; buttonholes; sewing on of buttons, hooks and eyes; making of eyelets; seam, placket and gusset work; also models illustrating the use of embroideries and laces in white work. Machine models

Courses in sewing for elementary schools are considered and methods of presenting the work are discussed.

SEWING II—This course is offered the second semester. For those in the regular course, model sewing is a requirement. Students in other courses may elect this work. This course includes both hand and machine sewing. The practical work covers the designing and drafting of patterns, cutting and making of a four-piece set of undergarments—and the care and manipulation of machines and attachments, as hemmer, gauge, tucker and ruffler. Materials and trimmings suitable for undergarments, the comparative cost of each, and amounts necessary are considered.

SEWING III—Requirement, Sewing II. The purpose of this course is to teach the principles of dressmaking, the taking of accurate measurements, the use of a drafting system by which patterns are designed and made, the designing of ordinary garments, the choosing and economical cutting of materials. The aim also is to develop neatness, accuracy, and originality. The practical work consists in the making of a tailored waist, tailored cotton shirt, and wool dress.

SEWING IV—Requirement, Sewing III and IV. This course is a continuation of Sewing III. It includes the making of a woolen or silk waist, gingham dress and a thin fancy dress, illustrating different ways of using embroidery or lace. Both

drafted and purchased patterns are used. The beginning six weeks of the semester are given to art needlework. Darning, applique, cross-stitch, dots, eyelet and French embroidery are included in this course.

TEXTILES V—Two hours for the first twelve weeks of the second semester of the freshman year. Credit one hour. The purpose of this course is to give a practical understanding of the various textile fibers and processes of their manufacture that shall lead to judgment and taste in selections suited in wearing quality, adaptability, permanence of color, and harmony of design to the particular use for which they are intended.

COOKING VI—Two consecutive hours twice a week throughout he course. Credit, two hours. Fee, \$2.50 each semester. This, course consists of practical work in the preparation, cooking; and serving of the following classes of foods—vegetables, cereals, fruits, starches, batters and doughs, beverages, soups, candies, meats. Special attention is given to the proper methods of work in the kitchen, to cleanliness, neatness, and accuracy of work.

COOKING VII—This course is a continuation of Course VI, and is planned to apply the principles developed in that course to problems more difficult in manipulation and more complex in combination of food materials.

COOKING VIII—Continuation of Cooking VI and VII. Practical work in canning and preserving, in cakes, pastries and preparation and serving of foods for the sick and convalescent. Special stress is laid on dainty and attractive service of foods prepared.

COOKING IX—Continuation of Cooking VI, VII and VIII-Practical work in salads, sandwiches and chafing dish cookery hot and cold desserts. Dishes of more complicated nature are taken up in this course. Special attention is given to planning menus and formal services. Practical work is given in serving of breakfasts, dinners or luncheons.

FOOD STUDY X—This is a two-hour course throughout the year. It includes the study of food principles, their source, composition and food value, also a brief study of digestion, digestive juices, and their action. Each food principal is studied as to composition, physical properties, influence on digestion, diges-

tion in the various digestive organs, absorption, circulation, excretion and storage. A complete and systematic study is made of the various food stuffs as to source, composition, structure, digestibility, food value, manufacture, cost and preparation. The course consists of lecture and reference work. Food Study runs parallel with Cooking VI and VII.

HOUSEHOLD MANAGEMENT XI—Three-hour course throughout the second semester. In this course are considered the problem of house administration with reference to structure, sanitation, furnishing, methods of cleaning; business management of the household, namely: division of income, household accounts including daily and weekly schedule, division of labor, domestic service, social, industrial and ethical relations of the home. Practical work is given in marketing, planning and serving of meals and general care of the house. Lectures on laundry work, cleansing of fabrics, removal of stains, etc., are given in this course. The laboratory work consists of practical laundry work according to methods presented in class. The equipping and care of the laundry are considered.

HOME NURSING XII—This is a two-hour course for the last six weeks of the second semester. The aim of this course is to teach the care of the sick in the home, to enable one to assist intelligently in the sick-room, and to handle emergencies in the house and elsewhere. It includes the location, care, furnishing and ventilation of the sick-room; the care of the patient, as to feeding, bathing and dressing; application of poultices and bandaging. Text—Practical Nursing, by Maxwell and Pope.

DIETETICS XIII—This is a two-hour course throughout the second semester. This course deals with the nutritive value, digestibility, and cost of various foods. Dietaries for persons of different ages, under different conditions, and engaged in various occupations are computed.

HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION OF DOMESTIC SCIENCE AND ART XIV—This is a one-hour course throughout the second semester. The origin and growth of domestic science and art, their place in the school curriculum, the correlation of domestic science and art work with other subjects taught in the public schools, the planning of a course of study and its adaptation to

conditions existing, equipment and cost, the presentation of the work, and methods of teaching are considered.

APPEAL TO TEACHERS—It is the aim of this Department to be of immediate service to teachers actually engaged in teaching. The law in Ohio requires a minimum school term of eight months. This brings the most schools to a close the last of April. The courses in Domestic Science and Art are so arranged that most of the work is given in half semesters of nine or ten weeks each. Teachers may therefore enter at the close of their school and find classes just organizing for the last quarter of 8 to 10 weeks. These classes in most cases will recite twice as often as classes organized at the beginning of the semester and will therefore be able to do a whole semester's work. Many first semester studies are also reqeated at this time to accommodate students who desire to enter for the last quarter.

Needed Uniforms

The regulation dress is a plain, untrimmed, blue chambray, one-piece garment.

The skirts are plain gored; sleeves long or below the elbows with adjustable turned-back white cuffs and white standing or low collar, which may be detachable.

Three or four uniforms will be needed. The goods should be shrunk before using.

If students are not able to secure material desired, it may be had by sending to the Department. The material costs 12½ cents per yard.

Aprons are of *white* material, preferably white percale—a good grade of muslin may be used—made sleeveless, princess style. See Butterick patterns No. 5162 or 4941.

DEPARTMENT OF MANUAL TRAINING

G. E. McLaughlin, Instructor
C. O. Williamson, Assistant Instructor

The interest and demand of the general public upon the public schools of to-day is that their product shall be better equipped for life work, whatever that may be, at the time they leave the public school, and one of the best methods of solving this problem is for the schools to give more time and attention to Manual Training and Industrial Training.

A COURSE IN MANUAL TRAINING was established in the State Normal College in the fall of 1911 in [compliance with the earnest demand for teachers of this subject from all parts of the state.

THE WORK IN MANUAL TRAINING is of such a nature that not only those who expect this subject but every teacher or student would find it not only profitable but a pleasure to do some work along this line.

THE SHOPS of the Manual Training department of the State Normal College, occupy two large rooms on the lower floor of Ewing Hall. The wood working room is 60 by 60 feet, well lighted and well suited for our needs. The equipment consists of 20 individual benches fitted with quick acting vises, and each with its necessary individual tools, so that it is rarely necessary for a pupil to leave his bench while class is in session. Also a large number of general tools in cases and wall racks; one 12-inch circular rip and cut-off saw; one 12-inch jointer with safety guard; one 30-inch grind stone. All driven from common counter shaft, which in turn is driven by a five horse-power motor. Ten, eleven by twenty-six inch speed lathes for wood turning driven by a five horse-power motor, shafting underneath lathes, thus eliminating dangers of belting.

One universal wood trimmer, miter saws, and sufficient wood clamps for glue work. Benches for hammered metal work and equipment. Cases for displaying finished work, and sufficient lockers for each student.

The metal working shop is a room 20 by 50 feet well lighted, and well suited for our needs. It contains the following machinery: five thirteen-inch engine lathes, one power hack saw, one twelve-inch force drill, emery grinder, drilling lathe, benches fitted with vises for filing and chipping, dies for pipe cutting and fitting. All machines are driven from counter shaft on floor which in turn is driven by a seven horse-power motor.

DESCRIPTION OF COURSES—The following is a brief outline of the nature of the major portion of the courses taught in this department.

- I. ELEMENTARY WOOD WORK I—Two hours. Laboratory (4 hours). This work consists of the more simple processes of tool work, use of knife, try square, plane, saw and hammer, the soft woods being used. The models followed will be those generally used in the 6th and 7th grades.
- 2. ELEMENTARY WOOD WORK II—Two hours. Laboratory. A continuation of No. 1. The students will be expected to plan and outline their own models, and then work them out according to their drawings; in this way students will not only gain an idea of suitable problems for grade work but will have the models for future illustration.
- 3. BENCH WORK—Two hours. Laboratory four hours per week. This work includes the hard woods and the more difficult tool processes. All work will be from models, and will consist of small pieces, such as a clock case, filing box, double frame, book rack or candle stick holder; special attention being given to gluing, fitting, sanding and rubbing.
- 4. JOINERY—Two hours, laboratory four hours per week. Elementary Wood Work, by Selden, will be used as a laboratory guide. Work will consist in making the different joints both in soft and hard wood, special attention being given to neatness and accuracy. The latter part of the term will be given to the application of these joints.
- 5. Wood Finishing—Laboratory, three hours; class, one hour.

This course deals with the different processes of finishing woods, both the theory and the practice. The following methods are studied: stains, water, acid, and oils, fillers, whiting, plaster of paris and silex, shellac, wax finish, varnish, rubbing, sanding, polishing, refinishing, care of brushes, and containers for stains for varnishes.

6. WOOD TURNING—Laboratory, four hours per week. Exercises in turning given to familiarize the student with wood turning tools, and lathe operations. Each piece bringing a new tool manipulation. These exercises are applied in

the making of finished articles in hard wood. The course includes care of lathe and tools, turning between centers, straight taper, curves, beads, face plate and chuck turning, sand papering and polishing.

- 7. PATTERN MAKING—Laboratory, three hours; class, one hour. This course is designed to give a preliminary study of pattern making and foundry practice. A number of smaller patterns are made and finished ready for moulding. Special attention is given to shrinkage, finishing and core work.
- 8. Cabinet Making—Laboratory, four hours. This course is open for those who have had Courses 2 and 3 or equivalent. The work consists of designing, making drawings and blue prints, different pieces of furniture, one of which must be of difficult construction. The student is expected to get out all stock using the shop equipment. Elementary Cabinet Work by Selden, will be used as a laboratory guide.
- 9, Machine Shop—Three hours; laboratory, six hours per week. The work includes bench work, chipping and filing, lathe work, straight and taper turning, thread cutting, face plate work, chucking, inside turning, eccentric work, polishing, boring, drilling, shaper work, grinding of tools, and drills, care of lathes, belts and shafting.
- IO. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION OF MANUAL TRAINING. Two hours. A study of the educational conditions that led to the Manual Training movement and its development. Part of the work is outside reading with written reports and part is lectures and open discussion of problems that arise in the organizing of the work.
- 11. Constructive Design—Two hours. The work consists in designing models suitable for grade and high-school work, special attention being given to proportion. Laying out tentative courses for school work and discussing problems that may arise in the carrying out of these courses.
- 12. MANUAL TRAINING IN THE TRAINING SCHOOL—Woodwork is required of the boys attending the seventh and eighth grades of the Normal College Training School. There will be two lessons a week of one hour each.

Teachers taking the Manual Training course have the special advantage of observing the work under a special instructor. Also during their second year they will be required to do practice teaching in wood work.

OURSE OF STUDY OF THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE OF OHIO UNIVERSITY

COURSES LEADING TO DIPLOMAS AND DEGREES

In the Following Pages may be found an analytical statement of each course. The course for high-school teachers, principals, and superintendents requires 120 semester hours and leads to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. The one-year course for college graduates requires 30 semester hours in Education and leads to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. All the other courses with but one exception require from 60 to 66 semester hours and lead to special diplomas, which lead to state life certificates, as outlined on a previous page. The one exception is the course for the training of teachers for rural schools, which does not require 15 units of preparatory work for admission, as does each of the other courses.

A total of 10 semester hours in Observation and Teaching, or Didactics and Teaching, is required in each course. The figures following each study indicate the number of semester hours of credit given for each and these numbers usually correspond to the number of recitations of 60 minutes each given in the subject per week.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

Students may be admitted on examination or on certificate from a recognized high-school. A graduate of a first-grade, or four-year, high-school, is usually able to enter without any con-

ditions. A graduate of a three-year high-school, is usually given 12 to 14 units; and a graduate from a two-year high-school, 8 to 10 units; as determined by the standard outlined below.

A unit is the equivalent of a course in any given secondary school subject pursued a school year covering not less than 120 hours of 60 minutes each. If the recitations are but 40 minutes in length, 180 recitations are required to make a unit. Usually a high-school subject pursued 32 weeks with five recitations per week is accepted as a unit, but the recitations should be 45 minutes in length. Two hours of laboratory work, manual training, or drawing are required for one hour of credit.

CANDIDATES FOR ADMISSION to the degree courses of the State Normal College must present credentials from high-school or examination covering fifteen units in recognized secondary subjects, as indicated below:

ENGLISH (select 3 units); Composition and Rhetoric, 2 units; Classics, 1; History of Literature, 1; English Grammar in the Senior Year, ½.

HISTORY (select 1 unit); American History and Civics, 1; Ancient History, ½, ½, or 1; Medieval History, ½, ½, or 1; Modern History, ½, ½, or 1; General History one year, 1 unit; English History, ½, ½, or 1.

MATHEMATICS (select 2 units); Algebra through quadratics, 1; Algebra completed, ½; Plane Geometry, 1; Solid Geometry, ½; Plane Trigonometry, ½; Arithmetic following Algebra and Geometry, ½.

FOREIGN LANGUAGES (select 4 in one language or in two); Latin, 2, 3, or 4; Greek, 2, 3, or 4; German, 2, 3, or 4; French, 2, 3, or 4; Spanish, 2, 3, or 4.

Science (select 1 unit); Physics, 1; Chemistry, 1; Physical Geography, ½ or 1; Botany, ½ or 1; Zoology, ½ or 1; Physiology ½; Agriculture,½ or 1; Domestic Science, ½; Drawing, ½; Manual Training, ½; Commercial Geography, ½. The above schedule names 11 required units; the remainder of 4 units to be selected by the student.

Other subjects are rated on amount and character of work done, as shown by certificate from the high-school. Students should write the Registrar for Application Blanks before entering.

FOREIGN LANGUAGE—If the student has had but four years of one foreign language or two years in each of two foreign languages, he must pursue a foreign language two years in college, but if he can present credits for five years in two foreign languages, he will be required to take but one year of a foreign language in the college course. Additional work in the foreign languages may be taken as electives. This requirement applies only to students pursuing the four-year or degree course.

SPECIAL STUDENTS—Students who desire to pursue special studies and are not candidates for a degree will be admitted on the following conditions:

Applicants over twenty-one years of age who can present credits for the common English branches, as well as such other branches as would qualify them to enter the classes they wish to enter, will be admitted with special ranking, but students admitted on such terms will be required to satisfy by examination all entrance requirements before being permitted to graduate from any diploma course.

SPECIAL PREPARATION FOR TEACHING IN HIGH SCHOOLS-There is a strong demand for high-school teachers, principals, and superintendents who have had special college training in one or two lines of work. To meet this demand the State Normal College has always discouraged scattering in the selection of electives and has always required of those preparing to become high-school teachers that they select not later than the Sophomore year, Science, Mathematics, English, Foreign Language or History, and do three years of college work in the subjects chosen. Therefore candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education shall have before graduation not less than 15 semester hours to their credit in one of the five lines named. The course also requires a total of 30 semester hours in Education. The remaining 82 semester hours may all be distributed among the groups of Mathematics, History, English, Foreign Languages, and Science. Students preparing to teach in the high-school are advised to carry two majors, although but one is required. Teachers who have done three years of college work in two related fields, such as History and English, or Mathematics and Science, have a much stronger call to a

good teaching position than those who have specialized in nothing, or in but one study.

In the Sophomore year one of the Sciences is required, the option to be made by the student, who selects from Agriculture, Biology, or Chemistry. If Biology is chosen it must be followed by one semester of Botany. If Agriculture or Chemistry is chosen, it must be carried through two semesters.

In the Junior year opportunity is offered for a year in Manual Training, or Domestic Science, or Agriculture, or Commercial Science for those preparing as special teachers in such subjects. Should the student not desire one of these special subjects a substitute will be assigned by the Dean of the College to suit the line of special preparation the student is making.

In the Senior year students who are preparing for positions as principals, supervisors, or superintendents will be required to take two semesters in School Administration, but students preparing to teach rather than to supervise will not be required to take this work in School Administration.

The great number of options governed by the restrictions above outlined enable students to pursue a large number of variations.

STANDING OF STUDENTS—The standing of a student in this course shall be designated by the members of the faculty who shall record on their class books and on the credit slips of students the following standard of proficiency: Grade A shall mean 95% or above; B shall mean 90 to 94 inclusive; C shall mean 80 to 89 inclusive; D shall mean 70 to 79 inclusive; E shall mean conditioned, and F shall mean failure. All students who have made no grade below C for the preceding semester may be allowed to carry 16 semester hours; students who have made no grade below B for the preceding semester may be allowed to carry 17 semester hours, and students who have made A in all studies for the preceding semester may be allowed to carry 18 semester hours. Whether a student shall be allowed to carry more than 15 semester hours shall be determined by the Committee on Classification and Registration.

DEGREE—Upon completion of the four-year course in the State Normal College, with all entrance conditions met as above outlined, the student will be granted the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. Students who complete all the required work in the four-year course in the State Normal College and the A. B. Course in the College of Liberal Arts of Ohio University, will be granted the A. B. degree by the College of Liberal Arts and the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education by the State Normal College.

Graduates from reputable literary colleges may complete an elective course in Education in one year of 30 semester hours and receive the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. The course is outlined on another page.

course is outlined on another page.		
Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor in the Science of Education		
FRESHMAN YEAR		
SECOND SEMESTER		
Continue one foreign language, 3 or 4 Trigonometry, 3; or Physics, 3; or American History		
LE YEAR		
Agriculture, 4; or Chemistry, 3; or Botany. 3 Sociology. 2 English Poetry. 3 Paidology. 3 Electives. 2		
YEAR		
Science of Education		
Electives 4		
YEAR Supervision and Criticism or an		
assigned elective. 2 History of Education 3 Teaching 3 Elizabethan Dramatists, 3; or Philosophy 2 Electives 5		

EXPLANATION OF DEGREE COURSE—Each candidate for the degree from the State Normal College must have a credit of 120 semester hours. By taking 15 hours each semester a student can graduate in four years. Three summer sessions will enable a student to complete 30 semester hours if his work is supervised by the college faculty during the school years intervening; otherwise four summer sessions will be required to cover 30 semester hours.

Six years of foreign languages are required for graduation and if the student presents credits for but four years on entering, the two collegiate years in a foreign language will be required.

Apparently the course above outlined is nearly all required yet there are many opportunities for options, resulting in a great many variations in the course. In the Junior year students who expect to teach a special subject such as Agriculture, Domestic Science, Commercial Science, etc., will be required to take a year in the subject chosen, 6 to 8 semester hours. Students not choosing any of these will be assigned an option by the Dean of the College.

One Year Course for College Graduates

GRADUATES of reputable colleges granting a bachelor's degree on four years' work may elect 15 hours of work in education from the following subjects, with the consent of the Dean of the College. Completion of 30 semester hours in Education will entitle the holder of a college degree to receive from the State Normal College of Ohio University the degree of bachelor of Science in Education.

FIRST SEMESTER—Select 15 hours: Psychology, 3; Paidology, 3; School Administration, 3; Science of Education, 3; History of Education, 3; Secondary Course of Study, 2; Observation and Teaching, 5; Grammar Grade Methods, 3; Elementary Course of Study, 3; High-School Methods. 2; Methods of Teaching Special Subjects, 2; Thesis, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Select 15 hours: Science of Education, 3; History of Education, 3; High-School Methods, 3; Psychology, 3; Supervision and Criticism, 2; Teaching, 3; Paidology, 3; History of Elementary Education, 3.

COURSE FOR ELEMENTARY TEACHERS

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER	
Psychology English Composition, Teachers' Course Sanitation and Hygiene	Literature in the Grades 2 2 American History 3	
American History	3 Public-School Music 1	
Public-School Drawing	1 Observation and Methods 2 2 School Management and School	
Observation and Mathada	9 Town 9	

SOPHOMORE YEAR

Paidology. 3 Elementary Course of Study. 2 Civic Biology. 3 Teaching. 2 Physiography. 2 History Flavorters, Education	Psychology 3 Sociology 2 English Poetry 3 Teaching 3 Elementary Agriculture 3; or
History of Elementary Education	Domestic Science. 3; or Manual Training, 3; or Hand Work 2; or Social Methods in Education. 2

Notes—This course requires a total of 66 semester hours of which 10 shall be in Observation and Teaching. Students who have had a satisfactory course in Drawing in the public schools will be held to but two hours each week for one year, while those who have had little or no instruction in Drawing prior to matriculation will be required to give four hours a week to this subject. Each group will receive the same credit, two semester hours. For further explanations of this course. see a succeeding page of this catalogue.

THE THIRD OR SPRING QUARTER—The second semester in each of the courses in the State Normal College is divided into half semesters, or quarters, in order to accommodate teachers who desire to enter late in April or early in May, or as soon as their schools close. Almost every study scheduled to be given in the second semester will be offered in two classes, the second class beginning about eight or nine weeks before the close of the semester and reciting twice as many times per week as the regular class. Each spring several of the regular first semester studies will also be offered at the time of the organization of the new classes, so that teachers may enter at that time even more advantageously than at the beginning of the Summer Quarter.

It will be noticed that in the second semester of the second year options are offered in vocational subjects. These subjects are now required in many schools and every teacher should be fully equipped in at least one of these subjects, but if the student for any good reason does not care to take work of this character,

some other study will be assigned by the Dean of the College. Students who desire one year or more than one full year's work in a vocational subject will be given the opportunity.

The maximum number of hours allowed in one semester is 17, not counting Physical Culture, which must be taken two semesters in any diploma course.

The requirements for admission to this course are the same as for admission to all other diploma and degree courses in the University, with the exception that the fifteen units required for freshman rank may be made up of any recognized secondary subjects. In other words, no foreign language is required for admission to the Normal College diploma courses. This statement applies to all courses in the State Normal College except the two degree courses. Any graduate from a recognized first grade high-school will be admitted to the Freshman class of any of these courses without examination, but should such a student desire to pursue the course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education, all the requirements for that course must be met.

DIPLOMA COURSE FOR SUPERVISORS OF PUBLIC SCHOOL DRAWING

FRESHMAN YEAR

SECOND SEMESTER

FIRST SEMESTER

Psychology 3 School Drawing 2 Elementary Manual Training 2 Free-Hand Drawing 4 Electives 6	School Management and School Law Principles of Education School Drawing Free-Hand Drawing Elementary Manual Training or Domestic Science	2 3 2 2
SOPHOMOR	RE YEAR	
Designing. 2 Mechanical Drawing. 2 Paidology. 3 Elementary Course of Study. 3 Observation and Methods. 2 Electives. 4	Designing Mechanical Drawing Free-Hand Drawing Teaching and Observation Electives	5 2 2
JUNIOR	YEAR	
Composition and Methods	ourse and this one in Drawing is. Should the student prefer, a ree leading to the degree of Bach.	4 3 4 3 - n 11
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PUE	BLIC SCHOOL DRAWING	
FRESHMA	N YEAR	
FIRST SEMESTER Psychology 3 School Drawing 1 Mechanical Drawing 2 Elementary Manual Training 2 Free-Hand Drawing 4 School Sanitation and Hygiene 2 Electives 3	SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education	1 2 2 3 2
SOPHOMOR	RE YEAR	
Composition and Methods. 4 Designing. 2 Elementary Course of Study. 2 Paidology. 3 Industrial Education. 2 Teaching. 2	Composition and Methods Designing. Free-Hand Drawing History of Industrial Education Teaching. Manual Training or Domestic Science	2 2 2 4

DIPLOMA COURSE IN KINDERGARTEN EDUCATION

FRESHMAN YEAR

SOPHOMORE YEAR

SECOND SEMESTER

Kindergarten Theory and Activ-

ities 4
School Music 2
Teaching in the Kindergarten 8
Primary Methods 2
History of Education 3

FIRST SEMESTER.

Psychology...... 3 Kindergarten Theory and Activ-

Observation and Methods...... 3 Sanitation and Hygiene..... 2

Kindergarten Theory and Activ-

ities. 5
School Music. 2
School Drawing. 1
Paidology 3
Teaching in Kindergarten 3

Handwork. 2 Electives. 2

DIPLOMA COURSE IN	MANUAL TRAINING
FRESHMA	N YEAR
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Psychology 3 School Drawing 1 Mechanical Drawing 2 Elementary Wood Work 2 Joinery 2 Sanitation and Hygiene 2 Observation and Methods 2 English Composition, Teachers' Course 2	Principles of Education, 3 School Drawing 1 Elementary Wood Work 2 Mechanical Drawing 2 Handwork 2 School Management and School Law 2 Observation and Methods 2 Bench work 2
sopнomo	RE YEAR
Cabinet Making. 2 Design 2 Constructive Mechanical Drawing. 2 Wood Finishing 2 Pattern Making 2 History and Organization of Manual Training 3 Teaching 3	Cabinet Making 2 Mechanical Drawing 2 Machine Shop 2 Wood Turning 2 Hammered Metal Work 2 Teaching 3 History of Industrial Education 2

DIPLOMA COURSE IN DOMESTIC SCIENCE

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Psychology 3 Chemistry 3	Principles of Education 3 Chemistry 3
Physiology and Sanitation 2	Sewing II
Food Study 2	Cooking II 2
Sewing I 2 Cooking I 2	Food Study
Drawing	Drawing 3
English Composition 2	Observation 3
	RE YEAR
Primary Hand Work 2	Elementary Agriculture (Home
Sewing III	Gardening) 3
Cooking III 2	Bacteriology 3
Applied Design	Sociology
History of Industrial Education 2	Sewing IV 2
Mechanical Drawing 2	Cooking IV 2
Household Management 3 History and Organization of	Dietetics
Domestic Science and Art 1	Teaching 3
DIPLOMA COURSE IN P	UBLIC-SCHOOL MUSIC
DIPLOMA COURSE IN F	UBLIC-SCHOOL MUSIC
DIPLOMA COURSE IN F	
, FRESHM.	AN YEAR
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FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Voice	SECOND SEMESTER Voice
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Voice	SECOND SEMESTER Voice
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Voice	SECOND SEMESTER
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Voice	SECOND SEMESTER Voice
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Voice	SECOND SEMESTER Voice
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Voice 2 Piano 1 Notation and Sight Singing 2 Harmony 2 Methods 2 History of Music 1 Psychology 3 Observation 2 Ear Training, % Semester 2 Chorus and Conducting, %	SECOND SEMESTER Voice
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Voice	SECOND SEMESTER Voice
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Voice 2 Piano 1 Notation and Sight Singing 2 Harmony 2 Methods 2 History of Music 1 Psychology 3 Observation 2 Ear Training, % Semester 2 Chorus and Conducting, %	SECOND SEMESTER Voice
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Voice 2 Piano 1 Notation and Sight Singing 2 Harmony 2 Methods 2 History of Music 1 Psychology 3 Observation 2 Ear Training, % Semester 2 Chorus and Conducting, %	SECOND SEMESTER Voice
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Voice	SECOND SEMESTER Voice
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DIPLOMA COURSE IN SCHOOL AGRICULTURE

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER		SECOND SEMESTER
General Agriculture Horticulture Forestry Civic Biology Rural School Didactics Domestic Science or Manual Training	3 2 3 3	General Agriculture

SOPHOMORE YEAR

Soils	2 s	Soils	2
		Chemistry	
		Rural Economics or Com'l Law.	3
Farm Animals	2	Farm Crops	3
Botany		Botany	
		Electives	4
Electives	2		

Electives to be made from the following subjects:

Professional Studies—School Administration and School Law, History of Education, Science of Education, Ethics, Secondary Course of Study, Psychology, Logic, Paidology, Supervision and Criticism, Sociology, Teaching.

OR—Agricultural Chemistry, Farm Accounts, Advanced Botany, Vertebrate Zoology, Physiography, Soils, Geology, Cement, Domestic Science, Manual Training.

Note—Students desiring to obtain the special state life certificate in Agriculture will need a total of 30 semester hours in professional subjects which they may do by taking 12 hours additional to the course as outlined or by making substitutions in the course, subject to the approval of the Dean of the College and the head of this department.

RURAL SCHOOL COURSE FOR TEACHERS

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
United States History 3 Advanced Arithmetic and Methods 3 Physical Geography 3 American Literature 3 *Rural School Didactics 3 Electives 2	United States History 3 Grammar 3 Political Geography 3 American Literature 3 Civil Government 3 Rural School Course of Study 2

SECOND YEAR

Psychology	3	Theory and Practice	3
Civic Biology (Nature Study)		Elementary Agriculture	
English Literature		English Literature	
Composition and Rhetoric		School Management and School	
Teaching	3	Law	3
		Teaching	3
**Electives	9		

*Courses in Rural School Didactics, Rural School Course of Study School Management and School Law will be organized at the middle of the second semester to accommodate teachers entering after the close of their schools.

**A great deal of latitude will be allowed students in electing branches to make up the required amount of work, and subjects can be selected from either the mathematics, science, history, or English departments No student will be permitted to carry more than 17 semester hours Each student taking this course should have at least one semester in Manual Training.

THE STATE PREPARATORY SCHOOL OF THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

FLETCHER S. COULTRAP, Principal

The aim of this school is primarily to prepare students to enter the Freshman class of the Ohio University, at Athens. This city is situated in a portion of Ohio having few cities and not a large number of first-grade high-schools. It would evidently be unfair to the youth of South-eastern Ohio if they were denied the opportunity to prepare to enter college. Since many of the most promising young men and young women come from the rural communities where there is only a second-grade or a third-grade high-school or perhaps no high-school at all, they find it necessary to go away from home to secure high-school education or to prepare for college.

Rather then go to a strange town to secure their high-school training and then go to still another town or city and be obliged to form new aquaintances in securing a college education, many of these young men and young women prefer to come to Athens where they may secure their preparatory training and their college education in the same school home.

Here the facilities for instruction in the preparatory studies are much better than many communities can afford. Again, many young men and young women do not receive the real awakening and the real desire for more education until they have passed beyond the usual high-school or adolescent age. Perhaps they have taught school for several years before they have been aroused by a re-birth, or perhaps they were compelled to teach a few years in order to make the money necessary to secure a college education. They soon find that they are really too old to attend the local high-school and would not find a hearty welcome there owing to differences due

to age and experience. They want to live and work with young men and young women of their own age and their own ideals. Hence, the necessity and the wisdom of maintaining a State Preparatory School in South-eastern Ohio.

It should be borne in mind, however, that the authorities of this University do not advise boys and girls who have highschool opportunities at home to leave such opportunities for the State Preparatory School. Young people under eighteen years of age should remain at home and profit by such advantages as may be offered in their own localities, unless there is no good high-school within reasonably convenient access. The State Preparatory School hopes to encourage young men and young women who feel too old to mingle with adolescents of the ordinary high-school age; and also to encourage thousands of teachers who began teaching before having completed a highschool course and now feel that they would be more or less humiliated to return to high-school. Thousands of these young men and young women should be saved to the teaching profession, and they must realize that in order to be of the most service to the state as teachers they must secure a college education, at least a two-year college course to fit them for work in the elementary schools.

The Principal of the State Preparatory School will be pleased to advise, personally or by correspondence, any young man or young woman who feels his or her handicap.

NORMAL COLLEGE PREPARATORY

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER	
Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 5 Composition and Rhetoric 5 Ancient History 4 Physiology and Hygiene 4	Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 8 Composition and Rhetoric 2 Modern History 4 School Drawing 2	2
SECOND	YEAR	
Cæsar and Latin Composition 4 Plane Geometry	Cassar and Latin Composition Solid Geometry Sengish History or American Classics 4Botany Solid Geometry Solid G	6
THIRD	YEAR	
Cicero or German 4 Algebra, Completed 3 English Classics 4 Physics 4 Public-School Drawing 2 Mechanical Drawing 1 Elementary Joinery or Plain Sewing 2	Cicero or German 4 Physics 4 History of English Literature and Classics 4 Public-School Drawing 1 Mechanical Drawing or Public School Drawing 1 Problems in Furniture Making or Dressmaking 2	
FOURTE	H YEAR	
Virgil or German 4 United States History 5 Chemistry 4 Orthography and Phonics 2 Physical Geography 5	Virgil or German. 4 Advanced Arithmetic. 3 Advanced English Grammar. 3 Civil Government. 3 Chemistry, 3; or Agriculture 3 Electives. 4	

CLASSICAL PREPARATORY COURSE

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 5 Composition and Rhetoric 5 Physiology and Hygiene 4 Drawing 2	Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 3 Composition and Rhetoric 5 Electives 5 Drawing 2
SECOND	YEAR
Cæsar and Latin Composition 4 Plane Geometry 5 American Classics 4 Ancient History 4 Drawing 1	Cæsar and Latin Composition 4 solid Geometry 3 History of American Literature and Classics 4 Modern History 4 Drawing 1 Music 1
THIRD	YEAR
Cicero and Latin Prose	Cicero and Latin Prose
FOURTH	YEAR
Virgil and Latin Prose	Virgil and Latin Prose. 4 American Government 3 Beginning Greek, completed and Xenophon's Anabasis. 5 Advanced Arithmetic. 3 Freehand Drawing. 3 Electives. 2

SCIENTIFIC PREPARATORY COURSE

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER			
Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 5 Physiology and Hygiene 4 Composition and Rhetoric 5 Drawing 2	Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 3 Composition and Rhetoric 5 Electives 5 Drawing 2			
SECOND	YEAR			
Cæsar and Latin Prose 4 Ancient History. 4 American Classics 4 Drawing 1 Plane Geometry 5 Elementary Cooking	Cæsar and Latin Prose 4 Modern History 4 American Literature and Classics 4 Drawing 1 Solid Geometry 3 Music 1 Elementary Cooking 1			
THIRD	YEAR			
Cicero and Latin Prose or German 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, completed 3 Roman History 4 English Classies 4 Food Study	Cicero and Latin Prose or German 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Grecian History 4 History of Literature and Classics 4 Household Management 4			
FOURTH YEAR				
Virgil and Latin Prose or German 4 United States History 5 Physical Geography 5 Elementary Physics and Lab 4 Freehand Drawing 2	Virgil and Latin Prose or German. 4 American Government 3 Advanced Arithmetic 8 Elementary Physics and Lab. 4 Freehand Drawing 3 Advanced Grammar 3			

NOTE—In this course, all or two years of the Latin may be substituted by an equivalent in French or German.

CANDIDATES FOR ADMISSION to this department must furnish satisfactory evidence of good character, and must give evidence of proficiency in all studies of the courses lower than those they wish to pursue. Students who expect to graduate from the State Normal College must give evidence that they are thoroughly familiar with the common-school branches.

There are three preparatory courses, each requiring four years for its completion, and each leading to a corresponding course in the University or in the State Normal College. For the benefit of those who wish a more thorough preparation for their work, classes in Arithmetic, Elementary Algebra, and English Grammar will be organized at the beginning of each semester.

COURSES OF STUDY IN DETAIL

LATIN

FIRST YEAR

Collar and Daniell's First Year Latin completed. Easy Latin Prose Composition based on the First Year Latin work. The aim of this year is a complete mastery of the First Year Latin.

Note-Classes in Beginning Latin are organized each semester.

SECOND YEAR

Cæsar's Commentaries and Latin Prose Composition. Much emphasis is placed on the Latin Prose that the students may become familiar with the more simple Latin constructions.

THIRD YEAR

Cicero's Orations. At least six Orations are read, including the four Orations against Catiline. Latin Prose Composition. A careful study of forms and syntax is an important part of this year's work.

FOURTH YEAR

Virgil's Aeneid, Books I-VI. Grammar reviews, scansion, and mythology. Latin Prose Composition.

GREEK

FIRST SEMESTER

White's First Greek Book with particular reference to inflections and sentence writing.

SECOND SEMESTER

White's First Greek Book and Xenophon's Anabasis. Grammatical reviews and translations into Greek of easy prose.

PREPARATORY ENGLISH

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER

Composition and Rhetoric. Elementary work in the theme, the paragraph, and the sentence.

SECOND SEMESTER

Composition and Rhetoric. Work in narration, description, exposition, and argumentation.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER

Classics from American Literature: Poe, Bryant, Webster, Franklin, Irving, Cooper, Washington, Thoreau, Emerson, Holmes, Whittier, Longfellow, Lowell Hawthorne, Burroughs, Aldrich. Short stories.

SECOND SEMESTER

History of American Literature, with collateral readings.

Third Year

FIRST SEMESTER

Classics from English Literature: Milton's Minor Poems, Pope's Rape of the Lock, Merchant of Venice, Julius Caesar, Hamlet, Macbeth, The Tempest, Selections from Goldsmith, Rasselas, Sheridan, Coleridge, Wordsworth, Burns, Carlyle, Macaulay, George Eliot, and Tennyson.

SECOND SEMESTER

History of American Literature, with collateral readings.

Fourth Year

A thorough review of the principles of English Grammar with a view to a mastery of this subject. Advanced English Grammar,

GERMAN

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER

German Grammar complete. Study of forms and compositions. Conversation based on Newson's First German Book (the new edition of Alge's Leiftfaden), in connection with Hoelzel's charts on the seasons. Reader begun.

SECOND SEMESTER

Some short modern stories, such as Storm's *Immensee* and composition based thereon. Conversation as in first semester. Schiller's *Der Neffe als Onkel* or some other short comedy.

This course is for students who offer no credit in German for entrance and begin the study of German. For students who have had one year of high-school work in German, the following work is offered preparatory to regular Freshman German: first and second semesters; Review of German, conversation based on Newson's German Course and those Hoelzel charts connected with it, and also on the other charts of this series and the appropriate pamphlets, as well as on the student magazine Aus und Fern. Reading of several modern stories and composition based on the text. Since this course is preeminently conversational and elementary, three recitations a week will be given for two hours of credit. It is known as Conversational or Special Freshman German, as collegiate credit will be given if the student is otherwise entitled to it.

FRENCH

Students taking the Scientific Course may substitute French and German for all or a part of Latin. As to the work in French and Spanish, consult the Department of French and Spanish in another part of the catalogue.

PHYSICS

FIRST AND SECOND SEMESTER

Recitations and Laboratory work, four hours per week. Graduates of first grade high-schools who have studied such texts as Carhart and Chute or Millikan and Gale will receive full credit for their class work. If in addition they present note books showing that at least forty experiments have been performed and carefully written up, they will receive full credit for the course without condition.

The first semester is devoted to Properties of Matter, Laws of Motion, Mechanics of Solids, Liquids, Gases, and Heat.

The second semester is devoted to Magnetism and Electricity, Sound, and Light. One of the above texts will be used in the class, and the manual of Atkinson and Evans as a laboratory guide.

PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY

This subject is required in all the courses. A standard textbook is studied for one semester.

BOTANY

This course will be a study of plants in their practial relations to mankind. Much emphasis will be placed on field and garden work. Each student will prepare a herbarium, and will be required to attend to a small garden. *Practical Botany* by Bergen and Caldwell will be the text. Three hours per week throughout the year.

AMERICAN GOVERNMENT

A careful study of the actual workings of the government, national, state, and local.

James and Sanford's Government in State and Nation is used as the text.

U.S. HISTORY

Reference work is required each week. Some training in the use of sources is given. Frequent reports and papers are required. Careful note books must be kept.

GENERAL HISTORY

The aim is to give the student a general acquaintance with the leading persons, and the institutions, political and religious, with the literary and artistic movement; in general, with the progress of civilization in its broader aspects. The method employed will be the textbook, references to more comprehensive works, essay-writing, map-drawing, and lectures by the instructor.

ARITHMETIC

This course in Arithmetic comprises two semesters. Accuracy and rapidity in performing the operations in the solutions of

problems is the first aim in the study of this subject. These accomplishments are brought about through the use of carefully prepared exercises and drills in the four fundamentals and in fractions, including also a course in Mental Arithmetic. Ray's Higher Arithmetic is the text-book for the second semester The subjects especially emphasized in this term's work are the following applications of Percentage: Profit and Loss, Interest, True and Bank Discount, Stocks and Bonds, Commission, Exchange, and Equation of Payments. Other subjects which receive special attention are Arithmetical Analysis, Involution and Evolution, and the very important subject of Mensuration. The one important result, a proper understanding of the reason for every step necessary to the solution of a problem, is kept constantly in mind throughout all the work in Arithmetic. This is the teachers' class and forms of solution and methods of teaching receive special attention.

ALGEBRA

First semester Algebra will include all the fundamental operations of Algebra, factoring and its applications, and simple equations, to involution and evolution. Well's Secondary Algebra is the text-book used.

Second semester Algebra, will include a brief review of simple equations, indeterminate equations, inequalities, special method of eliminiation, symmetry, and quadratic equations to harmonical progression, using Fisher and Schwatt's *Higher Algebra* as the text-book.

GEOMETRY-PLANE AND SOLID

The work in Plane Geometry will run through the first semester. In this work students are encouraged to form the habit of original investigation. Terseness and technical accuracy of statements are constant requirements, and much emphasis is given to the application of the principles of geometry to arithmetic.

Solid Geometry will be given the first half of the second semester. This work will include the fundamental propositions in planes and solid angles, polyhedrons, and the sphere, with a

great variety of original exercises. Lyman's Plane and Solid Geometry is the text-book used.

As in arithmetic, so in algebra and geometry, special emphasis is placed upon forms of solution and methods of teaching for the benefit of Normal College students taking work in teaching and observation.

DESCRIPTIVE ASTRONOMY

A two-hour course through one semester is devoted to this subject. A text-book is used, but the topical method of recitation is followed, and students are encouraged to seek information from the standard works of Astronomy in the library. Students are made familiar with the Zodiacal and Circum-polar Constellations, the principal stars and planets. The University is supplied with a good telescope and all the apparatus necessary to efficient work in this study.

Note—For the courses in Advanced Algebra, Trigonometry, and Surveying, and electives in mathematics, see description of courses in the College of Liberal Arts. The courses in Arithmetic are offered each semester. Classes in Algebra and Geometry will be organized at the close of ninth week of the second semester to accommodate teachers entering after the close of their schools.

PHYSIOLOGY

The text-book is Hough and Sedwick's *The Human Mechanism*. The aim is to give a good general knowledge of anatomy and hygiene and of the functions of the different organs of the body. A large amount of laboratory work is done.

DRAWING

Drawing is required in all courses. Three hours in the studio are considered equivalent to the recitation hour.

The work begins with Still-life in outline, then Still-life in light and shade, single objects and in groups. After this, perspective is taken up. The work is done in charcoal, but occasionally the pencil is used and also pen and ink by those who desire it.

Drills are given in time sketching and in memory sketching. When the student can do this work satisfactorily, he may work in color or he may study from the cast; first, individual features, then heads, then the figure. This can not be done in two semesters however unless the student has unusual ability, or puts in more than one hour a day.

When the students are able to draw from the living models they are permitted to do so. A great variety of work can be done as the student advances, such as studies in composition, posters with the figure for the principal motive, etc.

Courses in Mechanical Drawing and in Public-School Drawing are also offered for preparatory credit.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF OHIO UNIVERSITY, ATHENS, OHIO

For 1913 June 23-August 1. For 1914 June 22-July 31.

GENERAL INFORMATION

ATTENDANCE—The Summer School of 1912 was attended by 1003 regular students from 79 different Ohio counties, and from other states and foreign countries. The pupils in the various training schools, and those attending the special lectures and conferences are not included in the 1003.

FACULTY—Note that all the instructors, with few exceptions, are regularly engaged in teaching in Ohio University. Those who enroll in the summer term are thus assured of the very best instruction the University has to offer. In the quality and methods of instruction the Summer School ranks with the regular work of the college year.

Courses of Study—In arranging the courses of study for the Summer School of 1913, the various needs of all classes of teachers and those preparing to teach have been carefully considered and fully provided for. Those who are not teachers will also find ample provision for their needs. The variety of courses offered is so great that the Summer School will contain men and women of mature years as well as high-school students who are taking preparatory work. Everybody who wishes to prepare for better living and better service will find opportunity for profitable study.

The wise Summer School student, instead of making the common mistake of reviewing familiar elementary subjects, will select advanced work. All who are prepared to enter upon one of the courses of the College of Liberal Arts or State Normal College should do so.

RANGE OF STUDIES—By turning to the Schedule of Recitations and to the list of the Faculty, as given in the Bulletin, it will be observed that the range of studies offered is so extensive as to meet the needs of all who desire further preparatory, collegiate, or pedagogical instruction.

PRIVATE LESSONS—Arrangements may be made by students attending the Summer School for private lessons in Latin, Higher Mathematics, Physical Education, and in Music. For terms in music see elsewhere. With the exception of music, the cost of private instruction will not exceed \$7.50 for the full term of six weeks, or \$0.75 for each lesson. Inasmuch as the work offered in the regular classes of the Summer School covers so wide a range of subjects, it will be, in most cases, a matter of election on of the part of students if they take private instead of class work.

REVIEWS—Ample provision has been made for the needs of young teachers, and those preparing for examinations, by means of thorough reviews in all the studies required in city, county and state examinations. Students preparing to teach, or preparing for any advanced examination, will find excellent opportunities at Athens.

SPRING REVIEWS—The second semester of Ohio University will open Monday, February 3, 1913, and close Thursday, June 19, 1913. On Monday, April 28, 1913, new review classes will be formed as following: Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, United State History, English Literature, General History, Physiology, Physics, Botany, Manual Training, School Agriculture, Domestic Science, and Theory and Practice of Teaching.

These classes can be entered to advantage any time prior to May 26, 1913. Only a just portion of the usual semester fee of \$9.00 will be charged students who enter at the time of the forming of these special classes or later. If demand is sufficiently strong, review classes may be formed in Plane Geometry, Elementary Algebra, Elementary Chemistry, Latin, German, and some other subjects. However, none of this work is promised.

PRIMARY TEACHERS—Special attention is called to the fact that the Training School, or Model School, will be in session during the Summer term. In this school emphasis is placed upon the training of primary teachers. Village and City teachers will

find this course *especially* valuable. *Every teacher* of the graded schools will have an opportunity to receive instruction in the best methods of teaching as applied to primary or grammar grades.

THE RURAL, TRAINING SCHOOL is also in session during the summer term and all teachers taking training for positions in rural schools will have opportunity to observe a very fine type of teaching in the Rural Training School. Three members of the Normal College faculty give their entire time to this rural school work.

LIBRARY, ETC.—The museums, art studios, library, and gym nasium of the University will be accessible to students *free of charge*. Within the last few years thousands of dollars' worth of books on Education have been added to this Library, until now the State Normal College has one of the best pedagogical libraries in this country.

TEXT-BOOKS—All text-books will be supplied at the *lowest* price possible. Students should bring with them as many supplementary texts as convenient.

EXPENSES—No tuition will be charged. The registration fee of \$3.00 will entitle students to all the privileges of the University, save special instruction in private classes. All students taking laboratory courses in Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Agriculture, or Psychology, will pay a fee of \$1.00 for each course, payable to the Registrar at time of registration.

In no case will this registration fee, or any part of it, be returned to the student after it has been paid to the Registrar.

Boarding in clubs, per week, costs \$2.75 to \$3.00; in restaurants the usual rate is \$3.50; in Boyd Hall and Women's Hall, \$2.75. A student may attend the summer school six weeks and pay all expenses, except railroad fare, on from \$27.00 to \$33.00. By observing the strictest economy, less than this would be required.

AMPLE ACCOMMODATION—No school town can offer better accommodations at more reasonable prices than Athens. Nicely furnished rooms in private houses, convenient to the University may be rented for \$1.00 a week including light, bedding, fuel towels, and everything needed by the roomer. This rate is given where two students occupy the same room. If occupied by one student, such rooms usually rent for \$1.50 a week. It is safe

to say that four-fifths of the rooms rented to students are rented at \$1.00 each per week.

WOMEN'S HALL AND BOYD HALL—These two buildings will accommodate about 180 women students. The yare owned by the University and the rooms are of good size and well furnished.

Students securing quarters here will pay from \$3.75 to \$4.00 per week for board and lodging, everything furnished save soap and towels. Students wishing rooms in the buildings should engage them in advance. Such rooms will be in demand.

It is required that every student occupying a room in either of these buildings pay the weekly charge for the whole term.

Write to Miss Willanna M. Riggs, Dean of Boyd Hall, or Mrs. Bertha T. Dowd, Dean of Women's Hall. Students who do not wish to engage rooms in advance will experience no trouble in getting promptly located. Fifteen hundred students can find desirable accommodations in Athens.

ATHENS—Located on a hill and surrounded by many beautiful wooded hills, Athens is one of the most sanitary and attractive of the smaller cities of Ohio. The water is pure, the streets paved, the homes attractive, and the residents intelligent, progressive, and friendly. There are no saloons in Athens.

How To REACH ATHENS—Athens is on the main line of the following railroads: Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern; Hocking Valley, and Ohio Central lines.

By leaving home at any point in Ohio, Athens can be reached on the same day. There are three trains daily from Parkersburg, six from Toledo, six from Columbus, seven from Corning, and seven from Middleport. The schedule below indicates the ease by which you can reach the Ohio University Summer School:

Leave:	Arrive at Athens

Toledo 10:40	5:55
Columbus 3:00	5:55
Cincinnati 12:15	4:52
Portsmouth 2:00	
Marietta 12:08	3:30
Bellaire 11:25	3:14
Zanesville 12:50	
Cambridge 11:50	

Steubenville	9:40	3:14
Youngstown	11:05	5:55
Marion	1:19	5:55
Canton	10:59	5:55
Ashtabula	9:20	5:55
Cleveland	11:35	5:55
Elyria	10:41	5:55
Bucyrus	9:50	3:14
Mansfield	10:14	3:14
Dayton	1:27	5:55
Springfield	1:57	5:55
Lima	1:27	9:00
East Liverpool	9:08	5:55
Coshocton	11:54	5:55
Newark	7:55	11:20
Van Wert	11:48	9:00
Sandusky	8:05	3:14
Akron	10:15	5:55

IMPORTANT—On reaching Athens, unless the student has made definite arrangements concerning a lodging place, he should at once report to the *Information Bureau* on the first floor of Ewing Hall.

REQUEST FOR NAMES—Superintendents and teachers are requested to send to the President of the University the names and addresses of teachers and others who would likely be *interested* in some line of work presented at Ohio University. The Ohio University Bulletin is sent free and regularly to all persons who desire to have their names enrolled on the mailing list.

SUMMER SCHOOL ADVANTAGES—Besides having an opportunity to pursue systematically almost any study desired, under the directions of those regularly employed in this work, the student of the Summer School enjoys the advantages of the aquaintance, friendship, and counsel of many prominent superintendents, examiners, principals, and others who are always on the lookout for progressive, well-qualified teachers. Hundreds of wide-awake teachers find more lucrative and more desirable positions through attendance at the Summer Schools.

A TEACHERS BUREAU—During the Summer School of 1913 Professor C. L. Martzolff, Alumni Secretary of the University, will conduct, free of charge, a bureau for teachers. Superintendents who desire capable teachers, whether for the high-school or the grades, will gladly be assisted by the bureau. Last year under the directions of Dean H. G. Williams the bureau secured positions aggregating many thousands of dollars.

CONCLUSION—In recent years thousands of people have learned to know something of the broad scope of the work undertaken by the Ohio University and State Normal College at Athens. By coming to the brief session of the Summer School hundreds of young men and women have received an awakening which has disclosed to them a new world of opportunity and service. All of the advantages of the Summer School of 1913 are at your service.

For further information concerning the session of 1913, write to Edwin W. Chubb, Dean of the College of Liberal Arts, Athens. O.

For latest catalogue, handsome Souvenir Bulletin, or special information, address

ALSTON ELLIS,
President of Ohio University, Athens, O.

GENERAL REMARKS

It is of importance that all students and prospective students read with care the statements set forth below. They 'convey information that will save much trouble, and no little confusion, if they are understood and heeded.

Note that, with few exceptions, the Faculty of the Summer School is made up of Professors and Instructors regularly connected with OHIO UNIVERSITY and THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE.

A student will be permitted to take three collegiate subjects, in case the total of hours of credit does not amount to more than six. One hundred and twenty hours are required to graduate from one of the four year courses of Ohio University. The six hours is a little more in credit value than the 120 under the old system used in previous Summer Schools of Ohio University.

In no case will more than six semester hours of college credit be given to any student for work done in the SUMMER SCHOOL.

NOTE: Unless otherwise designated each course is a college credit course for which two hours of credit are given.

It is not advisable for a student seeking college recognition to undertake more than sufficient to round out the required hours of credit. When subjects selected by a student foot up more than the prescribed hours of credit, they may be taken, subject to the approval of the Committee on Classification, but the total hours of credit will in no case be permitted to exceed the limit of six hours.

Students taking work for which no college credit is asked will be permitted much freedom in the choice of studies. All such, however, are strongly advised not to attempt too much. In most branches of study double work is done, and students should bear that fact in mind in selecting their work. In but few cases can students take with profit more than three recitations daily—even this chiefly where review work is selected.

It will be seen that full provision has been made for more then 150 recitations daily, not to mention the daily laboratory practice connected with the scientific studies, the daily teaching in the ten training schools, and the facilties for reading and investigation afforded within the hours when the University Library is open.

LECTURES AND ENTERTAINMENTS

THE BEN GREET PLAYERS—This famous organization will present two out-door performances of Shaksperian plays on the afternoon and evening of Tuesday, July 15. The company will include Ben Greet himself and twenty other experienced players. As this is probably the highest priced attraction ever presented at any Summer School in the state, an admission fee of \$1.00 for one performance, or \$1.50 for the two, will have to be charged.

FREE LECTURES—There will be numerous free lectures by speakers of reputation and ability. For the list and special lectures on Agriculture, see elsewhere.

Other lectures will be given by:

Hon. Frank W. Miller,

State Commissioner of Common Schools.

Hon. A. P. Sandles,

Secretary State Department of Agriculture, Columbus, Ohio.

Principal Pliny A. Johnson,

Woodward High School,

Cincinnati, Ohio.

Hon. O. T. Corson,

Editor of the Ohio Educational Monthly, Columbus, Ohio.

Prof. F. B. Pearson,

High School Visitor, O. S. U.

Columbus, Ohio.

James Ball Naylor, M. D.,

Malta, Ohio.

FACULTY LECTURES AND SONG RECITALS—On each Tuesday and Thursday evening there will be a special lecture from 7 to 8 o'clock in Music Hall by a member of the Faculty. The lecture will be brief and close promptly at eight. On each Wednesday evening during the same hour Professor McVey, Director of the College of Music, will conduct a song Recital in Music Hall, or lead in out-door singing of college and other popular songs in front of the Central Building, the oldest college building in Ohio. The dates and lectures follow:

June 24,	Tuesday	President Alston Ellis
June 25,	Wednesday.	Song Recital
June 26,	Thursday	Professor F. Treudley
July I,	Tuesday	Professor C. N. Mackinnon
July 2,	Wednesday.	Song Recital
July 3,	Thursday	Professor A. A. Atkinson
July 8,	Tuesday	Dean E. W. Chubb
July 9,	Wednesday.	Song Recital
July 10,	Thursday	Professor C. M. Copeland
Ju!y 15,	Tuesday (N	To lecture, owing to the Ben Greet Players)
July 16,	Wednesday.	Song Recital
July 17,	Thursday	Professor C. L. Martzolff
July 22,	Tuesday	Professor F. C. Landsittel

July 23, Wednesday	Song Recital
July 24, Thursday	
July 29, Tuesday	Professor W. F. Mercer
July 30, Wednesday	Song Recital

CONFERENCE

FOR SUPERINTENDENTS AND OTHER ADMINISTRATORS—During the fifth week of the session, beginning Monday, July 21, a series of Conferences will be held daily at 3:10. Prominent School and College men will conduct these conferences, and those advanced students who take School Administration daily throughout the term, or Secondary Course of Study will be required to attend these Conferences for five days and take notes on the same.

SCHEDULE OF RECITATIONS

Of the Summer School of Ohio University—June 23 to August 1, 1913.

(Note the alphabetic arrangement; also that unless otherwise indicated all courses are collegiate, receiving a credit of two semester hours)

7:00 A. M.

Agriculture, General—Course I.
Arithmetic, with methods—Sec. I.
Arithmetic, Milne's Practical—Sec. I.
Botany, College.
Chemistry, Quantitative Analysis.
Cooking, First semester.
Didactics, Secondary.
Education, History of.
English, Freshman Composition (Normal College.)
German I, Preparatory.
History, General, Sec. I. Preparatory.
Paidology, Childhood.
Physics, First semester, Preparatory.

School Management, Sec. I.

Vergil.

7:50 A. M.

Algebra, First, Preparatory.

Chemistry, First.

Course of Study, Elementary.

Didactics, Rural School, (Observation and Methods.)

Education, History of, Elementary.

English-

History of English Literature, Sec. I. Preparatory.

Shakspere.

Food Study.

French, Beginning.

History, American, First semester.

Horticulture.

Latin, Second semester, Preparatory.

Music—Theory and Sight Reading, Beginners' Class, Sec. I.
I hour credit.

Physics, Freshman,

Psychology, Introductory.

School Administration.

Teaching.

Typewriting, Advanced.

Wood Work, Elementary.

Chapel 8:40 to 9:00 A. M.

9:00 A. M.

Accounting, First half.

Algebra, Third, Preparatory.

Algebra, Second, Preparatory.

Biology, Civic, Sec. 1.

Cabinet Making.

Course of Study, Rural School.

Drawing in the Training School.

English-

Freshman Composition (Liberal Arts).

Advanced Grammar and Methods.—Sec. I.

Entomology (Advanced Nature Study).

Forestry.

German II. Preparatory.

History-

The British Empire.

English History.

United States History, Review, Preparatory.

Latin-

Cæsar, Preparatory.

Methods of Teaching Latin.

Music in the Training School.

Paidology, Boygirlhood.

Physics, Elementary, Laboratory, Preparatory.

Sociology.

Teaching.

9:50 A. M.

Accounting, Advanced.

Botany, Elementary, Preparatory.

Cicero de Senectute et de Amicitia, Freshman.

Course of Study, Secondary.

Drawing, Public School, first semester, Sec. I. 1 hour credit.

Education, Science of.

Economics.

Farm Animals.

Geography, Methods of Teaching.

Geometry, Plane, Preparatory.

German III.

Grammar, Review in, Sec. II, Preparatory.

History, General, Sec. II, Preparatory

Household Management,

Music in the Training School.

Penmanship (no credit.)

Physical Education (Gymnasium) Sec. I.

Physics, Elementary, Laboratory.

Physiology, High-School, Preparatory.

Primary Methods and Observation (8 times a week, 5 in A. M., and 3 in P. M.)

Psychology, Experimental.

Teaching in Training Schools.

10:40 A. M.

Agriculture, Elements of.

Biology, Civic, Sec. II.

Chemistry, Qualitative Analysis, first semester.

Cicero's Orations.

English-

American Literature, General Survey, Preparatory.

English Poetry.

French, Advanced.

Geography, Physical, Preparatory.

Geometry, Solid, Preparatory.

History, American, Sec. II.

Manual Training, Elementary.

Music-Choral Class, credit 1 hour.

Paidology, Exceptional Child.

Penmanship (no credit).

Physics, Elementary, Laboratory, Preparatory

School Management, Sec. II.

Typewriting, Beginning.

1:30 P. M.

Agriculture, General, Course 2.

Commercial Law.

Drawing, Public School, first semester, Sec. II.

Credit I hour.

Education, Principles of.

English-

History of English Literature, Sec. II. Preparatory.

Advanced Grammar with Methods. Sec. II.

Tennyson and Browning.

High-School Methods.

History, Methods in Teaching.

Hygiene and Sanitation.

Latin, Beginning, Preparatory.

Manual Training, History and Organization of.

Model Sewing.

Music Methods of Teaching in Public School.

Physical Education (Gymnasium) Sec. II.

Physics, second semester, Preparatory.

Plane Trigonometry.

Primary Methods.

Psychological Laboratory.

Rural School Supervision.

Spanish, Beginning.

Stenography, Beginning.

2:20 P. M.

Bacteria in Relation to Home and Country Life.

Chemical Laboratory.

Civics, Advanced.

Drawing, Public School, second semester, 1 hour credit.

Education, Philosophy of.

English-

Byron, Keats, and Shelley.

High-School Methods in Teaching English.

Review in Grammar, Sec. I, Preparatory.

German, Advanced.

Grammar Grade Methods.

Mathematics-

College Algebra.

Arithmetic with Methods, Sec. II.

Milne's Arithmetic. Sec. II.

Music—Theory and Sight Reading, Beginners' Class, II.

Physics, Freshman, Laboratory.

Physiography (Advanced Geography).

Psychological Laboratory.

Rural Economics.

Sewing, Plain.

Stenography, Advanced.

3:10 P. M.

Arithmetic in Grammar Grades, Methods of teaching.

Art Needle Work.

Chemistry, Second Course.

Civics, Preparatory.

Ethics.

French, Scientific.

Home Nursing and Emergencies.

Music—Theory and Sight Reading, Advanced Class, I hour credit.

Ohio History.

Penmanship.

Physics, Elementary, Review of Text. Preparatory.

Physics, Freshman, Laboratory.

Poetry, American.

Psychological Laboratory.

Schoolmasters' Conferences, 3:10 to 5:00 P. M., July 20-24.

4:20 P. M.

Overflow and additional classes will be scheduled at this hour.

7:00 to 8:00 P. M.

Free Lectures and Song Recitals in Music Hall. Each Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday.

OHIO UNIVERSITY

Degrees, Diplomas, and Certificates June 13, 1912

A. B.

Zillah Fern Atkinson	Zanesville
Etta Cornelia Ayers	Gambier
George Cromwell Blower	Glouster
Mary Ella Caroline Buch	Massillon
Joseph Hooker Comstock	Athens
Bessie Irene Gibson	Amesville
Bessie Mabel Gorslene	Athens
Milton De La Haye Hughes	Monroeville
Anna Laura Jones	Portsmouth
Charles Kelley Knight	$\dots\dots A thens$
Anna Gladys Merrin	Mt. Vernon
Elizabeth Anne Murphy	Carlton
Gertrude O'Connor	Stewart
Louise Ogan	McArthur
Frank Harlan Palmer	Glenford
Mary Annette Powell	Athens
Marie Louise Price	
Clarence Ray Ridenour	
Harry Lee Ridenour	New Lexington
Hazel Elizabeth Rigby	East Liverpool
Benjamin Franklin Smith	Athens
Marguerite Gow Henderson Sutherland	
Elizabeth Amelia Taylor	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Stella May Van Dyke	Athens
Mella Van Meter	
Samuel Oliver Welday	Bloomingdale

B. S.

	Franklin Clyde Carpenter	Athens	
	Jacob Roland Collins,		
	Edward Alexander Coovert		
	John Bernard Dickson	Athens	
	Howard Leroy Dunlap		
	Harold Altair Elson		
	Perry Wilbur Fattig	Athens	
	John Goldsworthy	Glouster	
	Ralph Clinton Kenney	Athens	
	Fred Charles Langenberg		
	Harry Brunker McBee		
	Jose Carlos De MelloPa		
	Jay Arthur Myers	Athens	
	Hugh Whiteford Parks	Cadiz	
	Jay Robert Patterson	Shiloh	
	Horton Calahan Pownall	Pomeroy	
	Reed Phillips Rose	Athens	
	Charles Forrest Sharp	Lucasville	
	Buren Riley Shields	Crooksville	
	Charles Elmo Stailey	Athens	
	Rudy Bell Teeling	Millersburg	
	Callie King Walls	Athens	
	John Douglas Welsh	Carpenter	
	Fred Shepper Wheaton	Athens	
	Ph. B.		
	Clarence Lee Shilliday	New Milford	
	Marie Lleyellyn Vanderslice		
B. S. in Education			
	Adda May Andrews	Glouster	
	Gertrude Bartlett	Sonora	
	William Ransom Cable	Athens	
	Nettie Sara Duga		
	Oscar Ellsworth Dunlap		
	Delma Viola Elson	Athens	
	George Arthur Erf		

	Portsmouth
Jay Gilmore Hickox	
Mabel Roxy Howell	
Eulalia Jefferis	
Ora Clyde Lively	
Edith McMinn McCormick	
Mary Elizabeth McLean	
Leota Blanche Morris	_
Mary Jane Morris	
Ernest Leland Nixon	
George Newton Norris	
Anna Gail Patterson	
John Conrad Richards	
John Roy Richards	
В. О.	
Clyde Uriah Keckley	Alliance
A. M.	
Edith Palmer	Athona
Raymond Mahlon Slutz	
Kaymond Manion Stutz	Athens
M. S.	A 4.3
Homer Guy Bishop	
Homer Guy Bishop	Dawson
Homer Guy Bishop	Dawson Athens
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon	
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson	
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson M. S. in Education	
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson M. S. in Education Frederick Conrad Landsittel	Dawson Athens Pennsville Athens Athens
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson M. S. in Education	Dawson Athens Pennsville Athens Athens
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson M. S. in Education Frederick Conrad Landsittel	Dawson Athens Pennsville Athens Athens Athens
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson M. S. in Education Frederick Conrad Landsittel Beverly Oden Skinner A. M. Pro Honore	Dawson Athens Pennsville Athens Athens Athens
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson M. S. in Education Frederick Conrad Landsittel Beverly Oden Skinner	Dawson Athens Pennsville Athens Athens Athens Athens Athens
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson M. S. in Education Frederick Conrad Landsittel Beverly Oden Skinner A. M. Pro Honore Clyde Ferdinand Beery	Dawson Athens Pennsville Athens Athens Athens Athens Baltimore, Md.
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson M. S. in Education Frederick Conrad Landsittel Beverly Oden Skinner A. M. Pro Honore Clyde Ferdinand Beery Charles French Blake	Dawson Athens Pennsville Athens Athens Athens Athens Baltimore, Md. Baltimore, Md.
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson M. S. in Education Frederick Conrad Landsittel Beverly Oden Skinner A. M. Pro Honore Clyde Ferdinand Beery Charles French Blake Strickland Gillilan	Dawson Athens Pennsville Athens Athens Athens Athens Baltimore, Md. Baltimore, Md. Jackson
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson M. S. in Education Frederick Conrad Landsittel Beverly Oden Skinner A. M. Pro Honore Clyde Ferdinand Beery Charles French Blake Strickland Gillilan Morris A. Henson	Dawson Athens Pennsville Athens Athens Athens Athens Athens Baltimore, Md. Baltimore, Md. Jackson Cincinnati
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson M. S. in Education Frederick Conrad Landsittel Beverly Oden Skinner A. M. Pro Honore Clyde Ferdinand Beery Charles French Blake Strickland Gillilan Morris A. Henson Samuel Levi McCune Samuel Kennedy Mardis Frank Warick Mou!ton	Dawson Athens Pennsville Athens Athens Athens Athens Athens Athens Athens Calumbus Portsmouth
Homer Guy Bishop Walker Ellsworth McCorkle Joshua Romine Morton Howard A. Pidgeon Charles Owen Williamson M. S. in Education Frederick Conrad Landsittel Beverly Oden Skinner A. M. Pro Honore Clyde Ferdinand Beery Charles French Blake Strickland Gillilan Morris A. Henson Samuel Levi McCune Samuel Kennedy Mardis	Dawson Athens Pennsville Athens Athens Athens Athens Athens Athens Athens Calumbus Portsmouth

Two-Year Course in Elementary Education

Rosanna Blanche Alexander	
Gertrude Bartlett	Sonora
Annie Isabel Beatty	Youngstown
Mary Rebecca Blake	Nelsonville
Marian Blanche Brackin	Kinsman
Edna Primose Burns	McArthur
Loretta Virginia Burns	Cleveland
Nellie Buswell	Elyria
Georgia Cheadle	
Anne Alexis Connors	
Georgia Scott Cooley	Athens
Amy Agnes Dickson	Bartlett
Louedith Diehl	
Jennie Frances Dowd	McArthur
Flavia Adelaide Dunstan	Granville
Florence Georgiana Finney	McArthur
Florence Elizabeth Gee	
Myrtle Eulala Gill	
Elizabeth Grove	
Mary Isabel Hanna	Cadiz
Daisy Irene Herrold	Nelsonville
Margaret Katherine Kahler	Conneaut
Fannie Evangeline Knecht	Lancaster
Iva Loree Katzenbach	
Lu Verne Kelly	St.Marys
Freda Hazel Kochheiser	Bellville
Flora Vista McDonald	McConnelsville
Tirzah McGinniss	Zanesville
Mary Edith McMillin	Youngstown
James Edgar McNaughton	
Margaret Martina Morris	
Delia O'Connor	
Matilda Ostermayer	
Lura Pelly	
Julia Mooreman Polk	New Vienna
Claire Lucile Reynolds	
Ruth Estella Rogers	Amherst

Frieda Marguerite Schmalzle	
	Twinsburg
Nellie Gertrude Shupe	Kingston
Edith Leanna Shaddock	Sandusky
Louise Ethel Smith	Toronto, Canada
Ermine Inez Squier	Youngstown
Esther Marcella Taylor	McArthur
Lillian Esther Terrel	
Marian Wolcott	Greenwich
Myrtle Woodruff	North Fairfield
Kindergarten Cou	rse
Ethel Lumley	
Freda Williams	
Public School Drav	
Clara Angeline Adams	
Marian Rebecca Dye	
Mary Isabel Hanna	
Edith McMinn McCormick	
Anna Gladys Merrin	
Key Elizabeth Wenrick	Canton
School Music	
Lena Ellen Boelzner	
Lena Ellen Boelzner	Knightstown, Ind.
Lena Ellen Boelzner	Knightstown, Ind. Mt. Pleasant
Lena Ellen Boelzner Alma Doris Braden Mary Esther Burriss Fannie Helena Cochran	Knightstown, Ind. Mt. Pleasant Dresden
Lena Ellen Boelzner Alma Doris Braden Mary Esther Burriss Fannie Helena Cochran Olive Gertrude Dowd	Knightstown, IndMt. PleasantDresdenMcArthur
Lena Ellen Boelzner Alma Doris Braden Mary Esther Burriss Fannie Helena Cochran Olive Gertrude Dowd Alice Evelyn Figley	Knightstown, Ind. Mt. Pleasant Dresden McArthur Chillicothe
Lena Ellen Boelzner Alma Doris Braden Mary Esther Burriss Fannie Helena Cochran Olive Gertrude Dowd Alice Evelyn Figley Lena Imogene Koons	Knightstown, IndMt. PleasantDresdenMcArthurChillicotheAthens
Lena Ellen Boelzner Alma Doris Braden Mary Esther Burriss Fannie Helena Cochran Olive Gertrude Dowd Alice Evelyn Figley Lena Imogene Koons Dena Merle Lantz	Knightstown, Ind. Mt. Pleasant Dresden McArthur Chillicothe Athens
Lena Ellen Boelzner Alma Doris Braden Mary Esther Burriss Fannie Helena Cochran Olive Gertrude Dowd Alice Evelyn Figley Lena Imogene Koons Dena Merle Lantz Florence Marguerite Miesse	
Lena Ellen Boelzner Alma Doris Braden Mary Esther Burriss Fannie Helena Cochran Olive Gertrude Dowd Alice Evelyn Figley Lena Imogene Koons Dena Merle Lantz	
Lena Ellen Boelzner Alma Doris Braden Mary Esther Burriss Fannie Helena Cochran Olive Gertrude Dowd Alice Evelyn Figley Lena Imogene Koons Dena Merle Lantz Florence Marguerite Miesse	Knightstown, Ind. Mt. Pleasant Dresden McArthur Chillicothe Athens McArthur Chillicothe
Lena Ellen Boelzner Alma Doris Braden Mary Esther Burriss Fannie Helena Cochran Olive Gertrude Dowd Alice Evelyn Figley Lena Imogene Koons Dena Merle Lantz Florence Marguerite Miesse Margaret Elizabeth Moore	Knightstown, Ind. Mt. Pleasant Dresden McArthur Chillicothe Athens McArthur Chillicothe McArthur Chillicothe Mrartins' Ferry Laurelville
Lena Ellen Boelzner Alma Doris Braden Mary Esther Burriss Fannie Helena Cochran Olive Gertrude Dowd Alice Evelyn Figley Lena Imogene Koons Dena Merle Lantz Florence Marguerite Miesse Margaret Elizabeth Moore Etta Floy Mowery	Knightstown, Ind. Mt. Pleasant Dresden McArthur Chillicothe Athens McArthur Chillicothe McArthur Chillicothe Martins' Ferry Laurelville
Lena Ellen Boelzner Alma Doris Braden Mary Esther Burriss Fannie Helena Cochran Olive Gertrude Dowd Alice Evelyn Figley Lena Imogene Koons Dena Merle Lantz Florence Marguerite Miesse Margaret Elizabeth Moore Etta Floy Mowery Edith Palmer	Knightstown, Ind. Mt. Pleasant Dresden McArthur Chillicothe Athens McArthur Chillicothe Martins' Ferry Laurelville Athens
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Lena Ellen Boelzner Alma Doris Braden Mary Esther Burriss Fannie Helena Cochran Olive Gertrude Dowd Alice Evelyn Figley Lena Imogene Koons Dena Merle Lantz Florence Marguerite Miesse Margaret Elizabeth Moore Etta Floy Mowery Edith Palmer Katherine Loos Shira Gladys Lucile Van Valey Agricultural Educa	
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Ernest Leland Nixon		
Manual Training		
Mabel Elizabeth Winn		
Electrical Engineering		
Arthur Alanson Brainerd		
David Albert DavisOak Hill		
Leslie Charles McAllisterCarbon Hill		
Rudy Bell TeelingMillersburg		
August George UtrupGlandorf		
John Douglas Welsh		
Reese Edgar WilliamsGlouster		
Civil Engineering		
John Vance Donley		
Hugo Carl FisherNew Bedford		
Homer Smith Hopkins		
Gilbert Woodworth McDougall Athens		
George Adam Reese		
Fred Lee TomNew Concord		
Clarence William Van Gundy		
Foster Mendenhall YoakemVigo		
College of Music		
McKinley Slator Bethel		
Helen Worth Falloon		
Hannah Louise HigginsAthens		
Elizabeth Mearle Logan		
Charles Don McVay		
Agnes Dyson Beck Millikan		
Harry Lee Ridenour		
Elma Vera Starr		
Oratory		
George Cromwell BlowerGlouster		
Edna Bell WilliamsonAthens		

Graduates of the Two-Year Collegiate Commercial Course

Allena Mae BrookinsJackson
Edward Alexander Coovert Eldorado
Stanley DouganChesterhill
Marshall Lee FawcettRushsylvania
Orion Herbert FlesherMiddleport
John Martin HenryJunction City
Fred Foster KelleyAthens
John KingNewark
Harry Brunker McBeeAthens
Fred Shepper WheatonAthens
Fred M. Young Mount Sterling

Students Entitled to Certificates of Proficiency in Stenography and Typewriting.

Edith Blanche BecklerAthens
William Everett Burt New Marshfield
Myrtle Lillian GrahamAthens
Arthur GrayJackson
Harry Elvin Hawk
Clara Elizabeth HearnAthens
Audra Maria LudwickStewart
Eva Belle Martin Athens
Helen Emma PickettAthens
Ethel Xavier WalshAthens
Mary Estelle Warrener

Students Entitled to Certificates of Proficiency in Accounting

Cleon John BasslerLim	ıa
Ronald Lysle BeanAther	15
Roland Stemen BrownBreme	n
Nettie Florence Couture	15
David Albert DavisOak Hi	11
Norman E. FultonShad	le
Lewis Raymond GroverBidwe	11
Milo Ephraim Hewitt New Marshfiel	d

Erie Cooley Jackson	. Nelsonville
Ray Edward Matticks	Newark
Robert E. Rucker	. Rappsburg
Buren Riley Shields	Crooksville

Students Entitled to Certificates of Proficiency in Accounting, Stenography and Typewriting

Viola May Burleigh	Atheus
Eldon Emmett Byrne	Guysville
Freda Fern Calvert	Athens
Wilson Walter Follrod	Alfred
Elizabeth Jeannette Hixson	Chauncey
Emma Jane Hixson	Millfield
Raymond Rexford Rowland	Cutler
Pauline Henrietta Schettler	

ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT

OF

OHIO UNIVERSITY

University Auditorium, June 13, 1912

PROGRAM

The Orchestra

Invocation

Violin Solo-	(a) Souvenir		lla
	(b) A La Hongroise.		ser
	MR. CHARLES D	ON McVAY	
Oration		The Real Betrayers of Lab	001
1	FRANKLIN CLYDE	CARPENTER	
Oration		. Women as Portrayed in A	\rt
	NETTIE SARAI	H DUGA	
Oration		Goss	sip
	BESSIE IRENE		
Piano Solo—P	olonaise in E Minor.	MacDow	eli
	MR. MAC SLATO	R BETHEL	
Oration		The Dran	na
	JOSEPH HOOKER	COMSTOCK	
Oration		The Newer Educati	on
	MARY J. MC	ORRIS	
Oration	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	The College Gradua	ite
	CLARENCE RAY	RIDENOUR	
Vocal Duet—	Lakme	Delil	bes
MISS ANN	HUGHES and MIS	S PAULINE STEWART	
Co	onferring of Degrees a		
	of Diplom	ias	
Benediction		Rev. F. M. Swineha	art

THESES

For the Master's Degrees

A. M.

Edith Palmer: The Development of Parliament.

Raymond Mahlon Slutz: A Study of the Short Story, with Original Compositions.

M.S.

Homer Guy Bishop: Aesthetic Reaction to Colors.

Walker Ellsworth McCorkle: Habitat and General Features of the Necturus Maculosus.

Joshua Romine Morton: Water of Crystallization and Hydration in Solution.

Howard A. Pidgeon: Determination of Corrections to be Applied in Calorimeter Tests of Coal.

Charles Owen Williamson: A Beginning Course in Manual Training.

M. S. in Education

Frederick Conrad Landsittel: Method of an Organic Education. Beverley Oden Skinner: A Study of Classics as a Whole with Special Reference to Composition.

For the Bachelor's Degree

A. B.

Zillah Fern Atkinson: The American Short Story.

Etta Cornelia Ayres: A Comparative Study of Grecian Myths and American Folk Lore.

George Cromwell Blower: The Circulation Department of the Modern Newspaper.

Mary Ella Caroline Buch: The Realism in Sudermann's Earlier Works.

Bessie Mable Gorslene: The Relation Between the Intellectual and Lyrical Element in Browning.

Milton De La Haye Hughes: Corporations Historically Traced.

Anna Laura Jones: The Wallenstein of Schiller's Trilogy and
the Historical Character.

Charles Kelley Knight: The Teaching of History and Government in the High-Schools.

Anna Gladys Merrin: Art Interpretation.

Elizabeth Anna Murphy: A Bibliography of Fifteen Great Writers.

Gertrude O'Connor: Maria Theresa and Her Daughter.

Louise Ogan: Some Pioneers in Higher Education.

Frank Harlan Palmer: The Fourteenth Amendment to the Consitution.

Mary Annetta Powell: A Comparison of Goethe's and Marlowe's Faust.

Marie Louise Price: Recent American Poets and Poetry.

Harry Lee Ridenour: Iago and Guido: A Study in Villany.

Hazel Elizabeth Rigby: Social Development in England.

Benjamin Franklin Smith: The Church and The Social Question. Marguerite Gow Henderson Sutherland: History of Education

in England.
Elizabeth Amelia Taylor: Sophocles.

Stella May Van Dyke: Vocational Interests of Children.

Mella Van Meter: The Franchise. Samuel Oliver Welday: The Recall.

B.S.

John Bernard Dickson: Aluminum and Manganese Alloys
Jacob Roland Collins: Low in Manganese.

Edward Alexander Coovert: The Aldrich Banking Plan. Howard Leroy Dunlap: Some Problems in Soil Analysis.

Harold Altair Elson
Charles Elmo Stailey

The Standardization of the Copper
Voltameter.

Perry Wilbur Fattig: Life History of an Enemy of the San Jose Scale (Microweisea Misella.)

John Goldsworthy: The Single Tax.

Ralph Clinton Kenney: Play as Related to Human Development and Human Life.

Fred Charles Langenberg: Certain Alloys of Aluminum and Manganese.

Harry Brunker McBee:

A Study of Stock Fluctuations.

Fred Shepper Wheaton:

I Tamila Maniana and Diagram

Jose Carlos De Mello: The Family, Marriage and Divorce. Jay Arthur Meyers: The Development of the Eye in Amia. Hugh Whiteford Parks: A System of Teaching Accounting.

Jay Robert Patterson: Buren Riley Shields: Some Analytic Results in Hocking Valley Coal.

Horton Callahan Pownall: The Ohio River.

Reed Phillips Rose: An Hydrosol of Hydrated Aluminum Acetate and an Hydrogel of Alumina.

Charles Forrest Sharp: The Prohibition Party.

John Douglas Welsh: Rudy Bell Teeling:

Design and Testing of Transformers.

Callie King Walls: The Differential Equation—Its Application, Physical and Geometrical.

Ph. B.

Clarence Lee Shilliday: The Development of the Epiphysis in Amia.

B. S. in Education

Gertrude Bartlett: Methods of Directing Play Activities.

William Ransom Cable: The Rise and Efficiency of Commercial Education.

Oscar Ellsworth Dunlap: The Development of Industrial and Agricultural Education in Ohio.

Amy Cole Evans: Plot in the Short Stories of Hawthorne, Poe and Aldrich.

Jay Gilmore Hickox: The Effect of Light and Shade on Plants. Eulalia Jefferis: The Teaching of Modern Languages.

Edith McMinn McCormick: Drawing as a Factor in Education.

Mary Elizabeth McLean. The Pedagogy of Secondary Mathematics.

Leota Blanche Morris: Hawthorne's Method of Delineating Character.

Ernest and Leland Nixon: Orchard Diseases.

George Newton Norris: Correlation of Literature in English and American History.

Anna Gail Patterson: Constitution Conventions of Ohio.

John Conrad Richards: Night-Flying Insects.

John Roy Richards: Value of Latin in the Secondary Course

of Study.

ALUMNI DEPARTMENT

CLEMENT L. MARTZOLFF, B. Ped., M. Ped., Secretary.

At the annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of Ohio University, in June, 1906, the office of Alumni Secretary was created. The object of this department is to assist in the work of the Alumni Association, to organize clubs of alumni and former students, to secure data concerning the history and the alumni of the University, and to publish bulletins from time to time denoting progress.

Of the eight hundred and thirty-nine persons who have received the Bachelors' Degree, fewer than ten have not been accounted for.

At present the Secretary is engaged in collecting data from which to compile a Complete Alumni Record of the University. This will be published in 1915, the One Hundredth Anniversary of the graduation of the first class. This publication will contain many other interesting facts concerning the history of the University.

GENERAL ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

Constitution

ARTICLE I. This Association shall be called the "Alumni Association of the Ohio University."

ARTICLE II. The officers of the Association shall be President, Vice-President, Secretary, Treasurer, and an Executive Committee, consisting of four members, to be chosen annually.

ARTICLE III. The annual meeting of this Association shall be held in connection with the Commencement exercises of the University.

ARTICLE IV. The object of this Association shall be to cultivate fraternal relations among the Alumni of the University and to promote the interests of our Alms Mater by the holding

of social reunions, by literary exercises, or by such other means as the Association may, from time to time, deem best.

ARTICLE V. Any member of the Faculty, and graduate of the University, also any one who has spent three years in the college classes of the University, and has been honorably dismissed, may, by the payment of one dollar and the signing of the Constitution, become a member of this Association.

ARTICLE VI. This Constitution may be altered or amended at any annual meeting, by a vote of two-thirds of those present at such meeting.

ARTICLE VII. Amendment. The members of this Association shall each pay into its treasury an annual fee of one dollar, and the sum so paid shall be expended in defraying the expenses of the annual reunion.

ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

Officers of General Alumni Association for 1912-13

President, BISHOP DAVID H. MOORE '60Indianapolis,	Ind.
Vice-President, W. S. EVERSOLE '69Aurora,	Ohio
Secretary, C. L. MARTZOLFF '07 Athens,	Ohic
Treasurer, J. P. Wood, Jr. '03Athens,	Ohic

Executive Committee

W. A. Matheny '08 Athens,	Ohio
Nellie Pickering '05 Athens,	Ohio
Blanche Mohler '07Athens,	Ohio
George C. Parks '08 Athens,	Ohio

The Ohio University Alumni Association of Pittsburg

(ORGANIZED IN 1906)

"resident, CALVIN B. HUMPHREY '88,

131 Riverside Drive, New York City retary-Treasurer, Dr. NEWMAN H. BENNETT '99,

1908 Carson St., Pittsburg, Pa.

The Ohio University Alumni Association of Columbus

(ORGANIZED	IN	1909)
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State Auditor's Office, Columbus, Ohio

The Ohio University Alumni Association of Southern Ohio

(ORGANIZED IN 1910)

The Ohio University Alumni Association of The Western Reserve

(ORGANIZED IN 1912)

The Ohio University Alumni Association of New England

(ORGANIZED IN 1912)

The Ohio University Club at Cornell

(ORGANIZED IN 1913)

LIST OF STUDENTS

COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS

POST-GRADUATE STUDENTS STUDYING FOR A DEGREE

Coultrap, Manley Lawrence, Ph. B	McArthur
Forsyth, Florance D., Ph. B	onongahela, Pa.
Gorslene, Bessie Mabel, A. B	Athens
Hickman, Florence May, Ph. B	Nelsonville
Jones, Evan Johnson, Ph. B	Athens
Kaler, Mary Engle, Ph. B., B. Ped.	Athens
Knight, Charles Kelley, A. B	Athens
Langenberg, Fred Charles, B. S	Beverly
Merritt, William Schory, A. B	.Mulberry, Fla.
Mohler, Nelle Blanche, Ph. B	
Palmer, Edith, Ph. B	
Pidgeon, Howard A., B. S	
Sherman, Alice Louise, A. B., B. Ped	
Slutz, Raymond Mahlon, B. L	Athens
Tuttle, Harley Angelo, B. S	Diamond
Williamson, Charles Owen, B. S	
	16

CLASS OF 1912

Atkinson, Zillah FernZanesville
Ayers, Etta Cornelia Gambier
Blower, George CromwellGlouster
Buch, Mary Ella Caroline
Carpenter, Franklin ClydeAthens
Collins. Jacob Roland Athens
Comstock, Joseph HookerAthens
Coovert, Edward AlexanderEldorado
Dickson, John BernardAthens
Dunlap, Howard LeroyFlushing
Elson, Harold AltairAthens
Fattig, Perry WilburAthens
Gibson, Bessie IreneAmesville
Goldsworthy, JohnGlouster
Gorslene, Bessie MabelAthens
Hughes, Milton De La HayeMonroeville
Jones, Anna Laura

Tr To 1.1.011.1
Kenney, Ralph Clinton
Knight, Charles KelleyAthens
Langenberg, Fred CharlesBeverly
McBee, Harry BrunkerAthens
Mello, de, Jose CarlosPara, Brazil, S. A.
Merrin, Anna GladysMt. Vernon
Murphy, Elizabeth AnneCarlton
Myers, Jay ArthurAthens
O'Connor, GertrudeStewart
Ogan, Louise
Palmer, Frank HarlanGlenford
Parks, Hugh WhitefordCadiz
Patterson, Jay RobertShiloh
Powell, Mary Annette
Pownall, Horton CalahanPomeroy
Price, Marie Louise
Ridenour, Clarence RayNew Lexington
Ridenour, Harry LeeNew Lexington
Rigby, Hazel Elizabeth East Liverpool
Rose, Reed Phillips
Sharp, Charles Forrest Lucasville
Shields, Buren RileyCrooksville
Shilliday, Clarence Lee
Smith, Benjamin Franklin
Stailey, Charles Elmo
Sutherland, Marguerite Gow Henderson
Taylor, Elizabeth Amelia
Teeling, Rudy Bell
Van Dyke, Stella May
Van Meter, Mella
Vanderslice, Marie Llewellyn
Walls, Callie King Athens
Welday, Samuel Oliver Bloomingdale
Welsh, John Douglas
Wheaton, Fred ShepperAthens
52

UNDER GRADUATES

 NAME
 COURSE
 RANK
 ADDRESS

 Aber, Irene Virginia
 A. B. Soph
 Athens

 Adams, Ella Jean
 A. B. Junior
 Highland

 Alvis, Martha Ann
 Com'l
 Athens

 Amerine, Minnie
 A. B. Soph
 Lancaster

 Anderson, Harold Way
 Eng
 Soph
 Lancaster

 Andre, Robert McQueen
 A. B. Fresh
 Waverly

 Angell, Mary Leah
 Music
 Athens

 Antorietto, Dora Catherine
 Music
 Athens

 Antorietto, Josephine
 Com'l
 Athens

 Arbens
 Arbens
 Athens

 Arbens
 Abaugh, Charles Quincy
 Com'l
 Fresh
 Jewett

RANK

ADDRESS

COURSE

NAME

Arndt, Mary Hannah......Music.......Indianapolis, Ind. Bailar, Charles Otto...... Eng Soph.................... Sidney Bailey, Cora Ethlyn, B. Ped. Special......Lilly Chapel Baker, Ray Albert Eng. Fresh New Matamoras Balis, Celia Louise......Athens Barker, Robert Ralph......A. B......Fresh...... Athens Barth, Karl Morrison.....B. S......Fresh...........Athens Bassler, Cleon John Com'l Soph Lima Beam, Floyd Guyton......A B.....JunAthens Bean, Edgar Ellsworth.....Com 1SophAthens Bean Ronald Lysle........Com'lSoph.....N. Chattanooga, Tenn. Bell, Minnie Madrey......Athens Bentley, William Prescott... A. B.....Fresh............. Athens Bethel Raymond Culver....Com'lFreshPlainview, Texas. Bibbee, Mayme Hannah.....Athens Biddle, Ellen Roberts...... Music....... Athens Bierer, Martin Ellsworth...A. B.....Fresh......Adena Bishop, Herman Davis.....B. S...... Jun...... Derby Blosser, Frank Ray......B. S......Soph.......Hicksville Bogran, Samuel..... Eng..... Fresh Santa Barbara, Honduras Boneysteele, Park Lowe A. B. Junior Bellaire Bono, John Desire Eng...... Kiukiang, China Bort, Donald S Com'l,... Fresh......Logan Bowles, Hal ChalfanB. S......SenDexter Bowser, Ida Elizabeth...... Music....... Columbus Bradley, Edith Mary.... A. B......Fresh......McGregor, Iowa Brainerd, Arthur Alanson...B. S.......Soph...........Hartford, Conn Brickles, Lucy Inez.......A. B......Soph......Nelsonville Brodess, Oran.....Bourneville Brookins, Allena Mae......Soph.........Jackson Brown, Milton Maywould ... A. B. Sen Washington Brown, Roland Stemen.....Com'l....,Fresh.............Bremen Buchanan, Edith Amanda...Music.....Jun.......................Basil Buchanan, James William ... B. S. Sen Basil Buell, Charles Townsend.....A. B......Jun......Sugar Grove

NAME	COURSE	RANK	ADDRESS
Bunch, Charles Henry	Eng	Sonh	Ravenna
Bundy, William Sanford.			
Burleigh, Viola May			
Burrell, George Richard			
Burson, Ethel Frances			
Bush, Gordon Kenner			
Busic, William Hezekiah.			
Bussiere, Antonio			
Byrne, Eldon Emmett			
Calvert, Freda Fern			
Calvin, Harley Earl			
Cameron, Arthur Edward			
Carle, Herbert McComas.			
Carr, Gertrude Nora			
Case, John Gail			
Caster, Lovina			
Cattell, Lurena Marjorie			
Chalfant, Maud			
	son.Com 1	sopn	
Chance, Clifford	TD . CT	0	G line
			Gambier
Chen, Shon Jen			
Cherrington, Edith Mabe		^	
Cherrington, Homer Virg			
Chrisman, Oscie Dru			
Christman, Anna Pearl			
Chubb, Ida Maude			
Clark, Mary Helen, A. B.	Music.,		Kalamazoo, Mich.
Claypool, Garnet Louise.	Music .		Nelsonville
Cline, Edna Blanche Clai			
Cline, Hazael Blanche			
Clutts, Oliver Perry			
Cole, Bessie Martha			
Cole, Clarence Edison			
Cole, Fern Lelah			
Cole, James David			
Coleman, Frances White			
Cooper, Gilbert Floyd	B. S	Fresh	McConnelsville
Cooperrider, Charles Kne	esal B. S	Jun	Brownsville
Copeland, Anna Charlott	eA. B	\dots Soph \dots	Athens
Copeland, Edna Florence			
Copeland, Nelle Elizabeth			
Copeland, William Frank	din B. S	Fresh	Athens
Copeland, William Howa			
Core, Franklin John			
Corn, Lena Everette, A. M			
Cotner, Bertha Adelaide.	Music		Athens

NAME	COURSE	RANK	ADDRESS
Cotner, Robert Arthur	Music		Athens
Cotterman, Ruth Mabel	A. B	Fresh	Rockford
Cotton, Mabel Emma	Music		Athens
Courtney, John Adrian	Music,	Fresh	Athens
Cox, Ellis Van Hise	A. B	Jun	Dayton
Creesy, Clyde Kenneth	Eng	Soph	Coolville
Crisenberry, Virginia May	A. B	Ser	Cardington
Cronacher, Henrietta Viol	et.Com'l	Soph	Ironton
Crooks, Bernice	Music		Athens
Cuckler, Katherine Eunic	eMusic		Athens
Cummins, Mary Elizabeth	Music		Steubenville
Curfman, Dwight	Music		Glouster
Dais, Katherine	Music		Athens
Daines, Evalina	Music		Athens
Danford, Dorothy Adene			
Daugherty, Omer Joseph			
Davidson, Jennie			
Davidson, Ralph Edwin			
Davis, Daniel			
Davis, David Albert			
Davis, Irma Elizabeth			
Davis, Lillian Taylor			
Davis, Mabel Claire			
Davis, Marie Louise			
Davis, Ruth Myers			
De La Rue, Harry			
Dean, Minnie Foster			
Dickerson, Thomas Arthu			
Donley, John Vance			
Donnelly, Mary Isabel			
Dougan, Stanley			
Du Bois, Herman Henry.			
Dustheimer, Oscar Lee			
Dye, Frank Argylle			
Eakin, Charles Thornton.			
Ebert, Madge			
Eccles, Charles Middleton			
Eccles, Henry Henderson			
Eckelberry, Roscoe Huhn			
Edwards, Mary Ethel			
Eggleston, Joseph Burt			
Elliott, Lulu Faye			
Elson, Winfred Paul			
Endsley, Benjamin Lawre			
England, Naomi Lucile			
Ernest, Emma Louise			
Evans, Mary	A. B	Sen	Athens

NAME	COURSE	RANK	ADDRESS
Facen Fannia Lucila	Comil		Athens
			Athens
			Falls City, Neb.
			Rushsylvania
			Rushsylvania
			Parana. Brazil
			New Philadelphia
			Nelsonville
			Athens
			Athens
Fishel, Waite Philip			
			New Bedford
			North Lewisburg
			Middleport
			Athens
			Glouster
Foley, Louis Haynes	A. B	\dots Jun \dots	Zanesville
			Alfred
			Ashtabula
Foss, Carl Alstien	A. B , .	Fresh	Buffalo, N. Y.
Foster, Frances	Music		Athens
Foster, Ruth	Music		Athens
Frost, Florence Edna	Com'l		Athens
Fry, Lester Ray	B. S	Sen	, Mogadore
Fulton, Norman	Com'l	Jun	Shade
Fulton, Oscar	Com'l	Fresh	Athens
Fulwider, Albert Paul.	A. B	Sen	Athens
Fulwider, William Elber	tA B	Sen	Athens
Furman, Alton Clio			
Geary, John	Music		Jacksonville
Gibbony, Alvin Percy	Eng	Fresh	Carroll
			Amesville
			Wellston
			Lancaster
Gillilan, Anna Pearl			
Gillilan, Paul McVay	B S	Jun	Springville, Utah
			Cutler
Goddard, Gretta Marian			
Goldsberry, Blaine Rande			
			Athens
			Athens
Graham, Miles McKindr			
Graham, Myrtle Lillian.	Com!	sopn	Athona
Granam, Myrtle Lillian. Gray, Arthur	Com1	Fronk	Lockson
			McConnellsburg, Pa.
Greathead, Elsie Selene.	A. B	Jun	McConnellsburg, Pa.
Griggs, Elma Australia.	Music	Fresh	Junetion City

NAME COURSE RANK

ADDRESS

Grimes, Belle Few	Special		Athens
Groetzinger, Carl Addison	.Eng	· · • · • • · · · · · • ·	Warrensville
Grones, Dow Siegel	.Com'l	Soph	Athens
Cross, Carl Lenox	.Com'l		Athens
Grover, Anna Baird	.A.B	.Fresh	Pine Grove
Grover, Faye	Special		Pine Grove
Gutman, Leo Oliver	.Eng	Fresh	Sidney
Gutridge, Rollin Edward	.A. B	Soph	Brownsville
Hackett, Mary Patton	.A. B	Fresh	Jewett
Hall, William Loring			
Hamley, Nettie Kathryn	B. S	.Fresh	Perry
Hancher, Louise Eleanor			
Haney, Forest Clayton	.A. B	.Fresh	Woodsfield
Hannahs, Ralph Stanley	.Music		Nelsonville
Harper, Carrie Bessie	.A. B	Fresh	Wellston
Harper, Walter Jean	.B. S	Soph	Monday
Hart, Frederick Glenn	.B. S	Fresh	Prairie Depot
Hartford, William Addison.	.Com'l	Soph	Toronto
Hartmann, John			
Christopher Lewis	Eng	Soph	Lancaster
Hartsock, Isabel Justina			
Harwick, Curtis John			
Hastings, Emily Evelyn	.A. B	Sen	Grover Hill
Hastings, Stanley Miller			
Hauschildt, Katherine			
Hawk, Harry Elvin			
Hearn, Clara Elizabeth			
Henry, John Martin			
Henry, Lucile Rebecca			
Herrold, Russell Phillips			
Heskett, Harrison Allison			
Hewitt, Grace Elizabeth			
Higby, Josephine Sharp			
Higgins, Hannah Louise			
Higgins, Leight Monroe			
Hill, Clyde Gilman			
Hill, Hazel Krapps			
Hinaman, Arthur William.			
Hixson, Elizabeth Jeannette			
Hixson, Emma Jane	Com'1		Millfield
Hoffmeister, Alexander			
			Athens
Hoodlet, Jacob James			
Hopkins, Homer Smith			
Hughes Wilton	A. B	Fresn	Troy
Hughes, Milton	Omenial		Monroeville
DeLa Haye, A. B	. special		

ADDRESS

NAME COURSE RANK

Hunnicutt, William Clarence A. B.Fresh.......Zanesville Hussey, Cyril Christopher...A. B.....Soph......Sidney Jackson, Earl Cooley.......Com'l......Fresh...........Nelsonville Jackson, Homer Burton.....Com'l.....Fresh......Columbia City, Ind. James, Eunice Mae......Music.....Steubenville Johnson, Bernard David A. B. Soph McConnelsville Johnson, Eva May...... Music...... Vivian, W. Va. Johnson, John Edwin A. B. Fresh Nelsonville Johnson, Otis Crawford.....Eng.....Fresh......Trimble Jones, Earl Leslie.......A. B......Fresh.........Nelsonville Jones, Grace Hovt.......A. B.....Fresh...... Jackson Jones, Mostyn Lloyd......A. B......Sen.....Athens Jones, Roger Johnson A. B.......Sen................... Athens Judy, Wilfred Sylvester..... Eng...... Fresh....... Logan Junod, Carrie Clester.....A. B.....Jun......Athens Kalar, Thomas Leslie...... Eng...... Fresh...... Belmont Kaler, Mary Engle, Karr, Gladys Evelyn...... A. B..... Fresh...... Syracuse Kasler, Ray Golden Music Trimble Kelley, Etta..... Com'l..... Fresh...... St. Marys Kelley, Fred Foster......Com'l.....Soph........Athens Kelley, Harriet Luella.....Music......Lima Kemp, Ima May..... Com'l Martin Kenyon, Johnson Darby.....Eng.....Fresh.......Wauseon Kern, Atta Brooks......Special........Athens Kern, William Sherman....Special......Beaver Kimes, Blair Reed......Eng...Fresh.....Belpre King, John...... B. S. Sen..... Newark Kinnison, James Edgar.....A. B......Soph.......Jackson Knight, Oscar Allen......A. B.....Fresh.......Athens Knisely, Omar Ashton..... Eng......Fresh...... Bainbridge Koons, Nelle Murael......Music....Soph......Athens Krieg, Leland Irving......Eng.....Fresh......Nelsonville Krout, Webster Sherburn...A. B.Jun......Bremen Kuhn, Edna Beery......Special......Nelsonville Kurtz, Frank Bartlett, Ph. B. Music Athens Langsdon, Walter Ralph Eng Fresh Mendon

NAME	COURSE	RANK	ADDRESS
Tantz Purle Frances	Music	Fresh	McArthur
			Athens
			Athens
			Athens
Laverty, Helen	Music		Athens
Law, Christine Elizabeth	A. B	Fresh	Chauncey
Lawless, Emma Clare	Com'l	Fresh	Bidwell
Lawrence, Arthur Elbert.	A. B _.	Fresh	Coolville
Lawrence, Lydia Grace	Music		,Guysville
			Coolville
Le Roy, Bernard Reamy,	JrA. B	\dots Fresh \dots	Athens
Le Roy, Bernard			
			Athens
			Athens
			Athens
			Pomeroy
,			Huntsburg
			Athens
			Athens
			Portsmouth
			Albany
			Athens
			Athens
			Athens
			Nelsonville
			Glouster
			Piqua
			Coal Center, Pa
			Portsmouth
			Carbon Hill
			Athens
			Lancaster
			Gnadenhutten
			West Jefferson
			Athens
McDougall, Gilbert			
	rthEng	Soph	Athens
		-	Athens
			Athens
McGinniss, Robert D	B. S	Fresh	Zanesville
			Marion
			Stewart
			Wilkesville
			North Bloomfield
McLeod, Constance True	man Music		Wyomin g

NAME	COURSE	RANK	ADDRESS
36.D (1) WILL D		~ .	
McReynolds, Wilbur Ree			
McVay, Charles Don			
McVey, James Pryor, Ph.			
Maag, William Dovey			
Mann, Karl Burr			
Mann, Samuel David	-		
Mariner, Daisy Belle			
Martin, Eva Belle			
Mason, Hazel Mary			
Mast, Cora Elma			
Matheny, Clarence Alber			
Matson, Russell Elliott,			
Matticks, Ray Edward			
Mauck, Stanley Robert	A. B	Fresh	Cheshire
Mendez, Alfredo Laurean	oSpecial.		Mayaguez, P. R.
Mercer, Leslie Leonard			
Merkle, Robert	A. B	Fresh	Bourneville
Merritt, Kathleen Wood.	A. B	Sen	Mulberry, Fla.
Merwin, Addie Tullis	Music		Athens
Merwin, Margaret Blanch	heMusic		Athens
Michener, Effie	Music		Chesterhill
Micklethwaite, Gilbert			
Richard	B. S	Sen	Portsmouth
Micklethwaite, Louise	A. B	Jun	Portsmouth
Miller, Albert Edward	Special.		East Liverpool
Miller, Benjamin Warren			
Miller, Fletcher McCoy.	A. B	Soph	Athens
Miller, Florence Agnes			
Miller, Lewis Harrison			
Millikan, Agnes Dyson Be			
Mills, Helen	cck.music		
	Music		Athens
Mills, Lewis Herald	A D	Frach	Athons
Mitchell, Bertram Alexan			
Mitchell, Margaret Rams			
Moitinho, Ruben			
Montgomery, John Alvin	Eng	sopn	Baltimore
Moody, Vittoria	A. B	sen	Bartlett
Moore, Alma Jo			
Moore, Frederick Darrell.			
Moore, Marie Amanda			
Moore, Sylvia			
Morgan, Anna Pauline			
Morrison, Ora Irene			
Morrow, Garnette Elizabe			
'orton, Sarah Margaret.			
oss. Estella May	Music	Fresh	Laneaster

ADDDESS

NAME	COURSE	RANK	ADDRESS
Motz, Lester Leroy			
Muntz, Earl Edward			
Murch, James DeForest			
Myers, Faith Lavonne			
Nader, Edna Valentine			
Neff, Perry Andrew			
Nelson, Marguerite Lucile			
Nixon, John Newton			
Nutting, Raymond James	,B. S	Sen	Malta
Nye, Bessie			
Nye, Charles Edward	A. B	Fresh	Athens
O'Rourke, Hannah	Music		Niles
Okey, Ruth Eliza	A. B	Fresh	Kirkwood, Ill.
Owen, Jessie Palmer	A. B	Fresh	Amesville
Pairan, Paul Edward	A. B	Fresh	Lancaster
Pake, Edward Howe	A. B	Jun	Bainbridge
Palmer, Horace Dutton	Eng;	Fresh	Athens
Palmer, John Alonzo	Com'l	Jun	Athens
Parfitt, Blanche Ruby			
Park, Jennie Irene			
Parker, Edna Lucile			
Parker, May Margaret			
Parker, Sidney Lester			
Parker, William Floyd			
Parry, Anna Gladys			
Patch, Eunice Fink			
Patton, Oma Jean			
Paugh, Charles Thomas			
Peoples, Helen Foster			
Peoples, Mary Foster			
Perry, Hazel Lucile			
Peters, Harry Keith			
Peugh, Earl Kemper			
Phillips, Alice Alderman.			
Phillips, Eleanor Primros			
Phillips, Helen Marie			
Pickering, Anna Katherin			
Pickering, Gertrude Gardi			
Pickering, James Theodor			
Pickering, Kenneth Harve			
Pierce, Caroline Carleton			
Pierce, Harley			
Pilcher, Lois Teresa			
Pinney, Claud Charles,	д	вори	
	Special		Arcade, N.Y.
Place, Jesse Alfred			
Plyley, Characey Ace			
rey Ace	А		venersonvine

NAME

ADDRESS

			22001000
Porter, Allie Goddard	.Music		Channeev
Post, Harriet Grace,			
Poston, Mary	Music		Athone
Potts, Pearl Lucile	1 B	Frach	Athona
Powell, Newman Minnich			
Pratt, James Elmer			
Preston, Fred Dix			
Preston, Fred DIX	A. D	.sopn	Atnens
Price, Anna Klostermeier			
Price, John Henry			
Rambo, Florence Marie			
Ramsey, Carl Ellis			
Rardin, Ma.ie Addie			
Reed, Hazel Baker			
Reed, Hazel Mae			
Reese, George Adam			
Reeves, Chalmer H			
Reeves, Sally Alston Quinby	Special .		Warren
Reeves, Wilbur David	.Com'l	.Fresh	Athens
Renshaw, Sam	.A. B	Jun	Sugar Grove
Reynolds, Beneva Elizabeth	.Music		Nelsonville
Richards, Besse Estella	.Music	Fresh	Glouster
Richards, Elsie Myrtle	.A. B	.Soph	Kokomo, Ind.
Richards, Jesta McDaniel			
Richards, John Conrad,			
	B.8	Sen	Carrollton
Richeson, Marian Cromwell			
Riley, James Perry			
Rissler, Frederick Thomas			
Roach, Bernice Maude			
Roach, Clarence Wayne			
Roach, Edith Marie			
Roach, Goldie Lee			
Roach, Hazel Putnam			
Robinson, Lillian Gonzales.			
Robinson, Maud Jane			
Robinson, Ward William			
Rodgers, Emma W			
Rodgers, John Nelson			
Rosado, Enrique Ortego			
Ross, Donald A			
Rossetter, Howard Monroe.			
Rovner, Jacob			
Rowan, Marie Gertrude			
Rucker, Robert Elliott			
Rulon, Winifred Orea	.A. B	Fresh	Logan
Sayre, Arthur Alan	.A. B	Fresh	Athens
Sayre, Edgar Weaver	.Eng	Fresh	Letart Falls

NAME	COURSE	RANK	ADDRESS
Schaeffler, Charles Henry	A. B	Jun	Athens
Schaeffler, Leo	Eng	Soph	Athens
Schettler, Pauline Henri			
Schloss, Belle Elizabeth.			
Scott, Edith	Music		Nelson ville
Scott, Emma J	Com'l	Fresh	Spencer, W. Va.
Seibel, Elmer Herman			
Selby, John D,			
Seward, J. Emrie			
Shafer. Eugene Earl			
Shamansky, Harry Solon			
Sherman, George Leslie.			
Shields, Lydia Brooks			
Shirkey, Della Miriam			
Shively, Earl Cranston.			
Shively, Harold Hasting			
Shuman, Minnie Viola.			
Silcott, Gordon Raymon			
Silvus, Effie			
			Athens
			Nelsonville
Skinner, Florence Esthe	r Music		Lancaster
Slaughter, Birdella			
			Athens
			Big Plain
Smith, Carl Russell	Com'1	Fresh	McArthur
			Lancaster
			Moundsville, W. Va.
			Athens
			Somerset
			Edgerton
			Athens
			Zanesville
			Athens
			Athens
	Music		
Sternberger, Gertrude			
Elizabet	hMusic		Jackson
Elizabet Stewart, Charles Carroll	hMusic	Soph	Jackson Athens
Elizabet Stewart, Charles Carroll Stickney, Bertha Stewar	hMusic A. B tCom'l	Soph	Jackson Athens Athens
Elizabet Stewart, Charles Carroll Stickney, Bertha Stewar Stout, Percy Ray	hMusic A. B tCom'l B. S	Soph Soph	Jackson Athens Athens Stoutsville
Elizabet Stewart, Charles Carroll Stickney, Bertha Stewar Stout, Percy Ray Stratton, Mary Lee	hMusic A. B tCom'l B. S Music	Soph Soph Sen	Jackson Athens Athens Stoutsville Nelsonville
Stewart, Charles Carroll Stickney, Bertha Stewar Stout, Percy Ray Stratton, Mary Lee Strawn, Goldie Mae	hMusie tCom'l B. S Musie Musie	SophSophSen	Jackson Athens Athens Stoutsville Nelsonville Athens
Stewart, Charles Carroll Stickney, Bertha Stewar Stout, Percy Ray Stratton, Mary Lee Strawn, Goldie Mae Sutherland, David Lewi	hMusie A. B tCom'l B. S Musie Musie SCom'l	SophSophSenSoph	Jackson Athens Athens Stoutsville Nelsonville Athens Washington C. H.
Stewart, Charles Carroll Stickney, Bertha Stewar Stout, Percy Ray Stratton, Mary Lee Strawn, Goldie Mae Sutherland, David Lewi Sutherland, David Lewi Sutherland, Helen Marie.	hMusie A. B tCom'l B. S Musie Musie SCom'l Special	SophSophSenSoph	Jackson Athens Athens Stoutsville Nelsonville Athens

NAME	COURSE	RANK	ADDRESS
Swinehart, Beulah Luci	ile Music		Athens
			Athens
Tannahill, Ethel Beatri	ceA. B	Fresh	Logan
Taylor, Olive May	Music		Athens
			Petrolia, Pa.
Terwilliger, Leda Marg	hereta	_	
			Spirit Lake, Iowa
			Jackson
			Portsmouth
			Dunglen
Thurlow, Genevieve Ba			
			Traverse City, Mich.
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Nelsonville
Tsui, Wellington Kom		~	
			Canton, China
			Athens
	Eng,	Soph	Glandorf
Van Gundy,			G1 1311 17
			Chillicothe
			Highland
			Athens
			Athens
,			Athens
			Itajuba, Brazil
		sen	Holgate
Von Riethdorf, Frederic			Athens
Wade, Lelia Lurene			
Wagner, Mary Emma			
Walden, Blanche Leota			
Walker, Lillian May			
Warner, Leslie Elliott.			
Warner, Nora Teresa			
Warrener, Mary Estella	a A. B	Soph	Athens
Warrener, William John			
Watkins, Charles			
Weaver, Helen			
Webb, Carol Castor			
Webb, John Lester			
Webber, Robert Grover.			
Webster, Frances Elizab			
Wee, Choon Sean			
Weist, Albert Harold			
Wendt, Ruth Lois	Music		Athens
West, Flora Kathleen	A. B	.Sen	Bainbridge
Wheaton, Elizabeth Hal			
Whiston, Wilbur Harry.	A. B	Soph	Bremen

ADDRESS

COURSE RANK

NAME

	T) (7	~	61 21 21
White, James Henry	.B. S	.sen	
White, Lizzie Gertrude	.Com'1		Athens
Wilkes, Marie Carsonia	.Music		Atnens
Williams, Gwilym I			
Williams, Isa Virginia	.Special		Athens
Williams, Mary M			
Williams, Reese Edgar			
Williams, Roger Eugene			
Williams, Ruth Vivian			
Williams, Winifred Lelia			
Williamson, Edna Bell			
Willis, Helen Bauhof			
Wilson, Carl Henry	B. S	Soph	Conneaut
Wilson, Charles Herbert	.Com'l		Athens
Wilson, Elva Ruth	.A .B	. Soph	Washington C. H.
Wilson, Florence Craig,			
Ph. B.	Music		Athens
Wilson, Harry Clifford	.A. B	Soph	Athens
Wilson, Harry Reynolds	.Eng	SophN	lew Martinsville, W Va.
Winter, George Wilson	.Com'1	Soph	Crooksville
Winter, Hazel	.A. B	Fresh	Crooksville
Wolfe, Blanche Philene	.A. B	Sen	Athens
Wolfe, Byron Armstrong	.A. B	Fresh	Athens
Wolfe, Forrest Eugenia	Music		Nelsonville
Wood, Alice Mary	.Special		Pomerov
Wood, Austin Vorhes			
Wood, Ernest Richard	Special		Albany
Woodruff, Hollie Kenneth.			
Woods, Olah Angell Hoope			
Woolley, Celia Louise			
Wyatt, Bessie Madge			
Yauger, Harry Thomas			
Yoakem, Foster Mendenhal			
Young, Fred McClinic			
Young, Herman H			
Zenner, David Roe			
Zimand, Elizabeth Sara			
Dillow, Dillow Doub Sala			DIOORIJH, IV. I.

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

POST-GRADUATE STUDENTS STUDYING FOR A DEGREE

Comstock, Joseph Hooker, A.	. В	Athens
Dunlap, Oscar Ellsworth, B. S	S. in E	Flushing
Landsittel, Frederick Conrad	, B. Ped	Athens
Marriott, John Coleman, A. H	3	Athens
Skinner, Beverly Oden, Ph. I	B	Athens
		ă
CL	ASS OF 1912	· ·
Andrews, Adda May, Ph. B		Glouster
Bartlett, Gertrude		
Cable, William Ransom		
Duga, Nettie Sara		
Dunlap, Oscar Ellsworth		
Elson, Delma Viola, Ph. B		
Erf, George Arthur, B. S		Monroeville
Evans, Amy Cole		Portsmouth
Hickox, Jay Gilmore		Novelty
Howell, Mabel Roxy, Ph. B	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	McArthur
Jefferis, Eulalia, A.B		Wilmington
Lively, Ora Clyde, A. B		Wellston
McCormick, Edith McMinn		Youngstown
McLean, Mary Elizabeth, A. B	} ,	East Liverpool
Morris, Leota Blanche		Harrisville
Morris, Mary Jane		
Nixon, Ernest Leland		New Plymouth
Norris, George Newton		Athens
Patterson, Anna Gail		Shadyside
Richards, John Conrad		
Richards, John Roy, A. B		
	D CD L DILL TO	21
UNDER GRADUATES		
NI A MCD	DANK	ADDRESS

NAME	RANK	ADDRESS
Adams, Clara Angeline	Jun	Utica
Aiken, Edith Caroline	Fresh	Jewett
Alexander, Rosanna Blanche	Soph	
Andrews, Florence Eva	Fresh	Glouster
Armstrong, Ruth	Soph	Logan
Atkinson, Zillah Fern, A. B	Sen	Zanesville
Bacon, Isabelle Elizabeth	$\ldots, \mathbf{Fresh}.\ldots.$	Vernon

NAME	RANK	ADDRESS
Bailey, Laura Belle	Special	Athens
Baker, Alpha Mae		
Baker, Esther Viola		
Baker, Lillian Virginia		
Barnett, Herbert Newton		
Bateman, Grace		
Baum, Effie Brown		
Bay, Josephine Elizabeth		
Bayley, Annia May		
Bean, George Clyde		
Beatty, Annie Isabel		
Beckley, Carrie Ethel		
Bell, Georgia S		
Biedel, Grace Mayfred		
Bishop, Lena Marie		
Blake, Mary Rebecca		
Blizzard, Alpheus W		
Blumenthal, William Raphael		
Boelzner, Lena Ellen		
Bonawit, Vernice Luella		
Boyles, Ethel Vida		
Brackin, Marian Blanche		
Braden. Alma Doris		
Brison, Maud Lauretta		
Britch, Hazel Dell		
Brown, Florence Marie		
Brown, Rose Ora	Fresh	Kelley's Island
Browning, Nina Mae	Soph	Steubenville
Burns, Edna Primrose	Soph	MeArthur
Burns, Loretta Virginia	Soph	(Sleveland
Burriss, Mary Esther	Soph	
Burson, Stanley Lamar	Special	Arlington
Buxton, Bertha Edith	Soph	Athens
Bye, Mary Lenore	Fresh	Negley
Cameron, Olive Lucile	Fresh	Athens
Carpenter, Edith Marie	Soph	Athens
Carter, Ethel Marie	Fresh	Nelsonville
Cassell. Anna Mae	Special	McArthur
Chase. Mae Weltha	Soph	Mingo Junction
Christman, Gladys Fantine	Fresh	Waterville
Clark. Leona Elizabeth	Soph	Chicago
Clifton, John Leroy	Sen	Columbus
Clohs, Cora May		
Cochran, Fannie Helena		
Coe. Mabel Mae		
Coleman, Helen Louise		
Colley, Clara Celia	Soph	Freeport

NAME	RANK	ADDRESS
Collins, Anastasia Teresa	Fresh	Athens
Connett. Elizabeth Brown	Soph	Athens
Connors. Anna Alexis	Soph	Salem
Cooley, Georgia Scott		
Cooper, Edna Catherine		
Corbett, Amma Rose		
Corner, Dayton Orrin		
Coulter, Lewis Eldon		
Covert. Ruth Elizabeth		
Cowden, Laura Jane		
Cox, Sarah Anne		
Cranmer, Lucy Aretha		
Crooks, Hazel Marie		
Curry, Bess Mitchell		
Curry, Edith		
Curtiss, Ada Blanche		
Danford, Gladys Allen		
Davis, Kathryn Grace		
De Lancey, Elsie Eleta		
Dickson, Amy Agnes		
Diehl, Louedith		
Dodd, Annie Leora	Sopii	Front
Dodd, Samuel Wilbur		
Dodds, Marie Louise		
Donaldson, Katherine Ruth		
Dowd, Jennie Frances		
Dowd, Olive Gertrude		
Drake, Goldie Jean		
Druggan, Elizabeth		
Duckwall, Grace	Fresn	Hillsboro
Dye, Marian Rebecca		
Eby, Mary Floy	Fresn	Asniana
Eddy, Mildred Arline	Fresh	Atnens
Edwards, Helen Estelle	Fresn	Asntabula
Elhoff, Lena C		
Elliott, Mary	Special	
Entsminger, Elsie		
Ewers, Lela Arminda	Fresh,	Fredericktown
Fawcett, Shirley Minerva	Fresh	
Figley, Alice Evelyn		
Finney, Florence Georgianna		
Finsterwald, Nell		
Fishel, Florence Beryl		
Fisher, Charles Richard	Fresh	Warren
Fisher, Deborah Marguerite		
Fisher, Lillian Minerva	Special	
Flegal, Edna Elizabeth, Ph. B	Special	A thens

NAME RANK ADDRESS

Fleming, Maud Alice	Sonh
Flesher, Vashti Pauline	
Floyd, Clara Mae	
Floyd, Kathleen Elizabeth	
Forbes, Jennie Allison	
Fox, Marguerite Josephine	
Friedel, Elmer Kirk	
Gaffner, Millie	Soph Trenton, Ill.
Galehouse, Ethel May	FreshDoylestown
Gaskill, Pearley	SpecialAthens
Gee, Florence Elizabeth	
Gill, Myrtle Eulala	
Gillespie, Lelia Catherine	
Ginnan, Mary Ellen	
Grafton, Winifred Jaymes	
Greisheimer, Essie Maud	
Griffin, Leah	
Grimes, John Odus	
Gross, Haidee Coral	
Grove, Grace Marie	
Guthery, Avis Marie	
Guthery, Lois Mayme	
Hall, Lua	FreshAndover
Hall, Ruth Eleanor	SophPierpont
Halsema, Elizabeth Agnes	Soph New Bremen
Halt, Louise Fredericka	SophYoungstown
Hanna, Mary Isabel	
Hanna, Sarah Frances	
Harden, Carrie Ellen	
Hardin, Edith Lucretia	
Hardin, Winifred Daisy	
Harding, Helen Adair	
Harris, Isabel	
Harrod, Esther Lillian	
Harrod, Florence Ada	
Hawk, Bessie Alice	
Hayes, Clara Genevieve	
Hayes, Winifred Alice	
Heald, Hattie Estelle	
Hedges, Effie Harper	
Heidlebaugh, Newton Byron Shaw	SenPort Clinton
Hemphill, Winona	SophCopley
Henry, Virgene Woodworth	
Herb, Margaret Grace	
Herbert, Kathryne Anne	
Herrold, Daisy Irene.	
Hesse, Edna Fern	
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NAME

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ADDRESS

Hickman, Erma Corea		
Hickox, Edna Eliza		
Hite, Ada Florence		
Hizey, Alice Carey		
Hodges, Gladys Florence		
Hoge, Ermina Blanche		
Hollingshead, Nellie May		
Horton, Eunice Adaline		
Horton, Minnie Helena		
Humphrey, Iva May		
Hunt, Hazel Elizabeth		
Hunt, Helen Elizabeth		
Irwin, Margaret Mabel		
Jackson, Frederick Augustus		
Jacoby, George William		
James, Margarette Elizabeth		
Johnson, Alice Grace		
Johnson, Effie May		
Jones, Alfred Crittenden		
Jones, Ann Matilda		
Jones, Anna Maud		
Jones, Katherine		
Jones, Ruth Elizabeth		
Kahler, Margaret Katherine		
Karr, Edna Juliet.		
Katzenbach, Iva Lorea		
Kelly, Lu Verne		
King, Dana M		
King, Edward Riley		
King, Martha Lee		
Kinsey, Bertha Lee		
Kirkbride, Wanda		
Kiser, Mary Arvesta		
Knecht. Fannie Evangeline		
Knoll, Elsie Leota	Soph	ce
Knoll, Zella Elizabeth		
Kobs, Linda Eva	. Fresh Vermilie	on
Kochheiser, Freda Hazel		
Koons, Lena Imogene	. SophAthe	ns
Krapps. Zelma Katherine	SenAtne	ns
Lange, Mayme Martha	Fresh Salinevii	11e
Lantz, Dena Merle	Sopn McArth	ur
Lavine, Anna Claire		16
Lawlor, Eunice Marie	resn	VII
Lee, Velma	SophGreenwic	en
Lehman, Samuel George	Fresh	ey
Lewis, Lu Berenice	SophRushvil	ile

NAME	RANK	ADDRESS
Liddell, Mary Iras	.Soph	Shiloh
Lindsay, Ida Alice		
Linville, Joshua Carl	.Fresh	Junction City
Livingston, Lena.		
Long, Bernice Olive		
Long, Blanche Lois		
Lovell, Mary Katharyn		
Lowry, Rena Ruth		
Lu, Mau Deh		
Lumley, Ethel		
Luntz, Nelle Marie	.Fresh	Steubenville
McAuslan, Frances May		
McCague, Ada Brown	.Fresh	Norwalk
McCarroll, Gertrude Rose	.Fresh	Steubenville
McDonald, Flora Vista	.Soph	McConnelsville
McGinniss, Tirzah	.Soph	Zanesville
McKelvey, Augusta Bess	Fresh	Fredericksburg
McLaughlin, George Everett	Special	Athens
McMillen, Mary Edith	.Soph	Youngstown
McNaughton, James Edgar	.Jun	South Webster
McVay, Francis Halbert	.Sen	Athens
Magrew, Pearl Burnham	.Fresh	Magrew
Mardis, Myrtle	.Soph	Columbus
Mariner, Genevieve	.Fresh	Youngstown
Meikle, Elsie Mae	.Soph	Kinsman
Merry, Susan Isabella	.Soph	Caldwell
Metcalf, James Henry	Fresh	Millersburg
Miesse, Florence Marguerite	.Jun	Chillicothe
Miller, Frances Mary		
Miller, Helen Elizabeth	. Soph	Mingo Junction
Miller, Mildred Annette		
Miller, Sarah Josephine	.Fresh	Greenwich
Moore, Enned May		
Moore, Frances Elizabeth	Fresh	Carrollton
Moore, Margaret Elizabeth		
Morris, Edward Armstrong	Soph	Highland
Morris, Helen		
Morris, Margaret Martina		
Morris, Nellie Abigail		
Morton, Robert Lee		
Mowrey, Etta Floy		
Mullane, Bess		
Murphy, Marian Elizabeth		
Nelson, Alice Gertrude		
Nelson, Florence Elizabeth		
Nesbett, Mabel Allyne		
O'Connor, Delia	Soph	Alice

NAME RANK ADDRESS

O'Rourke, Sarah	
Ogan, Margaret Louise, A. B	
Osborne, Elva Faye	
Ostermayer, Matilda	
Park, Mary Edith	
Parks, Sarah Isabelle	
Parsons, John Cassius	
Pearce, Lois Gail	
Pease, Carrie De Ette	
Pelley, Lura	
Perry, Louise Rebecca	
Peters, Emma Ault	
Petty, Blanche	
Phillips, Mary Leat	
Pickett, Helen Emma	
Pilcher, Ada Rebecca	
Pipes, Mabel Florence	
Pittinger, Margaret Grace	
Plough, Edna May	
Polk, Julia Mooreman	
Pond, Walter Allen, A.B	
Porter, Anna Laura	
Potts, Carl Grady	
Potts, Clarence McNatt	
Power, Eva Inez	
Putnam, Susan Mildred	
Rang, Lavinia Mary	
Reeves, Mary Alston	
Reeves, Mary Elizabeth	
Reeves, Olive Marie	
Reisling, Susanna Ferguson	
Reiter, Lula Wilhelmina	
Reynolds, Claire Lucile	SophOberlin
Reynolds, Lydia Emma	
Richards, Edward Ray	SenZanesville
Ricketts, Carrie Edith	SenSugar Grove
Riley, Walter Emmett	SenAthens
Robens, Olive Alexander	FreshChagrin Falls
Robinson, Anna Elizabeth	.JunNewark
Robinson, Blanche	SophBidwell
Rogers, Ruth Estelle	SophAmherst
Rogers, Thomas H	
Romig, Ruth Lucile	
Rood, Orrell Louise	
Root, Alexander	senFrost

RANK

ADDRESS

Rossell, Olive Elizabeth	Fresh	East Palestine
Rounds, Charles Rufus		
Rowe, Clara Forest	Fresh	Portsmouth
Russell, Waldo Witman		
Rutledge, Ethel Cora		
Rutledge, Mamie Lizbeth		
Schadle, Lula Estelle		
Schaefer, William G		
Schleicher, Henrietta Moorehead		
Schmalzle, Frieda Marguerite		
Schofield, Blanche Edith		
Secoy, Ina Leona		
Shadduck, Edith Leanna	Jun	Sandusky
Shafer, Samuel Sullivan		
Sharp, Helen Crew		
Sheldon, Jessye Dee		
Shira, Katherine Loos		
Shuman, Mary Ethel		
Shupe, Nellie Gertrude		
Sigler, Adah Ellen		
Skinner, Charles Edward		
Smedley, Margaret Gertrude		
Smith, Eva Marie	Fresh	Athene
Smith, Louise Ethel	Sonh	Toronto Canada
Smith, Thomas Maynard, Ph. B		
Sommers, Sara Edna		
Southard, Florence Ethel		
Spohn, Burrell Blakeney		
Spracklen, Arloa Janiza		
Sprowl, Zoe Lenore		
Squier, Ermine Inez		
Stage, John Edward		
Stage, William Addison		
Steele, Alice Blanche		
Stevens, Frances Folsom		
Stewart, Mary Agnes		
Stokes, Nellie Faye		
Stout, Maud Irma		
Strausbaugh, Elsie May		
Strong, Jessie Belle		
Strong, Ola Adelaide		
Swan, Basha Edna		
Swartz, Clara Bernice		
Taylor, Esther Marcella		
Terrell, Lillian Esther		
Thomas, Anna Belle		
Thomas, Della Lee		

NAME	RANK	ADDRESS
Thomas, Gladys Ione	Soph	Chesterhill
Thomas, Nettie		
Tom, Fred Lee		
Tresham, Jessie May		
Tyler, Miriam Virginia		
Valentine, Mary Winifred		
Van Dorn, Lena Matilda		
Van Scoyoc, Le Vaughn Grace		
Van Tilburg, Gladys Esther		
Van Winkle, Edwin C		
Vanderslice, Marie		·······································
Llewellyn, A. B., Ph.	B. Sen	Athens
Vertner, Ambrose Burnside		
Vester, Clara Elizabeth		
Vincent, Elsie Vere		
Wade, Ilda Marie		
Walker, Jessie Murray		
Walls, Callie King, B. S.		
Walpole, Branson Alva		
Ward, Mary		
Ward, Theron William		
Ware, Anna Marie,		
Warner, Mary Eva		
Webb, Wesley Howe		
Weber, Maud Antoinette		
Webster, Lee Alpha		
Wenrick, Key Elizabeth		
White, Eliza Lorena		
Whittlesey, Nola Cole		
Wilkes, Inez Grace		
Willerton, Mabel Arella		
Williams, Edith Chenoweth		
Williams, Effie Maude		
Willis, Irma		
Winn, Mabel Elizabeth		
Winters, Alice Frances		
Wolcott, Marion		
Wonders, Jessie May		
Wood, Cary C		
Woodruff, Myrtle		
Wyeth, Cleo Dee		
Young, Harry Curtis		
Tours, Harry Out us		

STATE PREPARATORY SCHOOL

All students taking work leading to collegiate courses are enrolled here.

NAME	YEAR	ADDRESS
Adrian, Emma	Second	Bloomingdale
Albright, Edward Emil		
Albright, John Grover		
Aiden, May Lois		
Alfred, Theodore		
Allen, Richard Ray	Third	Letart Falls
Amerine, Arthur Truman		
Ayers, Bessie	Third	Gambier
Balderson, Mary Emily	Fourth	Amesville
Ball, Ethel May	First	Hocking
Barnes, Lenora Esther	Third	Radeliff
Barnhill, Amy Gertrude	Second	Guysvill
Barnhill, Lulu Anna	Second	Guysville
Barrows, Golda Irene	Fourth	Athens
Bean, Luta Lucile	Fourth	Guysville
Bean, Nellie Dora	First	Athens
Bell, Arl Mary	Third	Athens
Bell, Enid Rose	Fourth	Jacksonville
Bender, Jacob Roy	Second	Uhrichsville
Beshore, Dora Alice	Fourth	Mingo Junction
Biddle, Benjamin Harrison		
Biggins, Lenna Glendora	Second	Canaanville
Bobo, Ethel Frances	Third	Athens
Bobo, Octa Faye		
Bouts, John Harry		
Brown, Mabel Lucile	Fourth	Agosta
Burgoon, John Alden		
Burson, Lucile Coe		
Burson, Walter Coe		
Burt, William Everett	Fourth	New Marshfield
Burton, Otis Austin	Second	Leesburg
Busch, Lois R		
Caldwell, John Henry		
Case, Hazel Minnie	Second	Croton
Casley, Nona E		
Chapman, Clarence Orton		
Chase, Don Edwin		
Chubb, Catherine Downer		
Clark, Cecile Wilma		
Clark, Wooster Thomas		
Clendenin, William Everett	Third	Monday

YEAR

ADDRESS

NAME

NAME	YEAR	ADDRESS
Courtright, Leona Effie	mi a	f
Couture, Nettie Florence		
Craig, George Ludlow		
Cripps, Raymond Fields		
Crumley, Martha Mildred		
Cullum, William Price		
Davis, Chester Francis		
Davis, Chester Francis. Dempsey, Estel		
Denney, Eva Edith	Second	
Donaldson, Arthur Earl		
Donley, Gerard Vernon		
Donovan, John Paul		
Dunham, Lewis Wills		
Durant, Gladys Fern		
Dutton, Clarence Edwin		
England, Osie		
Feiock, Edward Clement		
Feiock, Erma Rea		
Finsterwald, Elmer		
Flegal, Jay Carl		
Floyd, Homer Samuel	Second	South Perry
Frampton, Edgar Clark		
Garvin, Thomas Edgar		
Gilbreath, Earl Mason		
Gillilan, Lurene		
Gillilan, Ruth Clare		
Gordon, Burdell		
Graves, Harold Charles		
Grethen, John Peter		
Griffin, Hazel May		
Griffin, Homer Glenn		
Grimes, Loren Ervin		
Grover, Lewis Raymond	Fourth	Bidwell
Hall, Bernice Claire	Second	Wilkesville
Hammond, Albert		
Hammond, Carrie Thorne		
Hanesworth, Bertha Ellen		
Hansen, Jennie Rosalyn		
Harris, Ralph Vernon		
Hart, Virrel Miles		
Hartsel, Floyd Campbell		
Hemphill, Roberta May	Fourth	Copley
Henry, Alice Minerva		
Hewitt, Bessie May		
Hewitt, Milo Ephraim	Fourth	New Marshileld
Higley, Brewster Shott	Fourth	Athens
Hill, Bretta Taylor	Third	Vanatta

Hill, Clyde Gilman		
Hinchman, George Doran		
Hoover, Benjamin Franklin		
Horton, Estella Florence		
Howard, Clarence Edward		
Hurd, Bertha Opal		
Hutchinson, Olive		
Jackson, Ole Cleveland		
Johnson, Laura Faye		
Johnson, Parker Llewellyn	Second	Vincent
Kerns, Paul Horsman	Fourth	Leesburg
Lanning, Pearl	Third	Rutland
Laverty, Jamie Adam		
Leete, Constance Grosvenor	Fourth	Athens
Leive, Linnie Florence		
Lim, Wee Kim		
Long, Houston David		
Lortz, Jessie Hazel		
Lovell, Hazel Josephine		
Ludwick, Audra Maria	Third	Stewart
McAllister, Matilda	First	Carbon Hill
McCleery, Laura Helen		
McCormick, Nellie Louise	Second	Tiffin
McCray, Mary Ivalee	First	Greenfield
McCreary, Melvin Leslie		
McCurdy, Jessie L		
McLaughlin, George Ephraim		
Marquis, Carroll Basil	Fourth	Amesville
Marshall, William Brandt		
Martin, Peter Elwyn		
Martin, Russell		
Mason, William Pierce		
May, Ella Lucie		
May Walter W	Second	Circleville
Metham, Edith		
Miller, Norma Belle		
Mills, Amanda Jane		
Morgan, Lewis Davis		
Moore, Florence Lucile		
Morris, Anna Pearl		
Muth, James Benedict		
Nethers, Emmett Wilson		
Neves, Das, Jose Galiano Fontes		
Nida, Mary Alma		
Nixon, Hugh Henry		
Norris, Herman Henry		
Ogg, Carlos E	Fourth	Amesville

NAME YEAR ADDRESS Packer, Ethel A Second Hammondsville Parker, Chauncey Blaine Second Vanlue Parnaby, Chester William Fourth Middlefield Pettit, Lenore Marie First Creola Phelps, Nellie.....Second......Cleveland Plummer, Thomas HerbertSecondAthens Pratt, Ora May First Athens Quigley, Jessie Second Columbiana Radcliff, David Willard.....Second.....Dexter City Roberts, Emmett Ephraim......Third.....McConnelsville Robinson, Doris Lucile.......Second......Bremen Romine, Glen Mutchler......Fourth.....Athens Rowland, Raymond Rexford.....Second.....Cutler Russell, Denver........First......Jackson Russell, Heber......Jackson Russell, Lewis Walter......Fourth......Luther, Mont. Sanderson, Albert......Third.....West Austintown Sanford, Robert Mason.......Fourth....... Defiance Saylor, Esther......Second......Athens Schimmel, Vernon George......Second......Trees, La. Schmidt, William Francis......FirstZaleski Shallenberger, Royce Kirby...... Second..... Lancaster Shaw, Charles Louis Marvey.....Second......Athens Shirkey, Carl.....Second......Chauncey Shirley, Elmer Wesley.......Third......Guysville Shott, Vivian Richards......Fourth.....New Philadelphia Simkins, Richard......Third.....Laurelville Simms, Hazel Bessie..... First...... New Plymouth Simms, Ruth Audra......First......New Plymouth Smith, Cora Gladys......First......Carey Souder, Ruth Serena......Fourth......Athens Sprague, Allen Dent......Fourth......Chauncey Staneart, Charles Ernest.......First.......Athens Starner, Charles Henry......Second.....Sugar Grove Steepee, Delia Edna...... Second..... Rogers Stone, Goldie MayOrland Strausbaugh, Henry Verne. First Langsville

Swaim, Hannah Marie......Second......Athens

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NAME	YEAR	ADDRESS
Swiger, Ora Ethel	Second	South Zanesville
Taylor, Earl	Third	Trinway
Thompson, Ernest	First	The Plains
Tinker. Walter Warden	Second	Frankfort
Titus, James Stephen	Second	Middleport
Trimble, Harry Bane	Fourth	Jacobsburg
Ulrich, Victoria Helena	Second	Lewisville
Varner, Ella	Second	Black Run
Verwohlt, Howard William	Second	Tiltonsville
Walker, Florence Margaret	Fourth	Cheshire
Walker, Robert Herman	Third	New Marshfield
Watkins, Nettie Elizabeth	Second	Athens
Watkins, William Poston	Second	Athens
Weik, Waldo Harrison		
Weinman, Caryl Auburn	Fourth	Columbus
Wharton, Florida Edna	Third	New Marshfield
White, Harry Victor	First	Norwich
White, Joseph Cook		
Whitlock, Florence Ethel		
Willerton, Nettie Elizabeth		
Wilson, Sylvester Omar		
Wright, James Timothy		
Wyckoff, Grace Emma		
Young, Edgar Wiley		
Zenner, Philip McKnight	Fourth	Athens

SUMMER SCHOOL

This list includes only the names of those students who were in attendance during no other part of the year.

The	total	enrollment	of	summer	school	students	was	1003
Adams,	Elma I	Florence					Lis	bon
Addicot	t, Cora	Elizabeth					lliams	field
Addico	t, Har	old					Atl	nens
Aler, B	ertha F	lorence					Zanes	ville
Allen, I	Henry 1	Monroe				Blo	oming	burg
Allison	Edna	Corinne					I	eith
Allison,	Eliza	Maude					Tor	onto
Allison	, Hilda	Mae					I	eith
Altland	, Gertr	ude Alice					Mass	llon
		Robert						
		sy Belle						
Anderse	on, Len	a Malinda					Nev	vark
Anderse	on, Mar	y Emma				F	ortsm	outh
Anderse	on, Mai	ry Mae					Hills	boro
Anderso	on, Mai	rtha Esther				Newc	omerst	own
Andrew	s, Mar	y Chase				MeC	onnels	ville

Andrews, Nellie Belle Glouster
Armstrong, Lyman WalterBellville
Arnold, Lillian DYoungstown
Arnold, Mildred MayYoungstown
Arter, Charles Sumner Harper's Ferry, W.Va.
Asher, Ethel MarieNew Holland
Ault, HazelBridgeport
Austin, Minnie BelleMiddlefield
Babione, KathryneWoodville
Babione, La Rue Frances
Bailey, Anna MargaretWest Liberty
Bailey, ElizabethNew Straitsville
Bailey, PermeliaMason, W. Va.
Baldwin, Harley EugeneCortland
Ballmer, Ula MayLancaster
Balthaser, Lillian Marie Amanda
Barnhart, Marie Emily Center Belpre
Barr, Hazel ViolaWest Carrollton
Barton, John LReedsville
Barton, William HowardAdelphi
Bartow, Alice CorneliaSandusky
Bates, EthelShawnee
Battan, BessieThornville
Battrick, Helen ClaireWilliamsfield
Baughman, Virgil Guy New Marshfield
Beck, Ernest BrayMt. Perry
Beery, Ross CharlesLancaster
Bell, BryceJeffersonville
Benard, Helen MayRising Sun
Beshore, Georgia EMingo Junction
Bess, Jennie BelleBrilliant
Bethel, Nina PaulineAthens
Bishop, Florence Mildred
Bitzer, Charles Alfred
Black, Josephine Abagail
Blum, Clara LorettaLogan
Boarden, NellieLogan
Bolton, Francis ErnestAthens
Book, Dorothy AliceCincinnati
Borger, Evelyn EmmaTrenton
Bouts, John EdwardSouth Webster
Bowers, Ramona MaeAthens
Bowlus, GraceFremont
Bowman, G. ArveneEdison
Bradfield, Bessie Gladys
Bradfield, Laura MabelPomeroy
Brannon, George FultonKey
Breitenbecker, Elva MaeTrenton
Breyfogle, Myrtle BelleAthens

Brock, Glenna May	
Brown, Clara Belle	
Brown, Esther Sara	
Brown, Louie Fern	
Brown, Myrtle	
Bryson, Phyllis	
Buchanan, David Lewis	Toronto
Buchanan, Elizabeth Phoebe	Beallsville
Buckley, Charles Albert	Santoy
Bumgardner, Gladys Marie	
Burns, Granville Willard	Belmont
Byrne, Irene	
Calder, Ida Lavinia	Belpre
Caldwell, Frances	Coolville
Calhoon, Lenore A	Crooksville
Calhoun, Beatrice Arema	
Callaway, Susie Elizabeth	
Calvin, Margaret Belle	
Cameron, Albert F	
Carpenter, Icy.	
Carr, George E.	
Carr, Wilson Hamilton	
Carter, Memphis Tennessee.	
Carty, Bernice Lucile	
Chapin, Louise Reeve	
Chappell, Dalton Orrin.	
Cheeseman, W. Carl	
Cherrington, Susan Mary	
Chilton, Irene Enola	
Christy, Mazie Leone	
Chute, Berenice Fauney	
Clapp, Floy Alice	
Clark, Edna Marie	
Clark, Ethel Norah	
Clark, Ethyl Bess	
Clark, Hannah Ethel.	
Clement, Verna Pauline	
Cline, Elizabeth Faye	
Clossman. Christine Marie	
Clouse, B. Gayle	
Clum, Samuel James	
Cochran, Francyl Mary	
Coe, Fred Oscar	
Coleman, Mabel Bertine	
Colley, Lillian Isabel	
Collins, Marguerite Matilda	
Conn, Anna Marie	
Connelly, Jane Eleanor	
Cook, Ida May	New Holland

Cooley, Calla Ernestine
Copeland, Dean BurnsAthens
Corle, Letitia VirginiaBurgoon
Cornell, Clifford CharlesAthens
Costigan MaryBerlin Heights
Cotner, PaulAthens
Coulter, Chester ManlySayre
Coulter, LolaSayre
Coulter, Zelma Sayre
Cox, Anna IdaGillespieville
Craig, Laura TiltonMcKeesport, Pa.
Crawford, Lena Anna Roxabell
Crawford, Minnie Alta Barnesville
Creamer, George FultonBridgeport
Crew, MaryChesterhill
Crone, Mabel EdnaMineral City
Cross, Carrie LouiseCanton
Cross, Tirzah IrenePortsmouth
Crouse, Forest RoseNewark
Cuckler, Dicie EnitaAthens
Cullen, Esther Kimball
Culp, Lillian BelleToronto
Culp, Sara ArdellaToronto
Cunningham, Mabel KeturahSteubenville
Darrah, Florence Belle
Dart, Orbie RuthPierpont
Daugherty, Anna May New Lexington
Daugherty, Carrie Gertrude
Davidson, Besse ArcadaSummerfield
Davidson, Edythe Mae Summerfield
Day, ImogeneZanesville
DeVoe, Walter WilliamLewisville
DeWitt, EthelCenterburg
Dearth, Otto ArtSummerfield
Decker, John MiltonBeallsville
Dent, Vina MayAthens
Devlin, Margaret MaryCongo
Devitt, Celia LorettaAthens
Dick, Inez RebeccaNew Holland
Dildine, Grace MaeSalem
Dill, Karl WPemberton
Dinsmoor, Constance FayeShade
Dinsmoor, Gwendolyn Lelia
Dixon. Florence Mary Swifts
Dixon, James Floyd
Donahey, Monna EstherUtica
Doolittle, Fleda DorisCarbondale
Doolittle, Lottie DellCarbondale
Drury, Bertha BelleNew Lexington

Dunbar, Marcellus Wilson	
Dunn, Fannie Margaret	
Dunn, Ruth Agnes	
Dunnick, Cleona Minerva	
Earnhart, Blanche Ethel	
Edwards, Henry Charles	Hillsboro
Eichenberger, Helen Mary	Warren
Eichler, Claude George	
Elliott, Dora Mae	Bellaire
Ellis, Goldie Mae	New Vienna
Emerson, Ruth Waldine	Loveland
Engle, Bessie Chloe	Lancaster
Entsminger, Helen Orr	Middleport
Evans, Bessie Mae	London
Evans, Edith	Athens
Evans, Lucy Belle	
Evans, Margaret Ellen	
Evans, Nellie	
Eves. Edward Holt	
Fankhauser, Edwin Thomas	
Farquhar, Winona Josephine	
Farrar, Leonard Cecil	
Farrar, Naola May	
Fenzel, William Henry	
Fergason, Mary Edith	
Ferguson, Edith Lizzie	
Feth, Freda Henrietta	
Finkbone, Floris Evelyn	
Finks, Grace Packard	Malinta
Finsterwald, Lenna Marie	
Fiser, Mary Winifred	
Fisher, Daisy Pearl.	
Fisher, Ethel Barker	
Fisher, Mary Etta.	
Fitzer, Lorena Belle	
Flegal, Harry Mitchell	
Flegal, Hazel Burviance	
Fletcher, Grace Mabelle	
Fletcher, Harriet	
Flood, John William	
Ford, George William.	
Forsythe, Margaret Rebecca	
Foster, Jennie Viola	
Foster, Mary Jane	
Fraher, Flora Elizabeth	
Francisco, Boyd Edward	
Freeman, Elizabeth Phyllis	
Fri, James Lloyd. Fulton, Fluella May	
CHILDD. CHICALIS MAY	Albany

Gage, GladysCutler
Galloway, Carrie EstellaRosedale
Gamertsfelder, EthelNellie
Gandee, Raymond Ernest
Garber, Elizabeth GertrudeSouth Norwood
Gates, Carrie BelleZanesville
Gates, Harold TaylorZanesville
Gerlach, Hazel MargarethaVermilion
Gibson, Aura KatherineAthens
Gibson, Margaret Florence Ethel
Giesey, Julia Etta
Giesey, VergieSmithfield
Gildersleeve, Eugene Hills
Giles, Nell DouglassMiddleport
Gillen, Miriam KeziahMorgantown, Ky.
Gillete, Edna ElizabethFremont
Glass, Mary Adelia
Glenn, Hazel MaryGallipolis
Glover, WilliamScott
Goddard, Charles CurtisCutler
Goodwin, WillisVenedocia
Gossett, Ruth JeanetteGreenfield
Graham, George NelsonReynoldsburg
Graham, Hazel FrancesAthens
Grant, Nettie HowardParis, Ky.
Gray, Mabel ClareWilkesville
Gray, Margaret Hannah
Gray, VeraCoalton
Greene, Estella BlancheZanesville
Grey, Etta FrancesCopley
Grice, Lenna MayHighland
Griffith, Barton RussellAshville
Griffith, Leona BerthaGranville
Griner, Harry Garfield
Groves. Charles DanfordOrwell
Growden, Clarence Holmes
Gutensohn, Emma SarahGnadenhutten
Hackathorn, Mary AnnaBergholz
Hall, Ada BearlNova
Hall, Carrie FlorenceLowell
Hall, Jesse Charles,Glouster
Hall, Lillian Louisa
Hall, Linna LetitiaAthens
Hall, Lola MayCroton
Hall, MargaretProctor, W. Va.
Hamilton, BelleHillsboro
Handley, Cecil Worth
Hanna, Lottie ElmaVan Buren
Hannan, Monica UrsulaIronton

	35 35
Harbourt, Mabel Patience	
Harmon, Maude Ethel	
Harper, Mary	
Hart, Denver T	
Hart, Henry M	
Harter, Edwin Winston	
Hartford, Margaret Jane	
Hartley, Emma Lizbeth	
Hawk, Katherine Vernon	
Hawk, Stella Maude	
Haworth, Bertha Routh	
Hay, Dan Bricker	
Hayes, Everett Raymond	
Haymer, Hallie Rebecca	
Haymond, Mary Mildred	Newark
Haynes, Elfra May	Dillonvale
Hempy, Rhea E	Pleasantville
Henderson, Louise	Lisbon
Henderson, Okey Carl	Portland
Henderson, Ruth Anna	Roseville
Hennigan,-Mary	Lyndon
Herbst, Georgia Sinclair	Steubenville
Hermann, Edna Lee	
Herrold, Gordon	
Herrold, Rose Ella	
Hesse, Myrtle Lucile	
Hewitt, John	
Hibbard, Edwin McCune	
Hibbard, John George.	
Hickle, Elva	
Higbie, Una Dale	
Higgins Margaret	
Higgins, Winifred Belle	
Hindley, Marjorie Jo	
Hines, Nora Belle	
Hinkle, Edith G	
Hoak, Hazel	
Hodge, Daisy	
Hoffner, Lula May	
Hollar, Ruth 8	Newark
Holshoy, Harvey Le Roy	Mineral City
Hooper, Katie	Athens
Hoopman, Hallie Belle	
Hoover, Silvia	
Horton, Dorothy Irene	
Hughes, Esther	
Huls, Ora Mildred	
Hulse, Walter Harrison	Rockbridge
Hunter, Ora Dell	Mt. Sterling

TTTT1
Hupp, James LloydHemloek
Hurd, Lorinda MayGarrettsville
Huston, Cora F
Hutcheson, Berenice MaySalem
Hutton, Walter EugeneFrankfort
Hutzell, Carrie Belle
Imler, Golda MargaretKingston
Inglish, Anna MarieAntri m
Inglish, Bessie PaulineAntrim
Isbell, Clara IsadoreWalbridge
Jackson, Harry FranklinBeallsville
James, GwendolynAthens
Jeffers, Mabel MaeCoal Run
Jenks, StellaVigo
Jennings, Nellie LeeAthens
Johnson, Alberta AdelVermilion
Johnson, Herbert ShepherdLeesburg
Johnson, Wiltiam Douglass Kimball, W. Va.
Jones, Dessie MartineGood Hope
Jones, EulahOmega
Jones, PaulineGood Hope
Jones, William DaleAthens
Jump, Bernice OraHuron
Jung, Goly ParkCanton, China
Justice, Ivan SilbaughAshville
Kasler, FredericaNelsonville
Katzenbach, Adda LenoreNelsonville
Katzenbach, Lucy MarieNelsonville
Keeler, Iva IreneNew Matamoras
Kelly, Anna Mary St. Martin
Kelly, Anna SavillaMeComb
Kemp, Amma DeeBridgeport
Kennard, Minnie TheoraCarbondale
Kennedy, Dennis VGnadenhutten
Kersey, Cora LenaOregonia
Ketcham, BeatriceFremont
Ketcham, Ernest EthanSayre
Keyser, Clara MayWoodsfield
Keyser, Florence Gertrude
Kinsey, Katherine JosephineGnadenhutten
Kinsey, Nora NellieNew Philadelphia
Kinsey, Venetta PearlTacoma
Kinsey, Zella ZoeNew Philadelpha
Kirklin, Cora LeeLoveland
Kline, Roma IreneNew Martinsville, W. Va.
Klopfenstein, Ada AParis
Knapp, Lizetta IdaNorwalk
Knisley, KateBainbridge
Knopp, Silvia Ferry

Koonce, Bertram Ezra	Parker's Landing
Krapps, Matilda Helena	Vermilion
Kumler, Nettie Elizabeth	Baltimore
Kump, Jennie A	Alliance
Lane, Patti E	Nashport
Lanthorne, Orville Whittier	Ironton
Latteau, Mollie Therese	
Lauterbur, Anna Pauline	Sidney
Law, George Gun	Portland, Oregon
Lawton, Anna Mabel	Barlow
Lawton, Helen Elizabeth	Barlow
Lawton, Mary Mildred	Barlow
LeFavor, Ella	Alfred
Le Masters, Grace Delilah	
Le Roy, Frank Coats	
Lee, Bessie Isabel	
Lee, Estella Clarissa	Athens
Lee, Murl Mattie	
Lehman, Orlandeth Auland	
Leon, Lenard Koh	
Leverton, Letta Lee	
Liggett, Kate	
Liggett, Thomas Henry	
Lightfritz, Winifred	
Lindsley, Dorothy Elizabeth	
Lindsley, Agnes	
Linn, Alton	Toboso
Llewellyn, Orpha May	
Logan, Mary Slattery	Athens
Long, Laura	
Lonsinger, Lucy	
Loper, Iva Maud	
Loper, Rebecca Ellen	
Lotz, Lois Ada	
Love, Agnes Estelle	
Lowe, Florence Mabel	
Lowe, Rosa Gertrude	
Lowman, Electa Florence	
Lucas, Elisha Edwin	Morristown
Lutz, Eliza J	
Luxon, Elizabeth Agnes	
Lynch, Chloe Esther	New Marshfield
Lynch, Flo Cordelia	New Marshfield
Lyons, Lindsey Leon	
McAfee, Ethel May Belle	Stewart
McCall, David Arthur	Marshall
McCartney, Ruby La Verne	
McClure, Margaret Ellen	Oak Hill
McCollister, Leah	Derby

McConn, Teresa Catherine	
McCormick, Clair	Gallipolis
McCormick, Mary Gladys	Lisbon
McCoy, Vesta Claire	
McDaniel, Guy	
McFadden, Christian Fairfax	
McFadden, Cora Belle	
McGee, Grace	
McGill, Alice Pauline	
McGinty, Anna Elizabeth	
McHenry, Nell	
McKinley, Lona Mae	
McKinstry, Richard	Athens
McKown, Emilie M	
McMenamy, William Charles	
McMillan, John Addison	New Athens
McMurray, Sadie Anna	Barnesville
McNeal, Florence	Waterford
Mace, Lulu Edna	Athens
Maddock, Ida May	
Mansfield, Virgil Don	Athens
Marshall, Ethel	
Marvin, Genevieve	Findlay
Mason, Bertha Laree	Hicksville
Masterson, George Ellsworth	Cedarville
Matson, Mabel Mae	Millfle1d
Matthews, Blanche Violette	Cheshire
Maxwell, Harley Stanley	Athens
Medlay, Etta Golda	
Meinke, William Gotleib	Oak Harbor
Mercer, Gladys Lucile	
Meredith, Jennie Belle	
Merrill, Lucia Ellen	
Merry, Sua Ruby	
Merry, Zua Roma	
Metzger, Joanna Ruth	
Meyers, Mary Ila	
Michael, Ola Mae	
Mickle, Herbert C	
Mikesell, Ray Everett	
Miller, Ernest	
Miller, Grace Mildred	
Miller, Hazel Lenore	
Miller, Leria Maude	
Miller, Lillie Belle	
Miller, Martha Catherine	
Miller, Pearl Maynette	
Miller, Ruth Arretta	
Miller, Stella	

Miller, Thelma Gladys	M =1-
Milner, Anna Belle	
Moler, Harley Edwin.	
Moore, Blanche	
Moore, Wayne	
Morgan, Edna	
Morris, Dorothy Catherine	
Morris, Helen Mary	
Morris, Lucy Edith	
Morris, Wilmina Sophia	
Morris, Winfield Scott	
Morrow, Winnie Opal	
Mowrey, Bessie Mabel	
Mowrey, Russell Donaldson	
Mulaney, Anna Marie	
Muntz, Edith Anna	
Muntz, Leonard William	
Murray, Elizabeth	
Musgrave, Walter E	
Musser, Mabel Grace	
Myer, Florence	
Myers, Anabel	
Myers, M. Christina	
Neff, Grace Mildred	Crooksville
Nelson, Emmett Gerald	Carpenter
Nelson, Leta Mae	
Newland, Louise	
Newman, Autye Mae	
Nihart, Cora	0
Noble, Bessie May	Windsor
Noe, Lola Melvina	Swiss, W. Va.
Norris, Calvin Leslie	Nellie
Nye, Earl Lemoyne	Athens
O'Brien, Christopher Henry	
O'Brien, Louise	
O'Connell, Charles Wilmer	
Ochs, Clarence Martin	
Ochs, Helen Marguerite	
Ogg, Verda Lenora	
Oldfield, Hamilton	
Ostrander, Ellen Gertrude	Painesville
Ostrander, Ethel Mary	Painesville
Oxley, Lena Bertine	Athens
Palmer, Leva Wright	
Parks Ralph	
Partee, Blake Cameron	Evansport
Patridge, Gladys Lillian	Greenfield
Patterson, Carrie Vyde	
Paullin, Elda Gertrude	Sedalia

OHIO UNIVERSITY

Peele, Clara Starn	
Penn, Lillie Helena	Paulding
Pepple, Madge	
Perrill, Jessie Millar	Ashville
Petry, Edith Caroline	Seventeen
Phelps, Ellen Mayland	Niles
Pickering, Ethel Susan	Athens
Plessinger, Elsie Adelle	West Carrollton
Ploeger, Gertrude	Cincinnati
Poling, Robert Bertrude	Logan
Poorman, Nora	Sidney
Porter, Frances Anna	McConnelsville
Posey, BesseW	ashington C. H.
Price, Jennie Lovina	Athens
Price, Sarah Ada	
Pyers, Bessie	East Liberty
Pyers, Grace	East Liberty
Quinn, Francis Martin	New Lexington
Radcliffe, Ethel Omega	Athens
Ramsey, Martin Newell	Jacobsburg
Ray, Viva Louise	
Ream, Helen May	Canton
Redmon, Frank Austin	Derby
Reed, Mary Frances	Hamden
Reeder, Edith Sarah	Frazeysburg
Reeves, Essie Holmes	
Reichelderfer, James Leslie	
Reighley, Alice May	
Reinchield, Viola Theresa	Thurston
Reiter, Lulu Wilhelmina	Marietta
Rial, Edna J	Shadyside
Rice, Fannie M	Novelty
Rice, Inis Fern	
Richardson, Herbert Stanley	
Richey, Adah Louise	
Richmond, Winifred Vanderbilt	
Richter, Marie Elizabeth	
Rickey, Edna	
Ripley, Emma Katherine	
Roach, Harry Wescott	Athens
Roberts, Florence	West Jefferson
Roberts, Jessie Marie	
Roberts, Lovett Clofie	
Roberts, Olive Jane	
Roberts, Shirley	West Jefferson
Robinson, Mary Kyle	
Rodehaver, Edna Doan	
Rogers, Katharene Austa	
Rood, Edna May	Marietta

Root, Mary L	
Roswurm, Esther Delilah	
Roswurm, Ruth	
Ruff, Nelle May	
Ruth, Clifford Everett	
Rutledge, Nellie Elizabeth	
Salters, James	
Sanders, Mary Captolia	
Saunders, Arthur Claire	
Savage, Mary Frances	
Schaefer, Emma May	
Schaefer, Otto Walter	
Schilling, Cora E	•
Schilling, Minnie Caroline	
Schleich, May	
Schofield, Florence Margaret	
Scholl, Florence Mae	
Schreiner, Estella Clara	
Scott, Lulu Blanche	St. Clairsville
Sears, Anna Marie	
Severe, Carrie	
Shafer, Anna Merle	
Shank, Mary Irene	
Shannon, Alice Magdalene	
Shannon, Ella Veronica	Athens
Shannon, Virtue	Newark
Shanton, Leora	Chillicothe
Sharp, William Roy	Bainbridge
Shelley, Homer C	Thornville
Shelley, John Wilbur	Jamestown
Shelton, Kate	Springfield
Shepherd, Lu Ellen	St. Clairsville
Sherman, Myra Orca	
Shields, Linnie Mabel	
Shields, Margaret Lenore	
Shields, Mary Hambleton	Crooksville
Shuman, Lulu Elizabeth	Dillonyale
Shumway, Roswell Burr	Portsmouth
Simmons, Everett McCollom	East Monroe
Simon, Alma Marie	Ironton
Simpson, Denver Colorado	Tippecanoe
Sims, Priscilla	
Sindlinger, Charles Albert	Gnadenhutten
Skaer, Blanche Augusta	New Philadelphia
Skinner, Anna Florence	
Skinner, Carrie Elizabeth	Logan
Smith, Alma Elizabeth	Jackson
Smith, Lillian Corinne	
Smith, Margaret May	Crelton

OHIO UNIVERSITY

Smith, Mary Vanetta	Athens
Soliday, Edith	
Soliday, Leroy McPherson	
Somerwell, Grace	
Sprowles, Ferne Locetta	
Stanton, Flora Mae	
Starr, Everett Murch	
Stauder, Cecil Leona.	
Steadman, Frances	
Stephenson, Joseph Newton.	
Stevens, Bertha May	
Stewart, Foss Elon.	
Stine, Elsie Ora	
Stocker, Experience Augusta.	
Stoker, Edith May	
Stone, Evan D.	
Stone, Fannie Doreas	
Stone, Rufus Emmett	
Stone, Vernon Lee	
Stout, Verda Etta	
Stoyle, Ethel Mae	
Stoyle, Kate	
Stringfellow, Emma Abigail	
Strouse, Ruth Blanche	
Stuart, George Washington	Nelsonville
Sullivan, Henry Lee.	Georgetown
Swartz, Roscoe	
Sweazy, Carl Melvin	
Sweet, Nellie Evelyn	
Swickard, Ima Blanche.	
Swinehart, Ross Poorman	
Taylor, Arthur Hamilton	MeArthur
Taylor, Eunice Loa.	Mearthur
Taylor, Lois Bernice.	
Thomas, Jessie	
Thomas, Rose Anna	
Thrall, Gail Beatrice	Ratharda
Tidrick, Neva Jane.	
Timberlake, Effie Llewellyn	
Tom, Daisie Bernice	
Tomlinson, Roy C.	
Tong, Ka Chang	
Tootle, Ina Marie	
Tracy, Everett John	
Treaster, Orpha Helen	
Treaster, Orpha Helen	
Trottmann, Bruce Guy	
Trout, Gates	
Tufts, Lura Loree	
Tuits, Lura Loree	

Turner, Frances Virginia	
Turner, Oda Davis	
Turner, Stella	
Tuttle, Caroline Lois	
Ulrich, Cordelia	
Valentine, David Franklin	
Van Dyke, Helen Lenore	
Van Vorhis, Omer Everett	
Van Zandt, Hazel Mary	
Voigt, Olive Elizabeth	
Wagner, Myrtle Gertrude	
Walburn, Letitia	
Walburn, Wesley	
Walker, Greta Edith	
Wallace, Martha Esther	
Wallace, Mary Iva	
Walsh, Josephine	
Waltermire, Arthur Beecher	Findlay
Waltermire, Estella May	
Wamsley, Osa	Otway
Ward, Elsie La Gerta	Bethesda
Ward, Flora Sarepta	Williamsfield
Warner, Blanche	Burgoon
Warren, Freda Floella	Elba
Watkins, Charles Burr	Athens
Watts, Mary Ora	Grove City
Weisenberger, Edna Marie	McArthur
Welch, Edwin Charles	Athens
Weldon, Stella Kathryn	Jacksonville
Welsh, Martha Lovina	
Weltner, Georgia Mabel	
Wensinger, Rosa Mae	
Wessel, Clara G	
West, Nondas	
Wharff, Edna May	
Wharton, Maude Hazel	
White, Bernice Ava	
White, Myrtle Inez	
White, Ruth Eloise	
Whitlach, Flossie Elgepha.	
Whitsey, Marian Leone	
Whittaker, Martha Anderson	
Wiedemer, Lottie Becht.	
Wiley, Edna Matilda	
Wiley, Nathaniel	
Wilkes, Albert Vernon.	
Wilkes, Ernest Constantine.	
Wilkin, John David	
Williams, Clark.	
wantams, Olark	Athens

Williams, David Burle	Syracuse
Williams, Dwight	Athens
Williams, Elizabeth Pearl	Glouster
Williams, Helen Frances	Athens
Williams, Sarah Putnam	Pomeroy
Williams, Verna Louise	Salem
Williamson, Albert Minor	Leesburg
Wilson, Eva Mae	Athens
Wilson, Marcia	London
Windsor, Gladys Faye	Guysville
Wise, Gertrude Louise	Coolville
Witherstay, Treva Marguerite	Garrettsville
Wood, Beulah Levada	Good Hope
Wood, Laura Ethel	Austin
Wooddell, Harriet Alice	Wakefield
Woodland, Ellen Elizabeth	Bloomingburg
Woodworth, Charles Lloyd	Athens
Worden, Alta Edith	Glouster
Worrall, Paul Clifton	Chesterhill
Wright, Alice	Granville
Yealey. Nellie	Unionville Center
Yost, Rose	Somerset
Young, Shirley May	Jacksonville

UNIVERSITY EXTENSION STUDENTS

725

(Not elsewhere enumerated)

(2700 01007, 1200 070 07, 1200 07, 1200 07, 1200 07, 1200 07, 1200 07, 1200 07, 1200
Barrington, MabelSt. Marys
Becker, EmmaLogan
Bibler, Blanche EBaltimore
Bibler, Neal ABaltimore
Bowen, MollieSt. Marys
Clouse, Elza EugeneBasil
Cullums, Doris MNelsonville
Cullums, Opal WNelsonville
Dauterman, Carrie BThurston
Deer, BessieNelsonville
Dutton, Jocie CatherineSt. Marys
Edington, HazelNelsonville
Finke, Clara HSt. Marys
Frampton, BurlSt. Marys
Geiger, AlmaSt. Marys
Gilliland, Lulu OcaSt. Marys
Groves, Russell LowellLancaster
Hampton, Roxy May Nelsonville
Heine, EmmaSt. Marys
Heine, MargaretSt. Marys

Hickman Elsie,	Nelsonville
Johnson, Oden ConradL	
Katzenbach, Mabel	0
Koenig, Emil J.	
Kuenning, Erma	St.Marvs
Kumler, Florence Pauline	
Lemon, Mary F	Logan
Linton, Estella Mae	Nelsonville
MeBride, Nan	Logan
McCray, Mary Emaletta	Logan
Mallen, Mary F	Nelsonville
Marshall, Belva L	St. Marys
Miley, Melva J	St. Marys
Miley, Sadie	St. Marys
Moehring, Lena	St. Marys
Murphy, Ella Cecelia	Nelsonville
Needels, Rosa Belle	St. Marys
Parry, Lulu M	Nelsonville
Patton, Ella	Nelsonville
Price, Clara Elizabeth	Baltimore
Reynolds, Estelle	Nelson ville
Schwark, Ada	St. Marys
Smith, Arthur B	Thurston
Smith, Nellie G	Thurston
Stoneburner, Alberta C	Nelsonville
Thomas, Chester M	Baltimore
Verity, Jeannette	
Watson, Archie M	Baltimore
White, Annie	Logan
White, Bird	Logan
White, Rose N	0
Wiseman, Carrie	
Work, Alice J	Thurston

GENERAL SUMMARY

1912-13

1912-13		
College of Liberal Arts	16	
Post-Graduates	52	
Class of 1912	50	
Seniors	44	
Inniors		
Conhomores	111	
Thechmon	165	
*Irregular and Special Students	223	
		661
1 (1 11		
State Normal College Post-Graduates	5	
Post-Graduates	21	
Class of 1912	29	
Seniors	26	
Juniors	127	
Sophomores	153	
Freshmen	42	
Irregular and Special Students	207	
State Preparatory School	201	
		610
m Calanal		725
Summer School		1996
Total		12
Names counted more than once		
Net Total		1984
University Extension Students		53
Grand total		2037
Grand total		

ENROLLMENT OF STUDENTS FOR PAST FIVE YEARS

4000 0	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13
1908-9	1909-10		1000	2037
1460	1597	1787	1832	2001

[*Note: The large number of special and irregular students is mainly due to the College of Music and the School of Commerce.]

UNIVERSITY CALENDAR, 1913

Second Semester

Monday, February 3	Registration of Students
Friday noon, March 21	Easter Vacation Begins
Monday noon, March 31	Easter Vacation Ends
Friday, May 30	Holiday
Thursday, June 19	Commencement Day and the
	Close of the Second Semester

Summer School

Monday, June 23	Registration of Students
Tuesday, June 24	Recitations Begin
Friday, July 4	
Friday, August 1	Close of Summer School

UNIVERSITY CALENDAR, 1913-1914

First Semester

Monday, September 8	Registration of Students
Tuesday, September 9	Recitations Begin
Wednesday noon, November 26:.	.Thanksgiving Recess Begins
Monday noon, Décember i	Thanksgiving Recess Ends
Friday, December 19	Holiday Recess Begins
Monday, January 5	
Friday, January 30	

Second Semester

Monday, February 2,	Registration of Students
Tuesday, February 3	
Friday noon, April 3	Easter Vacation Begins
Monday noon, April 13	
Thursday noon, June 18	Commencement Day and the
	Close of the Second Semester

Summer School

Monday, June 22	Registration of Students



OHIO UNIVERSITY BULLETIN



CATALOGUE NUMBER

ATHENS, OHIO, APRIL, 1914

Published by the University and Issued Quarterly

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CATALOGUE

OF

OHIO UNIVERSITY

ATHENS, OHIO

1913-1914

AND

CIRCULAR OF INFORMATION

FOR

1914-1915

PUBLISHED BY THE UNIVERSITY

1914

"Religion, morality, and knowledge, being necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind, schools and the means of education shall forever be encouraged."

Article 3, Ordinance of 1787.

"Under this statute (Ordinance of 1787) the Ohio Company, organized in Boston the year before as the final outcome of Rufus Putnam's proposed colony of officers, bought from the government five or six millions of acres, and entered on the first great movement of emigration west of the Ohio. The report creating the colony provided for public schools, for religious instructions, and for a university."

THOMAS W. HIGGINSON.

"We are accustomed to praise the lawgivers of antiquity; we help to perpetuate the fame of Solon and Lycurgus; but I doubt whether one single law of any lawgiver, ancient or modern, has produced effects of more distinct, marked, and lasting character than the Ordinance of 1787. * * * It was a movement of great wisdom and foresight, and one which has been attended with highly beneficial results and permanent consequences. * * * It set forth and declared it to be a high and binding duty of government itself to support schools and advance the means of education."

DANIEL WEBSTER.

"That there shall be an University instituted and established in the town of Athens, * * * for the instruction of youth in all the various branches of the liberal arts and sciences, for the promotion of good education, virtue, religion, and morality, and for conferring all the degrees and literary honors granted in similar institutions."

Section 1, Territorial Act, January 9, 1802.

"Whereas, institutions for the liberal education of youth are essential to the progress of arts and science, important to morality, virtue, and religion, friendly to the peace, order, and prosperity of society, and honorable to the government that encourages and patronizes them, etc."

Preamble, Act of Ohio Legislature Establishing the Ohio University, at Athens, February 18, 1804.

OHIO UNIVERSITY

AND

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

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^{*}The President of the University has membership in each committee.

GENERAL INFORMATION

OHIO UNIVERSITY

ORIGIN OF THE UNIVERSITY

The existence of the Ohio University was provided for as early as 1787, in the purchase of lands made from the Government of the United States by the Ohio Company of Associates. By the contract between these two parties, two townships of land were set apart for the purpose of a University, and placed under the care of the Legislature of the State. The University was organized under an act of the Legislature passed February 18, 1804. Its Trustees are appointed by State authority, and the Governor of the State is, ex-officio, a member of the Board. Recent legislation confirms the position of the University as one of the educational wards of the State of Ohio. State support gives the institution an annual revenue of about \$100,000. Other sources of income swell the amount above named to over \$300,000. Special appropriations for buildings and equipment during the last eleven years ending with February, 1913, have amounted to \$733,648.

LOCATION

Athens, the seat of the University, is situated in the southeastern part of the State. It is easily accessible from the east and west by the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad and its branches; from the southern, central, and northern portions of the State by the Hocking Valley and the Toledo and Ohio Central railways. By these routes it is one hundred and sixty miles from Cincinnati and seventy-five miles southeast from Columbus. The sanitary arrangements of the city are unsurpassed. Its principal streets are paved; it is provided with waterworks and sewerage; its Board of Health is vigorous and efficient. There are few cities in the country that are more desirable as a place of temporary or permanent residence than Athens. There are no saloons.

The lover of natural scenery cannot fail to be charmed with its picturesque surroundings. The winding valley of the Hockhocking and the wooded hills beyond present a series of striking views from the University, while the wide prospects, as seen at certain seasons from some of the neighboring summits, afford a quiet and varied beauty.

BUILDINGS

The University buildings are thirteen in number. Nine of them are grouped on the campus.

The "Central Building" was erected in 1817, and is the oldest college edifice northwest of the Ohio river. This venerable sturcture is dear to many by strong and tender associations, and to many more by means of eminent men who have here studied and taught. It has been modernized and is admirably adapted to its uses for college work.

"Ewing Hall" named in honor of Hon. Thomas Ewing, of the Class of 1815, is a handsome building in which may be found the assembly room, art rooms, various class-rooms, and the administration offices.

"Ellis Hall" the new building occupied by the departments of the State Normal College, now nine years in use, is the first building in Ohio, erected at State expense, given up wholly to the training of teachers for service in public schools. It is one of the largest, best, and most costly buildings on the grounds. Five hundred people can find comfortable seats in the assembly room of this building.

The "Carnegie Library" fully equipped and in running order, is situated in the southwest corner of the campus. It presents a fine appearance and suggests the highly practical service it is rendering to educational work of the University.

The buildings known as the "East Wing" and the "West Wing" are nearly as old as the Central Building. They afford

class-room and laboratory facilities for certain departments of instruction as well as confortable quarters for a number of male students.

The "Old Chapel," so called, stands apart from the other buildings. Some of the work of the College of Music is carried on in this building. Here the Athenian, Philomathean, and Adelphian literary societies have well-furnished rooms. On the first floor is an assembly room often used when narrower quarters than those found in the assembly room of Ewing Hall are desired.

"Women's Hall," is located nearly opposite the north entrance to the campus. It is a fine brick structure heated by steam, where convenient and pleasant rooms are occupied by a Dean, a Matron, and ninety women students. The dining-room and kitchen are clean and well furnished.

"Boyd Hall" the new dormitory for young women, is located near Ellis Hall and the Carnegie Library. It has a frontage of 150 feet on Park Place and a depth of 100 feet.

The building is heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Each bedroom is well lighted and has ample closet space. In all, accommodations are provided for eighty-eight students and, in addition to these, rooms are provided for the maids and servants.

The "Gymnasium" is a handsome, structure containing a swimming pool, lockers, offices, and all the appliances found in a complete gymnasium.

The "Central Heating Plant," constructed at a cost of \$50,000, is in good running order. Recently this building has been doubled in size. The University Electric Light Plant, now occupying basement quarters in Ewing Hall and the Old Chapel, is now being installed here with new and fuller equipment. It is intended that every building on the University campus shall get its heat from this Central Plant.

"Science Hall." This building was occupied for the first time in 1912. It is a commodious structure, consisting of a well-lighted basement and three carefully arranged stories above ground. With its equipment it has cost about \$120,000. In it are the departments of Physics, Chemistry, and Biology.

The "Training School" of the State Normal College, a model building of its kind, has been erected and equipped at a cost of \$70,000. It is of fire-proof construction and has basement, ground floor, and two stories in height. It contains ten class-rooms, twelve recitation rooms, rest-rooms, offices, and an auditorium with seating capacity for 400 persons. The plan of lighting, heating, and ventilating shows the best that present building experience can suggest. Wide corridors, two large stairways, and four wide and easily reached exits lessen the danger to teachers and pupils in the event of a fire alarm.

The "Agricultural and Domestic Science Building" is under process of construction. Completed, it will have cost \$90,000. It is beautifully located on a street facing the campus, within a minute's walk of the two dormitories for women. When finished it will be one of the best buildings of the University. Its name indicates the purposes for which it will be used.

"Fire Protection." Foresight to safeguard life and property is shown in the ready means of extinguishing fires to be found in every building on the grounds. Standpipes, with hose attachment, are on every floor of each large building. Four strong extension ladders are placed where they can be reached easily in case of need. Sixty approved fire extinguishers have been located in places where their use would likely prove most serviceable.

OF THE OHIO UNIVERSITY

Students are permitted to select work from the wide range of studies in the different departments and colleges of the University. In each of the four-year courses much of the work is required, but with the options and electives allowed there is opportunity for the student to specialize. Thorough-going specialization by an undergraduate is apt to result in an intensive knowledge of one thing with an extensive ignorance of everything else; consequently at Ohio University, in the College of Liberal Arts, about two-thirds of the work is required; in the State Normal College the proportion of required work is larger. However, as options are permitted in many cases, the student has great freedom in selecting those studies which will best prepare him for his future occupation.

The following statements show in concise form the range of educational work now offered:

COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS

- 1. Courses leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts (A. B.)
- 2. Courses leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science (B. S.)

Each of these is a four-year course based upon graduation from an accredited high school of the first grade, or equivalent scholarship, and requires 120 semester hours for completion.

The following Colleges and Departments are also parts of the College of Liberal Arts:

The School of Commerce:

- 1. A Collegiate Course-two years.
- 2. Special Courses in Accounting, Typewriting, and Stenography.

3. Teachers' Course in Stenography-two years.

Graduates of high schools having a four-year course will be admitted to the Collegiate Course without conditions.

College of Music:

- 1. Course in Piano and Organ.
- 2. Course in Vocal Culture.
- 3. Course in Violin.
- 4. Four year Course leading to the degree of Mus. B.

School of Oratory.

- 1. Two-year Course for Graduates of High Schools.
- 2. Five-year Course in Connection with Four-year College Course.

The Department of Physics and Electrical Engineering:

As a part of the scheduled work of this department there is a Short Course—two years—in Electrical Engineering. The course referred to leads to a diploma. It may all be taken as an elective course in connection with the Scientific Course as outlined in the catalogue, thus not only giving the graduate the degree of Bachelor of Science, but also establishing a special foundation for his life work as well.

Department of Mathematics and Civil Engineering:

The work of this department is of wide range and special excellence. It includes a Short Course in Civil Engineering—two years. The course leads to a diploma, but students are urged to take the B. S. Course, choosing the subjects of this course as electives.

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

- 1. A Course for Teachers of Rural Schools-two years.
- 2. Course in Elementary Education-two years.
- 3. Course in Kindergarten-two years.
- 4. Course in School Agriculture-two years.
- 5. Course in Manual Training-two years.
- 6. Course in Domestic Science-two years.
- 7. Course in Secondary Education-four years.

- 8. Course in Supervision-four years.
- 9. Professional Course for Graduates from reputable Colleges of Liberal Arts—one year.

Diplomas are also given for the completion of Courses in Public-School Music and Public-School Drawing.

Admission to any of these courses, save No. I, is based upon graduation from an accredited high school of the first grade.

STATE PREPARATORY SCHOOL

The Preparatory School, maintained in connection with the State Normal College, is felt to be a necessity under present educational conditions. Persons who can secure full high school training at home are urged to get it before attempting to gain admission to the Preparatory School, which is conducted to help those who cannot secure adequate preparation at home. The needs of the teachers and prospective teachers, looking forward to the advanced work of the State Normal College, have been fully provided for in the courses offered.

Primarily, the Courses of Study are planned with two ends in view: (1) To give the student the best possible instruction for the time he may be able to remain in college, and (2) to enable him to make special preparation for regular work in one of the diploma or degree courses of the University.

THE UNIVERSITY SUMMER SCHOOL

The work of the Summer School for 1914, June 22 to July 31, is shown in detail in a special Bulletin issued in January. The reprint of the essential features of that Bulletin will be found elsewhere in this catalogue.

DEGREES

The Bachelor's degree (A. B., B. S., Mus. B., or B. S. in Education) is conferred upon students who have completed any one of the four-year courses laid down in another part of this catalog.

An additional year's work, that is, thirty semester hours, will be required for the securing of a second Bachelor's degree. To illustrate—if a student has earned the degree of A. B. by securing 120 semester hours, he must secure an additional thirty hours to receive the degree of B. S. or B. S. in Education

The additional thirty hours shall be done in the line of his second degree upon the approval of a committee composed of the President, the Dean, and the professors under whom he is to do his work.

Ohio University does not confer the degree of Doctor of Philosophy (Ph. D.) Only graduates of the University are eligible to the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity (D. D.)

The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws (L.L. D.) is conferred upon those selected by joint action of the Faculty and the Board of Trustees. Other honorary degrees may be conferred when deemed proper by authorities above named.

REGULATIONS CONCERNING THE BACHELOR'S DEGREE

1. When a student registers he shall declare the course he is taking; and then when he is enrolled in the catalogue his name shall appear in but one place.

At the beginning of every month each professor and instructor shall send to the Deans and Principal of the Preparatory School the name of each student whose work is unsatisfactory. Uniform cards will be furnished for this purpose. The names of students belonging to the College of Liberal Arts shall go to the Dean of that College, etc.

- 2. A student shall be enrolled as a Freshman until he has removed all entrance requirements. This will allow him three semesters in which to do so.
- 3. In applied Music and Painting, but six hours of credit will be allowed to a candidate for a Bachelor's degree. In Manual Training and Domestic Science but six hours shall be allowed for such work as wood-work, and sewing and cooking. Only the first year's work in Stenograghy shall count as college credit. In the College of Liberal Arts, six hours will be allowed for practice teaching done in high-school subjects. For such work as Voice Culture, Pantomine, and the mechanical side of Oratory no credit shall be given. A total of twelve hours will be allowed from all the subjects above named, and no more.

4. Grading shall be done by the letters—A, B, C, D, E, and F.

A signifies Highest Honor

B signifies Honor

C signifies Creditable

D signifies Passing

E signifies Conditioned

F signifies Failed

These are the terms to be handed to the Registrar for his record. To aid the instructors in reaching some standard of uniformity, the following per cents are affixed to the predicates,—A, 95 to 100; B, 90 to 94; C, 80 to 89; D, 70 to 79.

- 5. If a student shall at graduation, in a four-year course, have had A's in four-fifths of his work, and above D in the rest, he shall have a seal on his diploma signifying "Highest Honor." If he shall have four-fifths in A's or B's and above D in the rest, he shall have a seal signifying "Honor." No student shall receive these honors who has not attended the University or the State Normal College at least four semesters.
- 6. In order to graduate, a student must have a grade above D in more than half his work.
- 7. Upon the removal of a condition, or upon passing special examination after a failure, the grade shall be recorded as a D.

REGULATIONS FOR THE GRANTING OF THE MASTER'S DEGREE IN COURSE

A holder of a Bachelor's degree from the Ohio University, or a college of equal rank, may obtain the Master's degree after complying with the following conditions:

- 1. He shall take thirty semester hours, or a year's work, in residence. The writing of the thesis shall be included in the thirty hours. No credit shall be given for work receiving a grade lower than B. If teaching more than five hours a week, the student shall be required to take more than a year's time in residence.
- 2. The candidate shall take one major and two minors, two of the three subjects must be related. The major study

shall comprise three-fifths and each of the minors one-fifth of the work. The three studies must be studied under at least two professors.

3. Before entering upon a course the candidate must obtain the recommendation of a Special Committee consisting of the President and the Deans, and the professor under whom he expects to take his work. His instructors shall then file an outline of the proposed course with this Special Committee, who shall approve or reject. When the work has been completed and the instructors have recommended the candidate for the degree, the candidate shall receive a final examination by a committee appointed for this purpose by the Special Committee. Upon the joint recommendation of the instructors and the examining committee the faculty shall act.

NUMBER OF HOURS AND SPECIAL WORK

Each student in a regular course is expected to take from fourteen to sixteen hours a week. By taking fifteen hours a week he can graduate in four years. Only by special permission will a student be permitted to take more than sixteen hours, and then only upon evidence that his work of the preceding semester has been a very high grade.

No work in absentia will be allowed at Ohio University.

In addition to the work of the regular semesters, not more than ten hours work, of which six shall be done in the Summer School, may be taken by any student in the course of the year. The remaining four hours must be included between the close of the Summer School and the opening of the Fall semester. To obtain credit for this work, the student must register in advance in the office of the University Registrar.

METHODS OF INSTRUCTION

Instruction is given both by recitation and lecture. The constant aim in both is to waken interests in study, to aid in the acquisition of knowledge, and to develop the power of thought and communication.

Some subjects better than others can be treated in lectures. The knowledge the student has of a subject is likewise a factor that is taken into account. The lecture method is generally

better adapted to advanced students than to those who are still in the elements. After the elementary principles have been thoroughly mastered from the text-book, supplemented with such elucidations as seem to be called for, the student is generally prepared to profit by the lectures of the teachers and to grasp the wider outlook that is the result of a knowledge of the subject rather than of the contents of any single book, or even of several books. In the observational studies the learner is, as far as possible, brought face to face with the objects themselves under consideration. The classes in Botany, Geology, and Elementary Science make excursions into the surrounding country for the purpose of collecting specimens and deriving scientific knowledge from original sources. The classes in Surveying and Mensuration have practice in the use of instruments in field work.

SCHOLASTIC REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO THE FRESHMAN CLASS

Ohio University recognizes and gives full credit to the classifications of high schools made by the State Commissioner of Common Schools. Graduates from high schools of the first grade can enter the Freshman class of the College of Liberal Arts of the State Normal College, or enter upon the short courses in the School of Commerce, in Electrical Engineering, and in Civil Engineering without examination, provided they have completed at least fifteen units of secondary work as the terms are generally understood and applied in educational circles; also, graduates from high schools named in the accredited lists of colleges and universities of recognized high standing will be received, by certificate, on equal terms.

When any part of the fifteen units of secondary credit is made up of what may be regarded as legitimate college work the same will be accepted without examination, but no hours of college credit will be given therefor.

When the fifteen units of secondary credit do not include all the studies required as preparatory work by Ohio University, such studies may be regarded as electives, and included in the 120 hours of college work required for graduates. The foregoing statements are made to show students that, in order to complete any one of the four-year degree courses, they must have fifteen units of preparatory credit, and 120 hours of collegiate work.

A unit represents a year's study in any subjects in a secondary school, constituting approximately a quarter of a full year's work.

"This statement is designed to afford a standard of measurement for the work done in secondary schools. It takes the four-year high-school course as a basis, and assumes that the length of the school year is from thirty-six to forty weeks, that a period is from forty to sixty minutes in length, and that the study is pursued for four or five periods a week but, under ordinary circumstances, a satisfactory year's work in any subject cannot be accomplished in less than one hundred and twenty sixty-minute hours or their equivalent. Schools organized on any other than a four-year basis can, nevertheless, estimate their work in terms of this unit."

To enter the Freshman class of Ohio University fifteen units are required.

Graduates from a "Commercial Course" of a first-grade high school will be given full credit for the special work there done, should they enter upon any course connected with the School of Commerce; but if such graduates seek admission to the Freshman class of the College of Liberal Arts, or the State Normal College, they will be given such credit as may be deemed just and proper by the Faculty Committee on Registration, after a careful examination of each separate case.

The intent of the foregoing is to make it clear that Ohio University will recognize all work of a high school of the first grade at its full value. After the student is given admission, with college rank, to any scheduled course, he will be required to "make good," in full measure, all required and elective work necessary to complete 120 hours of credit.

In all cases where students seek to enter any of the colleges or departments of the University without examination, they must present to the Registrar the legal certificate, or a certified copy thereof, which accompanies the diploma of each high school graduate; or a "Certificate of Application for Admission," prepared by the University, will be sent to prospective students thus enabling them to comply with the conditions hereinbefore stated.

Holders of High School Certificates, issued by the Ohio State Board of School Examiners, will be admitted to the Freshman class of any college or department of the University without condition. If they enter upon any four-year or degree course in the State Normal College, they will be given, in addition, such professional credit as conditions may suggest as just and proper. Also, any holder of the State Certificate, before referred to, may receive college credit for branches of college grade named therein when the same are accepted by the Faculty Committee on Registration of Students.

Candidates for advanced standing are, in all cases, examined to ascertain their thoroughness and proficiency; but certificates from other institutions will be accepted for the amount of work done in the different departments.

In exceptional cases students are admitted to classes for a week on trial, without examination, provided the professors in charge are reasonably certain that they can maintain their standing.

Women are admitted to all departments of the University on the same terms, and under the same conditions as those prescribed for men.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION

English (Rhetoric and Literature)	3 units
History	1 unit
Mathematics	2 units
Science (Physics or Chemistry)	1 unit
Foreign Language (Ancient or Modern)	4 units

TABLE OF RECOGNISED UNITS

The eleven units named above are required of all candidates for admission to the Freshman Class. The following is a list of recognized units from which the total of fifteen units must be selected:

English	1, 2, 3, or 4 units
American History or Amer	
2	•
Government	
Ancient and Medieval History	
English History	
Algebra (through quadratics)	
Algebra (beyond quadratics).	, –
Geometry (plane)	I unit
Geometry (solid)	½ unit
Trigonometry	½ unit
Latin	2, 3, or 4 units
Greek	1, 2, 3, or 4 units
German	
French	2, 3, or 4 units
Spanish	2, 3, or 4 units
	Greek, not less than two
	inguage will be accepted.)
Physics	
Chemistry	
Physical Geography	
Zoölogy	
Botany	
Botany	1 unit
Physical Geography	For the present any two of
Zoölogy	these may be counted together
Botany	as I unit.
Physiology) as I unit.
Agriculture	
Free-hand drawing	The Registration Committee
Manual Training	may, after investigating each
Domestic Science	claim, grant a total credit of
Domestic Science	

HELPS TO REGISTRATION

Commercial Geography

not to exceed 2 units.

Prospective students, who do not wish to take entrance examinations, should secure blank certificates of application for admission from the President or the Registrar of the University, then have their High School credits entered therein by the Superintendent of their local school and attested by his signa-

ture. These papers should then be forwarded to the University not later than September 1st, in order that the applicants, standing may be determined before the opening of the college year. Students coming from other colleges are required to present properly signed statements of work and certificates of honorable dismissal from the institution last attended.

In order to expedite registration, several members of the Faculty act as advisers for the various colleges and departments of the University. The following selection has been made for the year 1914-1915:

College of Liberal Arts, Dean Chubb.

Normal College, Dean Williams.

Electrical Engineering, Professor Atkinson.

Civil Engineering, Professor Addicott.

School of Commerce, Professor C. M. Copeland.

College of Music, Professor Thompson.

State Preparatory School, Principal Coultrap.

School of Domestic Science, Principal Bohn.

Agriculture, Professor W. F. Copeland.

Training School, Principal Waite.

Rural Training School, Professor Richeson.

Before reporting to the Registrar, all students should consult their course advisers, who will assist them to make out their work. They should next go to the Registrar's office, present their selection of studies, secure a registration card, and pay their fees in full.

Preparatory students will not be allowed to enroll for collegiate subjects unless their required preparatory work is not sufficient to complete their registration. Collegiate credit in any subject will not be granted to a student who is under fifteen years of age.

When a student has registered, no change may be made in his work, except in case of error, without the consent of his adviser and the Registrar. After three weeks, the consent of the Faculty is necessary.

DAYS FOR REGISTRATION

At the opening of the First Semester—in September—the registration schedule is as follows:

Saturday from 8:00 A. M. to 4:00 P. M. Monday from 7:30 A. M. to 5:00 P. M.

Tuesday from 7:30 A. M. to 11:30 A. M.

At the opening of the Second Semester the registration

schedule is as follows:

Saturday from 8;00 A. M. to 4:00 P. M. Monday from 7:30 A. M. to 5:00 P. M.

Students who fail to register within the times designated will pay a registration fee of eleven dollars.

A student who is unable to take the examinations at the end of a semester can take a special examination only upon special permission and the payment of a fee of one dollar. The fee is to be paid in advance to the registrar.

All registration fees are due and payable in advance.

LIBRARY AND READING ROOM

In the study of Literature and History the most important aid, in addition to a good teacher, is a large stock of well-selected books. In this respect the Ohio University is liberally supplied. The pedagogical section of the library is extensive, including the most recent literature on this subject. The University libraries contain about 44,400 volumes, a large part of which are of recent purchase. Recently five thousand dollars have been appropriated each year for the purchase of books, magazines, and pamphlets. This liberal allowance has secured an abundance of the best recent literature in the various fields of scholastic activity. The reading-room furnishes access to the latest contributions on all topics under current discussion. Some of the largest works are useful not only for reference, but also for purposes of original investigation.

APPARATUS

The departments of Mathematics, Psychology, Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Elementary Science, Physiography, Manual Training, Domestic Science, Agriculture, Electrical Engineering, and Civil Engineering are well equipped with valuable apparatus, which is put at the personal disposal of the student.

These subjects are constantly illustrated by experiments, some of which are performed by the professor in charge, others by students under the direction of the professor.

The facilities for the work in science have been greatly increased by the removal of the Department of Physics, Electrical Engineering, Chemistry, and Biology into the new Science Hall, the commodious structure completed in 1912 at a total cost of about \$120,000.

The large Biological Laboratory has been filled with appliances suitable for pursuing extensive courses of study in the various departments of Biology, the selections being made with a view to furnish each student with such apparatus, reagents, etc., as are necessary for independent work. To this end more than seventy microscopes have been provided and many duplicates of other appliances are at hand. Excellent histological apparatus is in use for freezing aud sectioning, and the laboratory is also well equipped for embryological and bacteriological work.

The Department of Physics and Electrical Engineering is well equipped for the work it undertakes to do. Additions are made each year both to the apparatus for class demonstration and to the equipment for individual laboratory work in the various courses. The laboratory for Elementary Physics is provided with apparatus for thorough work in mechanics, heat, light, sound, and electricity and magnetism. The laboratory for Advanced Physics is provided with all facilities for the more advanced phases of laboratory work, besides having arrangements for the investigation of special subjects, as required in advanced elective work, and for thesis work.

The Electrical Laboratory contains much apparatus for absolute measurements in electricity and magnetism. This Dynamo Laboratory, in the basement of Science Hall, contains various types of dynamos, transformers, gas engines and steam engines; also the necessary forms of voltmeters, ammeters, wattmeters, tachometers, rheostats, indicators, and other appliances for the various electrical and steam tests. The shops are well provided with machinery and tools for both wood and metal working.

The Chemical Laboratory occupies the entire second floor of the new Science Hall. Here are modern lecture rooms, offices, dark rooms, lockers, and special laboratories both for elementary and advanced work in chemistry.

In the Department of Paidology and Psychology, a laboratory has been established. Rooms set apart for this department have been equipped with furniture and apparatus such as are needed for experimental work in these sciences. This equipment has been carefully made with the end in view of having a laboratory well arranged for carrying on both elementary and advanced work.

The Department of Mathematics and Civil Engineering is well equipped with the best modern appliances for carrying on the wide range of work offered. Fine sets of surveying instruments of the most approved kind are used by the students in field work under the direction of the Professor of Civil Engineering.

The Department of Elementary Science—Normal College—occupies most desirable quarters on the third floor of Ellis Hall. The Department has a large equipment of well-selected apparatus and illustrative material costing several thousand dollars.

The equipment of the Department of Manual Training is to be found in two large rooms well located in Ewing Hall. One of these rooms contains the machinery used in instruction in iron work. The wood-working appliances are found in the room recently used as a gymnasium. In the iron-working shop are six motor-driven engine-lathes, a power-driven 20-inch drillpress, a 12-inch shaper, also motor-driven, and a power saw, besides smaller lathes, grinders, tools, and other appliances. In the wood-working room are found ten high speed wood-turning lathes, a 24-inch band saw, a 12-inch circular saw, a 12-inch jointer—all power driven; also twenty individual work benches and the necessary individual sets of tools.

The Department of Physiography is equipped with reflectroscope, tellurin, globes, relief maps, wall maps, blackboard outline maps, individual globes and abundant library references.

The Art Departments—University and Normal—occupy a large, well-lighted suite of rooms with equipments of an up-to-date character. Facilities for carrying on the special work of these departments are of the very best.

The Department of Domestic Science occupies a large part

of the Central Building. It has a modern equipment of the best appliances. During the coming year the Department will be moved into the large building now under process of construction at a cost of \$90,000.

THE MUSEUM

The Museum is located in the basement of the Carnegie Library. It already has a well catalogued and labeled collection of mineralogical, archæological and historical specimens. Many of these are rare and valuable. Among the special features to be seen are the Case Collection of geological specimens, the Lowry Filipino Collection, the Wickham Civil War Collection and the Wilmont Elton Brown Filipino Collection. Accesions are being made all the time and new quarters are necessary to accommodate the growing Museum.

MAPS, CHART, ETC.

Excellent sets of maps, chiefly those of Kiepert and others, published by Rand, McNally & Co., intended to illustrate the physical features and political changes of the historical countries of Europe and the East, have lately been added to the equipment of the institution. These, in addition to those before on hand, afford an important and well-nigh indispensable aid to the study of history and geography. The outfit in this regard is believed to be unusually complete.

Wall and portfolio pictures, and hundreds of lantern slides, form an important part of the equipment of many of the departments of the University.

DISCIPLINE—OPPORTUNITY

Entering the University will be considered a pledge to obey its rules and regulations. These are few and simple, appealing to the student's self-respect and sense of personal responsibility. Persons of known bad character or of lazy habits are not wanted, and will not be retained unless they show a decided desire to reform. Students from other colleges must present certificates of honorable dismissal.

A record is made of the daily work of each student. When the standing of the student, as shown by this record and examination, falls below an average grade of 70 per cent., he must review the study. A record is also kept of each student's department. A low standing in either record is followed by private admonition, and notice is given to the parents or guardian.

Whenever the conduct of a student is such as to indicate that he is unfit to be a member of the University, either because of immorality or because of habitual neglect of his college studies, he will be requested to withdraw. But in the latter case, his parents will first be notified, and if he is not withdrawn within a reasonable time he will be dismissed.

DEAN OF WOMEN

With a view to furthering the best interests of the young women students at Ohio University and in large measure in response to a desire on the part of those most interested in all that tends to the moral and social uplift of young women, the board of trustees has appointed a Dean of Women. Her duties while somewhat indefinable may well be surmised by the parents as well as the students when it is considered that she stands as the focus for all matters pertaining to girls. The rooming conditions are improved in that segregation in rooming houses is now practically complete and wherever it does not occur the parents may rest assured that special dispensation has been granted only after careful consideration of the circumstances and the arrangement of the house. It is the aim to obtain as nearly as possible equal regulations for both dormitory girls and those living in private families. Adjustment and harmony are the watchwords.

FEES

There is no charge for tuition in any of the regular preparatory or collegiate classes, but all students pay a registration fee of nine dollars a semester. For the Summer School of six weeks the registration fee is three dollars. From each semester fee of nine dollars, one dollar and a half is turned over to the control of the Faculty Committee on "Athletic, Lecture, and Entertainment Fund." It is the purpose of this committee to administer the fund so that the students may have the opportunity to hear distinguished lectures, scholars, musicians, etc.

Laboratory Fees—In the laboratory courses in physics and electrical engineering, biology, elementary science, agriculture, paidology and psychology, and Course I in chemistry, there is a fee of \$ 1.50 a semester for each. In the other—the advanced and elective—courses in chemistry, the semester fee is \$ 3.00.

All laboratory fees are payable at the beginning of each semester in which the laboratory work is required. To these fees is added a small charge for breakage—to careful students usually not more than a few cents. Regular and special fees, save breakage fees, are collected by the Registrar when the student registers. Breakage fees are collected by the heads of departments. Any balance of such fees, after they have met the purpose for which collected, shall be returned to students upon their completion of the course, or when they withdraw from class with honorable dismissal.

Field Work in Civil Engineering—Students taking field work in Civil Engineering pay a semester fee of \$ 1.50.

Normal College Art Departmet—Instruction in school drawing is free. Students in elementary manual training, on account of material used by them, pay a fee of \$2.50 a semester. This covers everything.

Gymnasium—A deposit fee of \$1.00, collected by the Curator of the Gymnasium, is put up by each student at the beginning of each college year, or whenever he enters college. This fee is to insure the proper use of the locker, the return of the locker key, and the right handling of the gymnasium equipment.

School of Commerce—The fee in stenography and typewriting is \$6.00 a semester. The fee for typewriting alone is \$3.00 a semester. The registration fee of \$9.00 gives the student free instruction in other subjects scheduled.

College of Music—Fees, per semester, including the registration fee of \$9.00, are as follows:

Piano	Lessons	(two per week)	elementary grades \$	19	50
Piano	44	44	advanced grades	24	00
Voice	44	64		24	00
Violin	46	4.6		24	00
Organ	4.6	66	•••••	24	00

Rent of piano, one hour per day for each semester.... 3 00 Rent of organ, one hour per day for each semester.... 9 00

Students of the College of Music who have paid the regular registration fee of \$9.00 are entitled to pursue other regular college work without paying additional fees.

Diplomas and Certificates—For each diploma granted, in course, a fee of \$5.00 is charged; for each certificate, a fee of \$1.50. The diploma given in connection with the conferring of any honorary degree is presented free of charge.

Drawing and Painting—All instruction in drawing is free, but students taking individual instructions in painting pay a semester fee of \$15.00.

EXPENSES

Board and lodging can be obtained within a reasonable distance of the University at \$3.50 per week. By forming clubs, students may board at from \$2.50 to \$3.00 per week. Those students whose circumstances require it are allowed to board themselves, by which means their expenses may be still further reduced; but this plan is not recommended, because likely to be prejudicial to health and good scholarship.

All young women who are not residents of Athens are required to reside in Boyd Hall or Women's Hall, unless the rooms are all occupied. Only in special cases will exceptions be made. This regulation has been adopted with a view solely to the best interests of the young women themselves, and not with any purpose to restrict them in the enjoyment of every legitimate privilege. It is the aim of the management to make these quarters as attractive and pleasant as possible, and at the same time to keep the cost as low as is consistent with the accommodations provided. The cost of room and board is from \$3.75 to \$4.00 per week, according to the size and location of the room. Everything is furnished except soap and towels. About one hundred and eighty young women can be received.

As persons frequently wish to know, as nearly as may be, the cost of a student for one year at the Ohio University, the following estimates are here given:

Lowest	MEDIUM
Registration fee \$ 18	oo Registration fee \$ 18 ∞
Board in clubs, av'age 95 5	50 Board in priv. family 114 00
Room 31 5	50 Room 47 00
Books 15 c	oo Books 20 00
Laundry 20 0	oo Laundry 30 00
Incidentals 10 c	oo Incidentals 21 00
\$190 0	\$250 00

This estimate is for thirty-eight weeks, and includes all necessary expenses. The additional charges for students who take electives in Chemistry and Electricity and for those receiving special instruction in Music, Painting, Elocution, and certain commercial branches are elsewhere noted.

SELF-HELP

It is the glory of Ohio University that she does not shut any of her doors against the poor boy or girl. The munificence of the State of Ohio furnishes her sons and daughters with the educational facilities that once were deemed the prerogatives of the children of the rich.

Recently an investigation revealed that about sixty young men at Ohio University were earning at least their boarding expenses while attending college. Twenty-five were waiters in restaurants and boarding clubs; ten were managers of boarding clubs; others were reporting for papers, collecting laundry, acting as agents for distant firms, etc. A caution, however, needs to be given. While an energetic student can find some way of paying at least part of his college expenses by his outside activities, it is often done at the expense of his scholarship. Second, the prospective student must remember that the best positions are already in the possession of the older students. A student should not come to college without having enough ready money to carry him through the first semester.

Said a student recently: "I have been at Ohio University for two years, and to me this is the place for a poor boy. It is a place where one can get the benefit of large appropriations made by the State for running the school where almost all we spend is for our living expenses, which are as cheap, if not cheaper, than any place else; where the classes are comparatively small on account of the large faculty; where the location is very healthful, landscape beautiful, and the water is as pure as can be found anywhere."

THE ALUMNI LOAN FUND

Three thousand dollars have already been subscribed by the alumni and friends of Ohio University to the Alumni Loan Fund. The purpose of this fund is to loan money to deserving students who have proven their worth in character and scholarship. No aid is given before the student has completed 60 hours of college credit. The Fund is administered by a committee consisting of President J. D. Brown, of the Bank of Athens; the Dean of the College of Liberal Arts; and the Secretary of the Faculty.

WOMAN'S LEAGUE LOAN FUND

The Woman's League has established a loan Fund to be known as the Woman's League Loan Fund. The object is to assist girls with short loans payable within a period of three months or less, the loans not to exceed \$15. A committee composed of the President of the University, President of the Woman's League, and Dean of Women, will judge all requests for loans from this Fund.

RELIGIOUS INFLUENCE

The University is not sectarian, and no effort is made to inculcate the doctrines of any particular creed or denomination; but the utmost care is taken to promote sound and healthy religious sentiments. Students are encouraged to attend with regularity the churches of their choice. The various churches of Athens, both Protestant and Catholic, are cordially thrown open to the students.

The founder of the Ohio University believed that "religion, morality, and knowledge are necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind;" and it has been the steady

purpose of those to whom has been entrusted the duty of carrying out his plans to insist on the intimate relation existing between the three. The good man, the good citizen is not he who is best informed, but he who is constantly inspired with the thought that his knowledge should be used for the good of his fellowman. Knowledge without virtue is a curse and not a blessing. It is the constant policy of both Trustees and Faculty to inspire students with the love of knowledge and with desire to practice religion and morality. Accordingly only those persons are invited to profit by the means of instruction here placed within their reach, who are willing to conform their conduct as far as possible to the teachings of the Bible. We expect students who have spent some time with us to depart not only wiser, but also better, than they came. If such is not the case it will not be for want of care on the part of the Faculty.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS

Both the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A. have flourishing organizations connected with the Ohio University, and a large proportion of the students are members of one or the other. These hold meetings weekly or oftener, provide lectures on religious or Biblical topics, and take an active interest in promoting the spiritual, moral, and intellectual welfare of the entire student body. The management of the University is in hearty sympathy with these organizations and does all that is possible to aid them in their work.

The Y. W. C. A. has a rest room on the first floor of the Central Building, and has an assembly room on the second floor of the West Wing.

The Y. M. C. A. has a basement room, with seating capacity for two hundred people, in the well-lighted Carnegie Library.

All these rooms are well furnished, presenting a home-like and inviting appearance.

LITERARY SOCIETIES

There are three literary societies in the University, the Athenian, the Philomathean, and the Adelphian. They occupy well-equipped halls in the former chapel building. The members have opportunity to exercise themselves in Declamation,

Composition, and Oratory, and to become familiar with the modes of conducting business in deliberative assemblies. Debating clubs are also formed from time to time by those students who desire to have more extended practice in the public discussion of important questions.

The first annual contest in oratory, between the Athenian and Philomathean literary societies, was held in the Spring term of 1901. Each succeeding Spring term of the college year has brought a contest of similar nature. Up to 1907, when Mr. J. D. Brown donated \$100 for the prizes, the prizes were as follows: First prize, \$30; second prize, \$20.

THE "BROWN PRIZE IN ORATORY."—Mr. James D. Brown, a public-spirited citizen of Athens, who has always shown a deep interest in the welfare of the University, and a special interest in the oratorical contests, has made provision for prizes to be awarded to the three oratorical contestants winning highest grades, as follows: First prize, \$50.00; second prize, \$30.00; third prize, \$20.00. This generous action has stimulated increased interest among students, in the work of the literary societies.

The results of the different contests are shown herewith:

YEAR .	FIRST PRIZE		
1901	May S. Conner, Philomathean.		
1902	James P. Wood, Philomathean.		
1903	Albert J. Jones, Philomathean.		
1904	Clarence Matheny, Athenian.		
	Harley E. Baker, Athenian.		
1906	Fred Shaw, Athenian.		
1907	Malcolm Douglas, Philomathean.		
1908	Ora C. Lively, Athenian.		
1909	Horace E. Cromer and James A. Long.		
Philomathean, tie.			
1910	Harley A. Tuttle, Athenian.		
	H. L. Nutting, Athenian.		
	Lewis H. Miller, Athenian.		
	Olin S. Lutes, Adelphian.		
YEAR	SECOND PRIZE		
1901	Lissa Williamson, Philomathean.		

1902	Adam G. Elder, Athenian.
1903	Victor Alvan Ketcham, Athenian.
1904	Josephine Caldwell, Philomathean.
1905	Floyd S. Crooks, Athenian.
1906	Malcolm Douglas, Philomathean.
	Lewis E. Coulter, Athenian.
1908	. J. P. Alford, Philomathean.
	Elgie LeRoy Bandy, Athenian.
	Samuel S. Shafer, Adelphian.
	Samuel S. Shafer, Adelphian.
	William C. Hunnicutt, Philomathean,
YEAR	THIRD PRIZE
1907	G. C. Morehart, Athenian.
	A. S. Northup, Athenian.
	William T. Morgan, Athenian.
	Wilhelmina Boelzner, Philomathean.
	C. U. Keckley, Athenian.
	Carrie E. Ricketts, Athenian.
TOT 2	Benjamin W. Miller, Philomathean.
1913	benjamin w. Miller, Filliomathean.

STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

In addition to the Christian and Literary societies already mentioned there are various organizations the nature of which is indicated by their titles,—The English Club, The Science Club, The German Glub, The Chemical Society, The Glee Clubs, The Teachers' Club, the Oratorical Association, The Dramatic Club, The Booklovers Club, and the Art Club. There are also a number of Greek-letter sororities and fraternities, and two non-Greek associations, the Phrenocon and the Aloquin.

In the fall of 1913 The Woman's League was formed with the object, as stated in its constitution, "To foster the spirit of unity and loyalty to Ohio University, and to be a medium by which the moral and social standards shall be made and kept high."

THE EMERSON PRIZE POEM FUND

The late W. D. Emerson, of the class of 1833, bequeathed to the Trustees of Ohio University the sum of one thousand dollars, the interest on which is to be awarded every second

year to the student or graduate of the institution who shall write the best original poem. The awards have been as follows:

YEAR	NAMES	
1893	Miss Carrie Schwefel.	
1895	Miss Esther Burns and Mr. John H. Atkinson.	
1897	Miss Virginia M. Houston.	
1899	Miss Virginia M. Houston, Mr. John H. Atkin-	
son, and Miss Willa C. MacLane.		
1901	Miss Willa C. MacLane.	
1905	Miss Winifred Richmond.	
1907	Mr, Harold Edgar Cherrington.	
1909	Miss Mary Treudley.	
1911	Miss Carrie Alta Matthews.	
	Miss Clara E. Vester.	
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Persons distinguished in the literary walks of the country have served as judges. Among these may be named: Miss Annie Fields, Mr. Maurice Thompson, Mr. E. C. Stedman, Mrs. Margaret E. Sangster, Mr. W. D. Howells, Mr. Clinton Scollard, Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox, Prof. George E. Woodberry, Prof. W. H. Venable, Prof. George P. Baker, Prof. Henry Van Dyke, Mr. Hamilton W. Mabie, Dean J. V. Denney, Mr. Edmund Vance Cooke, Prof. Richard Burton, Mr. Robert U. Johnson, Hon. James Ball Naylor, Prof. Bliss Perry, Prof. W. L. Phelps, and Ellery Sedgwick.

For the information of future contestants, and others interested, the conditions of the competition for the Emerson Prize are herewith given: they must be observed in every particular. Amount, about \$120. Date of award not later than the opening of the second semester, 1915.

The competitors must be either graduates or students in actual attendance at the University.

The poems must be in the hands of the President of Ohio University before the opening of the second semester, 1915.

The prize will be awarded upon the merits of the production, not its length.

Anyone having, in any contest, been awarded first prize, shall not again be eligible to contest. The judges shall be three disinterested persons appointed by the President of Ohio University and the Professor of English Literature *ibidem*, who shall independently of each other pass upon the production submitted to them.

In the preparation of the MSS, the following regulations are to be observed:

Use the typewriter.

Use paper eight and one-half by eleven inches.

Write only on one side.

Send in three typewritten copies.

Mark the MSS. with some pseudonym or character, and send this in a sealed envelope, with your name and address, to the President of the University. This envelope will not be opened until the award of the judges has been made.

FACILITIES FOR PHYSICAL EDUCATION

THE GYMNASIUM is well equipped, and affords excellent opportunities for development of the physical nature.

A fine running track has just recently been built in the gymnasium. This track is banked for the greatest possible speed, has a cork padding, and is one of the best indoor tracks in the state. In size, it is twenty laps to the mile.

Much new apparatus has also been added to the gymnasium within the last year: Several new mats, parallel bars, horse, jump-stands, kicking-pans, vaulting bar, suspended ladder, and striking-bag platform with bag. All of this apparatus is of the latest design, and the very best made.

The use of the baths and the gymnasium is free to students. A deposit fee of *one dollar* is required of each student as a pledge for the proper care of his locker and key. This fee will be returned to the student, when leaving college, if the key is returned and the locker left in good condition. In the conduct of the gymnasium, the aim is not so much the development of a few gymnastic experts as the provision for wholesome exercise for the many. For this purpose regular instruction in light gymnastics is given to both ladies and gentlemen.

ATHLETIC FIELD—The athletic field is a level tract of ten acres, owned by the University, and situated a few minutes'

walk southward from the campus. The field has been equipped especially for baseball, football, tennis, and track.

ATHLETIC RULES—1. Two semesters of gymnastic work are required in all courses.

2. This work covers two hours each week throughout the period required.

No credit will be given for work done in the gymnasium. Work in the gymnasium is to begin as soon after matriculation as the above regulations will admit.

Where possible, the two semesters of gymnasium work should be done the first year, and must be completed before the student graduates from any course leading to a diploma or a degree.

SUPERVISION OF ATHLETIC SPORTS—The general supervision of athletic sports is vested in a Faculty Committee.

The Advisory Board consists of the officers of the Athletic Association. These boards, under certain regulations, have charge of all financial affairs of the Athletic Association and the arrangement of all intercollegiate games. These games are played under Ohio Conference rules.

The Faculty Committee, composed of five members, has charge of all matters involving the relation of athletic sports to the University; for example, the eligibility of players proposed for any University team and the investigation of charges of misconduct on the part of players. The policy of the committee is to foster the spirit of honor and gentlemanliness in athletics, to suppress evil tendencies, and to see that play shall not encroach too much upon the claims of work.

COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS

COURSES OF STUDY

Two degrees are given in the College of Liberal Arts-Bachelor of Arts (A. B.) and Bachelor of Science (B. S.) To receive either a student must have a credit of 120 semester hours. By taking fifteen hours a semester a student can graduate in four years; by attending the Summer School for three sessions he can do it in less time. Physical training in the gymnasium is required in addition to the 120 hours. Of the 120 hours about two-thirds is required work as outlined in the courses below. However, it is to be observed that in the required courses there are a number of options. In addition to the general B. S. course of four years, there are four-year courses leading to the degree of B. S. in which the specific requirements are outlined in this catalogue. In the four-year course in Household Economics 130 hours are required for graduation with the degree of B. S. There is also a four-year course in Music, leading to the degree of Mus. B.

It will be observed that during the first two years the student is obliged to follow prescribed courses, but that thereafter he has opportunity to chose from a wide range of electives. If he intends to teach, he may include those professional studies which are given in the State Normal College; if he is going into business, he may select from the School of Commerce; if he intends to be a physician, he may select from the chemical and

biological departments; if he intends to become an electrical or civil engineer, he may select from the departments of mathematics and physics; if she wishes to combine culture with a knowledge of the practical household arts, she may elect from the department of Household Economics. By requiring in the earlier years those studies that experience has designated as especially cultural, such as the Ancient and Modern Languages, Mathematics, the English Language and Literature, the various Sciences, History, Philosophy, and Economics, and then in later years permitting the mature student to elect where his interests lie, the authorities hope they have made wise and adequate provision for a thorough and liberal education.

A student electing German in the Freshman year is required to continue the study of the language two years unless he has two years of preparatory credit in it. In the latter case, but one year of college German is required. If a student elects either French or Spanish the first year, he may take the other language the second year.

With the idea of developing power by the intensive study of one subject, each student, in his course, must elect studies from one department until he has a total of twenty semester hours of credit, including the required work in the department; or fourteen hours in each of two related departments.

Each student seeking the B. S. degree must select at least one course in Physics.

Each semester covers a period of nineteen weeks. Each recitation period is an hour in length and represents fifty-five minutes of actual class-room work.

REQUIRED SUBJECTS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS

FRESHMAN YEAR

First Semester

Two from these: Greek 4; Latin 4; a Modern Language 4. Col. Algebra or Physics 3. Economics 3. English Composition 2.

Second Semester

Two from these three: Greek 4; Latin 4; a Modern Language 4. Plain and Spherical Trigonometry or Physics 3. Zoölogy or Botany 3. English Composition 2.

SOPHOMORE YEAR

First Semester

One from these three: Greek 4; Latin 3; a Modern Language 3. Chemistry or Physiology 3. European History 2.

Second Semester

One from these three: Greek 3; Latin 3; a Modern Language 3. Tennyson and Browning 3. Chemistry or Physiology 3. European History 2.

JUNIOR YEAR

First Semester

Survey of English Literature 3. Psychology or Ethics 3. Public Speaking 2.

Second Semester

Survey of English Literature 3. Psychology or Sociology 3.

SENIOR YEAR

First Semester

Geology 3. Philosophy or Logic 3.

Second Semester

Philosophy or Advanced Civics 2. Thesis 3.

REQUIRED SUBJECTS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

FRESHMAN YEAR

First Semester

Chemistry 4.
A Modern Language 4.
College Algebra or Physics 3.
Economics 3.
English Composition 2.

Second Semester

Chemistry 4.
Plane and Spherical Trigonometry or Physics 3.
A Modern Language 4.
Zoölogy or Botany 3.
English Composition 2.

SOPHOMORE YEAR

First Semester

One of these four: Analytical Geometry (Finished) Differential Calculus (Begun) 3; Physics 3; Chemistry 3; Biology 3. Physiology 3. European History 2. A Modern Language 3.

Second Semester

A Modern Language 3. Physiology 3. Tennyson and Browning 3. European History 2. There are students who wish to take a course in HOUSE-HOLD ECONOMICS but who do not wish to teach. For such the following course has been prepared. It is a four-year course and leads to the degree of B. S. in the College of Liberal Arts.

LIBERAL ARTS COURSE LEADING TO THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
A Foreign Language 3 Chemistry 3	A Foreign Language 3 Chemistry 3
Sanitation 2	Sewing II 2
Food Study 3 Sewing I 2	Cooking II
Cooking I 2 Drawing 1	Nursing I Applied Design 2
English Composition 2	English Composition 2
18	American History 3

SOPHOMORE YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
A Foreign Language 3	A Foreign Language 3
European History 3	Bacteriology 3
Primary Hand Work 2	Sociology 3
Sewing III 2	Sewing IV 2
Cooking III 2	Cooking IV 2
History and Organization	Dietetics 2
of Domestic Science I	Tennyson and Browning 3
Household Management 3	_
_	18
16	

After the student has completed these 70 hours, she shall for the degree of B. S., complete 60 additional semester hours. These hours shall include:

Two more years of a foreign language	12 hour	s.
One year of mathematics or chemistry	6 hour	s.
One year of English literature	6 hour	s.
One year of philosophy	6 hour	s.
	30 hour	s.

The thirty additional hours shall be elected from cultural subjects such as history, science, literature, language, and philosophy.

It will be noticed that 130 hours are required for graduation in this course.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF THE DEPARTMENTS OF INSTRUCTION

COLLEGIATE DEPARTMENT

RHETORIC AND ENGLISH LITERATURE

PROFESSOR CHUBB

ASST. PROFESSOR MACKINNON

The aim of the English Department is two-fold, to train the power of expressing thought, and to cultivate an appreciation of literature. In the classes in rhetoric, the main stress is placed upon the actual work in composition done by the student. In the study of literature the endeavor is to quicken the artistic and æsthetic sense.

The Library is the laboratory of the English Department. In the study of an author different students are assigned different works for reading. Each student then reports, sometimes in an address, sometimes in an essay, upon the results of his reading.

When studying Interature, emphasis will also be placed upon the practice of composition, and in the classes in rhetoric much attention will be given to the study of literature.

RHETORIC AND ENGLISH LITERATURE

First Semester

I. ENGLISH COMPOSITION—2 hours a week. Freshman. Required throughout the year. The one definite purpose in this course is to increase the student's power of self-expression. The main emphasis is upon actual practice in oral and written

composition. English Composition, by Canby and others, is the text. There will be four sections.

- 2. Survey of English Literature—3 hours. Junior, required. The course of the first semester extends from Beowulf to Addison; that of the second from Pope to the present time. Much use is made of the *Century Readings in English Literature* by Cunliffe Pyre, and Young. Outlines and lectures are given by the teacher. The course runs throughout the entire year. The whole year's work is required of all candidates for the A. B. degee; only the first half is required of candidates for the B. S. degree. There are two sections.
- 3. Shakspere—3 hours. Elective. About eight plays will be read in class, in an order selected to show the development of Shakspere's genius. *An Introduction to Shakspere*, by MacCracken, Pierce, and Durham is also studied.
- 4. (THE ROMANTIC MOVEMENT IN ENGLISH LITERATURE

 —3 hours. The course will cover the beginnings of the movement in the Eighteenth century, its culmination in the early years of the Nineteenth century with Scott, and later development with the Pre-Raphaelites. Text, English Romanticism in the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Centuries, by H. A. Beers. This course alternates with No. 7, and will be omitted in 1914-15.)
- 5. ADVANCED COMPOSITION—2 hours. The work will deal mainly with the short story, but the course may be varied to suit the wishes and needs of the class. A text book may be used. The course will be restricted to those who have shown superior ability in composition.
- 6. THE ENGLISH BIBLE—I hour. Courses in the Old Testament and the New Testament are given throughout the year by Professors Evans and Treudley.
- 7. ENGLISH PROSE FICTION—3 hours. A rapid survey of the origin and development of the English novel, and a discussion of modern tendencies. The reading of about eight novels will be required. Instruction mainly by lectures.

Second Semester

- 8. SURVEY OF ENGLISH LITERTURE—(See Course No. 2.)
- 9. ENGLISH COMPOSITION—(See Course No. 1.)

- 10. TENNYSON AND BROWNING—3 hours. Required in the Sophomore year. Tennyson's In Memoriam, The Idylls of the King, and some of the shorter poems, and Browning's shorter poems and dramas will be studied. The student will need a modern complete edition of these poets. There will be two sections.
- II. BYRON, KEATS, AND SHELLEY—3 hours. The most important poems by these writers will be read. The course is a sequence to Course No. 4.
- 12. (The Modern Drama—2 hours. Some of the most interesting and important plays will be read from Ibsen, Sudermann, Hauptmann, Maeterlinck, Rostand, Pinero, Shaw, Jones, Galsworthy, Fitch, Strindberg, and Kennedy. Free class discussion will be invited. The object of the course will be to obtain some idea of the present day tendencies in the theater. This course alternates with No. 13, and will be omitted in 1914-15).
- 13. EARLY ENGLISH LITERATURE—2 hours. This course will cover a hasty review of Old English poetry in translation, a more detailed study of the Middle English period, particularly of Chaucer, the popular ballad, and the origin of the English drama.

GREEK

PROFESSOR DUNKLE

It is the aim of this Department to enable students to read the authors commonly read in colleges, and to make them acquainted as far as possible with the literature and life of the ancient Greeks. In teaching the language, especially that of Homer, attention is drawn to those words that are etymologically related to other languages, particularly Latin, German, and English. Especial prominence is given, as the student progresses, to the following points: first, form; second, vocabulary; third, relation to cognate languages; fourth, literature and history. The ear is regarded as equally important with the eye in the interpretation of words. When possible, some entire work of an author is read, as it is believed that a more lasting and more satisfactory impression will thus be made on the mind of the students than by the use of selections only. It is a well-

established principle in the study of teaching of the ancient languages that they should be made, as far as possible, the basis of a study of antique life. The Greek language embodies the experience of the most remarkable people of antiquity—a people whose achievements in literature, in the arts, and in government have been, and doubtless will continue to be, inexhaustible sources of profitable instruction. It is here claimed that the study of the Greek language, together with all that should properly be taken in connection therewith, will contribute the most important elements of a liberal education.

The study of collegiate Greek is preceded by one year of preparatory work covering an elementary course and the first book of Xenophon's Anabasis. All candidates for the degree of A. B. who elect Greek are required to pursue the study of that language through the Freshman and Sophomore years. The Greek of the Junior year is wholly elective. One or more years of Greek may be elected by students who are taking courses leading to other degrees than that of Bachelor of Arts.

The following courses in collegiate Greek are offered for 1913-14.

First Semester—Xenophon's Anabasis, Books II-IV, and Greek Prose, Freshman, 4 hours,

Herodotus, Sophomore, 3 hours.

Demosthenes de Corona, Junior, 3 hours,

Second Semester—Homer's Iliad and Greek Prose, Freshman 4 hours.

Plato's Apology and Krito, Sophomore, 3 hours. The Medea of Euripides and Sophocles' Antigone, Junior, 3 hours.

DEPARTMENT OF LATIN

PROFESSOR EVANS
ASST. PROFESSOR MOORE

The following courses will be offered for the year 1914-15: FIRST SEMESTER:

Course I—4 hours a week.

First Half—De Senectute.

Second Half—Livy (Selections)

Latin Writing.

This course is open to all who have met the requirements for admission to the Freshman Class. The aim of this course is:

1st. To develop the faculty of expressing the thought of the Latin in smooth and correct English. 2nd. Careful rendering of idiomatic English into Latin, giving especial attention to the arrangement of words and clauses in the Latin sentences.

Course III-3 hours a week.

First Half-De Oratore.

Quintilian (Selections)

This course like Course I is required for the degree of A. B., except of those who elect another foreign language instead.

Course V-Elective-2 hours a week.

Seneca, | Roman Drama (Selections)

SECOND SEMESTER:

Course II-4 hours a week.

First Half-Odes and Epodes of Horace.

Latin Writing.

This course is open to those who passed in Course I.

Course IV-3 hours a week.

Epistles and Satires of Horace (Selections)

Juvenal.

Prerequisites: Courses I, II and III.

Course VI-Elective-2 hours a week.

Lucretius and other Selections.

Latin literature gives us, when we have mastered the language, a view of human life in a civilization as complex as our own, though different from it. Ancient Rome was the great turn-stile of history. Toward it all preceding history converged, and from it all subsequent history has radiated, and the Latin was the language of a people who had gleaned the best of all that had gone before. The genius and the energy of the people are reflected in their language. Its sentences are, as it were bundles made up of directness, terseness, and force, and the endeavor in the Latin course, is to study in this light the literature and history of this moral and mighty people, who were able to make the citizenship and language of Rome the coveted privilege of the world, and furnished fundamental lessons for modern thought.

MATHEMATICS AND CIVIL ENGINEERING

WILLIAM HOOVER, Professor of Mathematics
LEWIS J. ADDICOTT, Professor of Civil Engineering
HOMER S. HOPKINS, Assistant

COLLEGIATE MATHEMATICS

First Semester

College Algebra, 3 hours. Freshman. Analytical Geometry, 3 hours. Sophomore. Analytical Mechanics, 4 hours. Junior.

General Astronomy, 3 hours (elective); prerequisites, all preceding courses. Junior.

Second Semester

Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, 3 hours. Freshman. Analytical Mechanics (continued).

Differential and Integral Calculus, 3 hours. Sophomore.

In teaching the pure Mathematics, especial attention is directed to the value of the study as a means of training the logical faculties. Constant stress is laid upon the steps of reasoning which underlie the various processes; and it is insisted that the principal business of the college student of Mathematics is to apprehend these clearly.

PLANE TRIGONOMETRY—There will be used in the second semester Bauer and Brooke's *Plane Trigonometry*. Hussey's mathematical tables will be used. Special emphasis will be put upon the analytical theory, and all parts of the work illustrated by large practice in the application of principles. In calculation the methods of the professional computer will be used.

SPHERICAL TRIGONOMETRY—Chauvenet's excellent and standard text is used. About all the text for which the student is prepared, at this stage of his mathematical study, is taken. Special pains is taken in computation.

FRESHMAN ALGEBRA—The continuation of Fisher and Schwatt's Higher Algebra used in the third year preparatory course and starting with a quick review of quadratic equations and succeeding subjects. In addition the chapters on the bino-

mial theorem, logarithms, permutations and combinations variables and limits, the parts of Chapter XXXIII on infinite series which contribute to the determination of the conditions of convergency of the expansion of a binomial with any rational exponent and recurring series, method of differences, interpolation, Chapters XXXIX and XL on determinants and the theory of equations, all illustrated by the solutions of many original exercises. Given in the first semester, Freshman year, and repeated in the immediately following semester.

ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY—Fine and Thompson's Coördinate Geometry will be taken in the first semester, special effort being put on the original exercises. This branch is of great importance to engineering students. It is, besides, of most valuable disciplinary importance to any undergraduate.

DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS—This will be given in the second semester of the Sophomore year. The first nineteen chapters of Osborne's revised text will be used.

INTEGRAL CALCULUS—This is a continuation of the work in Osborne's text, and will be given in the second semester of the Sophomore year. The method of limits is the basis of the theory. Extensive drill in integration is given the student that he may acquire skill in this refined and highly useful instrument of investigation.

ANALYTICAL MECHANICS—Bowser's text, applying every previous mathematical course of the student, is taken in the first semester of the Junior year, and affords the best chance of show of ability in mathematics he has so far had. About three-fourths of this text is taken, most of which relates to Statics and Dynamics.

COLLEGE ASTRONOMY—Young's General Astronomy is used most emphasis being placed upon the parts of a more mathematical character. As largely as possible, the student is made acquainted with the methods of the professional astronomer. Begun in the first semester, Junior year.

ELECTIVES—The following are among the electives in recent texts by the best Americans and British writers: Advanced Theory of Equations, including Advanced Determinants; Analytic Geometry of Three Dimensions; Differential Equations Advanced Statics and Dynamics; Elliptic Functions; Syherical

Harmonics; Least Squares; Mathematical Optics; and other Mathematical Physics, with Theoretical Astronomy.

Work in Civil Engineering was planned under action taken by the University Trustees in 1904. The course is designed to give students a working knowledge of the various subjects offered.

LIMIT OF COURSE—The course covers a period of two years. In that time such subjects are considered as will prove most beneficial in active work. Drafting-room and field practice make up a large part of the course.

EQUIPMENT—The Department makes use of seven rooms in the building known as the East Wing. The drafting-rooms have fifty large tables, for drawing and mapping, and cabinets for drawing-boards, paper, instruments, etc. The justrumentroom contains two Gurley 8-inch mining transits, two Ulmer 11inch transits, a Buff & Berger 11-inch transit, a Keuffel & Esser 11-inch transit, a Keuffel & Esser solar transit, a Keuffel & Esser precision level, three Gurley 20-inch Y-levels, an Ulmer I8-inch Y-level, an Ulmer 14-inch Dumpy level, a Keuffel & Esser 20-inch Y-level, two Keuffel & Esser 12-inch levels, a Gurley Plane-Table, a Mariner's Sextant, a Gurley compass, and numerous other instruments essential to field work, such as tapes, stadia rods, leveling rods, ranging poles, hand-levels, etc. The cementtesting laboratory is equipped with the most modern and improved apparatus. It contains a 20,000 fb. Olsen Testing Machine, a Fairbanks improved testing machine, the Vicat, Gilmore's needles, molds, sieves, etc. New instruments and apparatus will be added as necessity requires, and every effort made to keep the department up-to-date in every particular.

REFERENCE WORK—The leading periodicals and magazines relating to Civil Engineering are in the department library, and many others are in the Carnegie library, all of which are accessible to the students at all times. Among the magazines which are avaiable for student use, are the following: Engineering News, Engineering Record, Railway Age Gazette, Mines and minerals, Cement, Reports of Engineering Societies, Journal of the Association of Engineering Societies, Western Society of Engineers, Engineering and Mining Journal, and many others that are not strictly Engineering magazines.

Ohio University does not offer regular engineering courses, but has scheduled a number of elective subjects in civil engineering, that can be taken in connection with the regular scientific course.

SCIENTIFIC COURSE WITH CIVIL ENGINEERING ELECTIVES

The following Scientific Course with Civil Engineering electives will lead to the Bachelor of Science Degree, in four years.

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English Composition, 2; Mathematics, 3; German, 3; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Chemistry, 4.

SECOND SEMESTER—English Composition, 2; Mathematics, 3; Descriptive Geometry, 2; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Elements, of Mechanics, 3; Chemistry, 4.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Survey of English Literature, 3; Analytics and Calculus, 3; Scientific German, 2; History, 3; Physics, 3; Reënforced Concrete, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Survey of English Literature, 3; Calculus, 3; Scientific German, 2; Physics, 3; Sanitation, 3; Surveying and Leveling, 4.

Third Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Applied Calculus, 3; Advanced Chemistry, 3; Railroad Engineering, 3; Field Work, 2; Geology, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Applied Calculus, 3; Advanced Chemistry, 3; Commercial Law, 3; Topographic Surveying, 3; Instrument Adjustment, 1.

Fourth Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Civil Engineering, 4; Economics, 3; Thesis, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Civil Engineering, 4; Details of Construction, 3; Hydraulics or Mechanics, 3; Thesis, 3.

The completion of the above course entitles the student to the degree of Bachelor of Science, and a certificate stating that he has completed the short course in Civil Engineering.

For those who for any reason are unable to undertake the above course the following short course in Civil Engineering is provided, the completion of which entitles the student to a certificate certifying to the character of the work completed.

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English Composition, 2; Mathematics, 3; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Electricity, 4.

SECOND SEMESTER—English Composition, 2; Mathematics, 3; Descriptive Geometry, 2; Elements of Mechanics, 3; Surveying and Leveling, 3; Field Work, 1; Electricity, 2.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Railroad Engineering, 3; Field Work, 2; Civil Engineering, 4; Reënforced Concrete, 3, Mathematics, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Civil Engineering, 4; Topographic Surveying, 2; Field Work, 1; Details of Construction, 2; Drawing I; Mathematics, 2; Commercial Law, 2; Engineering Instruments and their use, I.

In the first year those who desire may substitute a year's work in Chemistry, or a modern language for the work in Electricity.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

The course in Civil Engineering is designed to give the student a thorough and practical training in the various subjects offered; and to give field and draughting-room practice of such a nature as will prepare him for active work.

A large number of young men have taken this Short Course, and have found very satisfactory positions after completeing the work.

The work in Mechanical Drawing continues throughout the Freshman year, and embraces twenty-four plates. Much attention is given to lettering. Cross's *Mechanical Drawing* and Reinhardt's *Lettering* serve as guides in this work. The work in Descriptive Geometry continues throughout the Freshman

year. During the first semester the work consists of recitations and problems relating to the right line, curved line, planes, tangents, and normals; to cylindrical, conical, and warped surfaces and to their intersection. About fifteen original problems are required. Shades, Shadows, and Perspective are taken up during the second semester. Church's Descriptive Geometry, is the text used. Merriman's Elements of Mechanics is taken up during the second semester. The work in the text-book is supplemented with additional problems.

Leveling and Surveying, of the second semester, consists of three hours per week of recitations and one afternoon per week of field work, embracing the following: Chain, Compass and Transit Surveying; the use of the Plane Table and Leveling.

The student is required to keep his field notes in proper form, to plat all surveys, and to make profiles of the level lines run. Conventional methods are used in all work. Gillespie's *Surveying* is the text used.

The work in Railroad Engineering is taken up during the first semester of the second year. This consists of three hours per week of recitations and one afternoon a week of field and draughting-room work. A preliminary survey for a railroad is made and the topography taken. A contour map is drawn and a location projected. The text used is Searle's Field Engineering.

In Stereotomy, the work of Siebert and Biggin is used and enough class work is given to obtain a working knowledge of the subject. A number of original problems and drawings are required.

The course in Engineering Iustruments and Their Use is intended to familiarize the student with such instruments as the Sextant, Plane-Table, Polar Planimeter, Universal Drafting Machine, Pantograph, Slide Rule, Solar Transit, Precise Level, and other instruments

The subject dealing with Details of Construction, as given in the second semester, consists of two recitations per week and one afternoon of drawing. Each student designs and completes the working drawing, with blue prints, of a wood and steel truss. Howe's Design of Simple Trusses in Wood and Steel is the text used.

Fiebeger's Short Course in Civil Engineering, is the textbook used in discussing the various subjects offered under the general head of Civil Engineering. The course is given throughout the entire year and embraces the following subjects: Loads on Beams, Trusses of all kinds, Graphics, Dams, Retaining walls, Hydraulics, Water Supply, Sewer Construction, and Pavements.

During the second semester the work in Topographic Surveying is taken np and embraces the following: The accurate measurements of a base line, and triangulating a given section. The topography is taken by means of the stadia and hand level. From the survey a map is made and contour lines are drawn; conventional signs are used to represent the different structures and objects that appear upon the map.

The topographic map of the Campus, in the front of the catalogue, was a part of the regular work of the class of 1908. Each year a similar map is made, thus familiarizing the student with platting and mapping.

The work in Mathematic, Science and English is done in the regular University classes.

Students of the Engineering Department wishing to take advanced standing in other institutions can do so by taking the required amount of Mathematics, Language, English, etc., in the regular classes of the University.

Students of the University can take up and complete, within two years, such engineering and scholastic studies as will give them admission, with full credit, to the Junior class of the Case School of Applied Science at Cleveland, Ohio.

Students are urged to take the scientific course and elect their work from the subjects offered in civil engineering.

This will enable them to complete a regular scientific course and at the same time complete all the work offered in the short course in Civil Engineering.

GERMAN

PROFESSOR DOERNENBURG, MR. CARTER.

The purpose of the work of the first year is to secure a thorough knowledge of the fundamental principles of the German language and to acquire an extended vocabulary. The work in the class-rooom is carried on in German as far as practicable.

After the first year the aim is to familiarize students with the best German literature, and, at the same time, constantly to afford practice in the oral and written acquisition of the language. In the second year the work is largely carried on in German, and after the second year entirely so.

A German Club, maintained by students beyond the first year and meeting once a month, assists students in acquiring proficiency in the use of colloquial German.

COURSES

- I. ELEMENTARY GERMAN. First semester, 5 hours a week, required. Kayser and Monteser: Foundations of German completed. Spanhoofd's Erstes Lesebuch. Conversation based on Newson's First German Book in connection with Hoelzel's charts on the seasons.
- 2. ELEMENTARY GERMAN. Second semester, 5 hours a week, required. Conversation continued. Reading of short modern stories such as Storm's Immensee and Eichendorff's Aus dem Leben eines Taugenichts. Wesselhoeff's German Composition.
- 3. SECOND YEAR GERMAN. First semester, 4 hours, required. Reading: Max Mueller's Deutche Liebe or Wildenbruch's Das edle Blut und Der Letzte; Schiller's Wilhelm Tell or Die Jungfrau von Orleans. Conversation based on Bacon's Im Vaterland. Pope's German Composition.
- 4. SECOND YEAR GERMAN. Second semester, 4 hours, required. Goethe's Hermann and Dorothea and other works, typical of German life and ideals. Conversation and composition continued.

- 5. Modern German Dramatists. 3 hours, elective. Selected dramas of Grillparzer, Hebbel, and other authors, like Ludwig, Anzengruber, Sudermann, and Hauptmann. Representative dramas of these authors will be studied in class and others will be assigned for private reading. Lectures and recitations throughout the year.
- 6. Modern German Novelists. 3 hours, elective. Selected novels of *Scheffel*, *Freitag*, *Raabe*, *Keller*, *C. F. Mayer*, and *Sudermann*. Representative works of these authors will be studied in class and others will be assigned for private reading. Lectures and recitations throughout the year. (Omitted in 1914-1915).
- 7. LESSING. First semester, 3 hours, elective. Introductory study of his life and selections from his works. *Emilia Galotti* and *Nathan der Weise*.
- 8. MIDDLE-HIGH-GERMAN LITERATURE. Second semester, 3 hours, elective. The literary movements from the twelfth to the end of the fifteenth century. Reading: The Nibelungelied and Parzival. Selections from Walter von der Vogelweide and other Minnesingers.
- 9. SCHILLER. First semester, 3 hours, elective. Lectures and reports. Reading: Wallenstein's Tod and Maria Stuart. (Omitted in 1914-1915)
- 10. GOETHE. Second semester, 3 hours, elective. Lectures and reports. Reading: Faust, Tasso or Iphigenie auf Tauris. (Omited in 1914-1915)
- II. SCIENTIFIC READING. First semester, 2 hours. For students desiring to acquire faculty in the reading of scientific literature. Required in courses of Engineering. Text: Wellentin's Grundzuge der Naturlehre.
- 12. SCIENTIFIC MONOGRAPHS. Second semester. Required as in 11.

For students that had little or no practice in speaking German, the following work is offered to precede the regular I'reshman work, although it will be counted for College credit. Great stress in this class will be laid on conversation; the gram mar will also be thoroughly reviewed.

Conversational, German First semester, 3 hours. Review of Grammar. Conversation based on *Newson's First German Book* and Hoelzel's charts on the seasons. Reading of several short modern stories with composition and conversation based on the text read.

CONVERSATIONAL GERMAN. Second semester, 3 hours. Similar reading and conversation as in the preceding course.

THE TEACHING OF GERMAN IN GRAMMAR AND SECOND-ARY SCHOOLS. Prospective teachers of German will be given opportunity to teach and observe classes in German. There will also be a lecture given once a week on methods of the teaching of German and their application to the teaching of translation, reading, composition, pronunciation, and grammar, throughout the year.

ROMANCE LANGUAGE

LILLIAN G. ROBINSON, Professor WILBUR R. MCREYNOLDS, Assistant

FRENCH

FRENCH I—The object of the course is to give the essentials of the grammar, including the conjugation of the regular and the more common irregular verbs; a careful drill in the pronunciation; the use of the personal pronouns, common adverbs, prepositions and conjunctions; the order of words in the sentence the elementary rules of syntax; the reading of one hundred pages of graduated texts, with constant practice of translating into French easy variations of the sentences read. First semester, 4 hours.

FRENCH 2—Continued drill upon the rudiments of grammar with constant application in the construction of sentences; mastery of the forms and use of pronouns, pronominal adjectives, of all irregular verbs, and of the simpler uses of the conditional and subjunctive; the reading of not less than three hundred pages of modern prose in the form of stories, plays or historical sketches; constant practice in translating into French easy variations upon the texts read; frequent abstracts of the texts; continued drill in pronunciation, conversation and dictation. Second semester, 4 hours.

FRENCH 3—Idioms, synonyms and diction. The course calls for the ability to use the language effectively as a means of oral and written expression. Characteristic prose and poetry form the basis for more advanced language study. First semester, 3 hours.

FRENCH 4— Outline history of French literature. This course traces the history of French literature from its origin to the present day, bringing out the great currents in their relations to each other. Illustrative readings from representative authors will be assigned for study and report, and themes and essays on literary subjects will be required. Second semester, 3 hours.

FRENCH 5—French literature of the XVII century. Classicism, origin, formation, apogee, decline. Writers: Boileau Moliere, Racine, Corneille, La Fontaine, Pascal, Bossuet, etc. First semester, 2 hours.

FRENCH 6—French literature of the XVIII century. Writers: Le Sage, Marivaux, Montesquieu, Voltaire, Diderot Jean Jacques Rousseau, Regnard, etc. Second semester, 2 hours.

FRENCH 7—French Literature of the XIX century. Study of the representative works beginning with Victor Hugo and the French romanticists. First semester, 2 hours.

FRENCH 8—French literature of the XVI century. Origin of classicism in France; study of language and literature with illustrative readings. Second semester, 2 hours.

FRENCH 9—History of the French language. Lectures on the general history of the French language from its origin to the present time. First semester, 2 hours.

FRENCH 10—Scientific French. First and second semesters, 3 hours. No course will be given for fewer than four.

SPANISH

SPANISH I—Careful drill in pronunciation, including accentuation; the rudiments of grammar, including all the regular and the more common irregular verbs, the forms and order of the personal pronouns, the uses and meaning of the common prepositions, adverbs and conjunctions, the uses of the personal accusative, and other elementary rules of syntax. First semester, 3 hours.

SPANISH 2—Practice in speaking and writing Spanish, together with the careful reading of several modern novels and dramas. Attention is constantly diricted to points of syntax, idiomatic constructions, synonyms, and the translation of English into Spanish. Second semester, 3 hours.

SPANISH 3—Spanish prose composition. This course is designed to give the student a practical command of Spanish as a medium of expression. It may be varied to adapt it to the needs of the student, now tending more to commercial forms of composition, now to those forms used in literature, or by travellers. First semester, 2 hours.

SPANISH 4—General introduction to Spanish literature. Illustrative readings from representative authors will be assigned for study and report, and themes and essays on literary subjects will be required. Second semester, 2 hours. No course will be given for fewer than four.

ITALIAN

ITALIAN I—A course in beginning Italian. It is preferred that students have one year of French before entering upon this course.

ITALIAN 2—A continuation of Italian 1, consisting mainly of reading and conversation. In both courses especial attention is given to the pronunciation.

PHILOSOPHY, ETHICS, AND SOCIOLOGY

PROFESSOR TREUDLEY OUTLINE OF COURSES

No.

FIRST SEMESTER

No. Courses

- Introduction to and History of Philosophy. Three hours.
- 2. Philosophy of Aesthetics. Two hours.
- 4. Logic. Three hours.
- 6. Ethics. Three hours. Required in courses.
- 8. Reading in Sociology.
 Two hours.
- Studies in Ancient and Medieval Classes. Two hours.

SECOND SEMESTER Courses

- I. Introduction to and History of Philosophy. Three hours.
- 3. Philosophy of Religion.
 Two hours.
- Readings in Philosophy. Two hours.
- 7. Advanced Ethics. Two
- Problems in Philosophy. Three hours. Required in some courses.
- Studies in Ancient and Medieval Classics. Two hours.
- Sociology. Two hours. Required in some courses.

REMARKS—The work of this department, subject to limits of time, is intended to afford students some real insight into the theoretical and practical details of the subjects offered. There is pre-supposed some maturity of thought and experience because these studies deal with life in its most fundamental relations. Various courses are offered to meet varying needs.

COURSE I—Students seeking the Degree of Bachelor of Arts may select Philosophy Course I, but if so, they must pursue it throughout the year. The work embraces during the first semester a study of philosophical problems, after which the subject leads into the history of philosophy, dealing chiefly with Greek systems of thought. Medieval and Modern Philosophy is studied during the second semester.

Course 9—Students seeking the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Education are required to pursue this course. It is offered as will be observed in the second semester, and deals with the problems of Philosophy somewhat more elaborately than does course I.

Courses 2, 3, and 5—Three elective courses of two hours a week are offered, viz., Philosophy of Aesthetics, Philosophy of Religion, and Readings in Philosophy. These courses are designed to serve the purposes of students of maturity of thought and somewhat extended experience who would like to look more deeply than ordinarily into these great fields of expression of human life. It is hoped to throw some permanent light upon the questions presented so as to enable the students to realize in some degree their significance.

COURSE 6—This course in Ethics involves both a theoretical and practical treatment of the subjects of morals. It is required of all students seeking the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education from the State Normal College.

COURSE 7—To those persons desiring further work along ethical lines, Course 7 is offered in the second semester. This deals with modern ethical problems and is pursued by means of lectures, readings, and reports.

COURSE 4—The course in Logic embraces, together with the study of the theory of logical operations, many exercises for practice. Examination is made of the argument of editorials,

public speeches, etc., with the view to develop skill in the appreciation of truth and the detection of fallacies.

Course 8 and 12—Course 8 is a reading course and deals with the larger movements of social life. It is informational in its nature and pre-supposes a fair degree of general intelligence but not special training. It is conducted by means of reading in the library, lectures, and reports. Course 12 is required of all students seeking the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education from the State Normal College. It is required also of all candidates for the diploma in Elementary Education, Kindergarten, and other courses. It embraces in its scope a study of the structure of society and the forces operative.

Courses 10 and 11—By way of general application to conduct and because the subjects considered are expressive of deep literary, historic, ethical and philosophical values. Courses 10 and 11 are offered. Amongst the work considered are Job, Greek Tragedy, and Dante's Divine Comedy. They are recommended to students interested in the cultural side of education and who are seeking to become acquainted with some of the supreme master-pieces of human thought.

These varied lines of study are proposed in the hope of meeting the needs of students both in adjusting and balancing their programs of study and in rounding out their education.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE

PROFESSOR ELSON

FIRST SEMESTER		SECOND SEMESTER	
F	Irs.		Hrs.
Economics	3	British Empire	3
Advanced American History	у 3	Advanced American Hist	ory 3
European History	2	Advanced Economics	2
Methods of Taxation	1	International Law	1
Ancient Civilization	2	Medieval Civilization	2
		Advanced Civics	2
		European History	2

Modern European History-Required

This department is devoted to the study of the rise of absolutism on the ruins of feudalism, and the later development of constitutional government in Europe.

Chief among the topics in this study are: The Decline of the Holy Roman Empire and of Spain, the Reformation of the Sixteenth Century and the Religious wars, Development of Parliamentary Government in England, the French Revolution and its momentous consequences, and the Unification of Italy and of Germany.

This subject will run through the year. The first semester will be devoted to the period beginning with the Renaissance and the Dawn of Modern Civilization, covering the Thirty Year's War, the Protestant Reformation, and coming down to the French Revolution.

The second semester will cover the period from the French Revolution to the present time, giving special attention to the gradual rise of Democracy and the inevitable extension of representative government among the European states. The text used as a guide is Schwill's Political History of Modern Europe.

United States History

The importance of the study of United States History in preparing citizens to exercise the duties incumbent upon them as members of the body politic is growing more apparent every year. Therefore the aim of the teaching in this department is so to read the history of the past as to throw light upon present civic and economic problems, and thus aid in their solution. The disciplinary value of the subjects included in this department is kept constantly in view. History is regarded as a record of the social, economic, moral, and political life of the people. Environment, former ideas, and changing industrial conditions are all considered as important factors in determining the course of events. The work of our great leaders in thought and action is studied carefully in connection with the history of the people. Students are encouraged to investigate the civil and economic questions of the present day with minds as free as possible from partisan prejudice and preconceived opinions.

Advanced American History-Elective

FIRST SEMESTER.

After a brief review of the Colonial and Revolutionary periods the intensive work of the course begins with the national period and covers the seventy years to the Civil War. Special study is devoted to established government under the new constitution, to the second war with England, its causes and results, to the high water mark of democracy under Jackson, and to the fierce political battle over slavery preceding the Civil War.

SECOND SEMESTER.

A study of the Civil War, especially the political features and underlying causes of government policies, followed by a study of Reconstruction in its deeper phases, will constitute the first part. After this will follow a careful study of the changing conditions that followed the war, the industrial development of the last half century, the most recent presidential campaigns and their issues, and finally the purposes and principles of the great political parties of the present.

Elson's History of the United States will be used as a guide in the foregoing course; but much of the work will be research work in the library.

Advanced Civics-Required

SECOND SEMESTER.

Advanced Civics is a senior required study optional with philosophy. It is a study of the American system of government in its deeper phases, and also of world politics.

In addition to the study of the American government, the governmental systems and present day workings of the great nations of Europe are studied and compared with one another; also political theories and political parties of the European countries are studied and compared with our own.

In the library are found Bryce's American Commonwealth, Lowell's Government of England, Governments and Parties in Continental Europe, and Ogg's Governments of Continental Europe, to all of which the student may have access.

Economics-Required

FIRST SEMESTER.

The regular required economics, which is given in the Freshman year, presents this great subject in its elementary form.

SECOND SEMESTER.

Advanced Economics, which is given in the second semester, is elective. It presents the great economic subjects of modern times and deals concretely with many of the present day problems of the industrial, financial and economic world. No one who has not taken the elementary economics is eligible to this class. Taussig's two volume work will be used as a text.

Special Electives

SECOND SEMESTER.

THE BRITISH EMPIRE—This is a study, as exhaustive as time will permit, of the development of the British Empire. Beginning with the Tudors, the long strife between the Sovereign and Parliament, the warfare between the Stuarts and the Puritans, the reign of Walpole, the reaction under George III. and its disastrous results, the 19th Century reforms in Parliament and the expansion of the island Kingdom into a world empire, the greatest in history—these form the chief topics of study. No text book is required.

ANCIENT CIVILIZATION—This is a study of the great empires of antiquity including Egypt, Babylonia, Greece and Rome, their modes of life, methods of warfare, forms of religion, and their bearing on medieval and modern life. It is followed in the second semester by a similar study of *Medieval Civilization*. In each the text book used is by Seignobos, a Frenchman, and one of the greatest living historical scholars.

METHODS OF TAXATION—This is a study of the various forms of taxation in our States, in the United States, and in other countries, the object being to ascertain the most equitable methods and to show the weak points in many of our tax laws. No separate text book is used.

INTERNATIONAL, LAW—Wilson and Thacher as a text, takes up the great question of international relations, customs and the like, with a notice of important treaties past and present.

BIOLOGY AND GEOLOGY

PROFESSOR MERCER

J. A. PLACE, Instructor

C. K. COOPERRIDER, Assistant

This department embraces all the subjects properly belonging to Biology, together with Inorganic and Organic Geology.

The work in Zoology begins with the second semester of the Freshman year. Abundant opportunity is offered for field work. In addition to the material gathered by the class, use is made of preserved marine types which are received from time to time for the purpose of dissection. Each student is required, also, to spend some time in the Zoological Museum, which contains many valuable specimens.

The student enters the laboratory at the very start, and such types are placed before him for examinations and dissection as will lead him step by step to correct habits of observation, by which he is enabled to comprehend the close relations of one form of life to another. As this work is in progress, the subjects under examination are fully discussed, and, on the completion of each dissection, the student is examined upon the work done. Drawings are required of the different parts and organs, in all cases. After a few types have been studied in the laboratory the subject of classification receives careful attention.

An advanced course in Zoology is offered in the college proper. (See Comparative Anatomy.)

The course in Preparatory Physiology aims to give a good general knowledge of Anatomy and Hygiene, and the functions of the different organs. Occasional dissections are performed before the class, and some laboratory work is required of all. In the collegiate course this subject is studied by more advanced methods. Osteology receives close attention, and each student is expected to give some attention to dissection, besides making a practical study of a few histological structures. Physiological principles and theories are discussed according to the latest investigations; and, in this connection, experiments are per-

formed in the laboratory. The department is supplied with a valuable skeleton and superb French anatomical models. (For more advanced work in Anatomy and Physiology, see Preparatory Medical Course.)

The University is thoroughly equipped for work in General Biology, a required subject in all the collegiate courses. A biological laboratory has recently been completed and fitted up with modern apparatus, including a steam sterilizer, fine optical appliances, dissecting instruments, water baths, paraffin bath, CO₂ freezer, Minot Microtone, etc. The student is given practical training in Microscopy, and is taught the process of staining and preparation of permanent mountings. It is the intention to give a thorough knowledge of the structure and mode of growth of typical plants and animal forms, and the laboratory work is accompanied with lectures, in which the conposition of organism, methods reproduction, development, and other biological subjects are discussed.

At the early stage of the work in Geology, such objective study of minerals is pursued as will enable the student to comprehend the composition of rocks, which is next taken up. To supplement the text, lectures may be given from time to time upon Dynamical, Structural, and Palæontological Geology, and these subjects are further studied in the field. A large cabinet of minerals is open at all times to the student of Geology.

The stereopticon is in constant use in the Department to illustrate the lectures. The facilities for making lantern slides are such that many additions are made annually to the already quite complete set of over eight hundred slides.

CURRENT JOURNALS—American Naturalist, Science, American Journal of Anatomy, Biological Bulletin, Ohio Naturalist, Journal of Experimental Zoology, Nature-Study Journal, Popular Science Monthly, Journal of Geology, Economic Geology, Journal of Morphology, Science Progress, and the reports of all the leading scientific societies.

COURSES OFFERED IN THE DEPARTMENT OF BIOLOGY AND GEOLOGY

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Course	Course
Physiology and Hygiene (Prep.)	5 Invertebrate Zoology 3 4 College Botany* 3 1 Anatomy, Mammalian,
15 Biological Seminar	10 Human Anatomy 1916 3 8 Embryology 3
7a Bacteriology 3 (Domestic Science)	15 Biological Seminar I Botany (Prep.)* 3

*See Department of Civic Biology and Botany.

All the college courses are laboratory courses. It requires two hours of actual work in the laboratory for one hour credit. All four-hour courses are made up of at least two laboratory periods and two lectures or recitations each week of the term, and all other laboratory courses in the same proportion.

Any student electing the course in History and Embryology must plan to take the entire work of the year.

Description of Courses

- 1. ANATOMY—The laboratory work will be mainly dissection of the cat or rabbit, and the study of microscopic sections of all important organs.
- 2. Physiology—This course will consist of at least two lectures or recitations, one hour each, and one laboratory section of two hours each for the year. This will be a course of actual demonstration of the functions of the different parts of the body. For example, the student actually tests the action of the reagents found in the gastric juice upon the food principles. He then uses the gastric juice prepared from the stomachs of different classes of animals, and tests its action upon different

foods, the changes thereby being brought before the eye. Experimental physiology and hygiene will be made a large part of this course.

One course in Physics, and Invertebrate Zoology, or College Botany, are required before entering upon this course.

3. HISTOLOGY—This course includes a careful study of technic; taking fresh tissue and carrying it through to the finished slide by the most approved and modern methods.

The student also makes a study of the finished slide and makes drawings of many type tissues. This course is designed thoroughly to fit the student preparing for the study of medicine as well as to give the student in general a thorough idea of the structure of the human body preparatory to the study of physiology. A careful study of the nervous system is made during the last half of the year in this course.

4. BOTANY—Study begins with the plant cell and traces the development of the plants through the sucsessive orders to the flowering plants. Attention will be given to living plants including plant histology, and a general consideration of all the life principles involved in plants.

This course may be taken in place of the Zoology to supply the science requirements in the Freshman year.

- 5. INVERTEBRATE ZOOLOGY—The course in Zoology takes up the study of animal life in the line of development, beginning with the amoeba and tracing the line by means of type forms through the succeeding orders to the vertebrates. Physiology in the simple forms is studied with special reference to its bearing upon human physiology.
- 6. Comparative Anatomy—This course includes all of the Phylum Chordata except the mammals. The type forms studied are the Amphioxus, the dog-fish, the perch, the frog, the turtle and the English sparrow. A careful dissection is made of all these forms, but more time is spent on the frog than on any other form. The muscular, the nervous, the digestive, the circulatory, and the respiratory systems are compared in each case to show their relationship and advancement as we ascend the scale in chordata. Physiology plays a very important role in this course for all these forms.

7. BACTERIOLOGY—The laboratory work in this course is mainly technic. The student prepares all the common media inoculates specimens of many of the different forms of bacteria and studies the growth and action of the same. He also gets a fair idea or the methods of identification of common forms making slides from the cultures.

The lectures connected with this course are designed to bring out the relation of the subject to hygiene and the basic relations of bacteria to disease. The history of the subject and its relation to Scientific Medicine are also brought out.

The work is so arranged that a person desiring to get a theoretical knowledge of the subject can enter the lecture and get half credit in hours. A three-hour course is also given here for the students in Domestic Science.

- 8. EMBRYOLOGY—In this course the students follows carefully the development of the chick, makes slides of the embryo at different ages from four hours up to seventy hours, and prepares museum specimens of the chick from that to twenty-one days. He supplements his work with careful reading and comparison with the development of the mammal, and makes dissections of a fetus of pig or cow. Serial sections of pig embryos from 5 mm. to 30 mm. are studied throughout the entire course.
- 9. Physiology—In this course the frog is used to a large extent in preforming the experiments in the first semester. A complete set of the Harvard apparatus is in constant use. The activities of the muscles and all the vital organs are observed and tracings made in many cases. The relation of the nerves to the muscles is shown in many ways, including the central nervous system and the sympathetic system.

Chemical Physiology will occupy the second semester.

Course 2, as well as the requirements leading up to it, must be taken before entering upon this course.

10. Human Anatomy—This course is designed to give the prospective medical student a chance to get a start in anatomy before going to a medical college, and also to enable the students preparing to teach physiology in high schools and

colleges to go into the real merits of the science. Special teach ers will find these courses in anatomy and advanced physiology of great benefit in their work.

- II. HISTORICAL BIOLOGY—This course will bring out the fundamental ideas of Biology, and men and conditions under which these ideas were given to the world. The different theories of the origin of the species will be discussed. Natural selection, adaptation, mutation, etc., will receive a prominent place. All these discussions bear upon the great question of Heredity. To bring out all the above topics the biography of the leaders of Biology will be used to a large extent. Three college hours will be allowed for the completion of the course.
- 12. Sanitation—This course will be an advanced course in Hygiene and presupposes a through knowledge of Physiology. Nothing less than a first-class high school course in Physiology will be accepted. This course will, in uo sense, take the place of the course in Elementary Physiology, described above. A good practical knowledge of bacteria and their relation to disease will be obtained. The laboratory work will be largely the culture and the observation of bacteria both in a general way and with the microscope. Fundamental questions of sanitation both municipal and personal, will be discussed. The legal side, as well as the scientific side, of school inspection, etc., will be discussed. Summer term and first semester.
- 13. ENTOMOLOGY—This course is offered for the Summer term. It will be an advanced course in Nature Study, consisting of a large amount of field work and the making of a collection of insects. The lectures will consist of a discussion of some of the larger economic questions of the relation of insects and plants. The laboratory work will consist of the study of some typical forms of insects.

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL SCIENCES

It is desirable in many cases that students looking forward to the medical profession should, after spending four years in collegiate work, be admitted to advanced standing in medical schools, whereby a year's time might be gained. With this object in view, the Department of Biology now offers such work as is in conjunction with Physics and Chemistry recognized by the best of these schools the full equivalent of a year's professional study.

The laws in many states are such that no time credit can be given for this work, but our students get credit in all the Medical Colleges for subjects completed, which gives them time to specialize in some subject during their medical course. The advantage of this cannot be overestimated.

The Departments of Physics and Chemistry furnish abundant opportunities for the work required in that direction. The Biological work, is from the very outset, suited to the needs of the medical student. To this end it properly begins with General Biology, to be followed by a comparative study of animal forms and of phanerogamic and crytogamic plants. The development of some vertebrate is closely studied, and preparations of embryos are required of each student. Throughout the entire course close attention to laboratory work is insisted upon. Practical instruction is given in the preparation of miscroscopic objects, and the student is taught the technic of section cutting and mounting. A practical knowledge of Human Anatomy is obtained from the careful dissection of the human body. Arrangements have been made whereby students of the University are allowed, under certain conditions to attend post-mortem examinations and to assist in the work. The laboratory is provided with modern apparatus for accurate investigation of disease germs, and the student is therefor required to do practical work in the all important subject of Bacteriology.

The following subjects are comprehended in this course: General Biology, Zoology, Mammalian Anatomy, Human Anatomy Histology, Physiology, Structural and Systematic Botany Vegetable Histology, Embryology, and Bacteriology.

CHEMISTRY

PROFESSOR BENTLEY

J. R. MORTON, Associate Professor

H. M. McLaughlin, Assistant

The aim of the Chemical Department is two-fold. It offers to the general student the opportunity of becoming acquainted with the principles of this science and gives him practice in some of the methods used in the Chemical laboratory. To a smaller number of students the Department offers superior advantages for more advanced work both theoretical and practical. The Department also possesses a growing collection of reference books which will meet the requirements of students who make Chemistry their special field for work.

- I. GENERAL DESCRIPTIVE CHEMISTRY—This course consists of three lectures and one laboratory period each week throughout the year; also a quiz, alternate weeks. It consists of a study of the fundamental principles of the science, and a general study of the more important elements and their compounds. This course serves as and introduction to all higher courses in Chemistry, is required of all candidates for the degree of B. S. and is elective for all others. Credit, eight semester hours.
- 2. DOMESTIC SCIENCE CHEMISTRY.—This course consists of lectures or recitations twice a week and laboratory work once a week throughout the year. It involves a study of some of the more important elements and their compounds. Especial attention is paid to the chemistry of foods and food preparation and to the applications of chemistry to daily life. This course covers all the chemistry required by the Domestic Science course. Credit, six semester hours.
- 3. QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS—This course consist of six hours of laboratory work throughout the year and two recitations each week during the first semester.

A study is made of compounds, both soluble and insoluble, whereby the student becomes familiar with tests for bases and acids, and with methods of separating them.

The recitations will consist in part of discussions of laboratory methods, and in part of a consideration of the fundamental principles underlying analytical chemistry, both qualitative and quantitative. This course serves a double purpose; systematizing the work done in elementary chemistry and preparing students for a more advanced study of the subject.

Students who have all ready completed the laboratory requirements of the course may take the class work only. Credit for the class work, two semester hours. Credit for the entire course, six semester hours.

- 4. QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS—A laboratory course is offered equivalent to six semester hours of credit. It comprises a series of determinations, illustrating the fundamental principles and methods, involved in gravimetric and volumetric analysis. Prerequisite, Course 3.
- 4a. CHEMICAL CALCULATIONS—A course in chemical calculations is offered during the second semester. Credit, two semester hours.
- 5. Organic Chemistry—This course consists of three recitations each week throughout the year. A careful study is made of the constitution, preparation and properties of the typical compounds of the aliphatic and aromatic series. Credit, six semester hours.
- 5a. Organic Preparations—A laboratroy course designed to accompany Course 5. Credit, four semester hours.
- 6. PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY, including Electro-chemistry. Three recitations per week throughout the year. This course supplements the work given in Courses 1 and 3 and presents to the student the more recent developments in chemical theories. It is recommended to all students who contemplate teaching chemistry, as well as to those who expect to enter the practical field.

Text-books, Walker's Introduction to Physical Chemistry and Lehfeld's Electro-Chemistry. Credit, six semester hours.

6a. PRACTICAL, PHYSICAL, CHEMISTRY—A laboratory course designed to accompany Course 6. Credit, four or six semester hours.

Note. Courses 5 and 6 are given alternate years. Course 5 will be offered in 1914-15.

- 7. ADVANCED QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS—This course is offered to those who have completed Course 4 and will be arranged to suit the needs of the individual student. It may consist of limestone, coal (prominate analysis and thermal test), ore, water, soil or gas analysis of alloys.
- 8. ELEMENTARY AGRICUTURAL CHEMISTRY—A three hour course given the second semester. Especial emphasis is placed upon the practical application of elementary chemistry to soil problems. It also embraces a study of soil formation, and methods of soil improvement. Credit, three semester hours.
- 9. ADVANCED AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY—This course supplements Course 8 and is intended for those who are preparing for a more advanced study of Agriculture and Forestry.
- 10. INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY—This course consists of recitations and reports made by the students. This is a very practical course and deals with the applications of chemistry to modern industrial processes.

Thorp's Industrial Chemistry is used as a guide. Credit six semester hours.

- II. METALLURGY—An elementary course is offered and will be equivalent to a credit of six semester hours.
- Note. Courses 10 and 11 are given alternate years. Course 10 will be offered in 1914-15.
- 12. INORGANIC PREPARATIONS—This is a laboratory course and will be arranged to suit the requirements of the individual student.
- 13. RESEARCH.—Students desiring to work out a thesis in this Department will find facilities for work in almost any line. The aim of the Department is to give the student an opportuity to develop a spirit of independence and self-reliance in chemical work.

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

A. A. ATKINSON, Professor

G. E. McLaughlin

Instructor in Electrical Engineering and Shops

F. C. LANGENBERG, | Instructors in Physics R. G. Webber,

C. O. WILLIAMSON, Assistant in Shop Work

The department has recently acquired new laboratories, and every faculty is at hand for carrying on the work outlined in the course of instruction. Several private laboratories are available to students who desire to pursue advanced laboratory or research work. Many valuable reference works are in the Carnegie and departmental libraries, and the leading periodicals are on file for use by the students.

Courses of Instruction

I. ELEMENTARY PHYSICS—(Class work, 3 hours per week; laboratory, 4 hours per week, throughout the year.)

This course is required in the fourth year of all the preparatory courses. Also those who do not present entrance Physics are required to take this course.

The class work will be conducted chiefly by the recitation method with occasional lectures on the phases of the subject which are the most difficult for beginners.

The laboratory portion consists of about fifty carefully selected experiments to be performed by each student and neatly written up in the laboratory.

2. DESCRIPTIVE PHYSICS—(Class work, 3 hours per week; laboratory, twenty representative experiments performed by each student during the year.)

This course is offered to meet the needs of those who desire to pursue the study of Physics simply to complete a general education or to udertake the subject as a substitute for mathematics. The class work will consist of recitations, supplemented by lectures and reports from the students on special topics. Constant attention will be given in this course to present the subject in such a manner that the laws and principles studied in the class and laboratory work will be brought into the proper relation with the physical phenomena observed in everyday life.

The material for study will be chosen for its instructiveness: because (a) it involves some important scientific principle; (b) it is related to some readily observable phenomena; or (c) it has a practical application in natural, commercial or industrial processes.

Apparatus will be provided for the fullest possible demonstration of each of the subjects considered in the course; but no effort will be made to cover systematically the whole field of Physics.

This course is open to those who had Physics I, or its equivalent. A knowledge of higher mathematics is not required for its completion, this course being optional with mathematics in the Freshman year.

3. GENERAL PHYSICS—(3 hours per week. Optional in the first semester of the Scientific Course, and continued as elective in the second semester.)

The work will consist of a discussion of the general principles of Physics, including as far as possible, the derivation of the fundamental equation of the subject with the interpretation of their physical meaning and their application to the solution of problems of Physics. Curve plotting and the interpretation of curves will be an important feature. Experimental demonstrations will be provided where the nature of the topic requires it. A minimum of individual laboratory work will be required. Those who have taken Course 2, and wish to obtain a better understanding of the more mathematical phases of the subject, while not desirous of pursuing advanced work in Physics, will find Course 3 well adapted to their needs. Students seeking a B. S. degree are required to take one year's work in Physics; they are advised to take Course 3 in preference to Course 2.

This course is open to those who have had Physics I, or its equivalent, and who possess an elementary knowledge of trigonometry and chemistry.

4. ADVANCED PHYSICAL MEASUREMENTS—(First semester mechanics, heat, and sound. Class work, I hour per week; laboratory, 6 hours per week. Second semester, electricity and light.)

The chief emphasis in this course will be placed on the laboratory work. The class work will discuss the theory of each experiment and interpret the laboratory results. Complete notes will be required containing the development of the theory and outline of the method of each experiment.

This course is open to those who have had Physics 3, or its equivalent, and who possess an elementary knowledge of Analytical Geometry and Calculus. Students should also have a reading knowledge of French and German. Where circumstances seem to justify it, permission may be given for the election of only one-half of this course, either the first or second semester.

5. MOLECULAR PHYSICS—(Offered in the first semester in alternate years with Course 7. Class work, three hours per week.)

The work covered will be the Kinetic Theory, Capillarity, Surface Tension, Elementary Thermodynamics, and Solution.

This course is regularly open to those who have had Physics 3, but may also be taken by those who satisfy the instructor that their previous training is sufficient to undertake the work.

6. ELECTRIC WAVES—(Offered in the second semester in alternate years with Course 8. Class work, 3 hours per week.)

The work will consist of a general discussion of the theory of generation and detection of electric waves and their application to wireless telegraphy.

This course is open to students under the same conditions as Course 5.

7. ELEMENTS OF THERMODYNAMICS—(First semester, offered in alternate years with Course 5. Class work, 3 hours per week.)

The work will be upon the fundamental principles underlying the mechanical theory of heat, and the application of these principles to physical and thermochemical problems.

This course will be open to those who have had Course 3,

or is equivalent, and who possess a knowledge of the principles, of Calculus and General Chemistry.

8. Light—(Second semester, offered in alternate years with Course 6. Class work, 3 hours per week.)

This is an advanced course in Physical Optics, and is arranged for those who desire to make a specialty of Physics. This course is open under the same conditions as Course 7.

9. THE PEDAGOGY OF PHYSICS—(First semester, 3 hours per week. This course will be given upon request of a sufficient number of students to justify its being offered.)

This course is designed to meet the needs of those who are teachers, or expect to teach Physics in high schools. The work will consist of lectures and discussions upon the choice of subject matter and methods of presentation best suited to elementry courses in Physics.

Course 9 is open to all who have had the necessary training in Physics to profit by the discussions and lectures given.

10. PHYSICS RESEARCH—(An advanced intensive laboratory course for those who have had Course 4.)

This work will partake more of the character of original investigation of some topic or problem of Physics. The work may be arranged to supplement Physics 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8; but the choice of work and the time devoted to it will rest with the student, in consultation with the head of the department.

If the problem attacked has sufficient merit, the report upon its investigation may be used as the thesis required for the Bachelor's degree.

- II. ELECTRICAL LABORATORY (D. C.)—A course of six hours a week in a dynamo labatory in studying the characteristics, regulation and efficiency of direct current machinery. Also lectures once a week. Continued throughout the first semester.
- 12. ELECTRICAL LABORATORY (A. C.)—Lectures once a week, laboratory four hours a week on alternating current characteristics, regulation, and efficiency; voltage and current curves of alternators and transformers; measurement of polyphase power induction motor and rotary converter tests. Second semester.

Other courses may be chosen as electives from among the Engineering studies by those prepared to profit thereby.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

INTRODUCTION—Ohio University is a State institution, whose free library occupying the new Carnegie Library building, literary societies, musical, scientific, and other organizations offer many advantages to the students. All the regular literary departments of the University are open to engineering students, if they choose to elect any of the general work there offered. The whole atmosphere of college surroundings is beneficial, and constitutes no small advantage over the purely technical school. In Ohio University small classes, usually ten to forty, and attention to individual students, are advantages that can not be overestimated.

The following work offered in Electrical Engineering is looked upon as electives in applied Physics, so arranged as to be consecutive, and to have both an educational and a practical value to the student. Ohio University makes no pretense of being an engineering school, but does offer exceptional advantages to students to become thinking men, capable of the highest success in any line of endeavor.

EQUIPMENT—The University possesses an incandescent lighting and power plant, used for lighting the buildings and furnishing power to the laboratories and shops, providing the students practical training in construction, operation, and care of electrical machinery. Both direct and alternating currents are used, and very extensive additions to the electrical equipment are now being made. Science Hall, newly constructed, was first occupied at the opening of the college year, 1912-13. This is a four story structure of red pressed brick, 79 feet by 124 feet, costing complete, ready for work, about \$120,000. The Department of physics and Electrical Engineering occupies the first two floors. These will provide recitation rooms and offices for the instructors in the departments; a large laboratory for general Physics, with two dark rooms, and apparatus room attached: laboratories for the various advanced courses in Physics, with the necessary weighing rooms and apparatus rooms; a laboratory for electrical measurements, with apparatus and weighing rooms; a dynamo, motor and transformer laboratory: a photometric laboratory, a storage battery room, high

temperature laboratory, unpacking room, storage rooms, several small research laboratories, a calibrating laboratory and a constant temperature laboratory; also a drafting room, photographic dark room, laboratory shop, high frequency and wireless laboratory, private laboratories, and a departmental library and reading room.

The Department equipment includes also the college power plant, a gas engine plant and general shops. Students are thus afforded practical work in steam and gas engineering; testing and valve-setting; tests of various kinds on A. C. and D. C. motors, generators and measuring instruments; tests of transformers and rotary converters. There are in the laboratories a number and variety of measuring and test instruments, ammeters, voltmeters, wattmeters, tachometers, potentiometers, electro-dynameters, portable testing sets, wheatstone bridges, sechometers, conductivity bridges, and galvanometers. There are also standard instruments of various types for calibrating purposes. Our shop facilities have also been improved both by the addition of a large room and a great deal of new machinery

What was formerly the gymnasium floor has been converted into additional shop room, and equipped with wood-working benches; wood-working lathes driven by motors; band saw, shaper, circular-saw, and jointer, all motor driven. The machine lathes, drills, grinders, and other machinery in the older section of the shop are also driven by electric power.

REFERENCES—Students in the Engineering department find on file for ready reference a large number of technical periodicals, such as the Electrical World, General Electric Review, Electric Journal, Street Railway Journal, Engineering Magazine, Power, Scientific American, Scientific American Supplement, Proceedings of American Institute of Electrical Engineers, Transactions of the Illuminating Engineering Society, Science, Physical Review, Electrical Engineering, Bulletins of the General Electric and the Westinghouse Companies, Publications of the Bureau of Standards, Publications of the Bureau of Mines, Engineering News, Engineering Record, Mines and Minerals, Journal of the Western Society of Engineers, Reports of the State Engineering Societies, Cement, Railway Gazette, Journal of the Franklin Institute, Electro-

Chemical and Metallurgical Industry, Journal of the Chemical Industry, Die Zeitschriftfur den physikalischen und chemischen Unterricht. Besides the Department library which is available to students taking these courses, the Carnegie library is also open for use each day and four evenings a week.

REQUIREMENTS—All work scheduled in Electrical Engineering can be taken as elective by students pursuing the course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science. There is optional substitution of modern language for Latin. See courses of study of the State Preparatory School given elsewhere. Graduates of first grade high schools will be able to enter the first year of the course without condition.

A diploma from the first grade high school, or its equivalent, is now required for admission to this course. It is urgently recommended that the complete four-year course following the combined Scientific and Engineering course outlined below be taken, or if the engineering studies are first completed in two years, the rest of the scientific work arranged for engineers may be completed in two more years. The degree of B. S. will then be given.

If the Short Course with the auxiliary studies is fully completed, a certificate will be issued showing the character of the work done. The courses are subject to such changes from time to time as conditions require, and as the proper treatment of such studies makes necessary.

SCIENTIFIC COURSE WITH ELECTIVES IN ENGINEERING

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English Compos., 2; Mathematics, 3; German, 3; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Chemistry, 4; Shop, (4 hours a week), 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—English Compos., 2; Mathematics, 3; German, 3; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Chemistry, 4; Steam Engineering, 2; Shop (4 hours a week), 1.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Survey of Eng. Literature, 3; Analytics and Calculus, 3; Scientific German, 2; Economics, 3; Physics, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Shop (4 hours a week), 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—Calculus, 3; Scientific German, 2; Physics, 3; Commercial Law, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Shop (4 hours a week), 1.

Third Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering, 4; Applied Calculus, or Advanced Chemistry, 3; Geology, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering, 3; Applied Calculus or Advanced Chemistry, 3; Electrical and Magnetic Calculations, 2; Surveying, 4; Mechanical Drawing, 1; Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1.

Fourth Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering, 3; Electrical Laboratory, 3; Gas Engines, 2; Electrical Measurements, 2; Thesis, 3; Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering, 3; Electrical Laboratory, 3; Hydraulics, 3; Thesis, 4; Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1.

The completion of the above course entitles the student to the degree of Bachelor of Science and a certificate testifying to his completion of the engineering work contained in it.

SHORT COURSE

For those who are unable for any reason to undertake the above complete course, the following short course is provided, the completion of which entitles the student to a certificate testifying to the character of the work done.

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English, 2; Electrical Engineer, (D. C.), 4; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Mathematics, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Shop (4 hours a week), 1, Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—English, 2; Electrical Engineering (D. C.), 3; Descriptive Geometry, 2; Mathematics, 3; Electrical and Magnetic Calculations, 2; Steam Engineering, 2; Mechanical Drawing, 1; Shop (4 hours a week), 1; Station (4 hours a week), 1

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering (A. C.), 3; Dynamo Laboratory, 3; Gas Engines, 2; Electrical Measurements, 2; Analytics and Calculus, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 1; Shop (4 hours a week), 1; Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1

SECOND SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering (A. C.), 3; Dynamo Laboratory, 2; Commerical Law, 3; Calculus, 3; Surveying, 4; Mechanical Drawing, 1; Shop (4 hours a week), 1. Station Practice (4 hours a week), 1.

SCHOOL OF COMMERCE

Faculty*

ALSTON ELLIS, Ph. D., LL. D., President

CHARLES M. COPELAND, B. Ped.,

Director and Professor of Accounting and Commercial Law.

MINNIE FOSTER DEAN, Instructor in Stenography

GEORGE C. PARKS, Ph. B.,
Assistant in Commercial Branches

GRACE MARIE JUNOD, Ph. B., Instructor in Typewriting

Ohio University began, in 1893, to offer courses in commercial studies. The increasing demand for this kind of work justified the establishment and equipment of a separate department in 1899, with a course of study consisting largely of commercial branches and some required work in English and History. This arrangement gave the regular students of the University an opportunity to elect this work as part of their college course, and it is gratifying to note that many have improved the opportunity. These and the special students who had a good preparatory training were greatly benefited and those who desired it have had no trouble in finding employ-

^{*}The required work in English, History, Economics, Education, Psychology, Science, and Modern Language is taken in the regular University classes.

ment. But the greater part of the special students with meager preparation were poorly equipped for a successful business career, even after they had made a good record in their commercial studies.

As a result of this observation the entrance requirements and the courses of study, for students desiring to take commercial work, were gradually extended until 1909, when conditions justified the organization of a School of Commerce with two courses of study, each including two years or 60 semester hours of collegiate work as outlined elswhere in this catalogue.

Students in the School of Commerce have the same privileges in the University library, reading room, literary societies, and gymnasium as regular students, and may enter any of the preparatory or collegiate classes without extra charge. Commodious rooms in Ewing Hall have been well equipped for this work. The commission, wholesale and retail officers and the bank, in the office department, are well arranged for instruction purposes. Here students receive the training that comes from filling the principal as well as the subordinate positions in such offices. In the bank they pass from the work of collection clerk to that of bookkeeper, teller, and cashier; in the railroad office, they are agent and clerk; in the commission office, receiving clerk, shipping clerk, bookkeeper, and manager; in the wholesale office, shipping clerk, bookkeeper, and manager.

ADMISSION—The requirements for entrance to either course in the School of Commerce are the same as the requirements for entrance to the Freshman class of the University, namely, fifteen units of secondary credit. Graduates of high schools of the first class are usually able to enter without condition. Sudents who have not the necessary amount of entrance credit may make it up in the State Preparatory School.

DIPLOMAS AND COLLEGE CREDIT—Diplomas will be granted to those who complete either course in the School of Commerce. Students in the degree courses of the University may take part of their elective work in the School of Commerce, and in this way they may, in four years, obtain both a degree and a diploma in the course in commerce.

DEGREE COURSE FOR GRADUATES-Graduates in either of the two-year courses in the School of Commerce must have at least 60 semester hours of college credit. Upon the completion of 60 additional semester hours of college work, outlined by the Dean of the College of Liberal Arts, graduates of the Commercial Course will be granted the A. B. or B. S. degree, provided that at least 45 of such additional hours have been done in the required work of the course leading to the degree to be conferred. Upon the completion of 60 additional semester hours of college work, outlined by the Dean of the State Normal College, Graduates of the Teachers' Course in Stenography will be granted the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education, provided that at least 45 of such additional hours have been done in the required work of the course leading to said degree and that in the entire course not less than 30 semester hours in professional subjects have been taken.

SPECIAL STUDENTS IN ACCOUNTING AND STENOGRAPHY—Persons wishing to take only Bookkeeping and Stenography will be admitted as special students. Certificates showing the nature of the work done and signed by the President of the University and Director of the School will be issued to students who complete a year's work in Accounting or Stenography and have credit for the English, History, and Civics required in the first preparatory year. Good Penmanship will be required of those who receive the certificate for Accounting.

FEES—All students pay a registration fee of \$9.00 per semester. Besides this, there is an extra fee of \$6.00 per semester for Stenography and Typewriting. The fee for Typewriting alone is \$3.00 per semester. A fee for the diploma is \$5.00 and for a certificate \$1.50.

Positions—The University does not guarantee positions to graduates in any course. However, only a small number of those who make a good record in work and conduct have trouble in finding desirable employment. The management of the School of Commerce has always taken much interest in recommending students to places which they can fill, and no school in the country can show a larger percentage of its graduates at profitable employment. On account of the limited scholarship

required in the average commercial school, its product is not in favor with progressive business men. A general culture, as well as a knowledge of commercial branches, is demanded of those who seek important positions. Such a course as the one outlined in this catalogue will meet the approval of those who are looking for competent help, and the young man or woman of good character who completes it will be in demand.

COMMERCIAL TEACHERS—High schools of all grades are organizing commercial courses. This creates a demand for competent teachers of commercial branches. The competition for these places is not strong, for many of those who are acquainted with the subjects to be taught are not eligible to high school positions on account of limited education or a lack of experience in teaching. Teachers who have had successful experience would do well to consider the commercial courses of this institution with a view to high school work. While pursuing this course they would have an excellent opportunity to study Methods in Teaching in the classes of the State Normal College of the University.

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

Those studies in the courses which are not described below are outlined under the head of the department to which they belong.

I. ACCOUNTING I—Four recitations per week are offered in each semester. This course is for beginners in accounting and is planned to give the student an understanding of the fundamental principles of the science. By numerous drills and problems students are made acquainted with a variety of account books used in retailing and wholesaling and with the business papers connected with the transactions proposed for entry.

Accounting Ia—Two recitations per week in each semester. This course, with slight modification, is the first half of Accounting I and is offered for the accommodation of those students in other departments who wish to get some knowledge of accounts but who do not have time to take the four-hour course.

2. ACCOUNTING II—Four recitations per week, are offered in the second semester. This course is open to those who have had Accounting I. It deals with the modern systems used in the more complex forms of business, such as banking, commission and manufacturing. An important feature of this course is the work in the railroad, commission, and wholesale offices and in the bank by which the student is brought into actual business relations with the students of this and other schools through a great variety of transactions.

ACCOUNTING III—Two recitations per week in the first semester and open to students who have had Accounting I and II. The course is both theoretical and practical and deals with such questions as reserves, the sinking fund, deficiency, cost accounting, final statements, auditing, partnership settlements, and reorganizations.

- 3. COMMERCIAL LAW—Three recitations per week in the second semester. This work deals in a general way with the subjects of contracts, agency, partnership, corporations, sales, and negotiable paper, and is intended to give students a practical acquaintance with the fundamental principles of each. Considerable time will be spent in studying actual cases and in drawing business papers.
- 4. NEGOTIABLE CONTRACTS—Two recitations per week in the first semester and open to those who have had Commercial I.aw. The Uniform Negotiable Instruments I.aw is used as a text in this course.
- 5. CORPORATION ACCOUNTING AND LAW—Two recitations per week in first semester and open to those who have had Accounting I. This course deals with the law and accounting connected with the organization, financing, management, dissolution, and re-organization of corporations.
- 6. CORPORATION FINANCE—Two recitations per week in second semester and open to those who have had Corporation Accounting and Law. A study is made of the movement toward combination of enterprises and large aggregations of capital. Cause, method, and effect are considered with a view to giving the student a proper attitude toward this important question.

- 7. ACCOUNTING PROBLEMS AND SYSTEMS—Two recitations per week in the second semester and open to those who have had a year of Accounting. In this course systems for various businesses will be devised, criticised, and compared, and the principles of accounting will be applied to the solution of a number of difficult problems, Considerable attention will be given to Cost Accounting.
- 8. COMMERCIAL SEMINAR—One recitation per week throughout the year and open to students who have had Theory of Account and Commercial Law. The Banker's Magazine, Journal of Accountancy, and articles on commercial subjects in other magazines will form the basis of this work.
- 9. Money and Banking—Two recitations per week in the second semester. This course consists of a study of the origin, use, and history of money as a medium of exchange with special reference to the financial history of the United States.

It includes a study of the history, utility and functions of banks, and particularly of those governed by the National Banking Act.

IO. INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY—Two recitations per week in the first semester. The rapid expansion of our domestic and foreign commerce has made it necessary for the modern business man to inform himself as to the various natural and manufactured products which are bought and sold in the world's markets.

In this work a study is made of commercial conditions as they are found in various parts of the world as the result of certain physical and political influences, of the products of man's industries and commerce, and of the conditions of interdependence existing among different parts of the civilized world.

INDUSTRIAL HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES—A study is made of the growth and development of the industries and commerce of the country and particularly as found to be influenced by our tariff bills, banking systems and the different wars in which the nation has engaged. The subject of conservation is given special attention. Two hours, first semester

STENOGRAPHY I AND II—Designed for students who wish to fit themselves for amanuensis work. Students are prepared to take from dictation commercial correspondence and different forms of legal papers, including contracts, conveyances, wills, and court pleadings. The notes are transcribed on the type-writer and a high standard of neatness and accuracy is maintained. As soon as they are able to do so students are required to take dictation for an hour a day from the phonograph. Four hours of credit.

STENOGRAPHY III AND IV REQUIRED IN TEACHERS' COURSE—This course is intended to prepare students to teach Stenography, and is open to all who have completed Stenography I and II. After a careful review of the fundamental principles of outline formation as used in "Amanuensis" shorthand, a thorough study is made of the underlying science of phonetics and of the theory of abbreviation as applied to "Reporting" shorthand. The "Reporter's Companion" will be used as a text. A thorough knowledge of the principles of outline construction, together with a steady advance in note-taking speed, is the aim of this course.

In view of the great demand made by the High Schools of the country for trained teachers of Commercial Branches, the attention of those taking the Four-Year Normal College Course is especially directed to the Teachers' Course in Stenography. An opportunity is here given to specialize along this line in the Junior and Senior years, the credit (total not to exceed fifteen semester hours) applying toward the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education.

STENOGRAPHY IIIa AND IVa—Advanced Amanuensis Course. Open to those who have completed Stenography I and II. The purpose of this course is to increase the student's accuracy and speed in the taking and transcribing of his notes, and to this end constant and varied dictation, by voice and phonograph, is given, accompanied by careful criticism of shorthand notes and transcripts. Material for this course is drawn from Eldridge's "Dictation Exercises," newspaper editorials, magazine articles, business letters, legal papers, etc.

Those looking to reporting as a profession and those wish-

ing to qualify under Civil Service or prepare for other clerical positions, should take this course.

AMANUENSIS WORK I AND II—Practice in transcribing from notes matter of difficult and complicated character. Two hours of credit. (N. C.)

Typewriting and Composition I—The student's first efforts are directed toward acquiring a command of the keyboard by the touch method. This is followed by extensive practice in copying correct business papers, neatness and accuracy being insisted upon from the beginning. A text in the hands of the students is made the basis of a careful study of the principles of composition, and such work is done as will require the application of these principles. Three recitations per week.

Students taking this course are expected to practice one (I) hour per day on the typewriter in addition to the hours of class work. Two hours of credit.

Typewriting and Composition II—The text in composition begun in I is completed in II, and is followed by a course in letter writing in which the students carry on, from data furnised, the correspondence of one or more business firms. In this connection thorough training is given in tabulating, manifolding, filing, mimeographing, etc. Three recitations per week.

Students taking this course are expected to practice one (I) hour per day on the typewriter in addition to the hours of class work. Two hours credit.

The typewriter room is amply supplied with new standard machines and tabulators, and is equipped with mimeograph, letter-press electric phonograph, and all modern, up-to-date office appliances pertaining to this work.

Beginning classes are formed each term.

PENMANSHIP—Students in the commercial course who do not write a good hand are required to take regular instruction. The modern business man demands of his bookkeeper or clerk, the ability to write rapidly and legibly. Movement is the foundation of penmanship.

The constant aim in all exercises given is to develop plain writing with an easy, rapid movement.

FIRST SEMESTER

COMMERCIAL COURSE

FIRST YEAR

SECOND SEMESTER

American History English Composition Modern Language Political Economy	2 English Composition 3 Modern Language	
SECOND YEAR		
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTI	ER
Accounting III. Commercial and Indus. Geog. Negotiable Contracts. Modern Language. Commercial Seminar Industrial History of U.S. or Public Speaking. Corporation Accounting and Law.	2 Modern Language 2 English	nd Con-
Students wishing to take Stenography I and II and Type-writing and Composition I and II will be permitted to make substitution in second year, subject to the approval of the Director of the School of Commerce. TEACHERS' COURSE IN STENOGRAPHY		
		•
I	FIRST YEAR	
FIRST SEMESTER	FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTE	
		er osition
FIRST SEMESTER Stenography I Typewriting and Composition English Composition Introductory Psychology American Poetry	SECOND SEMESTE Stenography II Typewriting and Comp English Composition Theory and Practice	er osition
FIRST SEMESTER Stenography I Typewriting and Composition English Composition Introductory Psychology American Poetry	SECOND SEMESTE Stenography II	osition s

In addition to the above, four semester hours must be elected in the two years.

Substitutions in the Commercial Course and in the Teachers' Course in Stenography, not otherwise provided for, may be made upon the consent of the Committee on Registration.

The Course leading to the degree of Bachelor in the Science of Education in Commerce is outlined along with the courses offered in the State Normal College.

COLLEGE OF MUSIC

Faculty

ALSTON ELLIS, Ph. D., LL. D.

President

ALEXANDER S. THOMPSON, Mus. D., Director, Voice and Advanced Theory.

SIROUHEE T. ARPEE, B. A., Advanced Piano.

ALLEN R. KRESGE, Piano, Organ and Harmony.

BESSIE IRENE DRIGGS,
Piano.

NELLIE H. VAN VORHES, Preparatory Piano.

MRS. CLARA D. THOMPSON,

Advanced Voice.

HELEN FLOWERS LOTT, B. A., Voice.

HELEN FALLOON,
Voice

JOHN NEWMAN HIZEY, Violin.

EUGENIA MAY LISTON, Public School Music.

The College of Music is a well recognized Department of the University. It is essentially a school of musical learning. It stands for high ideals and strives by means of thorough training to develop to highest stage of artistic capability all those possessing musical talent,

From the experience of all who have been observant of

those matters it is proved that the natural place for a college of music is among the older colleges of an university. The close affinity existing between literature and the arts justifies the statement that only in such surroundings as these can the student of music acquire that familiarity with language, literature, history, etc., as will make him a musician worthy of his art.

Music requires much special study; and a full and well trained mind must be brought to bear upon the interpretation of the master works which have been produced by those intellectual giants among both the ancients and the moderns of musical history. He who does not know musical history and literature cannot grasp the full meaning of the great tone works, the study of which is required in a thorough musical course.

This being a College of the University, its students are given the opportunity to aquire a liberal education, which is necessary for the complete rounding of a musical course. Too much stress cannot be laid npon the advantage of the intimate association with a great seat of learning, having its libraries, laboratories, lectures, and classes in all the varied departments of liberal education.

The College is well equipped for the special work it offers. The rooms it occupies are well adapted for the purpose for which they are used.

All grades of instruction are given from the beginning to the most advanced ideas in interpretation.

Complete courses are offered in Pianoforte, Pipe Organ, Voice, Harmony, Counterpoint, Canon, Fugue, Analytical Harmony and form, Composition and Musical History. Other courses are offered in Ensemble Music, Sight Reading, Chorus Singing, Choir and Band Practice.

All of the recitals by students and the recitals and lectures given by the instructors are free to all of the music students.

From time to time great musical artists will be heard at the University. For these entertainments a charge will be made, and all musical students are expected to attend.

Entrance Requirements

The requirements for admission to the advanced classes in the College of Music are the same as those for admission to the Freshman class of the University, with these exceptions; that modern languages may be substituted for Latin, and that additional units in history, English, or in languages may be substituted for the advanced mathematical work required.

The College of Music admits the following classes of students viz: College Music students who have met the full entrance requirements for admission to the freshman class of the University as already noted, and take no less than six hours of University work in addition to the required work in Music, leading either to a Diploma or Degree; University students following other courses, who take music in addition; also those persons who desire to take advantage of the opportunity to receive first class musical instruction without desiring to graduate, such students being designated as Special Music students.

Regulations

No student can be classified in the college music grade, who is not pursuing theoretical study, excepting in the case of those, who have completed the required theoretical work.

Students in the second year of Public School Music are required to attend Choral Society unless excused by the director.

All vocal students in the College of Music are required to attend Choral Society, if sufficiently advanced to do so.

All violin students classified in the College grade must play in the College orchestra, unless excused by the violin instructor.

All College music students should consult with the director as adviser in his course each semester.

Promotion from one year to the next in course will be determined by tests drawn from the material outlined in the course. In piano, the playing of scales, certain studies or pieces; in violin, scales, studies or pieces; in voice, the ability to solfa or sing at sight will always be considered, and the singing of certain vocalises and selections will be included in the tests, which will be selected by the teacher in charge of the study. The examinations will be conducted in the presence of the director or faculty of the College of Music.

Membership in either the Girls' or Men's Glee Club is attained through examination by the conductor of each club.

Diploma

A diploma is granted by the Trustees of Ohio University to those who have completed the first three years of work outlined in the Advanced Course in piano, voice, violin or organ to the satisfaction of the faculty in music, two years of harmony, one year of musical history, one year in interpretation and form (psychology of music) as well as the required liberal arts studies. Those finishing the course in voice and violin must have had at least one year of piano.

Degrees

The degree of Bachelor of Music is granted by the Trustees of Ohio University to those who complete the full four years of study outlined in the Advanced Course in piano, voice, violin and organ, the four years theoretical course and the required liberal arts studies. Candidates for this degree, besides their special solo work, are expected to be able to transpose at sight reasonably well pieces or songs of moderate difficulty, play in open vocal score fairly and arrange for orchestra.

The degree of Bachelor of Education in Music is granted to those completing the course outlined in the Normal College catalogue, which includes the advanced theoretical courses of interpretation and form and instrumentation in the College of Music. Candidates for this degree must be able to solfa at sight any of the Concone or similar vocal studies, making the proper changes of syllable to suit the key, and be able to solfa any standard solo including those of Handel; also arrange for orchestra and band.

COURSES OF STUDY

Theory

Harmony

Text-book, Goetschins. The Material used in Musical Composition.

FIRST SEMESTER. Keys, scales, and signatures; intervals, the triads, cord connection, simple part writing, and keyboard work.

Harmonizing basses, inversions, chords of the sixth, melody writing, keyboard work and ear training. Two hours a week.

SECOND SEMESTER. Chords of the sixth continued, Chords of the seventh and their inversions. Chords of the ninth. Other discords. Two hours a week.

THIRD SEMESTER. Harmonization of Melodies. Modulation. Altered and Mixed Chords. Two hours a week.

FOURTH SEMESTER. Suspensions, Retardations and Organ Point. Diminished Sevenths and Analytical Harmony. Two hours a week.

FIFTH SEMESTER. Single Counterpoint in all species including florid in two, three and four parts. Sir Frederick Bridge's and Dr. Francis D. Gladstone's Counterpoint used. Three hours a week.

SIXTH SEMESTER. Single Counterpoint continued. Double Counterpoint, Canon and Fugue. Rules of fugal composition must be well mastered in this course. Richter's Double Counterpoint and Fugue and Higgs on Fugue are used. Three hours a week.

SEVENTH AND EIGHTH SEMESTER. Interpretation and Form. The lectures include the psychology of rhythm with its application to conducting and interpretation generally, the psychology of tone, color, harmony, melody, emotional expression, form and memory; the appreciation and interpretation of standard works in voice and piano: Messiah, Elijah, St. Paul, etc., and notable piano works by Beethoven, Chopin, Schumann and other authors, constituting a general review of the standard repertoire, a discussion of form and expression in the light of psychology and principles of interpretation.

SEVENTH AND EIGHTH SEMESTER. Study of Instrumentation. A study of the main orchestral instruments and the manner of writing for them. Arranging for string instruments in score. Arranging for woodwind in score. Arranging for brass band in score. Arranging for full orchestra. Ebenezer Prout's "Instrumentation," Berlioz's "Instrumentation" and Clappe's "The Wind Band" and its Instruments, are the Textbooks employed.

History of Music

General history, development and influence of music among ancient peoples. Early Christian music. Polyphonic music.

Various schools of polyphonic music. The rise of dramatic

and instrumental music, and the development of the various musical instruments.

The development of the Opera and Oratorio. The Romanticists. Modern music and musicians.

The above course can readily be accomplished in one year with two recitations a week

The work of this course is illustrated by Pianola or actual performance in voice or piano by members of the faculty and students in recitals arranged for the class.

Text-book, Musical History by W. S. B. Mathews.

Piano

The course in this department is intended to meet the varying needs of individual pupils, with the idea of furnishing a comprehensive, rather than a rigid, inelastic training in pianoforte technic. While the acquirement of finger dexterity is necessary, the value and importance of the mental training to be obtained from the study of music is emphasized and the course is expected to make apparent the advantage of a broad musical education.

Preparatory Course

The preparatory course is sufficiently simple to include beginners. Only a general outline follows. The necessary studies are selected from Tapper's First Piano book, Kohler op 157, 151, 190 and 50, Kohler's Klavier Schule, Damm Method, Duvernoy op 176, The easier studies in Velocity Gurlitt op 83, or School of Velocity for beginners Gurlitt op 141, Bertini, Loeschhorn, Concone op 24, and Czerny School of Velocity book 1. All the major and minor scales and major and minor chords as given in Wieck must be played from memory. Selections from Sonatinen Album.

The teacher will select from these the necessary studies to advance the student to the point required for entrance to the College of Music. The playing of the major and minor scales and chords from memory and well played selections from the sonatinas of Clementi and Kuhlau or the modern composers indicate the range of finished study of this point.

Advanced Course

FIRST YEAR. Major and Minor Scales in Tenths and Thirds or Pischna's 60 Progressive Exercises or Phillip's Complete school of Technic; Cramer's Studies or Czerny op 740; Selections from Hydnand Mozart Sonatas, Mendelssohn's Songs without Words and Bach's Three Part Inventions. Pieces selected from Bohm, Thome, Godard, Lebierre, Sapelnikoff, MacDowell, or easy pieces by Grieg or suitable novelties American or foreign.

SECOND YEAR. Major and Minor Scales in Double Thirds. Pischna and Phillip's School continued; Low's Octaves Studies; Beethoven's op 26 in A flat and op 27 Nol; Stephen Heller, Tarentelle, Legende dela Foret, Hunting Song op 86, No 3; Selections from Chopin's easier Preludes and Valses; Godard's Barcarolle or Grieg's more difficult pieces; Selections from Scharwenka Finger Exercises op 77 or Clementi's Gradus ad Parnassum.

THIRD YEAR. Moscheles Preludes op 73, Von Wilm, Suite No 1, Pachulski Prelude in F minor, Leschetizky, Arabesque en formed Etude and Tarantella; Selections from Bach's well Tempered Clavichord; Scharwenka's Octaves or Kullaks Octaves; Selections from Beethoven's Sonatas the op 57 and others; Hensest Etudes or Chopin Etudes selected; Chopin's Ballade in A flat or G minor and Scherzo in B flat minor; or Schumann, Sinding and others.

FOURTH YEAR. Chopin's Etudes continued also Beethoven Sonatas; Chopin's Polonaise in A Flat; Wagner-Liszt Spinning Song from Flying Dutchman, Liszt, Gnomen Reigen, Le Rossignol, Rhapsodies 6, 8, 12 and 13; Brahm's Rhapsodie in B minor. Concertos by Mendelssohn, Grieg or Beethoven.

(Familiarity with the contents of this list required. A programme selected from this list to be played at close of the course.)

Voice

The aim of this course is to develop, through deep breathing properly applied to voice placement, that full, resonant tone which has always characterized the artists trained in the Italian school, to attain a clear enunciation, a keener appreciation of the subtler meanings of the verbal text and an under-

standing of the foundational principles underlying all musical interpretation to the end that the singing may be distinguished by musicianly, scholarly qualities and deep human sympathy.

Preparatory Course

Breathing and voice placing exercises; sustained tones and scale work according to the Italian method as taught by Sims Reeves, of London, England and Vannucini of Florence, Italy. Concone's Fifty Lessons; Concone's Forty Lessons for Bass; Marchesi's Exercises, op. 1, First Part: Vaccai's Studies.

Advanced Course

FIRST YEAR. Voice placing exercises continued; scales, sustained notes, and articulation exercises; Concone's Twenty-five Lessons; Marchesi's Studies or Lutgen; Songs by American composers, Denza, Cowen, Gastaldon, Jensen, Grieg, Mendelssohn.

SECOND YEAR. Voice placing exercises continued; scales, etc., Marchesi's Studies; Concone's Fifteen Lessons; selections from Schubert's and Schumann's Songs; songs of Del Acqua Bullard, Buzza-Peccia, Buck, d'Hardelot, Von Fielitz, Gounod, Haydn or others. Handelian airs from oratorios begun.

THIRD YEAR. Advanced studies and exercises; solos from the oratorios and operas; Handel's Messiah solos and recitatives, "Let the bright Seraphim" and "O had I Jubal's Lyre"; Haydn's Creation solos and recitatives; Rossini's Stabat Matter solos and quartettes; songs or airs by the modern Italian or French composers.

FOURTH YEAR. Review of Handelian, Haydn, and Mendelssohn arias and recitatives; Beethoven's Adelaide or air from Fidelio; Meyerbeer's "Ihr Baal's Priester;" Wolf, Strauss, Franz, Brahms and Liszt songs; Wagnerian and other opera solos.

Pipe Organ

It is desirable that a student should have had a thorough course in piano finger technic, and have taken at least a year of Harmony as a prerequisite. As natural adaptation for the organ plays a great part in the student's progress on organ an outline only of the work is given.

The course comprises simple exercises for developing correctness and fluency in pedal playing: Stainer's Organ, Nillson's A System of Technical Studies in Pedal Playing; Bach's Studies in Pedal Phrasing; Thayer's Pedal Studies; Works of Bach and the Modern French School; also Mendelssohn, Rheinberger, etc.

Violin

The aim in this course is to develop players of fine quality and to develop executive and interpretive power in the highest degree.

Preparatory Course

Hohmann's Violin School books I and II; Schradieck's Finger Exercises; Sitt op. 32 book I; Kayser op. 20 book I; Hoffman op. 25 book I; Studies by Boehmer op. 54; Pieces by Sitt, Bohm, Dancla, Hauser, etc.

Advanced Courses

FIRST YEAR. Hohmann's Violin School continued; Schradieck School of Technic; Dont op. 20; Seveik op. I, part I; Special Studies by Mazas, op. 36, book I; Schradieck's Scales; Pieces by Sitt, Hauser, Hille, Bohm, Alard, etc.

SECOND YEAR. Mazas op. 36, book II; Sitt op. 69, book I; Kreutzer 40 Etudes; Two and Three Octave Scale Studies and broken chords by Sitt; Caprices by Rovelli; Pieces of similar difficulty.

THIRD YEAR. 36 Caprices by Fiorillo; Sitt op. 69, book 2; Rode, 24 Caprices; Dancla op. 73; 20 Brilliant and Characteristic studies; Pieces by Hubay, Wieniawski, Dvorak, Ambrosio, Kreisler, etc., Concertos by Rode, De Beriot, David, etc.

FOURTH YEAR. Etudes by Gaviniez; Sitt op. 30, 12 Great Etudes; Dont op. 35; Gradus ad Parnassum; Bach's Sonatas for violin solo; Concertos by Wieniawski, Bruch, Mendelssohn, etc.

CHORAL SOCIETY

Besides the two glee clubs a good Choral Society is maintained under the conductorship of the director of the College of Music. The following are some of the choral works that have been sung in the history of this organization: Creation, Messiah, Elijah, Samson and Delilah, Stabat Mater; among the artists that have appeared have been the following: Evan Williams, Mme. Schumann Heink, Edward Strong, Herbert Witherspoon, John Siefert, David Dunbar, Douglas Powell, Miss Barbara Waite, Mesdames Evelyn Scotney and Helen Mudge; the Pasmore trio and Russian orchestra have also been heard.

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF MUSIC

Freshman Year

Sophomore Year
Piano, or Voice, or Violin or Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or

SECOND SEMESTER

Organ 4

Harmony 2

 Musical History
 2

 German
 5

 or French
 4

English Composition 2

Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or

FIRST SEMESTER

Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or

Organ..... 4

Harmony 2

Musical History 2 German 5

Organ	Organ 4 Harmony 2 German 4 or French 3 Survey of English Lit 3 Medieval Civilization 2
Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or Organ	Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or Organ 4 Counterpoint 8 German or French 2 Psychology 3 Modern Drama 2 t or Philosophy of Religion 2
Senior	Year
Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or Organ. 4 Interpretation and Form. 3 Instrumentation. 3 German or French. 2 Science of Education or Philosophy or Logic. 3	Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or Organ. 4 Interpretation and Form. 3 Instrumentation. 3 German or French. 2 Science of Education or Philosophy or Logic. 3

PUBLIC SCHOOL MUSIC

MISS LISTON, Instructor

The aim of this Department is two-fold. First—a general study of the rudiments of music, for grade teachers. This work is required of all students taking the regular Elementary Course in the Normal College. The purpose of this is to acquaint the teacher with a sufficient knowledge of music that he may be able to carry on the work intelligently under the direction of a supervisor, or if necessary, to give such instruction himself.

One year's work is required. The first half of each semester is given to a study of the underlying principles of all the technical difficulties of music as found in the public-school course of eight years. In the second half of each semester, the professional side of the subject is considered as thoroughly as possible with attention to practical methods as needed in school-room teaching.

The second aim—a comprehensive study of music for those who wish to become supervisors. All students completing this special course will receive a diploma. Sufficient time to earn this diploma is given. Admission is based upon graduation from a high school of the first grade. Students who have sufficient scholastic preparation may take work in the State Preparatory School.

For those without much previous knowledge of music, two years will be required to complete the course, but those who have some knowledge of the piano and voice may be able to complete the course in less time.

The following is a brief description of the work offered in this Department toward the completing of this course.

SIGHT SINGING—Individual and class drill in singing at eight, without accompaniment, melodies in all major and minor keys. An intelligent study of rhythm, phrasing and expression.

EAR TRAINING—Systematically graded exercises to quicken the musical hearing. Oral and written reproduction of melodies in all keys.

CHORUS—A series of practical lessons in the study of material suitable for use in High School and Upper Grammar Grades.

The possibilities of the school chorus investigated. Use of the baton as a dignified means of keeping chorus together. Each member of class taught to direct.

ADVANCED SIGHT SINGING—A class for those who are to become Supervisors of Music. A study of the different music systems in common use is taken up in this class.

METHODS—Principles of education as applied to the teaching of music. Course of study planned, for all grades from First Year through the High School. Special study of the voice. Study of song material suited to the various years of school life. Rote Songs, how to select, to teach, and use them. Special attention paid to Folk Songs and Singing Games.

OBSERVATION AND TEACHING—Nine semester hours of teaching and observation are required in this course. During he first year the pupil-teacher observes music teaching in different grades, and reports on same to Music Supervisors. As soon as students are prepared they begin teaching in the Training Schools, and as they acquire skill in teaching music in all grades under supervisions, they become experienced teachers of Public School Music upon finishing the course.

For a detailed statement of this two-year course for Supervisors of Public School Music, see the Course of Study on the following pages.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

C. M. DOUTHITT, M. D., Director of Physical Education

M. B. BANKS
Director of Outdoor Athletics

AIMS-

- 1. To develop bodily vigor and vitality, the prerequisite of mental efficiency.
- 2. To secure and maintain correct bodily carriage in standing, walking, and running, a balanced muscular develoment, and a fair degree of skill and ease of movement.
- 3. To provide an opportunity and incentive for every student to secure physical recreation to overcome the evils of the sedentary life of the student.

- 4. To promote the social, moral, and mental values of game and sports, and to secure to every student the opportunity for their practice.
- 5. To develop such habits of exercise in students that they shall continue their practice after leaving college.

REQUIRED WORK—Two semesters of work in physical train ing are required, unless the student is excused because of physical disability. This work should be taken during the first and second years of college life.

MEDICAL AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION—All first year students are urged to take a medical and physical examination as soon as possible after entering college. The purpose is to determine the student's organic condition; to discover abnormal deviations of form, structure, and function; to warn and give special advice when necessary.

GYMNASIUM WORK—The work in the gymnasium consists of running, calisthenic drills (free hand, wands, dumb bells, and Indian clubs,) gymnastic dancing, heavy apparatus work, and active games, such as basket-ball, and indoor base-ball.

The exercises are chosen rather for their physiological value than their looks—for the education of the neuro-muscular system than for the mere development of strength.

The gymnasium is open for individual work throughout the day except during regular gymnasium class work.

OUTDOOR ATHLETICS—Facilities are furnished for the various forms of outdoor athletics. Ample opportunity is given to all who care to indulge in foot-ball, base-ball, tennis, and track and field athletics.

SCHOOL OF ORATORY

FACULTY

ALSTON ELLIS, Ph. D., President,

President

HARRY RAYMOND PIERCE,
Director and Professor of Public Speaking

IRMA E. VOIGT, Ph. D., Literary Interpretation

HOMER V. CHERRINGTON,
Assistant

Julia Baker, Assistant

C. M. Douthitt, M. D., Physical Education

For what does the School of Oratory of Ohio University stand? What methods of instruction are used? Does it offer a practical course for college men and women?

Answering these questions in order: First, the school stands for a higher development of personality, for individuality and loftier purposes; second, to achieve the best results there must be brought to bear the highest possible training in thought and expression; third, today in all walks of life, men must be able to stand on their feet and express their views in public; and furthermore, be able to convince and persuade their fellow-men. To accomplish this result there is daily practice in committing selections and orations of prominent writers and speakers, then, in writing original speeches and delivering them, studying the great orators as models, thus developing high standards; also, a thorough training in voice production is necessary for a well

modulated voice. A good personality can always gain a hearing and accomplish the desired results. Making extemporaneous speeches from the class-room platform, during the second year's work, and debating the questions of the day form regular work. All these exercises are practical and profitable, because they prepare for a more useful life's work.

Beecher says; "Let no man who is a sneak try to be an orator." And he might have added, let no man aspire to distinction as a public speaker, whether it be in the pulpit, at the bar, or on the platform, unless he be willing to spend his days and nights in developing all the resources of his spirit, mind, and body. Our motto is: "A Rounded Development Must Be of Spirit, Mind, and Body."

Private Lessons

Two private lessons each week is a special feature of the School. This gives every student one hundred and twenty private lessons during the course. These lessons are given without extra charge. The best success of each pupil depends upon the private criticism. It enables the instructor at the very beginning to remove the personal difficulties and develop the student along the lines in which he seems deficient.

Bodily Expression and Pantomime

Art has its causation in the mind. All action of the body must be the result of the action of the mind. In this course, the body is treated as an instrument. It is freed from mannerisms and accidentals and trained to become the obedient and willing servant of the mind. A definite technique of action is introduced with exercises for the application of the principles of gesture. The office in expression of the different agents of the body—head, torso, and limbs—is studied. The pantomimic expression is carefully developed by problems of simple situations, characterization, life studies, original studies, and dramatic action.

How To Gesture

"Every outward movement is but the manifestation of an inward emotion. To know how and when to gesture are important facts. There should be ease and grace and absolute control of the body. A gesture should be only for emphasis. to make the mental picture stand out more clearly before the audience; a gesture should never attract attention to itself, but should be the bodily expression of the thought. Gesture is that subtle language which conveys impressions which words are powerless to express."

Physical Culture

Too much stress cannot be laid upon the importance of physical development; there is a marked degeneracy in the physical powers of the men and women of today as compared with our forefathers. The tendency of the present age is towards mental rather than physical development and, as a result, we have an average of intellectuality without the necessary physical strength to support it. One function should not be neglected at the expense of another. There should be the Trinity of Spirit, Mind, and Body.

Voice Culture

The principles of vocal expression are not found in any mechanical rules, but in the thought and feelings of the speaker. If one would understand the rules which govern vocal expression, he must first learn how to think and feel with the author whom he interprets. His imagination, therefore, must be stimulated, his discriminating powers developed, and his voice becomes a responsive agent under the guidance of his emotions.

Instruction is given in the management and regulation of the breath, the proper use of the body, and the development of vocal energy.

English

The courses in Englsh and Rhetoric are under the direction of Edwin W. Chubb, Litt. D., Dean of the College of Liberal Arts, and Professor of Rhetoric and English Literature.

The public speaker must not only be familiar with the best literature, he must have a mind stored with thoughts worthy of being imparted to others.

The aim will be to develop in the student the power of clear thought and accurate expression, in oral and written work; as it is believed by all that English literature is of primary imporance to one who desires to become proficient in English expression.

Diplomas

Those completing the full course of two years, and passing the examinations satisfactorily, will receive a diploma bearing the name of Ohio University, School of Oratory. A charge of Five Dollars is made for this diploma.

Special Price

The usual cost for a term in the study of Expression at any of the well-known schools is Fifty Dollars per term, or One Hundred and Fifty Dollars per year, and when the student considers that he is to receive two private lessons each week, in addition to the course outlined above, this would not be too much. It is the wish of the authorities of the University, however, that all who care for this development may avail themselves of the opportunity. A semester's tuition in Oratory is \$28.50. A registration fee of \$9.00 is charged each semester, which allows the student to pursue other regular college work, if so desired.

Public Speaking

(All courses must be continued throughout the year.)

COURSE I-Oratory I, II.

The aim is to acquire a pure tone, strength and flexibility of the voice, and a natural, easy manner of reading or speaking from the platform. Charts for correct pronunciation are made, miscellaneous selections studied, and parts committed which will be recited by the students before the class. Two hours. Each semester, Freshman elective. Text—"Choice Reading," Cummock.

Course 2-Literary Interpretation III, IV.

This course covers the field of American Literature; selected authors are studied each week. The purpose of the course is to acquire the best possible expression—such as will reveal thought and emotion—of these different writings. Two hours. Each semester, Sophomore elective. Course must be preceded by Course I or an equivalent. Text—Literary Interpretations, S. H. Clark; How to Gesture, Ott.

Course 3-Public Speaking V, VI.

The masterpieces of modern oratory are first studied as models, then original orations are written and delivered from the platform. Extemporaneous speaking on subjects assigned in advance. The development of mental imagery in conjunction with which original descriptions of scenes are given by the student. Each member of the class is required to write and deliver two orations during the course. Two hours. First semester. Required of Juniors in A. B. and B. S., courses. Text—"How to Speak in Public," Kleiser.

Course 4—Advanced Oratory or Psychology of Public Speaking. VII and VIII.

A public speaker's success is measured by his ability to influence the human mind. Psychology is a systematic study of this same mind. The connection between psychology and public speaking, therefore, is so direct that in this course, psychology is pursued as a study of the action of the mind in public speeches, their delivery and their influence upon the minds of audiences. The end attained is the ability to speak effectively on all occasions, and to all classes of people.

This study of Advanced Oratory is arranged especially for those who are pursuing the Graduate course in the Department of Oratory. Two hours each semester, Senior elective. Texts—"Pyschology of Public Speaking," Scott; "Effective Speaking," Phillips.

Course 5-Argumentation.

Study and principles of argumentation. Preparation of briefs, weekly practice in debates and written arguments. Three hours, first semester. Elective for students who have completed Courses I or II. Text—"Argumentation and Debating," Foster.

Course 6-Debating.

Practice in preparation and delivery of debates. Elective for students who have completed Courses I and IV. Two hours, second semester.

COURSE 7-Interpretative Reading I, II.

This course is arranged especially for those who are fitting

themselves to teach. Correct emhasis in reading cannot be too highly commended, as it shows the intelligence of the reader and gives a certainty of meaning to the thought expressed.

It is a source of pleasure and culture to listen to the skillful reading of a book, newspaper articles or passages in the Bible. Two hours. Each semester. Elective.

COURSE 8-Shakspere I, II.

Shaksperean plays, Bible and Hymn Reading. Critical study of four of Shakspere's plays during the year. Expressional reading of principal scenes, and assigned passages are committed and recited. At the end of the year one of the plays will be given in costume by members of the class.

The study of Bible and Hymn reading well be taken up in the course for the sake of impressiveness. The words and the text must not simply be seen, but felt. The subject matter must come into the mind as reality—truth. The motive of the reader is to secure acceptance, and the end is belief. Two hours Each semester. Elective.

Course 9-Expression.

Advanced study of expression. The purpose of this course is to give more extensive preparation to those desiring to make a specialty of literary interpretation and expression, either for teaching or platform wark.

Arrangements for this course can be made with the head of the Department. The instruction will consist of private lessons, for which three hours' credit will be given.

Course 9 must be preceded by Courses 1 and 2, or their equivalent.

Course 10-Dramatics.

This is a course offered to university students at large and growing out of an apparent need for training along such lines. Its purpose is not to produce finished actors, but to create an appreciation for good drama; to give a knowledge of some the technique of the stage, which so many young High School teachers find they need upon entering their work; and to give stage presence to the over-concious. One comedy and one drama of more serious nature will be studied and coached. Three hours recitation with two hours credit. Second semester.

Oratorical and Debating Association

The Cratorical Association is open to all students regularly enrolled for twelve or more hours' work per week.

The object is to promote a higher standard of literary excellence in this institution, through annual contests with other colleges and universities, in debate, oratory, and such other forms of literary discourse as may be decided upon by the Executive Council.

There are two preliminary contests in debate and two preliminary contests in oratory to determine who shall represent the institution in inter-collegiate contests in debate and oration. The first preliminary contest is held in December of each year, and the second preliminary contest before the Easter vacation.

For further information concerning contests, send for "Constitution of the Oratorical and Debating Association of Ohio University."

Dramatic Club

A Dramatic Club, under the direction of Prof. Pierce, has been formed. Students are allowed to present one standard play each term of the school year. This is of great advantage to the pupils, as it brings out certain latent powers, develops the art of impersonation, acquaints the cast with stage terms and settings, and the art of costuming and making-up to represent the characters true to life. There is no better way of acquiring ease and freedom of manner on the platform.

DRAWING AND PAINTING

MARIE LOUISE STAHL, Instructor

A thorough foundation in drawing is necessarily the basis for specializing in any phase of art work or artistic handicraft. The work in this department is carried on as much as possible after the manner of our best art schools. The student begins with still-life and perspective drawing, and as he advances, draws from the cast and the living model. Studies in composition are required from the more advanced students. Any individuality in the student is encouraged, and no fixed method is insisted upon. In painting, instruction is given in oils, water colors, pastels, and porcelain decoration-for which a kiln has been provided. Some knowledge of form, proportion, and mass of light and shade is necessary, through the study of charcoal drawing, before the student can begin to paint. To those desiring it instruction in out-of-door work will be given, providing the pupils are sufficiently advanced. Students in the Engineering Department will vary the medium from charcoal to pencil and pen and ink. Talks are given to the students on architecture, sculpture, and painting. These talks are illustrated with photographs, casts and lantern slides. There is also an abundance of illustrative material in the many art periodicals and works on art which are kept in the studio for the use of students.

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE OF OHIO UNIVERSITY

FACULTY*

ALSTON ELLIS, Ph. D., LL. D., President

HENRY G. WILLIAMS, A. M., Ped. D.,

Dean of the State Normal College and Professor of School

Administration

Frederick Treudley, A. M., Professor of Philosophy and Ethics

WILLIS L. GARD, A. M., Ph. D.,
Professor of the History and Science of Education

OSCAR CHRISMAN, A. M., Ph. D., Professor of Paidology and Psychology

EDSON M. MILLS. A. M., Ph. M., Professor of Mathematics

WILLIAM FRANKLIN COPELAND, Ph. M., Ph. D., Professor of Agricultural Education

> HIRAM ROY WILSON, A. M., Litt. D., Professor of English

WILLIAM ALDERMAN MATHENY, A. M., Ph. D., Professor of Civic Biology and Elementary Science

^{*}The instructors named above teach principally in Normal College classes. Members of the University Faculty have work in the Normal College, of a nature indicated by the University Departments with which they are connected.

THOMAS N. HOOVER, A. B., A. M., Professor of History.

FREDERICK C. LANDSITTEL, B. Ped., M. S. in Ed., Instructor in Methods and Art of Teaching

John J. Richeson, B. Ped.,

Professor of Physiography and Supervisor of Rural Training

Schools

C. M. DOUTHITT, M. D.,

Director of Indoor Athletics

GEORGE E. McLaughlin,
Instructor in Manual Training

C. O. WILLIAMSON, B. Ph., Assistant in Manual Training

GEORGE C. PARKS, Ph. B., Instructor in Penmanship

HOMER GUY BISHOP, B. S.,
Instructor in Paidology and Psychology

ELIZABETH H. BOHN,
Principal School of Home Economics

ALICE C. SMITH,
Instructor in Domestic Science

MARGARET FARNAM, Instructor in Domestic Science

MARY ELLEN MOORE, A. B., Assistant Professor in Latin

EMMA S. WAITE,
Principal of Training School

MARY JUNITA BRISON, B. S., Head of Normal Art Department

FAITH M. EDWARDS, B. S., Instructor in School Drawing

LENA PATTERSON, A. B., Assistant in School drawing

EUGENIA MAY LISTON,
Instructor in Public-School Music

ELIZABETH MUSGRAVE, AMV M. WEIHR, Ph. M., B. Ped., CARRIE A. COWDEN, WINIFRED L. WILLIAMS, MARGARET A. DAVIS, CORA E. BAILEY, B. Ped., and MARGARET L. TILLEY,

Critic Teachers

LULU WILHELMINA REITER, RUTH ELEANOR HALL, and LILLIAN ESTHER TERRELL, Critic Teachers in Rural Training School

Constance Truman McLeod, A. B.,

Instructor in Kindergarten Education and Principal of the

Kindergarten School

KATE DOVER,
Instructor in Kindergarten

TRAINING FOR TEACHING AT OHIO UNIVERSITY

The Beginning—Ever since 1886, the Ohio University has made provision for the training of teachers, at first, in a Normal Department. This owed its existence to legislation, May 11, 1886, whereby the sum of \$5,000 was appropriated for its establishment. The appropriation was accepted by the Board of Trustees and made effective through the efforts of its committee, the chairman of which was Dr. John Hancock, since deceased. This committee placed Dr. John P. Gordy at he head of the new department, and its special work was

entered upon in September of the same year. Two courses of study were offered, an "Elementary" and an "Advanced" and the latter was made equal to and parallel with the other college courses then existing.

At the regular session of the 75th General Assembly of Ohio, March 12, 1902, H. B. No. 369—Mr. Seese—became a law.

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE of Ohio University owes its existence to a provision of this act. Section 2, of said Act, requires the University Board to organize "a normal school which shall be co-ordinate with existing courses of instruction, and shall be maintained in such a state of efficiency as to provide proper theoretical and practical training for all students desiring to prepare themselves for the work of teaching."

Section 4 of an Act of the Legislature, dated April 16, 1906, creates a special fund for the support of "the State Normal School or College in connection with the Ohio University." This fund is derived from a mill tax of five one-thousandths (.005) of one mill upon each dollar of the taxable property in Ohio. The annual income thus derived amounts to about \$37.500.

SCOPE OF WORK-The law of 1902 explicitly states that the school shall be established for the training of "all students desiring to prepare themselves for the work of teaching." This is surely comprehensive enough to permit the carrying on of all grades and kinds of normal-school work. In fact, the language used is mandatory and contemplates the founding of a school in which the graduates of the common school, the high school, and the college shall have opportunity for "theoretical and practical training" for the work of teaching. At present, in Ohio, there are twelve times as many teachers employed in elementary schools as in high schools. Important as is the work of the high-school teacher, that of the elementary or primary teacher is, admittedly, more so. The latter work is fundamental, and upon its character depend in large measure the breadth, depth, and ultimate value of much of the work of the secondary school. Then, too, it must be kept in mind that by far the greater number of those enjoying public-school advantages never, as pupils, see the inside of a high-school. These considerations suggest that normal-school work should, first of all, be planned to meet the wants of those preparing for service in the elementary schools. The higher grades of academic and professional training will follow, in any right-ordered, well-rounded scheme of normal-school organization, as a matter of course.

THE FUNCTION OF THE NORMAL SCHOOL

TRAINING-In a general way it may be stated that the function of a normal school is to train persons for the work of teaching. If teaching is to become a profession in the true sense, those who expect to follow it must receive special training. By professional training we mean a special training beyond mere scholarship in language, art, mathematics, science, history, etc., including special preparation and training in those lines of thought and action which have to do particularly with the This preparation should include a broad teaching process. scholastic training as a foundation upon which should be built the superstructure of special knowledge. No amount of knowledge of pedagogy will take the place of a broad culture in literature, history, science, mathematics, and other generally recognized college subjects, but this knowledge of pedagogy and related professional subjects is equally essential in the equipment of a man or woman trained for the school-room.

PROFESSIONAL TRAINING-Persons who expect to enter the profession of law, ministry, medicine, or dentistry, are first required to obtain a somewhat broad scholastic training upon which is built a professional knowledge looking to the particular profession they desire to enter. It is this special training that furnishes the equipment that makes a man a physician rather than a lawyer. In three of the professions named the state not only protects those who wish to enter the profession, but also by making statutory requirements of those who seek admission to it. Surely the work of teaching should require as much special training as that of any of the other callings named. Before a man is permitted to extract your teeth he is required to produce evidence of professional fitness, and that evidence must have state recognition. It is not so with those who pretend to teach. Not even a high school graduation is required by the laws of this state. There is absolutely no restriction as

to scholarship, or special fitness, except as found in the judgment of the county or city examiner. Why should the training of the common school or the high school bring a person nearer the threshold of one profession than that of another? If teaching is ever to become a profession the need of this special training must be recognized. Teaching is such a difficult, complex, and ever-changing process that more skill is required to teach a growing child as he should be taught, than to try a case before the bar of justice. To unfold the possibilities of a child's soul is a more delicate matter than the compounding of medicines or the use of the surgeon's knife. To unfold the senses, train the intellect, and direct the wlll of the child requires more discipline of mind and a greater breadth of view than to preach a sermon.

TEACHERS REQUIRED-Approximately 29,200 teachers are necessary to supply the public schools of Ohio, 26,000 of whom are required for the elementary schools-that is, the grades below the high school in the towns and cities and the ungraded schools of the township and village districts. It has been somewhat carefully estimated that about 6,000 of these teachers are new in the work each year. This means that an equal number of teachers leave the work of teaching each year. Various causes may be given for the constant changing in the personnel of the great body of teachers. Who are these 6,000 young, inexperienced teachers admitted to the school rooms of Ohio each year armed with the protection which a teacher's certificate affords? They are usually earnest, wide-awake young men and women (or boys and girls) who are anxious to do their best—to teach according to the best models they have had presented to them. Very few are college or normal school graduates. Not a large percent are graduates of high schools. These new teachers are usually young people, who by their own efforts, unaided or misguided, have obtained enough technical knowledge to enable them to pass a teacher's examination, but who have formed no adequate conception of the duties and responsibilities of the teacher; young people who are entirely ignorant of the great body of fundamental knowledge underlying the science and art of teaching.

HIGH SCHOOLS-Although high schools are multiplying

rapidly and growing more and more efficient year by year, yet many of these young people have never had the opportunity of high school training. Besides, a knowledge of high school subjects is not required of the applicant who seeks admission to the examination for the teacher's certificate. Therefore, high school graduation cannot wisely be made the standard of admission to our state normal schools so long as the laws governing the certification of teachers remain as they do at present. The state can not wisely close her doors against the young people who seek admission to the profession, nor against that large body of teachers already enrolled in the work who have educational qualifications but little higher than the graduate of the common schools. Better training must be provided for them.

The law establishing these state normal schools says that they shall "provide theoretical and practical training for all students desiring to prepare themselves for the work of teaching." The needs of the class referred to as graduates of the common schools or as those having only equivalent education are carefully met by the course of study beginning at the point of graduation from the common schools. In this connection we desire to call attention to the preparatory course leading to the regular college courses in Elementary Education and Secondary Education, found elsewhere in this catalogue. Attention is also called to the fact that persons holding a teacher's certificate may complete one of the elementary courses in two years. Teachers of much experience may enter the two-year course and be conditioned on preparatory work but cannot receive a diploma until they have 15 units of preparatory work to their credit.

VALUE OF TRAINING—Much has been said and written concerning the relative strength of normal-trained and college-trained teachers. It must be admitted that a person who has learned how to do a thing can do it better than one who has not learned how. The scientific purpose of the normal school is to teach persons how to teach, but such knowledge must presuppose a knowledge of what to teach. The teacher who is to be capable of the best service should have both scholastic and professional training. It must not be forgotten that normal training is not necessarily all professional, so called. The school that can combine these two essentials in the teacher's

preparation should certainly be sought. In the Normal College of Ohio University this happy combination is found, Each of the courses offers a collegiate training in academic and cultural studies in addition to the training along distinctively professional lines. All studies in the several courses in the College of Liberal Arts are open to students of the Normal College. be admitted to any of the regular courses in the Normal College a student must have made a preparation equal to that required for admission to any other regular College course. No one need fear that the instruction in the State Normal College will be in any sense inferior to the best instruction given in the University, as Normal College students are often taught in the same classes by the same professors, and have access to all the privileges of the University. Besides, instructors in the Normal College are chosen for their skill in teaching, or their special training for the work of instruction.

RURAL SCHOOL TEACHERS-But there are now engaged in the schools of Ohio thousands of worthy teachers who could not measure up to the ideal standard of college admission. They will give the schools more years of service than many of those who spent years in preparation. If, therefore, the purpose of the normal schools in Ohio is to provide better teaching for the children in the public schools of the state and thus give back to the people something in return for their support of the normal schools, should not the normal schools open their doors to these teachers? Such teachers are encouraged to attend the State Normal College of Ohio University, where they will be carefully guided in the selections of such studies as will make them more efficient. Our duty in this matter is plain. The laws of 1914 require professional training of all teachers in rural and village schools. To enter a teachers' examintion after January 1, 1915, a minimum of six weeks of professional training is required. This increases six weeks each year until 1920, when a full year of not less than 36 weeks is required. An examination is still required of those who have even one year of professional training but graduates of the two-year course in the four-year are granted state life certificates without examination.

The attention of prospective students is invited to the several courses of study, in the State Normal College, found elsewhere

in this catalogue. These courses have been prepared with much care and represent the results of a careful study of the courses in operation in all the leading normal schools in this country, together with the ripest wisdom and best judgment of those who have given many years to a study of the training of teachers. The experiences of other states have been of service in mapping out such courses of study as will best fit the local conditions, touching the needs of the great mass of the teachers, existing in Ohio.

The two-year college course in Elementary Education is designed for those who have graduated from high schools of the first grade or who possess equivalent scholarship. Fifteen units of credit in any recognized preparatory subject admit the student to the Freshman class. The course in Elementary Education leads to a diploma from the Normal College. This diploma entitles the holder to a four-year State Certificate upon graduation, and a life certificate after 24 months of experience following graduation. These certificates are valid in all but high schools and are accepted as state-life certificates in 32 other States.

The four-year course in Secondary Education is the equal in scholastic requirements of any other course in the University.

COURSES OF STUDY IN THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

FOR TEACHERS OF COUNTRY SCHOOLS-Almost one-half the teachers in Ohio are required to teach the rural or country schools. The State Normal School authorities realize that these teachers usually have the most difficult of all teaching to do, because of the many grades of pupils under the instruction of a single teacher. It is also true the majority of teachers employed in the rural schools have not had educational advantages of an academic character equal to those of the town and city schools. These two facts make a double handicap for many country teachers. The State Normal School at Athens recognizes these conditions and realizes also that the people in rural communities are paying exactly the same rate of tax for the support of the State Normal Schools as are the people in the cities. These schools belong to all the people of Ohio and the special training offered to prepare teachers to return to these country schools as teachers possessing a high-grade efficiency is given with a full knowledge of the needs of such teachers and of the conditions prevailing in the country schools. The reason so many of the graduates and trained students of the State Normal College do not return to the country schools is because the towns and cities outbid the township boards of education and pay often from \$100 to \$400 a year more than the townships will pay for the same instruction. Sometimes this is due to the fact that the townships can not pay more. In such a case it is the plain duty of the State to aid such townships, making it possible for it to secure the services of trained teachers. It has just as much right to them as the cities.

Frequently, however, the fault is with the township board or the people, who see no difference in teachers, but who will pay inexperienced, untrained teachers as much as they are willing to offer to trained and experienced teachers. A higher ideal of the work of the teacher is needed and school laws of 1914 set a much higher standard as an incentive to communities unwilling to have poor schools.

ELEMENTARY STUDIES—But the State Normal College offers special training in all so-called common branches for those who need further drill in these subjects to enable them to teach them better or to secure better certificates. At the same time emphasis is placed upon the methods of teaching these subjects in the country schools. Besides articulating their work with that of the special department for the training of rural teachers, both as to methods to be employed in the district schools and as to the rural-school course of study, most teachers and professors in charge of the work in the State Normal College have had practical experience in actual teaching in the country schools, and these people have a clear and accurate vision of the actual needs and environments of the country school. Besides it is one of the cardinal principles of the State Normal School to make constant study of rural-school conditions in Ohio. The school laws of 1914 require each teacher who is not a graduate of Normal School, to be examined in teaching efficiency. This test is given students in the various Training Schools of the State Normal College and these certificates of teaching will be necessary for all who must take any form of a county teachers' examination. But teaching can not be permitted until the work leading up to it has been completed, except in cases of experienced teachers.

Courses are Given in Orthograph,y Reading, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Grammar, Composition, United States History, Civil Government, Geography, Physical Geography, Commercial Geography, Physiology, School Management, School Law, Theory and Practice, Grading and Organizing Country Schools, the Course of Study, Nature Study, Elementary Agriculture, Advanced Agriculture, Manual Training, Domestic Science, Gardening, Elementary Chemistry, Physics, Botany, Latin, German, and everything that a progressive rural school teacher needs. Special emphasis is placed upon the problems of country school organization and management.

There is no teacher of the country school who could not be greatly helped and encouraged by attending even a single term at the State Normal School at Athens. Students may enter at any time, study whatever they wish if they are qualified to enter the classes, and no entrance examinations are required. The Dean of the Normal College will confer with the students and advise them as to the studies they should pursue, but all assignments are wholly in the interests of the student. The Observation and Practice Teaching required by law are done in the Rural Training School of the State Normal College, or in the Grades Training School for elementary teachers.

FOR GRADE TEACHERS.—For teachers and students who are ambitious to teach in the graded elementary schools of the towns and cities, several courses are offered. For those who are graduates of good high schools, a two-year college course is offered, covering advanced reviews of all the common branches each pursued in the light of the best methods of teaching the subject in the grades (by "grades" is meant the elementary school-all work below the high school, usually divided into eight grades, or years); courses in Principles of Education, both both Primary and Grammar Grade Methods, School Management, Training in Teaching, Paidology, Sociology, Drawing, Music, Nature Study, English, Mathematics, the Elementary Course of Study, History of Education, History, Science, Agriculture, Domestic Science, Manual Training, etc., but no foriegn language is required in this course. It covers two years, and each graduate from this course is given a Diploma in Elementary Education, which becomes a State Life Certificate, without examination, after 24 months of experience. This diploma represents as much scholarship and training as graduation from any one of the half-score of highest grade state normal schools in the United States. In nearly every state such a diploma is recognized as a life diploma to teach, or at least a state certificate to teach. At the beginning of 1914, 32 states accept these diplomas as state certificates.

Those who do not hold four-year high school diplomas are required to complete the State Normal School preparatory course, by pursuing such studies there marked out as they have not completed before entering the State Normal School. The completion of this course admits the student to any Normal College course, the same as graduation from a high school of the First Grade.

FOR HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS.—The course for high-school teachers is a full four-year college course, and graduates are granted the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education, the full equivalent in scholarship and literary culture of any bachelor's degree. This course is so arranged that not less than three years of specialization shall be made by the student upon at least one collegiate subject-History, Science, Mathematics, Latin, German, Greek, or English. This renders every grad uate from this course competent to teach in a highly successful degree at least one subject in secondary education. But the high-school teacher is just as much in need of a knowledge of pedagogy and of training in actual teaching under skilled supervision as the teacher of the elementary school. Here is where most schools fail in the training of high-school teachers. The Report of the Committee of Seventeen, on the Professional Preparation of Secondary Teachers, issued in 1908, strongly emphasizes the importance of training in observation and practice on the part of all who would teach in our high-schools. It is not enough that such teachers shall know Latin and Greek and Geometry and every thing else they undertake to teach, but these same teachers need to be trained to teach these subjects. A knowledge of subject-matter alone will not make a teacher of its possessor. Neither will the additional knowledge of Psychology, Principles of Education, History of Education, Methods, School Systems, Administration, etc., insure success. These will help greatly, but the crucial test of every teacher is the actual work in the class-room. For years we have emphasized the importance of the training of the elementary teacher. but have continued to accept the inexperienced, untrained college graduate as the high-school teacher. As a result there is more poor teaching done to-day in the high-schools than in grades of the same town or city. We need trained high-school teachers. The school laws of 1914 require professional training for high-school teachers, not less than 6 weeks by January 1, 1915, and 6 weeks additional each year until the minimum shall

be one full year or 36 weeks by 1920. This means that all the work for the six weeks shall be done in the Normal College. A student could not elect one or two studies in the Normal College and take the remaining subjects in branches not related to a professional course. Ninety actual hours of class-room work constitute the minimum for six weeks' credit.

PRACTICE TEACHING-The State Normal College has a State Preparatory School for the instruction of those who have not completed a four-year high school course, and skilled teachers do the teaching here-in Latin, Algebra, Geometry, History, Literature. Rhetoric, Botany, Chemistry, Physiology, German, Greek, Physics, and all other secondary school subjects. Students in the State Normal College who are pursuing either the course for high school teachers or the course for superintendents are not only permitted to teach in these secondary subjects but are required to do so, and always under the skilled instruction and guidance of the head of the department in which the teaching is done, as well as under the direction of the professor of methods and teaching. A teacher in training for high school work must show proficiency to a high degree in teaching at least one high-school subject before a diploma will be granted.

Such training is invaluable, and a school that cannot offer thorough training of this nature is not fully equipped to train teachers for the high-schools. Credit for professional training as required by the laws of 1914, cannot be obtained from any school or college not approved by the State Superintendent of Public Institutions. The State Normal College has been doing this character of work since 1902, and was the first institution so approved.

Courses for Superintendents—This course is the same as that for high-school teachers except that the requirement of three collegiate years in one subject is not made, and more work in Administration is required.

FOR COLLEGE GRADUATES—Graduates of reputable colleges may pursue a course of one year in length and receive the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. All the work of this course is of a professional nature, and is well adapted to meet the needs of those who desire to teach in the elementry schools

or high-schools or to serve as superintendents, due to the fact that all the work of this course is elective, the subjects to be chosen from groups of subjects offered. In this way a college graduate may specialize in any line or lines of work desired.

COURSE FOR RURAL TEACHERS—Special attention is called to the course for students preparing to teach in the rural schools. The opportunities in this direction are unexcelled, and teachers and prospective teachers will find this course most satisfactorily planned to meet their needs. The course is broad enough in the academic studies to meet the needs of teachers preparing to teach the various elementary branches; and the opportunity to study methods of teaching, principles of education, school management, etc., is broad enough to equip teachers most satisfactorily for work in the rural schools. The Rural Training School is in session from the second Monday in September until the latter part of July, within one week of the close of the Summer School. To inexperienced teachers this is a Model School or school for observation, but to experienced teachers and students sufficiently advanced, it is a Practice School. The County Training Schools to be established in each county in Ohio under the provisions of the laws of 1914, will articulate with this Department and the State Normal College will have under its direction six one-room Model Rural Schools besides the one in operation at Athens.

Courses for Primary Teachers—Very frequently a teacher desires to make a special preparation for work in the First Grade, or D Primary. Excellent opportunities are offered such students. They are permitted to take special work in Primary Methods, do more than the minimum of 120 hours of teaching, take a special course in Kindergarten Methods, do special work in the matter of lesson-planning for the First Grade, and devote special attention to Nature Study, Language, Music Drawing, etc., To fit them for positions as Special Primary Supervisors. If a teacher desires to confine her work to the work of the first four grades—that is, to the primary school as distinguished from the grammar school—opportunity is afforded for such specialization, and all the practice teaching of such pupil-teaching will be confined to the Primary Grades in the Training School. Those who desire to make special prepara-

tion for teaching in the Grammar Grades may confine their practice teaching to the Grammar Grades of the Training School.

THE KINDERGARTEN—Special attention is directed to the fact that the State Normal College maintains a first-class Kindergarten, under the skilled direction and teaching of specialists of much experience, who not only teach the Kindergarten, but train prospective kindergartners. This is the only State Kindergarten in Ohio, and this addition to the already wide-range course of instruction in the State Normal College comes in answer to a demand for a course of instruction that would prepare young ladies for positions as kindergarten teachers, as the kindergarten is now a part of the public school system of Ohio, and all boards may make a special levy for the support of kindergartens.

DEPARTMENT OF ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SCIENCE—It is with peculiar pleasure that the State Normal College announces as a strong department that of Elementary School Science, consisting of courses in Nature Study or Civic Biology, Botany, Elementary Chemistry and Physics for the Elementary school. A specialist of broad and practical experience has charge, a fine laboratory has been equipped, and opportunities are here offered for thorough work.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE—Prior to June, 1911, instruction in Agriculture was given in the Department of Elementary Science. Courses had been given for three years prior to that time, and the increasing demand for such work justified the organization of a new department. The primary purpose is to equip teachers to give instruction in agriculture in the public schools. The reader is referred to the detailed description of courses elsewhere in this catalogue.

THE TRAINING-SCHOOL.—The very center of a normal school is its Training-School. A theory of teaching must stand the test of actual practice under normal conditions. Ever since the State Normal College at Athens was opened it has maintained a Training-School. This Training-School now covers work in the Kindergarten, the Primary Grades, the Grammar Grades, the Rural Schools, and the High-School—the full range

of teaching in public schools. This Training-School consists of well-graded and closely-articulated schools covering the Rural School, the Kindergarten School and all the primary and grammar grades, follow by the State Preparatory School for High-School practice. Each school or grade consists of about forty children, and is a real school in every sense. The Normal College has, under its own roof and its own control, the pupils from about one-third of the city of Athens-the portion of the city in which the University is located. These, then, are all real schools, not small schools of selected children, but schools in which real conditions exist. Collectively, these schools constitute our Training-School. During the first year of the student's training the Training-School is used as an observation or model School, in which the teaching is all done by the Critic Teachers, who are trained teachers regularly in charge of each room. During the second year of the course, the pupilteacher is required to teach in the Training-School, which then becomes a Practice School.

During the first year the student or pupil-teacher takes lessons in observing the work done and in reporting on what he sees. During the second year, after the student has taken a thorough course in methods, Psychology, Observation, and Principles of Education, he is required to teach in these schools, the work being adapted to his tastes or to the grades in which he wishes to specialize. The Training-School is now to him a Practice School. This teaching is done under the guidance and supervision of the Critic Teachers and the Training Supervisor.

A similar plan is followed by those who are training for high-school positions. They observe the teaching of Physics, Botany, Algebra, Geometry, Literature, Rhetoric, Latin, German, History, and other secondary school subjects. Before graduation each candidate for a degree must teach one or more of these subjects not less than 90 hours, or lessons, and this teaching must be of such character as will be accepted by the College authorities. The total amount of work in observation and teaching required in secondary subjects is 180 hours. The student may teach 120 hours and observe 60 hours, but not less than one-half of the total of 180 hours shall be given to teaching.

The Ohio law authorizes the State Commissioner of Common Schools to fix the amounts and ratios of observation and of Practice Teaching and that office has determined the ratios and aggregates here given.

LIFE CERTIFICATES FOR TRAINED TEACHERS

AT LEAST FORTY STATES in the Union recognize the value of professional training for their teachers. This recognition is shown in their certification laws, in which graduates of their State Normal Schools are granted professional certificates exempting their holders from further examinations. In twentyone states the graduates of the State Normal Schools and Colleges of Education are granted permanent or life certificates upon graduation and in twenty-one states provisional certificates are granted, valid for a period ranging from two to four years, at the expiration of which time the certificates are made permanent upon the applicant's credentials showing successful teaching experience. Until 1910, Ohio was not to be found in either column, but the legislature of 1910 enacted the Hawkins Law, which recognized professional training by granting to the holders of diplomas from Normal Colleges first a state provisional certificate, valid for four years, such certificate to be made permanent when the holder had passed a limited professional examination before the State Board of School Examiners and had had not less than twenty-four months of successful experience in teaching. But by the Morris Bill enacted in February, 1914, this preliminary examination is made unnecessary, and the graduate of this institution is granted a state certificate at once, without examination,

Prior to the enactment of this law several states had recognized the diplomas of the State Normal College of Ohio University, by granting provisional or permanent state certificates to their holders. Of the 48 states in the Union, at least 32 recognize the diplomas from the State Normal College as state licenses to teach, usually as life licenses without examinations. The Dean of the State Normal College will furnish full information on this point to graduates who contemplate teaching in a state other than Ohio.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL OR COLLEGE which grants a diploma recognized under the Ohio Law of 1914, must offer a college course of not less than two full years beyond graduationfrom a four-year high-school course or equivalent preparatory scholarship. This means that the preparation for such a professional course must cover not less than 15 units of high school or secondary subjects, a unit standing for a subject pursued not less than one year of not less than 32 weeks. In ordinary interpretation this means that 160 recitation hours or periods of 40 minutes each, shall be given to a high school subject to equal one unit of credit. Under the ruling of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction who is given authority under the law to fix the standards of observation and practice teaching, and determine the ratio of academic work to work in professional subjects, not less than 50% of the two-year course in the Normal School or College shall be given to educational or professional subjects. The law provides that all courses for elementary teachers, and special teachers in Drawing, Music, Kindergarten, Manual Training, etc., shall cover not less than two years of work apportioned between professional and academic subjects in such rato as the State Superintendent of public Instruction shall require. As a part of the professional work done in such a case there shall be not less than 180 recitation hours devoted to Observation and Practice Teaching in a Training School under the direction and control of the Normal School or College, and not less than 90 hours of this work shall be given to actual teaching in such Training School.

Special Certificate—Graduates from the courses in Kindergarten, Public School Music, Public School Drawing, Manual Training, Domestic Science, or Agriculture are entlited to a four-year state provisional certificate upon graduation, valid in any school in Ohio, to teach the special subject covered by the diploma. After 24 months of teaching experience this is made a special life certificate by the State Board of School Examiners.

ALL GRADUATES of a four-year Normal School or College course pursue the same general plan and are granted High School Life Certificates. The four-year courses shall include not less than 25% of professional subjects in which shall be included actual Observation and Practice Teaching in secondary subjects

in a Traning School under the direction of the Normal School or College. This means that no such diploma shall be recognized unless one full collegiate year has been devoted to professional subjects, although the work in these subjects may be distributed throughout the four years. Graduates of the four-year course are granted the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education and a four-year State High School Certificate upon Graduation and this is made a High School Life Certificate by the State Board of Examiners after the holder has taught 24 months.

ALL PROGRESSIVE TEACHERS in Ohio now certainly have a strong inducement to obtain professional trainig. The facilities for such instruction in the State Normal College of Ohio University are such as to meet in every detail all the conditions imposed by the laws of 1914 and by the requirements of the office of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. In fact, the standard at the State Normal College has always been as high as that above described. The course for high-school teachers and superindents offerd by the State Normal College requires 35% to be done in educational subjects. The facilities for Observation and Practice Teaching required by this law are more than ample to meet the need in the training of teachers in the elementary schools, in the high-schools, in the rural schools, and for positions as supervisors in special subject or as County Superitendents and District Superintendents.

In addition to the courses above outlined and recognized by the state in the granting of professional life certificates, the State Normal College has also made ample provision for the professional training of teachers for the rural schools, having established clearly differentiated courses for such teachers and opened a Rural Training School, which is supervised by a trained teacher who has had wide experience in the rural schools. Special attention is directed to a detailed description of this course elsewhere in this catalogue.

DEPARTMENT OF SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

PROFESSOR WILLIAMS

The general aim of this department in the Normal College is to give the student a broad and comprehensive view of the various factors in school administration, to give him a detailed and critical view of the problems of school organization, school management, school discipline, school hygiene, school architecture, the course of study, the classification and grading of pupils, and to lead him to understand school law as it relates to school administration. The courses are briefly described as follows:

- I. SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION AND SCHOOL LAW-This is a three-hour course for one semester, and includes a study (1) of School Organization under the heads of parties to the school organization, a study of existing systems, the function of the public school, the teacher as a factor in organization, etc.; (2) School Law, including a critical study and analysis of the Ohio School Laws and topical study of the relation of school law to the effectiveness of school systems; (3) School Hygiene including school architecture, school environment, ventilation, lighting, seating, fatigue, contagious disease, defective hearing, and defective vision; (4) School Management and School Discipline, with their various problems. The Ohio School Laws will be made the basis of the work in School Law. Chancellor's Our Schools and Their Administration is made the basis of this course. Much of the work, however, is in the form of a library and lecture course. First semester, three hours.
- 2. Secondary Course of Study—This course will inquire into the principles governing the selection of subjects for the Secondary Course, the order of presentation of these subjects, the purpose of secondary school training, the relation of the secondary school to the elementary school on the one hand, and the college and the technical and professional schools on the other. The particular methods of instruction demanded by the secondary school and how these methods must differ from the methods employed in lower and in higher schools, will

receive some attention, but special instruction in the methods of high-school teaching must be obtained in the Department of Methods.

The texts used are DeGarmo's Principles of Secondary Education, Report of the Committee of Ten, and Report of the Committee of Seventeen on the Professional Training of High School Teachers. First semester, Junior year, three hours. Required of all students pursuing the course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education, and may be elected by Juniors and Seniors in other courses.

3. SUPERVISION AND CRITICISM—This is a two-hour required study in the course for superintendents and high-school teachers and is given during the second semester, and occasionally repeated in the Summer term. The purpose is to cover all the leading problems of administration and supervision. For those who are preparing for the work of supervision, certainly no course in the Normal College could be more valuable.

This course is wholly a library and lecture course, and the student is referred to important papers and addresses in the N. E. A. Reports, Magazines, The Report of the Ohio School Survey Commission, Ohio School Laws, etc.

4. THE PROBLEM OF SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION—This is a two-hour course, extending through the second semester, senior year elective, and open only to those who have had courses in the Science of Education, History of Education, and School Administration.

DEPARTMENT OF METHODS AND MANAGEMENT

PROFESSOR LANDSITTEL

Educational procedure in its various phases is eminently worthy of clear exemplification. Its mastery implies the application of scientific principles with understanding, and calls for deftness and skill in handling pupils and materials as well. This department strives toward the end thus defined. By the use of the Training School class-room as a laboratory of method, students are enabled to see, and make for themselves, practical application of the various theoretical solutions of teaching problems which are developed in the regular course of instruction.

Appreciation of the dignity and wealth of opportunity in the teacher's work is stimulated incidentally in all courses as the grounding of a sincere and wholesome professional spirit.

- I. Grammar Grade Methods I—Three hours, first semester. Freshman required. A thorough study of the recitation constitutes the fundamental part of this course. The accepted general forms of procedure represented in current usage are studied, with attention to the corresponding lesson plans. Regular observation work in the Training School is carried on, either preceded or supplemented by class consideration of the principles involved. The teaching of reading, elementary science, geography, and morals are carefully developed, and incidental observation work in domestic science, manual training, music, and drawing is introduced. Strayer's Brief Course in the Teaching Process will be used as a text book, supplemented with library assignments.
- 2. Grammar Grade Methods II—Three hours, second semester. Freshman required. This course is a continuation of the work of Grammar Grade Methods I, with special attention to the teaching of language and grammar, history, geography, and arithmetic, The work in this course will be based entirely upon assigned readings.
- 3. ELEMENTARY CURRICULUM—Two hours, first semester. Sophomore required. Prerequisite, a minimum of ten hours' work in education. The fundamental principles of ultimate and immediate aims in school instruction receive first consideration in this study of the curriculum, and they logically connect with the great question of educational values. The latter are regarded as inhering in subject matter not solely by reason of its importance as world knowledge, but quite as much because of its adaptability to the capacity and needs of the growing child. The bearing of community interest upon values is given attention, with the end in view of promoting the better social service of educational agencies. A study of sequences, both logically and psychologically considered, and of the correlation of subjects, paves the way for practical work in the construction of courses. The text-books used will be Groszmann's The Career of the Child, and Williams' Course of Study for Ohio Schools.

- 4. SCHOOL MANAGEMENT AND SCHOOL LAW-Two hours, first and second semester, one semester required. Freshman. The work embraced under this head deals with the factors affecting the life of the school, both within and without. The state as the basal authority in organization, and property also in administration, is the point of departure in school law, from which are traced legislative enactments as to school districts and officials, revenues, certification of teachers, institutes, school buildings, libraries, etc. These topics are correlated with the problems of managment by which the teacher is sure to be confronted, among which may be enumerated classification and promotion of pupils, discipline, conditions in buildings and grounds, examinations, and the teacher's administration of the curriculum Attention is directed to the larger questions involved in public education which are now under discussion; and an alert progressive attitude toward these matters is encouraged. Dutton's School Management and Bagley's Classroom Management will be the text-books for this course.
- 5. School, Law Present and Prospective—Three hours, first semester. Senior, elective. The legal aspects of school organization and the jurisprudence of teaching will be worked out in this course through lectures and assigned readings. Equipment of the educational worker with knowledge of his professional rights and responsibilities as confirmed by the law will be the controlling aim. The statutes of Ohio will be the chief source to which students will be referred. Enactments growing out of the Ohio School Survey will receive particular attenion, along with the unsatisfied needs in the way of legislation which it reveals, Comparative studies in essential features will be made throughout the course between the Ohio system and that of other states.
- 6. Social Methods in Education—Two hours, second semester. Sophomore required. The aim in this study is to present teaching as a social service, and to give insight into the social relationships that condition education both within the school itself and as regards its connection with other social structures. Students are put in touch with the most recent undertakings in the way of giving added efficiency to education. Specific topics to which the course relates are—(1) social

stimuli in mental development; (2) social situations in the recitation; (3) self-organized group work; (4) leadership in group life; (5) the function and form of school dramatics; (6) the utilization of play and vocational interests; (7) school and neighborhood clubs; (8) the school in relation to community life; and (9) adult education. The text-book which is used, King's Education for Social Efficiency, introduces these subjects, among others, being supplemented as the work proceeds by means of lectures and collateral readings.

7. HIGH SCHOOL METHODS—Two hours, second semester. Junior and senior required. An understanding of the special function of the American high-school is developed through consideration of its past history, its present academic and social aspects, and its relation to the general problem of adolescence. The essentials of secondary class management will be dealt with; and opportunity for special study of the teaching of individual high school subjects will be afforded as indicated by the following outline:

Year of 1914-15 { High School Methods in English High School Methods in Foreign Languages

Year of 1915-16 { High School Methods in Mathematics and Science High School Methods in History

The courses appearing for 1914-1915 will be given again in the year of 1916-1917; those for 1915-1916 in 1917-1918, and so on. Brown's *American High School* will be used as a textbook for the introductory part of the course. The study of special methods will be pursued through lectures and assigned readings.

8. THEORY AND PRACTICE—Three hours, first and second semester. Freshmen required. This course deals with the five phases of the teacher's work—organization, management, instruction ,training, and discipline. It makes rapid survey of educational principles and procedure, and is designed to serve the interests of teachers of experience who may wish to prepare for the general state and country examinations, and of those, as well, who are seeking state or local certificates in special subjects.

DEPARTMENT OF THE HISTORY AND PRINCIPLES OF EDUCATION

PROFESSOR GARD

It is the purpose of the department to familiarize the student with the historical and current ideas and conceptions of education. The courses are arranged to meet the professional needs of elementary teachers, secondary teachers, superintendents, and special teachers in drawing, music, domestic science, manual training, and agriculture. Courses one, two, and eight are especially designed for elementary teachers and the teachers of the special subjects; Courses three, and four, for secondary teachers; Courses three, four, five, six, and seven for superintendents and advanced students.

The department does not encourage students to remain with us for graduate study. Those, however, who elect such work in the department must do the work in actual residence. For a minor a student must complete six semester hours and for a major he must complete eighteen semester hours.

- I. PRINCIPLES OF EDUCATION—An elementary course which seeks to acquaint the student with the practical and scientific phases of teaching. The principles of teaching are based on the laws of genetic and dynamic psychology. The psychological factors in the process of learning and the science of the recitation receive careful consideration. Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Second semester. Open to students who have credit for one semester of psychology or an equivalent.
- 2. HISTORY OF ELEMENTARY EDUCATION—A brief course in which attention is given to the events in the history of education that throw light on the problems of the teacher in the elementary schools. Special attention is given to the work of the reformers of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Monday, Wednesday, Friday. First semester. Course repeated the second semester. Open to sophomores.
- 3. Science of Education—(a) Psychological and Biological Principles. During the first semester the main and well-tested results of the scientific study of education from the psychological and biological points of view receive consideration.

No attempt is made to give prescriptions and devices. The course is concerned with the fundamental principles of education. (b) Social Principles of Education. During the second semester an attempt is made to formulate the social concept of education. Attention is given to the social meaning of education and to the concrete application of the principles to present-day needs. Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Throughout the year. Open to juniors.

- 4. HISTORY OF EDUCATION—(a) Ancient and Medieval. During the first semester a study is made of the larger movements of educational thought during the ancient and medieval periods. Educational ideas, methods, and curricula are studied in their relation to social, cultural, and industrial changes. (b) Modern Period. During the second semester a study is made of the Reformation and its influence on education. Much attention is given to the social and industrial conditions of Europe which made necessary the great reform of Comenius, Pestalozzi, Herbart, Froebel, and Spencer. The fundamental recommendations of each of the reformers are carefully noted. Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Throughout the year. Open to seniors.
- 5. Modern School, Systems—(a) Germany and France. A study is made of the development and organization of primary and secondary education. Attention is given to the training of teachers and to the relation of the schools to the life of the people. Special attention is given to the provisions for industrial education. (b) England and the United States. The treatment is the same as in the first division of the course. Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Throughout the year. Open to seniors.
- 6. PHILOSOPHY OF EDUCATION—An advanced course in the theory of education. An intensive study of the theories of Plato, Aristotle, Comenius, Locke, Rousseau, Pestalozzi, Herbart Froebel, Spencer and others will be made. Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Throughout the year. Open to seniors.

Note—Courses five and six will alternate. Course five or six may be substituted for Course four.

7. SEMINAR IN EDUCATION—In this course an opportunity is given to study intensively some phase of education. In

selecting the topic for investigation consideration is given to the needs of those electing the course. One hour a week. Throughout the year. Open to seniors.

8. Vocational Education—A study of the historical development of vocational education, its justification from the standpoint of psychology and society, and its present status. The course is designed to acquaint the student with what is being done in this field and to point out its relation to the whole problem of education. Tuesday, Thursday, first semester. Open to sophomores. Required in the diploma courses in Agriculture, Domestic Science, and Manual Training.

PRIMARY METHODS, OBSERVATION AND TEACHING

MISS WAITE

THE PURPOSE of this department is to train teachers. We attempt to do this through instruction, observation, and practice.

It certainly does not follow that, because a man or woman is a good student, he or she must necessarily be a good teacher. The profession of teaching, like any other profession, must be studied. After the work in observation and theory, comes the opportunity of putting these into practice under the supervision of thoroughly trained teachers. Our Training School, consisting of about three hundred children, including all the Grammar as well as all of the Primary grades, a Principal, seven Critic Teachers, and five Special Teachers, furnishes ample opportunity for this practice. The Special Teachers teach Music, Drawing, Domestic Science, Manual Training and Nature Study.

PRIMARY METHODS AND OBSERVATION—Three times each week throughout one year the class is given a lesson in Primary Methods. At the close of each lesson, the class is taken to the Training School to see an application of these methods in a model lesson given by a Critic Teacher. Before going, the students are instructed as to what they should carefully observe, as we have no aimless observation in our Training School.

Special attention is given to the teaching of every subject in the Primary Grades, with suggestions as to good devices for drill work. The same may be said of the work in the Grammar Grades, under another department.

Attention is given to the writing of lesson plans, so that, at the close of the year's work, the student is ready to begin his teaching in the Training School.

TEACHING—As we learn to do by doing, the best way to learn to teach is by teaching under skilled supervision.

As each student is given a subject to teach in the Training School, he is held entirely responsible for the results of his work. No lesson, however, is ever taught, until a plan, submitted at least the day before the lesson, is either approved or corrected.

The student is allowed to specialize to some extent in his teaching. Although it is not thought best that he should do all of his practice teaching in one grade, he may do it all in either the Primary or Grammar grades, and at least two-thirds of his teaching may be done in the special grade of his own choosing.

All of the practice teaching is under the close supervision of the Critc Teacher of the grade, or a special teacher, and the Principal of the Training School.

PAIDOLOGY AND PSYCHOLOGY

PROFESSOR CHRISMAN

*ASSISTANT PROFESSOR BISHOP

HERMAN H. YOUNG, Instructor

CHARLES E. SKINNER, Assistant

THE PURPOSE of the work in Paidology, the science of the child, is to furnish a knowledge of child nature. It is intended to give to students what has been learned about children, to fix in them the habit of observation and study of children, and to help them to an understanding of child life under the various conditions in which it is found.

The purpose of the work in Psychology is to give a knowledge of mind action in its various conditions. It is proposed to acquaint students with such facts of mind as have been gained

[.] Absent on leave for the year.

through various sources, to help them to a better understanding of their own mental activities, and to give them power to apply this knowledge.

IN BOTH PAIDOLOGY AND PSYCHOLOGY facilities are afforded for laboratory and field work whereby much of the work is carried on by observation and experimental methods, so that not only is there opportunity given for learning the subject matter, but also for applying the work so as to give further power that will greatly aid in mental growth.

The details of the work of this Department are given here with. All the courses give full college credit and, where not required, can be elected by students in any of the colleges of the University.

I. COURSES FOR UNDERGRADUATES

- I. PSYCHOLOGY (INTRODUCTORY)—The aim of this course is to give an outline of the subject in order to acquaint the student with phenomena and laws of mental life and to train him in simple experimentation. The text-book used will be Phillsbury's Essentials of Psychology supplemented by Angell's Psychology, with references to other texts. Throughout the year; recitations, Section 1, 8:30, Monday, Wednesday, Section 11, 2:00, Monday, Wednesday; laboratory three hours per week (2500 min.) at hours as assigned. In the second semester Section 11 will not begin till April 27, in order to accommodate students entering about that time, and the recitations will be five times a week. Three hours of collegiate credit each semester. Open to all.
- 2. PAIDOLOGY (INFANCY).—In this course will be taken up the first period of life after birth, a knowledge of which is so important for the better understanding of the periods following. There will be studied both the physiological life of the being at this time, including the diseases of infancy, the beginnings of language, volition, and motor ability, the rise and development of the senses, etc., and also the care and attention needed by the infant as a basis for future growth. The references will be works on the diseases of infancy together with studies on growth and development, as Preyer's Development of the Intellect,

Preyer's Senses and Will, Shinn's Notes on the Development of a Child, Griffith's Care of the Baby, and Forsyth's Children in Health and Disease. Second semester; recitations 10:30 Monday, Wednesday; laboratory and field work 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit. Open to all.

- 3. PSYCHOLOGY (COMPARATIVE)—This course will consist of a study of the development of intelligence in animal life as going along with the development of the nervous system as presented through behavior. With the texts to be used will be found Washburn's Animal Mind. Yerkes's Dancing Mouse, Morgan's Introduction to Comparative Psychology, Jennings's Lower Organism, Watson's Animal Education, and Thorndike's Animal Intelligence. First semester; recitation 7:30 Tuesday, Thursday; laboratory, and field work 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), at hours as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit. Open to sophomores and of higher rank and in some cases to Freshmen.
- 4. PAIDOLOGY (CHILDHOOD)—In this course the time of childhood is taken up. The general characteristics of this period growth, disease, the senses, mental and physical development etc., are studied. Also observations and studies of children are carried on in the field and in the laboratory. Among the magazines referred to in the course are the Pedagogical Seminary, Studies in Education, and the Paidologist; among the books are Oppenheim's Development of the Child, Thorndike's Notes on Child Study, Chamberlain's The Child, Kirkpatrick's Fundamentals of Child Study, Sully's Study of Childhood, and Warner's Study of Children. First semester; recitations 7:30 Monday, Wednesday; laboratory and field work 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit. Open to sophomore and to higher rank.
- 5. PSYCHOLOGY (GENETIC)—Under this course will be studied and compared the physchological development as shown by the child and the race. Among the topics to be considered will be the meaning of infancy, habits of growth and activity, physical development as related to mental development, and

the interests and impulses of the child and the race. Works relating to the mental development of the child and of the race, as, Baldwin's Mental Development in the Child and in the Race, Kirkpatrick's Genetic Psychology, Tracy's Psychology of Childhood, King's Psychology of Child Development, Fiske's Meaning of Infancy, with other psychological texts, will furnish the material for this course. Second semester; recitations 7:30 Monday, Wednesday; laboratory and field work 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit. This is intended primarily for those completing the course for Elementary Teachers in the State Normal College. Open to Sophomores, who have completed one semester of psychology.

- 6. PAIDOLOGY (ADOLESCENCE)—This includes the time of boygirlhood and youth. It is intended to give a knowledge of this so important time in the life of the young, directing attention to the remarkable growth and the changes that take place, taking up the characteristics of this period, with the mental and moral conditions that occur. Some of the magazines and books used are the Pedagogical Seminary, Psychological Clinic, Journal of Adolescence, Gross's Play of Man, Claparéde's Experimental Pedagogy and Psychology of the Child, Latimer's Girl and woman, Hall's Adolescence, Starbuck's Psychology of Religion, and Ellis's Man and Woman. Second semester; recitations 7:30 Tuesday, Thursday; Laboratory and field work 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit. Open to Sophomores and higher rank.
- 7. PSYCHOLOGY (EXPERIMENTAL)—A study will be made of the subject matter of experimental psychology, together with demonstration of apparatus and methods of investigation, so as to familiarize students with this work; also the students will perform a series of experiments selected to furnish them practice in the use of apparatus, to acquaint them with the methods of experimental psychology, and to give them power to formulate results of experimentation. The texts used will be Titchener's Text-book, of Psyshology, Sanford's Experimental Psychology, and Myers's Text-book of Experimental Psychology,

with reference to other works on psychology. Throughout the year; recitations 9:30 Tuesday, Thursday; laboratory 3 hrs per week (2500 min.), at hours as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit each semester. Open to Juniors and higher rank and in some cases to Sophomores.

- 8. PAIDOLOGY (UNCIVILIZED AND HISTORICAL CHILD)-In this course will be studied the child as found among uncivilized, semi-civilized, and historical peoples. Some of the topics considered under the first subject are the relations of child and parent, care of child, deformation of children, games and plays and songs. Under the last heading is considered the child as found among the nations of ancient times, in Medieval Europe, and earlier United States. Comparisons are made in these studies with the child as found at present among civilized peoples. Such works are consulted as the Smithsonian Reports, Chamberlain's Child and Childhood in Folkthought, Bancroft's Native Races of the Pacific State, Kidd's Savage Childhood, Guhl and Koner's Life of the Greeks and Romans. Headland's Chinese Boy and Girl, Gray's Children's Crusades, and Earl's Child Life in Colonial Days. First semester; recitations 8:30 Tuesday. Thursday; laboratory and field work with children 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit. Open to Juniors and of higher rank and in some cases to Sophomores.
- 9. PAIDOLOGY (ABNORMAL CHILD)—Defective children, delinquent children, dependent children, wildings, and exceptional children are studied under this heading, knowledge of the first four classes leading up to a better comprehension of exceptional children, who need so much to be studied and understood. Some of the works used are Wade's Deaf-Blind, Folks's Care of Destitute, Neglected and Delinquent Children, Morrison's Juvenile Offenders, Riis's Children of the Poor, and Travis's Young Malefactor. Second semester; recitation 8:30 Tuesday, Thursday; visitations to institutions on Saturdays. Three hours of collegiate credit. Open to Juniors and higher rank and to Sophomores who have completed at least one semester of paidology.

II. COURSE FOR ADVANCED UNDERGRADUATES AND GRADUATES

- 10. PSYCHOLOGY (SOCIAL AND INDIVIDUAL)—This course will include a study of the individual in his own activities and as modified by groups of individuals as found in the crowd, the mob, the assembly, and other gatherings social, religious, business, studying especially the influence of suggestion, imitation, and leadership. Among the works used in this course will be Encken's Problem of Human Life, Ames's Psychology of Religious Experience, Ward's Psychic Factors of Civilization, Baldwin's Individual and Society, Lydston's Diseases of Society and Degeneracy, Le Bon's The Crowd, Fite's Individualism, and Scott's Increasing Human Efficiency in Business. First semester; recitations 10.30 Tuesday, Thursday; laboratory and field work 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), at hours as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit. Open to Seniors and Graduates and to Juniors who have completed at least one semester of psychology.
- II. PAIDOLOGY (PRENATALITY)—This study will include the time of the child before birth. This period will be studied to ascertain what are the conditions of life at this time, what effects are produced here, the necessary care to be given, the problems of heredity and environment, and other matters connected with this period of life, which are of such vital importance to the whole future life of the child. The works consulted are such as Minot's Embryology, Bateson's Method and Scope of Genetics, Davenport's Race Improvement through Eugenics, Heisler's Text-book of Embryology Thompson's Heredity, Marshall's Physiology of Reproduction, and Kellicott's Social Direction of Human Evolution. First semester; recitations 10:30 Monday, Wednesday; studies on children 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), at hours as assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit. Open to Seniors and to Graduates and to Juniors who have completed at least one year of paidology.
- 12. PSYCHOLOGY (ABNORMAL)—A study of mental disorders, as insanity and degeneracy, and of abnormal phenomena, as hallucinations, hypnoses, speech defects, etc. Clinics

are held at the State Hospital for the Insane, located at this place. The students in this course in connection with those in abnormal Paidology have visited The State Institution for Feeble Minded, The State School for the Blind, The State School for the Deaf, and the State Hospital for the Insane, all located at Columbus; The State Hospital for Epileptics, at Gallipolis: The State Girls' Industrial Home, at Delaware: The State Boys' Industrial School, at Lancaster; The State Hospital for the Insane, and the Athens County Children's Home, both located at Athens; The Athens County Infirmary, at Chauncey; and the Juvenile Court of Franklin County' at Columbus. Such works are consulted as Störring's Mental Pathology in Its Relation to Normal Psychology, Janet's Major Symptoms of Hysteria, Church and Peterson's Nervous and Mental Disorders, Jastrow's The Subconscious, Ellis's The World of Dreams, and Tanner's Studies in Spiritism. Second semester; recitations 10:30 Tuesday, Toursday; clinics at the Athens State Hospital for the Insane at 3:00 on Fridays; visitations to institutions on Saturdays. Three hours of collegiate credit. Open to Seniors and to Graduates and to Juniors who have completed at least one year of psychology.

- 13. PAIDOMETRY—In this course it is purposed to study the growth and physical development of children. Among the works consulted will be Rowe's Physical Nature of the Child, Hasting's Manual of Physical Measurements of Boys and Girls, Gulick and Ayres's Medical Inspection of Schools, Tyler's Growth and Education, Whipple's Manual of Mental and Physical Tests, and Lovett's Lateral Curvature of the Spine and round Shoulders. Second semester; recitations 10:30 Monday, Wednesday; laboratory 3hrs. per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others assigned. Three hours of collegiate credit. Open to Seniors and to Graduates and to Juniors who have completed at least one year of paidology.
- 14. Thesis Work—Students who may elect to work out their senior theses in this department must have had sufficient work in paidology and psychology to acquaint them with various phases of paidological and psychological phenomena, at least two years completed in the department by the close of the senior year, exclusive of the thesis. Also under the rules of the Uni-

versity thesis work must be determined upon, and the head of the department in which the work is to be done consulted, before the opening of the first semester, and the work is to continue throughout the year. Those desiring thesis work in this department and who are ready for it will be given such subjects as may be suited to their acquirements and tastes. Throughout the year; 2 hrs. per week (4000 min.), at such hours as assigned Three hours of collegiate credit.

III. COURSES FOR GRADUATES

This University offers graduate work for the master's degree only and for that a year of resident work is required. The requirements are for a major subject and two minor subjects, with a thesis in the major department. In this department, either a minor or the major subject may be elected from the courses under II above (Courses for Advanced Undergraduates or Graduates) or from the courses below, as may be determined upon by the head of the department after consultation with the candidate. The courses below will be given on Saturdays if there is a demand for them.

- 15. PSYCHOLOGY (ADVANCED)—This will be a laboratory and seminary course. Readings from books, periodicals, and the like, will be used for the seminary work. The laboratory work will be of an experimental nature and selected for use in this course. Throughout the year, recitations and laboratory at such hours as may be arranged for. Three hours of advanced credit each semester. Open only to graduates.
- 16. PAIDOLOGY (ADVANCED)—This will be a laboratory and seminary course. Readings from books, periodicals, and the like, will be used for the seminary work. Lines of investigation of children in the laboratory and child life in the field will be carried on and results formulated. Throughout the year, recitations and laboratory and field work at times as may be arranged for. Three hours of advanced credit each semester. Open only to graduates.
- 17. THESIS WORK—A graduate student who may elect his major subject for the master's degree in paidology or psychology will choose some theme in which he is interested and pre-

pared to follow out to some conclusions of profit. Facilities for working on such a problem will be afforded one who is ready to carry on such investigations.

V. COURSES FOR THE SUMMER SCHOOL

PAIDOLOGY (CHILDHOOD)—This course includes the period of child life from about three years of age till near ten years of age, children as found in the primary grades and the Kindergarten. The general characteristics of childhood, diseases of this period, the senses, mental and physical development, care of children, etc., are studied. Also observations and studies of children are carried on in the field and in the laboratory. Recitations, 7:00, five days a week. Laboratory at hours assigned. Two hours of collegiate credit. Open to all.

PSYCHOLOGY (INTRODUCTORY). The aim of this course is to give an outline of the subject in order to acquaint the student with the phenomena and laws of mental life. Besides the class-room work there will be given laboratory work in simple experimentation. The text-book will be Pillsbury's Essentials of Psychology. Recitations, 7:50, five days a week. Laboratory at hours assigned. Two hours of collegiate credit. Open to all.

PAIDOLOGY (BOYGIRLHOOD).—This course covers the period from about ten years of age till near fifteen years of age, including boys and girls as found in the grammar grades and the lower high-school grades. Attention is directed to the remarkable growth and the changes that take place and to the conditions, etc., of this time of life. Also observations and studies of boys and girls are carried on in the field and in the laboratory. Recitations, 9:00, five days a week. Laboratory at hours as assigned. Two hours of collegiate credit. Open to all.

PSYCHOLOGY (EXPERIMENTAL)—This is the beginning course offered for those who may want more advanced work in psychology than of the introductory course. The work in both class-room and laboratory will be of a more advanced nature than in the introductory course. The text-book will be Titchener's

Text-book of Psychology. Recitations, 9:50, five days a week.

Laboratory at hours as assigned. Open to all.

PAIDOLOGY)EXCEPTIONAL CHILD)—Under the exceptional child are included children not of normal type. Among such children are found the dull, the backward, those with speech defects, anemic children, children with defective sight children with adenoid growths, defective hearing children, children with physical deformities, children with moral defections, and also may be placed here the precocious and the exceptionally bright children. The work will be carried on in class and field and laboratory. Recitations, 10:40, five days a week, laboratory at hours as assigned. Two hours of collegiate credit. Open to all.

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

PROFESSOR MILLS

1. ARITHMETIC-The course in Arithmetic comprises the work of two semesters, but only the second semester is required of high school graduates unless it should appear that they are in special need of both. Accuracy and rapidity in performing the operations in the solution of problems is the first aim in the study of this subject. These accomplishments are brought about through the use of carefully prepared exercises and drills in the four fundamentals and in fractions. The text-book used in the first term's work is Milne's Practical Arithmetic, and the work in this book is completed to the subject of Partial Payments. Ray's Higher Arithmetic is the text-book for the second term's work. Much material is chosen from Mills's Arithmetic Analysis, and other widely used texts. The subjects especially emphasized in this semester's work are the following applications of Percentage: Profit and Loss, Interest True and Bank Discount, Stocks and Bonds, Commission, Exchange, and Equation of Payments. Other subjects which receive special attention are Arithmetical Analysis, Involution and Evolution, and the very important subject of Mensuration. The one important result, a proper understanding of the reason for every step necessary to the solution of a problem, is kept constantly in mind throughout all the work in Arithmetic. Forms of solution and methods of teaching receive special attention.

- 2. Algebra—Wells's Secondary Algebra is the text for the first semester, and is completed through factoring. Fisher and Schwatt's Higher Algebra is the text for the second semester and is completed to Harmonical Progression.
- 3. PLANE GEOMETRY—Lyman's *Plane Geometry* is the textbook used. In this work students are encouraged to form the habit of original investigation. Terseness and technical accuracy of statement are constant requirements, and much emphasis is given to the application of the principles of Geometry to Arithmetic.
- 4. Solid Geometry—Solid Geometry will be given the first half of the second semester. This work will include the fundamental propositions in planes and solid angles, polyhedrons and the sphere, with a great variety of original exercises. Lyman's *Plane and Solid Geometry* is the text-book used.
- 5. DESCRIPTIVE ASTRONOMY—One semester's work is devoted to this subject. A text-book is used, but topical method of recitation is followed, and students are encouraged to seek information from the standard works of Astronomy in the library. Students are made familiar with the Zodiacal and Circum-polar Constellations, the principle stars and planets. The University is supplied with a good telescope and all the apparatus necessary to efficient work in this study.

NOTE—For the course in Solid Geometry, Advanced Algebra, Trigonometry and Surveying, and electives in Methematics, see description of courses in the College of Liberal Arts. The courses in Arithmetic and Beginning Algebra are offered each semester.

NORMAL ART DEPARTMENT

MISS BRISON, Head of Department MISS EDWARDS, Instructor MISS PATTERSON, Assistant

Drawing and Hand Work have obtained their present place in public-school courses because our most noted educators believe in their educational value. This work is taught primarily not to make artists and artisans but as a means of improving the public taste and the general culture. Training along these lines helps the individual to cnoose and create for himself, and thus greatly helps to bring about individuality of thought and expression. The manual arts should be taught for the sake of the individual student; and his needs should form the basis of the course of study.

In the following courses the work and exercises will be given with this in view, that the student may not only learn how to do the work himself, but how it should be taught to children.

In the art courses, pencil, charcoal, colored crayons, water colors, oil colors, India ink. etc., are included in the materials used. It is thought best to have the student familiarize himself with all of these mediums, as their use varies in the different public schools.

FIRST SEMESTER

- 1. School Drawing—One hour. Freshman required. Object drawing, elementary applied design, and some mechanical drawing.
- 3. HAND WORK—Two hours. Required. A course in cardboard construction, knife work, clay modeling, weaving, rafia and reed work planned for primary and intermediate grades, but suggestive for a course for higher grades is given in each semester.
 - 4. BOOKBINDING-Two hours. Elective.

SECOND SEMESTER

2. SCHOOL DRAWING-One hour. Freshman required.

Theory of color, perspective and methods of teaching drawing. Type problems for public schools will be worked out and provision made for observation in the Training School.

- 3. HAND WORK—Two hours. Required. Same as in first semester.
- 5. APPLIED DESIGN—Two hours. Required in the course in Home Economics. this course presupposes the student to have had Course I.
- 6. ART APPRECIATION—One hour. Elective. This course takes up art principles and applies them to pictures, interior decorations, architecture, etc.

COURSE FOR DRAWING TEACHERS AND SUPERVISORS

Courses leadind to a certificate in School Drawing are offered for those who wish to teach that subject. These students will be expected to take work in free-hand and mechanical drawing in the departments of art and civil engineering respectively, besides the courses in Drawing and Elementary Manual Training in Normal College. In most cases the drawing teacher arranges his courses in correlation with the work of the different schools in which he is teaching, therefore he has to be an originator of courses as well as teacher. Hence, it has been found necessary, to require the student to take certain educational subjects or have a somewhat liberal education in addition to his work in drawing. Unusual advantages are offered to students in that they are enabled to study with the different University instructors, giving a standing to their work not possible in a Normal School not connected with a university.

FIRST SEMESTER

- 7. DESIGN—Two hours. Required throughout a year. This course deals with pure and applied design, and presupposes the student to have had Courses 1 and 2.
- Composition and Methods—Four hours. Required throughout a year. High-school, elementary, and grammar grade problems will be discussed. Stories and poems will be

illustrated. Landscape, figure and flower composition will be attempted. There will also be sketching from the model and blackboard work.

SECOND SEMESTER

- 8. DESIGN-Two hours. See Course 7.
- 10. COMPOSITION AND METHODS—Four hours. See Course 9.

FREE-HAND DRAWING—See courses in drawing and Painting in the College of Liberal Arts.

MECHANICAL DRAWING—See courses in Civil Engineering in the College of Liberal Arts.

Students taking the Normal College courses leading to a degree may take the drawing course as elective, obtaining a diploma in school drawing as well as a degree at the end of the four-year course.

DIPLOMA COURSES—Courses for supervisors and teachers in public-school drawing are outlined in detail in the statements of the various courses in the Normal College, on another page.

PUBLIC SCHOOL MUSIC

MISS LISTON, Instructor

THE AIM of this Department is two-fold. First—a general study of the rudiments of music, for grade teachers. This work is required of all students taking the regular Elementary Course in the Normal College. The purpose of this is to acquaint the teacher with a sufficient knowledge of Music to be able to carry on the work intelligently under the instruction of a Supervisor, or, if necessary, to give such direction himself.

One year's work is required. The first half of each semester is given to a study of the underlyng principles of all the technical difficulties of music as found in the public-school course of eight years. In the second half of each semester, the professional side of the subject is considered as thoroughly as possible with attention to practical methods as needed in school-room teaching.

All students completing this course will receive a Special Diploma. Sufficient time to earn this Diploma is given, and admission is based upon graduation from a high-school of the first grade or equivalent scholarship. Students entering without equivalent scholarship may take work in the Preparatory School.

For those without knowledge of music, two years will be necessary to complete the course, but those who have some knowledge of piano and voice may be able to complete the course in less time.

The following is a brief description of the work offered in this Department towards the completing of this Special Course.

- I. NOTATION—Practice in rapid blackboard work in the writing of musical signs, and in a knowledge of their use.
- 2. SIGHT SINGING—Individual and class drill in singing at sight, without accompaniment, melodies in all major and minor keys. An intelligent study of rhythm, phrasing and expression.
- 3. EAR TRAINING—Systematically graded exercise to quicken the musical hearing. Oral and written reproduction of melodies in all keys.
- 4. Chorus—A series of practical lessons in the study of material suitable for use in High-School and Upper Grammar Grades. The possibilities of the school chorus investigated. Use of the baton as a dignified means of keeping chorus together. Each member of class taught to direct.
- 5. ADVANCED SIGHT SINGING—A class for those who are to become Supervisors of Music. A study of the different music system in common use is taken up in this class.
- 6. METHODS--Principles of education as applied to the teaching of music. Courses of study planned, for all grades from First Year through the High-School. Special study of the voice. Study of Song material suited to the various years of school life. Rote Songs, how to select, to teach, and use them. Special attention paid to Folk Songs and Singing Games.
- 7. OBSERVATION AND TEACHING—180 hours teaching and observation are required for this course. During the first year the pupil-teacher observes music teaching in different grades, and reports on same to Music Supervisor. As soon as students are prepared they begin teaching in the Training Schools, and

as they acquire skill in teaching music in all the grades under supervisions, they become experienced teachers of Public School Music upon finishing the course.

For a detailed statement of this two-year course for Supervisors of Public School Mnsic, see the Course of Study on the following pages.

ENGLISH LITERATURE AND COMPOSITION

PROFESSOR WILSON

MISS KALER

- I. COMPOSITION—TEACHERS' COURSE—Extensive practice in writing themes. A study is made of Narration and Exposition. Methods of teaching composition are discussed. Two hours, first semester. Several sections.
- 2. Composition—Teachers' Course—A continuation of Course 1. A study of Description. Argumentation, and the Story. Two hours, second semester.
- 3. LITERATURE FOR THE PRIMARY GRADES—A study of representative myths, fables, folk-lore, fairy tales, and of two great epics. The purpose of the course is to deal with source material. Method work. Two hours, second semester. Course I must precede Course 3.
- 4. LITERATURE FOR THE GRAMMAR GRADES—A study of the folk-lore suitable for these grades. Much material is selected from the Arthurian and Nibelungen cycles. Selections in prose and poetry from English and American writers. Two hours, second semester. Course 1 must precede Course 4.
- 5. AMERICAN POETRY FROM 1811 TO 1890—This course is based upon the material given in Page's *The Chief American Poets*. Discussions and written work. Two hours, First semester. Course 1 must precede Course 5.
- 6. ENGLISH POETRY FROM 1798 TO 1896—This course will largely follow the poetry selected in Page's *British Poets of the Nineteenth Century*. Three hours, Second semester. Course 1 must precede Course 6.
- 7. ENGLISH DRAMA FROM 1508 TO 1642—A study of many of the minor Elizabethan dramatists and some of the greater

contemporaries of Shakespeare. The development of the drama is emphasized. Library work; reports and discussions. Open to juniors and seniors. Three hours. Second semester, Elective.

- 8. The Poetry of Milton—In addition to a study of the poetry, there will be collateral reading assigned in Milton's prose and on questions of contemporaneous history. Elective; open to juniors and seniors. Two hours. First semester. Given in 1914.
- 9. THE ENGLISH ESSAY—Its origin and development. A study of the representative essayists. Elective. Two hours, second semester. Open to upper classmen.
- IO. ENGLISH LITERATURE IN THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY—Prose writers of the Queen Anne age. A study of the different movements of the period. Selections in poetry and prose. Elective; open to juniors and seniors. Two hours, second semester.
- 11. LITERARY HISTORY OF AMERICA—A study of American prose writers. Its development and trend will be followed. Library work and discussions. Elective; open to juniors and seniors. First semester, Two hours.

CIVIC BIOLOGY AND BOTANY

PROFESSOR WILLIAM A. MATHENY

The work in this department is as followows:

FIRST SEMESTER SECOND SEMESTER 1. First Year Botany 3 6. First Year Botany 3 2. Ecology 2 7. Plant Histology 2 3. Plant Pathology 2 8. Plant Pathology 2 4. Civic Biology (Sec. 1) 3 9. College Botany 3 5. Civic Biology (Sec. 2) 3 10. Civic Biology 3

In all these studies the idea of civic and community welfare is place foremost. The practical and human interest side of these sciences is strongly emphasized with the aim of best serving the needs of the teacher and of citizenship in general.

THE LABORATORY AND FIELD METHODS of study will be followed almost entirely. For this purpose ample apparatus and a school garden have been provided. Attention will be

given to the planning and construction of simple apparatus whereby important natural laws can be demonstrated in an inexpensive manner.

- I. FIRST YEAR BOTANY—This course will run throughout the year and is required in all courses. It will be a consideration of plants in their practical relation to every-day life, and will be especially adapted to the needs of teachers, In the Fall and Spring, work in the school garden will be required. *Practical Botany* by Bergen and Caldwell is the text. One recitation and two laboratory periods per week.
- 2. ECOLOGY—A study of plants as they are related to their environment. *Ecology* by Coulter, Barnes and Cowles will be the text. Two hours.
- 3, 8. PLANT PATHOLOGY—Plant diseases as they affect farm crops, gardening, orchards, etc. will receive extended attention in this course. *Fungus Diseases of Plants* by Duggar will be the text used. Two hours.
- 4, 5, 10. CIVIC BIOLOGY—This is a study devoted to the every-day problems presented to us by the living forces in nature. Modern Biology is rapidly extending its influence into all avenues of human activities and national life. This branch, Civic Biology, aims to reach the common schools and community life through the agency of the teacher. While evolution is not lost sight of in this work, it is by no means placed foremost, neither is it intended to train specialists. The course centers about the child, the home, and state in their most common relations to living nature. Required in Normal College courses. Three hours.
- 7. PLANT HISTOLOGY—A laboratory course in the microscopic anatomy of plants. *Plant Histology* by Chamberlain will be used. Two hours.
- 9, 10. COLLEGE BOTANY—Plant Morphology and Physiology will be taken up in this course. It will be a study in plant evolution with special reference to the algae and the fungi. Required in the Agriculture Course and is optional with Zoölogy in the College of Liberal Arts. Three hours.

AGRICULTURE

PROFESSOR W. F. COPELAND

ASSISTANT PROFESSOR O. E. DUNLAP

Summary of Courses in School Agriculture

Course. Subject.		Semester.	Year.	Total credit.
1.	General Agriculture	First or Second	Fres	h 3
2.	Horticulture	First	Fres	h 3
2.	Horticulture	Second	Fres	h 2
3.	Soils	First and Second	Soph	4
4.	Forestry	First and Second	Fres	h 4
5.	Form Animals	First	Soph	3
6.	Form Crops	Second	. Soph	3
7.	Evolution and Heredity	First	Soph	8
8.	Rural Economies or Commercial Law	Second	,Soph	3
9.	Home Gardening and Floriculture	Second, Elective		3

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE was established in June, 1911. Previous to that time instruction in agriculture was given in the Department of Elementary Science. Courses had been given for three years and the increasing demand for such work justified a new department. The primary purpose is to equip teachers for giving instruction in agriculture in the public schools. On account of present conditions it is necessary to modify this aim to some extent and give lessons regarding subject matter as well. The department is being equipped with modern apparatus whereby important lessons can be demonstrated. Provisions are made for enlarging this equipment as fast as is advisable for efficient work. In the laboratory, students are instructed in seed testing, soil studies, a study of plant life under laboratory conditions, farm plans, machines, and the use of the more common and practical pieces of agricultural apparatus. Such studies are planned for the winter season. During the summer season as far as possible lessons will be demonstrated in the field where plants and animals are living under ordinary conditions. The department has an excellent agriculural library and a new greenhouse for indoor work.

Provisions is now made for a two-year course, at the completion of which students are granted a diploma in School Agriculture. A summary of this course is given above and a complete outline by semesters elsewhere in this catalogue.

Course I. General Agriculture—This is a two-hour course during the first semester and a three-hour course during the second semester. Work is conducted on the laboratory and recitation plan. For demonstration use is made of the common garden, field and orchard crops. Other features of the farm and farm-life will receive equal consideration. Credit, two hours for the first semester and three hours for the second.

Course II. Horticulture—This is a three-hour course for the first semester and a two-hour course during the second semester. Total credit, five hours. The lectures, recitations and reports will aim to give a general view of the subject. During favorable weather the laboratory work will be done in the field.

COURSE III. SOILS—Soils will be studied both in the field and in laboratory, chemically and physically. This is a laboratory course and will meet twice each week for two periods. Credit two hours per semester.

Course IV. Forestry—This course aims to give students a knowledge of forest conditions, their distribution, and the possibilities in tree planting. As far as possible this is done out in the field where the importance of trees can be considered as soil-makers, wind-breakers, and money-makers. Both the economic and æsthetic values will be considerd. Emphasis is placed on the value of Forestry as a school study. This is a two-hour course consisting of two field lessons per week. It is offered the first and second semester of the Sophomore year. Credit, two hours per semester.

Course V. Farm Animal.s—This course is planned to give students a knowledge of the most important farm animals of the different types, and elementary lesson in feeding, balanced rations, and judging. As far as possible the animal studied will be examined by the student. One lecture and two field trips per week during the first semester. Credit, three semester hours.

COURSE VI. FARM CROPS—This course is offered during the second semester. Credit, three hours. Studies are made of field selection, crop rotation, seed selection, and artificial fertilizers. One lecture and two field lessons per week.

Course VII. Evolution and Heredity—This is the course formerly offered during the winter term. It is now scheduled for the first semester of the Sophomore year. The plan of the work is to consider a few of the prominent theories of Evolution or Heredity or both; especially those of interest to animal and plant breeders. This course presupposes some knowledge of botany and zoölogy. Three recitations per week during the first semester of the Sophomore year.

Course VIII. Rural Economics—Students taking the two-year course in agriculture are allowed to substitute commercial law for course VIII. The aim of this study is to consider some of the important farm problems, such as wages, rent, labor, land, marketing, crops, and their related problems. Some time will be devoted to the possibilities of the small farm, the large farm, intensive and extensive culture, and also to consider to what extent farm operations can be foretold and directed according to a farm plan. The class will meet for three recitations per week during the second semester of the Sophomore year.

Course IX. Home Gardening and Floriculture—
The aim of this course is to give the studeut a practical knowledge of the propagation and culture of plants usually grown in
the vegetable and flower garden. Attention is given to insect
pests and fungus diseases, and the means by which they are
controlled. A modern green house will be used for the early
propagation of plants. This course is recommended for students
in Home Economics and may be substituted for one semester
of General Agriculture. One recitation and two laboratory
periods per week during Second Semester. Credit, three
semester hours.

DIPLOMA COURSE IN SCHOOL AGRICULTURE

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
General Agriculture 2 Horticulture 3 Forestry 2	Horticulture.
Civic Biology 3	Civic Biology 3
Rural School Didactics 3	Zoology or Botany 8
Domestic Science or Manual	Principles of Education 8
Training	

SOPHOMORE YEAR

Soils 2	Soils 2
Chemistry 3 Evolution and Heredity 3	Chemistry
Farm Animals 8 Botany 2	Farm Crops
History of Industrial Education 2	Electives 4

Electives to be made from the following subjects:

PROFESSIONAL STUDIES—School Administration and School Law, History of Education, Science of Education, Ethics, Secondary Course of Study, Psychology, Logic, Paidology. Supervision and Criticism, Sociology, Teaching,

OR—Agricultural Chemistry, Farm Accounts, Advanced Botany, Vertebrate Zoology, Physiography, Soils, Geology, Cement, Domestic Science, Manual Training.

Note—Students desiring to obtain the special state life cerificate in Agriculture will need a total of 30 semester hours in professional subjects, which they may do by taking 12 hours additional to the course as outlined or by making substitutions in the course, subject to the approval of the Dean of the College and the head of this department.

RURAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT

PROFESSOR RICHESON, Supervisor

The work in this department is designed to meet the needs of the rural teacher.

- I. RURAL SCHOOL DIDACTICS—A course in Rural School Didactics is given, in which are discussed the proper attitude of the teacher towards the profession, the proper training for teachers, the relation that the school and the home bear to each other, the means of securing the best results in the school-room, the correlation of subjects, the proper combination of classes, the methods and need of supervision, the consolidation of weak Schools, and the best methods of instruction to be employed in the rural schools.
- 2. RURAL, SCHOOL, COURSE OF STUDY—Following the subject of methods as presented in the class in Rural School Didactics as shown above will be given a course in Rural School Course of Study in which a number of practical courses of study will be studied, together with a study of the Report of the Committee of Twelve. It will be the aim of this class to develop for itself a practical course of study, designed especially for use in the rural school.
- 3. RURAL, SCHOOL, SUPERVISION—Perhaps no other phase of school work is receiving more public attention at the present time than that of *Rural School Supervision*. The demand for superintendents, who are trained for the work, will no doubt be far in excess of the supply, and it will be of help to those interested in the rural schools to make preparation for this line of work.

A course in *Rural School Supervision* will be offered in each of the semesters of the year 1914-1915. Every phase of the work of Rural Supervision will be studied and special reading along this line will be required. Practically every work on rural schools and closely related subjects will be found in the library.

The class will recite twice each week and collegiate credit will be given.

Classes in Rural School Didactics and in the Rural School Course of Study will be organized about the middle of the second semester to accommodate those coming in after the close of their schools.

The department has in operation a first-class model rural school in which the work as taught in the class-room is exemplified in actual work. This model school is so located that it can be reached in a very few minutes by those taking this course.

Almost one-half of the 27,000 teachers employed in the public schools of Ohio are engaged in teaching rural schools or in small village schools where a close system of classification into grades by years is impossible. The State Normal College has made ample provision for the training of teachers for these schools and has recognized the essential differentiation in the function and needs of such schools as compared with those of cities and the large towns. The course for rural teachers makes ample provision for Observation and Practice in the Training School established for the special purpose of training rural teachers. In this Training School, divided into three rooms, are to be found in the eight grades. Each room is presided over by a skilled teacher who is a graduate of the State Normal College and who has had several years of successful experience in teaching. Over these three critic teachers is an experienced supervisor, a graduate of the State Normal College, with the bachelor's degree, who teaches professional and academic subjects in the State Normal College.

THE TWO YEAR COURSE provided for rural teachers does not require graduation for a four-year high school as a pre-requisite for admission. However, no diploma under the Hawkins Law can be granted for the completion of this course. For this reason, provision will be made for graduates of four-year high school course to take the regular two-year course in elementary education, in which the special courses in Rural Methods, Observations and Practice, and Rural School Course of Study will be substituted for courses in similar subjects required in that course. Then the graduate from the Rural School Course will be granted a diploma which will have the same value and receive the same recognition as a diploma issued on com-

pletion of the two-year course for elementary teachers. We strongly urge high-school graduates to take this course, for the rural schools of Ohio are very much in need of teachers who have received training equal to the training required of teachers for the town and cities. Students who have completed the work of the first year of the course as outlined on another page, will be permitted and required to teach in the Rural Training School.

DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY

PROFESSOR RICHESON

THE COURSE in Physiography will be research work entirely. It will be the aim of this course to develop the subject in a logical manner, taking up such parts of Physical Geography as are essential to the study of Political and Commercial Geography, after which the topical method of developing these phases of the subject will be pursued. This work will also be devoted, in part, to the study of methods.

In Physical Geography, no efforts will be made to encourage the memorizing of the work, but no pains will be spared to develop the thought. In this course, besides the work of the regular text, there will be required research work, field trips, laboratory exercises, and drawings.

The Political Geography will be especially designed to meet the needs of those expecting to take the teachers' examinations. This work will be comprehensive, thorough, and of permanent value. More attention will be given to geographical and industrial development than to locative geography, although this phase of the subject will not be neglected.

A class in Political Geography will be organized about the middle of the second semester to accommodate teachers coming in after the close of their schools.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

Professor Thomas N. Hoover Asst. Professor, Evan J. Jones

FIRST SEMESTER

- 1a. American History, collegiate, 3 hours.
- 2a. Advanced American Government, collegiate, 2 hours.
- 3a. Constitutional History, collegiate, 2 hours.
- 4a. Government of England, collegiate, 2 hours.
- 5a. American Statesmen, collegiate, 2 honrs.

SECOND SEMESTER

- 1b. American History, collegiate, 3 hours.
- 2b. Advanced American Government, collegiate, 2 hours.
- 3b. Constitutional Law, collegiate, 2 hours.
- 4b. Methods in History, collegiate, 2 hours.

DESCRIPTION OF THE COURSES—Courses Ia and Ib offer a thorough course in the history of our own country, The usual college method is used—lectures, reference work, papers, and term thesis. The guides to the courses will be the *Manual*, and the *Epoch* Series. These courses are open to all students in any department of the University excepting preparatory.

Courses 2a and 2b offer a thorough study of the actual workings of our government—National, State, and Local. The *Manual* and Hart's *Actual Government* will be used as guides.

Course 3a is a study of the making and the ratifying of the Federal Constitution. Sources are investigated and the students report on their topics investigated.

Course 3b is carried on by the text and case method. All the leading cases bearing on the subjects are abstracted. Willoughby's *Constitutional Law* is the guide.

Course 4a deals with the present actual Government of England—National, Local, and the Empire. Lowell's *Government of England* is used as a guide.

Course 4b is specially intended for those students who desire to teach history or government.

Course 3a and 4a, 3b and 4b may be given alternate years. Course 5a is a study of the lives of the leading Americans.

- I. HISTORY OF GREECE—Lectures, outside readings, and recitations. This course deals principally with the growth of Athenian democratic institutions in relation to and in comparison with our own modern institutions. The *Epoch* series and other standard works will be used. Professor Jones. Three hours of college credit.
- 2. HISTORY OF ROME—A course dealing with the overthrow of monarchy, the stuggle for political equality, the expansion of the republic, the rise and fall of the empire, and the introduction of Christianity. The arts, letters, and social condition will be studied in their respective periods. Seignobos's *History of the Roman People* is the text. Three hours of college credit. Professor Jones.
- 3. UNITED STATES HISTORY—Review course for teachers. Commences April 27. Intended to help those teaching or those preparing for a teachers' examination. Professor Jones.

THE KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL OF THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE OF OHIO UNIVERSITY

CONSTANCE T. McLeod, Principal
KATE DOVER, Instructor

This school offers a training to young women who desire to prepare themselves for professional work as kindergarteners.

It gives opportunities also for those who do not intend to become teachers, but desire this course as a means of general culture or as an aid in following other lines of work.

The Kindergarten School is an integral part of the University, so that in addition to the training in Kindergarten education, students receive instruction in other departments of the institution. As a part of the regular work in the Kindergarten School, a kindergarten is conducted where students may observe and obtain practical experience in all branches connected with such work.

Second year students attend the meetings of the Kindergarten Mothers' Association which are held once a month and so gain an insight into the organization and conducting of such meetings.

The course offered is two years in length, and leads to the diploma in Kindergarten Education. This course is given in detail on another page.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION—Graduation from a first-class high-school or equivalent scholarship.

The course is as follows:

FIRST YEAR

First Semester—Mother Play, 1; Gifts, 2; Occupations, 1. Second Semester—Mother Play, 2; Gifts, 1; Occupations, 1.

SECOND YEAR

First Semester—Mother Play, 2; Gifts, 2; Occupations, ½; Program Construction, ½.

Second Semester—Mother Play, 1; Stories, ½; Education of Man, ½; Program Construction, 1; Games, 1.

KINDERGARTEN THEORY AND ACTIVITIES—Under the head of Kindergarten Theory and Activities are included all those subjects which pertain especially to Kindergarten education.

FROEBEL'S *Mother Play*—A study of this work with reference to other writings of Froebel. Educational laws and life-truths are presented and insight gained into child life.

PROGRAM CONSTRUCTION—A study and discussion of the different divisions of Kindergarten work with the planning of programs for definite periods.

STORIES—A study of typical stories and of the principles governing their selection, with practice in story telling.

GIFTS AND OCCUPATIONS—Theory and Practice in use of the Kindergarten play material, known as the gifts, and the Kindergarten occupations, or hand work.

RHYTHM, SONGS, AND GAMES—A study of these with the principles underlying them.

OBSERVATION AND PRACTICE TEACHING—In the Kindergarten and also observation in the Primary School, both under supervision.

In connection with the observation and practice teaching in the Kindergarten a class is held one period a week for the discussion of the different parts of the daily work in the Kindergarten.

Observation in the Primary School and work in Primary Methods is limited to work done in the First and Second Grades.

In order to accommodate teachers who wish to gain an insight into Kindergarten theory and practice, a beginning class will be organized about the middle of the second semester if five or more students request it at that time.

DEPARTMENT OF HOME ECONOMICS

ELIZABETH H. BOHN, Director

MARGARET FARNAM, Domestic Art

ALICE SMITH Domestic Science

MARY O'DELL, Home Nursing

Domestic Science and Domestic Art are the various terms that are applied to the lines of work here grouped under *Home Economics*. The term is not satisfactory, but is used because it is the one often used and more generally understood to include the full range of subjects than the others. The scope of the subject matter here outlined covers the following points: Foods and their uses, cooking, general science, sewing, textiles, drawing and house decoration, home nursing and emergencies, household management and professional subjects.

THE DEPARTMENT OF HOME ECONOMICS is housed in Central Building on the second floor. When this course was opened a modern residence was purchased and fully equipped for carrying on the work that especially pertained to household problems. Two kitchens, a laboratory, pantry, ice room and dining room afford opportunity for practice in the preparation of various kinds of food.

The Domestic Art department occupies two rooms. One large and well lighted sewing room and adjoining this is a well equipped fitting room. The lecture and recitation rooms are equipped with various household appliances.

The course as outlined is designed to fit those pursuing it to teach this subject in the elementary and secondary schools. While it recognizes that a knowledge of the theory is essential to those who are preparing themselves for this work, it emphasizes also the practical side as very important. Practical work is given in cooking and sewing, sufficient to make the young woman skillful in her work and give her a good opportunity for instructing others.

This course is of a kind that it is practically necessary to begin the same at the opening of the first semester and continue it regularly throughout the two years. Certain subjects are elective but the entire course is compulsory for all who intend to specialize with a view to teaching the work.

REQUIREMENT—Graduation from high-school or fifteen units of preparatory work.

FEES—Fees to partially cover cost of materials are charged. See each course.

SEWING—Two consecutive hours twice a week throughout the course. Credit, two hours. Fee, \$1.50 each semester.

SEWING I—This course is offered the first semester. It includes the various stitches on canvas, hems and hemming; ruffles and bands; darning stockinet and cloth; patching, flannel work; buttonholes; sewing on of buttons, hooks and eyes; making of eyelets, seam, placket and gusset work; also models illustrating the use of emproideries and laces in white work. Machine models.

Courses in sewing for elementary schools are considered and methods of presenting the work are discussed.

SEWING II—This course is offered the second semester. For those in the regular course, model sewing is a requirement. Students in other courses may elect this work. This course includes both hand and machine sewing. The practical work covers the designing and drafting of patterns, cutting and making of a four-piece set of undergarments—and the care and manipulation of machines and attachments, as hemmer, gauge, tucker and ruffler. Materials and trimmings suitable for undergarments, the comparative cost of each, and amounts necessary are considered.

SEWING III—Requirement, Sewing II. The purpose of this course is to teach the principles of dressmaking, the taking of accurate measurements, the use of a drafting system by which patterns are designed and made, the designing of ordinary garments, the choosing and economical cutting of materials. The aim also is to develop neatness, accuracy, and originality. The practical work consists in the making of a tailored waist, tailored cotton shirt, and wool dress.

SEWING IV—Requirement, Sewing III and IV. This course is a continuation of Sewing III. It includes the making of a woolen or silk waist, gingham dress and a thin fancy dress, illustrating different ways of using embroidery or lace. Both drafted and purchased patterns are used.

Textures V—Two hours for the first twelve weeks of the second semester of the freshman year. Credit one hour. The purpose of this course is to give a practical understanding of the various textile fibers and processes of their manufacture that shall lead to judgment and taste in selections suited in wearing quality, adaptability, permanence of color, and harmony of design to the particular use for which they are intended.

MILLINERY VI—Designing, trimming, decoration—a study of system and harmony applied to millinery—a practical course which may lead one to specialize in this field, developing power of invention—economy and the utilization of materials by renovation—distinction and individuality is the product secured by the making of flowers and ornaments and other details.

OUTLINE OF COURSE

I. Wire Work for Fall Millinery.

Bandeaux, sticks. buckles, frames.

Design of shape of hat; handling the wire; cutting, fitting, and fastening.

II. Tinting and Renovating Materials.
Gasoline and oil paints and dyeing; selection and use of

III. Bow Making.

colors.

Tissue paper bows, even and uneven loops, rosettes. Use of silk ribbon.

IV. Millinery Stitches.
Slip, catch, saddlers', lacing.

V. Plaitings.

Box, single, double, rose.

Handling of a variety of materials; determination of color harmonies.

VI. Folds.

Milliners', French.

VII. Buckram Frame.

Designing of hat; shaping the material to suit prevailing styles; finishing the frame.

Covering, trimming, lining.

VIII. Street Hat for Spring Millinery.

Wire frame, covering, straw sewing, trimming; finishing the hat.

ART NEEDLE WORK VII—Aims to give essentials of good design as applied to art needlework—to apply this knowledge to articles of use, either clothing or house furnishing—to develop taste, skill, neatness, accuracy, and good judgment in work—to show the arrangement and development of the subject—to show its use in public school classes—to give methods of presentation.

OUTLINE OF COURSE

I Crocheting.

Stitches:—chain, slip, single crochet, double crochet, and triple crochet.

Mat:—method of widening; individual problem:—making article from printed directions.

II Knitting.

Casting on stitches; plain and plural stitches; binding off.

III Ornamental Darning.

Design planned by student; transferring designs; darning stitch; outlining design.

VI Applique.

Study of suitable materials, design, and color combinations in house furnishing.

Cutting of design; applying design to background; couching stitch; finishing articles.

V Cross Stitch.

Methods of working coarsely woven materials; over canvas; appearance of right and wrong sides; removing canvas; suitable materials and study of design.

VI Hemstitching and Sweedish Weaving.

Materials; measuring of hem; pulling threads; hemstitching; method of weaving.

VII Scallops.

Materials; design; working, outlining, padding, blanket stitching, cutting out, purling edge.

VIII French Embroidery.

Padding:-German;-running stitch; chain; lily.

Working leaves:—satin stitch; half satin stitch; half seed stitch.

Working dots:—solid; solid with stitching stitch; French knots; past stitch with outline.

Working eyelets:—round: overcast, shaded, and blanket stitching; oval: cutting, overcasting.

Working stems:—outlined; solid, straight, and slanting.

Working initials:—outlining; padding with running stitch, German, chain stitch, satin stitch,

Cooking VIII—Two consecutive hours twice a week throughout the course. Credit, two hours. Fee, \$2.50 each semester. This, course consists of practical work in the prepration, cooking; and serving of the following classes of foods—vegetables, cereals, fruits, starches, batters and doughs, beverages, soups, candies. meats. Special attention is given to the proper methods of work in the kitchen, to cleanliness, neatness, and accuracy of work.

COOKING IX—This course is a continuation of Course VIII, and is planned to apply the principles developed in that course to problems more difficult in manipulation and more complex in combination of food materials.

COOKING X—Continuation of Cooking VIII and IX. Practical work in canning and preserving, in cakes, pastries and preparation and serving of foods for the sick and convalescent. Special stress is laid on dainty and attractive service of foods prepared.

COOKING XI—Continuation of Cooking VIII, IX and X. Practical work in salads, sandwiches and chafing dish cookery hot and cold desserts. Dishes of more complicated nature are taken up in this course. Special attention is given to planning menus and formal services. Practical work is given in serving of breakfast, dinners or luncheons.

FOOD STUDY XII—This is a 3-hour course throughout the first semester. It includes the study of food principles, their source, composition and food value, also a brief study of digestion, digestive juices, and their action. Each food principal is studied as to composition, physical properties, influence on digestion, digestion in the various digestive organs, absorption-circulation, excretion and storage. A complete and systematic study is made of various food stuffs as to source, composition, structure, digestibility, food value, manufacture, cost and preparation. The course consists of lecture and reference work. Food Study runs parallel with Cooking VIII and IX.

HOUSEHOLD MANAGEMENT XIII—Three-hour course through-out the first semester. In this course are considered the problem of house administration with reference to structure, sanitation, furnishing, methods of cleaning; business management of the household, namely: division of income, household accounts including daily and weekly schedule, division of labor, domestic service, social, industrial and ethical relations of the home. Practical work is given in marketing, planning and erving of meals and general care of the house. Lectures on laundry work, cleansing of fabrics, removal of stains, etc., are given in this course. The laboratory work consists of practical laundry work according to methods presented in class. The equipping and care of the laundry are considered.

Home Nursing XIV—This is a two-hour course for the last six weeks of the second semester. The aim of this course is to teach the care of the sick in the home, to enable one to assist intelligently in the sick-room, and to handle emergencies in the house and elsewhere. It includes the location, care, furnishing and ventilation of the sick-room; the care of the patient, as to feeding, bathing and dressing; application of poultices and bandaging. Text—Practical Nursing, by Maxwell and Pope.

DIETETICS XV—This is a three-hour course throughout the second semester. This course deals with the nutritive value, digestibility, and cost of various foods. Dietaries for persons of different ages, under different conditions, and engaged in various occupations are computed.

HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION OF DOMESTIC SCIENCE AND ART XVI—This is a one-hour course throughout the second semester. The origin and growth of domestic science and art, their place in the school curriculum, the correlation of domestic science and art work with other subjects taught in the public schools, the planning of a course of study and its adaptation to conditions existing, equipment and cost, the presentation of the work, and methods of teaching are considered.

APPEAL TO TEACHERS—It is the aim of this Department to to be of immediate service to teachers actually engaged in teaching. The law in Ohio requires a minimum school term of eight months. This brings the most schools to a close the last of April. The courses in Domestic Science and Art are so arranged that most of the work is given in half semesters of nine or ten weeks each. Teachers may therefore enter at the close of their school and find classes just organizing for the last quarter of 8 to 10 weeks. These classes in most case will recite twice as often as classes organized at the beginning of the semester and will therefore be able to do a whole semester's work. Many first semester studies are also repeated at this time to accommodate students who desire to enter for the last quarter.

Needed Uniforms

The regulation dress is a plain, untrimmed, blue chambray, one-piece garment.

The skirts are plain gored; sleeves long or below the elbows with adjustable turned-back white cuffs and white standing or low collar, which may be detachable.

Three or four uniforms will be needed. The goods should be shrunk before using.

If students are not able to secure material desired, it may be had by sending to the Department. The material costs 12½ cents per yard.

Aprons are of *white* material, perferable white percale—a good grade of muslin may be used—made sleeveless, princess style. See Butterick patterns No. 5162 or 4941.

DEPARTMENT OF MANUAL TRAINING

G. E. McLaughlin, Instructor

C. O. WILLIAMSON, Assistant Instructor

The interest and demand of the general public upon the public schools of to-day is that their product shall be better equipped for life work, whatever that may be, at the time they leave the public school, and one of the best methods of solving this problem is for the schools to give more time and attention to Manual Training and Industrial Training.

A COURSE IN MANUAL TRAINING was established in the State Normal College in the fall of 1911 in compliance with the earnest demand for teachers of this subject from all parts of the state.

THE WORK IN MANUAL TRAINING is of such a nature that not only those who expect this subject but every teacher or student would find it not only profitable but a pleasure to do some work along this line.

The Shops of the Manual Training department of the State Normal College, occupy two large rooms on the lower floor of Ewing Hall. The wood working room is 60 by 60 feet, well lighted and well suited for our needs. The equipment consists of 20 individual benches fitted with quick acting vises, and each with its necessary individual tools, so that it is rarely necessary for a pupil to leave his bench while class is in session. Also a large number of general tools in cases and wall racks; one 12-inch circular rip and cut-off saw; one 12-inch jointer with safety guard; one 30-inch grind stone. All driven from common counter shaft, which in turn is driven by a five horse-power motor. Ten, eleven by twenty-six inch speed lathes for wood turning driven by a five horse-power motor, shafting underneath lathe, thus eliminating dangers of belting.

One universal wood trimmer, miter saws, and sufficient wood clamps for glue work. Benches for hammered metal work and equipment. Cases for displaying finished work, and sufficient lockers for each student.

The metal working shop is a room 20 by 50 feet well lighted, and well suited for our needs. It contains the following machin-

ery; five thirteen-inch engine lathes, one power hack saw, one twelve-inch force drill, emery grinder, drilling lathe, benches fitted with vises for filing and chipping, dies for pipe cutting and fitting. All machines are driven from counter shaft on floor which in turn is driven by a seven horse-power motor.

DESCRIPTION OF COURSES—The following is a brief ontline of the nature of the major portion of the courses taught in this department.

- I. ELEMENTARY WOOD WORK I—Two hours. Laboratory (4 hours). This work consists of the more simple processes of tool work, use of knife, try square plane, saw and hammer, the soft woods being used. The models followed will be those generally used in the 6th and 7th grades.
- 2. ELEMENTARY WOOD WORK II—Two hours. Laboratory. A continuation of No. 1. The students will be expected to plan and outline their own models, and then work them out according to their drawings; in this way students will not only gain an idea of suitable problems for grade work but will have the models future illustration.
- 3. BENCH WORK—Two hours. Laboratory four hours per week. This work includes the hard woods and the more difficult tool processes. All work will be from models, and will consist of small pieces, such as a clock case, filing box, double frame, book rack or candle stick holder; special attention being given to gluing, fitting, sanding and rubbing.
- 4. Joinery—Two hours, laboratory four hours per week. Elementary Wood Work, by Selden, will be used as a laboratory guide. Work will consist in making the different joints both in soft and hard wood, special attention being given to neatness and accuracy. The latter part of the term will be given to the application of these joints.
- 5. WOOD FINISHING—Laboratory, three hours; class, one hour.

This course deals with the different processes of finishing woods, both the theory and the practice. The following methods are studied: stains, water, acid, and oils, fillers, whiting, plaster of Paris and silex, shellac, wax finish, varnish, rubbing, sanding, polishing, refinishing, care of brushes, and containers for stains for varnishes.

- 6. Wood Turning—Laboratory, four hours per week. Exercises in turning given to familiarize the student with wood turning tools, and lathe operations. Each piece bringing a new tool manipulation. These exercises are applied in the making of finished articles in hard wood. The course includes care of lathe and tools, turning between centers, straight taper, curves, beads, face plate and chuck turning, sandpapering and polishing.
- 7. PATTERN MAKING—Laboratory, three hours; class one hour. This course is designed to give a preliminary study of pattern making and foundry practice. A number of smaller patterns are made and finished ready for moulding. Special attention is given to shrinkage, finishing and core work.
- 8. Cabinet Making—Laboratory, four hours. This course is open for those who have had Courses 2 and 3 or equivalent. The work consists of desinging, making drawings and blue prints, different pieces of furniture, one of which must be of difficult construction. The student is expected to get out all stock using the shop equipment. Elementary Cabinet Work by Seldon, will be used as a laboratory guide.
- 9. MACHINE SHOP—Three hours; laboratory, six hours per week. The work includes bench work, chipping and filing, lathe work, straight and taper turning, thread cutting, face plate work, chucking, inside turning, eccentric work, polishing, boring, drilling, shaper work, grinding of tools, and drills, care of lathes, belts and shafting.
- 10. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION OF MANUAL TRAINING—Two hours. A study of the educational conditions that led to the Manual Training movement and its development. Part of the work is outside reading with written reports and part is lectures and open discussion of problems that arise in the organizing of the work.
- II. CONSTRUCTIVE DESIGN—Two hours. The work consists in designing models suitable for grade and high-school work, special attention being given to proportion. Laying out tentative courses for school work and discussing problems that may arise in the carrying out of these courses.
- 12. MANUAL TRAINING IN THE TRAINING SCHOOL—Woodwork is required of the boys attending the seventh and

eighth grades of the Normal College Training School. There will be two lessons a week of one hour each.

Teachers taken the Manual Training course have the special advantage of observing the work under a special instructor. Also during their second year they will be required to do practice teaching in wood work.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ART OF TEACHING

PROFESSOR COULTRAP

In this department, earnest effort is made to present in a clear, practical, and helpful way what is fundamental in the art of teaching. Special pains are taken to point out the functions and limitations of various methods. It is increasingly clear that pattern methods have less to do with one's success in teaching than has a clear grasp of the fundamental principles of teaching and a more intelligent and conscientious application of these guidings principles in practice. One special object of the course is to give the teachers guiding ideals in teaching. The more clearly the end to be attained is seen, the greater the inspiring interest and the higher the skill. The various theoretical solutions of problems of teaching as suggested in the course of instruction findp ractical application in the class-room as a laboratory of method.

Purpose of Observation—The visits to the several schools or classes are intended to acquaint the student at first hand with the problems of teaching and school management. Through observation in class-work under efficient instructors, the inexperienced student, or even the student of some experience, has an opportunity to define his own educational standards and to enter intelligently into the discussions of the course.

REQUIREMENTS IN OBSERVATION—All classes in secondary education in the State Normal College and in the several departments of the Athens high school are open to students in Observation and Practice, by courtesy of the instructors. The privilege thus afforded should be appreciated. If any student shows himself inconsiderate, he will not be permitted to continue his visits.

THE PURPOSE OF THE REPORTS—The reports are not intended merely to record what the student saw, nor to afford him an opportunity for criticism. In each report the student is expected to name the problems suggested by the work he observed and to discuss as well as he can the solution of these problems. He is expected to have in mind, in his visits, specific questions to which he seeks answers. Definite periods will be fixed for the student to discuss his reports with the head of the department, the object being to correct or to confirm the student's views, supply additional information, and direct him to sources of knowledge or to records of profitable discussion. Each student is required to use note-books in the observation work and to make a summarized report at the close of each semester.

THE PURPOSE OF TEACHING—The teaching under supervision offers direct preparation for efficiency in class-room instruction. The student learns best to teach by teaching. In this preliminary experience, he has the guidance of the head of the department and of the instructors in whose classes his work is done; he thus begins his professional career with the advantage of an opportunity of forming his habits of teaching carefully and intelligently.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR TEACHING—The student is expected to teach three full hours for three hours of credit; but where there is a large number of students taking the work, it may be necessary during certain periods to substitute observation and class-room assistance for the full responsibility of teaching. In all cases the student is required to attend class three full hours per week during the semester. The obligation of the student-teacher for said periods is exactly the same as that of a regular instructor; that is to say, he must arrive on time, make his lesson plan, take such part as the instructor may direct, and remain to the close of the recitation. This work in teaching is open only to those who have credits for the requisite amount of professional work. Teaching is given in the Senior year.

FIRST SEMESTER

I. SECONDARY DIDACTICS—Three hours. Junior required. Scientific method in class teaching and in the study of edu-

cational problems is marked out as the distinctive type of training to be emphasized through this course. Specific difficulties in method will be set before the students, and guidance will be given in finding facts and in working up materials for their solution. Opportunity for gathering data first hand will be afforded through regular observation work in secondary classes of the State Normal College. The text-book used will be De Garmo's *Principles of Secondary Education*.

2. Secondary Teaching—Three hours. Senior required. Students presenting themselves for work in practice teaching must have had a minimum of eighteen hours of work in education including the courses in Secondary Didactics and High School Methods. Exceptions will be made to this rule only in case of graduate students and teachers of approved experience. A major and a minor subject must be chosen by each student, two hours per week being given to the former and one to the latter; all teaching will be done in regular organized classes in secondary subjects and will be under the immediate direction of the regular instructors of these classes but subject to the supervision of the head of the department.

SECOND SEMESTER

- 3. SECONDARY DIDACTICS—Three hours. Junior required.
 This is a continuation of course 1.
- 4. Secondary Teaching—Three hours. Senior required. This is a continuance of course 2. Students will be expected to give one or two hours a week to the major subject selected for the first semester, devoting the remaining time to one or two minors, as they may elect. The reading required covers the best available material on the teaching of the student's specialties.

COURSE OF STUDY

OF THE

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

O F

OHIO UNIVERSITY

COURSES LEADING TO DIPLOMAS AND DEGREES

IN THE FOLLOWING PAGES may be found an analytical statement of each course. The course for high-school teachers, principals, and superintendents requires 120 semester hours and leads to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. The one-year course for college graduates requires 30 semester hours in Education and leads to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. All the other courses with but one exception require from 60 to 66 semester hours and lead to special diplomas, which lead to state life cetificates, as outlined on a previous page. The one exception is the course for the training of teachers for rural schools, which does not require 15 units of preparatory work for admission, as does each of the other courses.

A total of 10 semester hours in Observation and Teaching, or Didactics and Teaching, is required in each course. The figures following each study indicate the number of semester hours of credit given for each and these numbers usually correspond to the number of recitations of 60 minutes each given in the subject per week.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

Students may be admitted on examination or on certificate from a recognized high-school. A graduate of a first-grade, or four-year, high-school, is usually able to enter without any

conditions. A graduate of a three-year high-school, is usually given 12 to 14 units; and a graduate from a two-year high-school, 8 to 10 units; as determined by the standard outlined below.

A unit is the equivalent of a course in any given secondary school subject pursued a school year covering not less than 120 hours of 60 minutes each. If the recitations are but 40 minutes in length, 180 recitations are required to make a unit. Usually a high-school subject pursued 32 weeks with five recitations per week is accepted as a unit, but the recitations should be 45 minutes in length. Two hours of laboratory work, manual training, or drawing are required for one hour of credit.

CANDIDATES FOR ADMISSION to the degree courses of the State Normal College must present credentials from high-school or examination covering fifteen unites in recognized secondary subjects, as indicated below:

ENGLISH (select 3 units); Composition and Rhetoric, 2 units; Classics, 1; History of Literature, 1; English Grammar in the Senior Year, ½.

HISTORY (select I unit); American History and Civics, I; Ancient History, ½, ½, or I; Medieval History, ½, ½, or I; Modern History, ½, ½, or I; General History one year, I unit; English History, ½, ½, or I.

MATHEMATICS (select 2 units); Algebra through quadratics 1; Algebra completed, ½; Plane Geometry, 1; Slid Geometry, ½; Plane Trigonometry, ½; Arithmetic following Algebra and Geometry, ½.

FOREIGN LANGUAGES (select 4 in one language or in two); Latin, 2, 3, or 4; Greek, 2, 3, or 4; German, 2, 3, or 4; French, 2, 3, or 4; Spanish, 2, 3, or 4.

Science (select 1 unit); Physics, 1; Chemistry, 1; Physical Geography, ½ or 1; Botany, ½ or 1; Zoölogy, ½ or 1; Physiology ½; Agriculture, ½ or 1; Domestic Science, ½; Drawing, ½; Manual Training, ½; Commercial Geography, ½. The above schedule names 11 required units; the remainder of 4 units to be selected by the student.

Other subjects are rated on amount and character of work done, as shown by certificate from the high-school. Students should write the Registrar for Application Blanks before entering.

Foreign Language—If the student has had but four years of one foreign language or two years in each of two foreign languages, he must pursue a foreign language two years in college, but if he can present credits for five years in two foreign languages, he will be required to take but one year of a foreign language in the college course. Additional work in the foreign languages may be taken as electives. This requirement applies only to students pursuing the four-year or degree course.

SPECIAL STUDENTS—Students who desire to pursue special studies and are not candidates for a degree will be admitted on the following conditions:

Applicants over twenty-one years of age who can present credits for the common English branches, as well as such other branches as would qualify them to enter the class they wish to enter, will be admitted with special ranking, but students admitted on such terms will be required to satisfy by examination all entrance requirements before being permitted to graduate from any diploma course.

SPECIAL PREPARATION FOR TEACHING IN HIGH SCHOOLS —There is a strong demand for high-school teachers, principles, and superintendents who have had special college training in one or two lines of work. To meet this demand the State Normal College has always discouraged scattering in the selection of electives and has always required of those preparing to become high-school teachers that they select not later than the Sophomore year, Science, Mathematics, Commercial Subjects, English, Foreign Language or History, and do three years of college work in the subjects chosen. Therefore candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education shall have before graduation not less than 15 semester hours to their credit in one of the five lines named. The course also requires a total of 30 semester hours in Education. The remaining 82 semester hours may all be distributed among the groups of Mathematics, History, English, Foreign Languages, and Science, Students preparing to teach in the high-school are

advised to carry two majors, although but one is required. Teachers who have done three years of college work in two related fields, such as History and English, or Mathematics and Science, have a much stronger call to a good teaching position than those who have specialized in nothing, or in but one study.

In the Sophomore year one of the Sciences is required, the option to be made by the student, who selects from Agriculture, Biology, or Chemistry. If Biology is chosen it must be followed by one semester of Botany. If Agriculture or Chemistry is chosen, it must be carried through two semesters.

In the Junior year opportunity is offered for a year in Manual Training, or Domestic Science, or Agriculture, or Commercial Science for those preparing as special teachers in such subjects. Should the student not desire one of these special subjects a substistute will be assigned by the Dean of the College to suit the line of special preparation the student is making.

In the Senior year students who are preparing for positions as principals, supervisors, or superintendents will be required to take two semesters in School Administration, but students preparing to teach rather than to supervise will not be required to take this work in School Administration.

The great number of options governed by the restrictions above outlined enable students to pursue a large number of variations.

STANDING OF STUDENTS—The standing of a student in his course shall be designated by the members of the faculty who shall record on their class books and on the credit slips of students the following standard of proficiency: Grade A shall mean 95% or above; B shall mean 90 to 94 inclusive; C shall mean 80 to 89 inclusive; D shall mean 70 to 79 inclusive; E shall mean conditioned, and F shall mean failure. All students who have made no grade below C for the preceding semester may be allowed to carry 16 semester hours; students who have made no grade below B for the preceding semester may be allowed to carry 17 semester hours, and students who have made A in all studies for the preceding semester may be allowed to carry 18

semester hours. Whether a student shall be allowed to carry more than 15 semester hours shall be determined by the Committee on Classification and Registration.

DEGREE.—Upon completion of the four-year course in the State Normal College, with all entrance conditions met as above outlined, the student will be granted the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. Students who contemplate a change in course from one degree to another, should do so not later than the Sophomore year. Students cannot elect occasional studies at random and call it "professional training," under the laws of 1914. All work to count on the requirement of professional training shall be done in The State Normal College.

Graduates from a reputable literary college may complete an elective course in Education in one year of 30 semester hours, and receive the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. The course is outlined on another page.

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN EDUCATION

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER	
Select one: Latin, 4; Greek, 4; German, 3; French, 3 3 or 4 College Algebra, 3; or Physics, 3; or American History 3 Civic Biology 3 Psychology 3 English Composition, Teachers' Course	Continue one foreign language, 3 or Trigonometry, 3; or Physics, 3; or American History	
SOPHOMOI	RE YEAR	
Agriculture, 4; or Biology, 3; or Chemistry 3 Ethics 2 Hygiene and Sanitation 3 American Poetry 3 Paidology 3 Electives 2	Agriculture, 4; or Chemistry, 3; or Botany	
JUNIOR	YEAR	
Science of Education	Science of Education 3 High School Methods 2 Psychology 3 Secondary Didactics 3 Commercial Subjects, 4; or Domestic Science, 4; or Manual Training, 4; or Agriculture, 2; or Social Methods in Education 2 or 4 Electives 2	
SENIOR YEAR		
School Administration or an assigned elective*	Supervision and Criticism or an assigned elective* 2 History of Education 3 Teaching 3 Elizabethan Dramatists, 3; or Philosophy 2 Electives 5	

EXPLANATION OF DEGREE COURSE—Each candidate for the degree from the State Normal College must have a credit of 120 semester hours. By taking 15 hours each semester a stu-

^{*}This course in School Administration and Supervision and Criticism will not be required of those who are preparing definitely for teaching positions only, in which case the year must be given to the subject the student has chosen as a major.

dent can graduate in four years. Three summer sessions will enable a student to complete 30 semester hours if his work is supervised by the college faculty during the school years intervening; otherwise four summer sessions will be required to cover 30 semester hours.

Six years of foreign languages are required for graduation and if the student presents credits for but four years on entering, the two collegiate years in a foreign language will be required.

Apparently the course above outlined is nearly all required, yet there are many opportunities for options, resulting in a great many variations in the course. In the Junior year students who expect to teach a special subject such as Agriculture, Domestic Science, Commercial Science, etc., will be required to take a year in the subject chosen, 6 to 8 semester hours. Students not choosing any of these will be assigned an option by the Dean of the College.

One Year Course for College Graduates

GRADUATES of reputable colleges granting a bachelor's degree on four years' work may elect 15 hours of work in education from the following subjects, with the consent of the Dean of the College. Completion of 30 semester hours in Education will entitle the holder of a college degree to receive from the State Normal College of Ohio University the degree of bachelor of Science in Education,

FIRST SEMESTER—Select 15 hours: Psychology, 3; Paidology, 3; School Administration, 3; Science of Education, 3; History of Education, 3; School Law, 3; Secondary Course of Study, 2; Secondary Didactics, 3; Grammar Grade Methods, 3; Elementary Course of Study, 3; High-School Methods. 2; Teaching, 3; Methods of Teaching Special Subjects, 2; Thesis, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Select 15 hours: Science of Education, 3; History of Education, 3; High-School Methods, 3; Secondary Didactics, 3; Physology, 3; Supervision and Criticism, 2; Teaching, 3; Paidology, 3; History of Elementary Education, 3.

COURSE FOR ELEMENTARY TEACHERS

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Psychology. 3 English Composition, Teachers' Course. 2 Sanitation and Hygiene 2 American History 3 Public-School Music. 1 Public-School Drawing. 1 Advanced Grammar 2 Observation and Methods 3	Literature in the Grades. 2

SOPHOMORE YEAR

Paidology Elementary Course of Study Civic Biology	2	Psychology 3 Sociology 2 English Poetry 3
Teaching Physiography History of Elementary Education	2	Teaching 2 Elementary Agriculture, 8; or Domestic Science 8; or Manual Training, 3; or Hand Work, 2; or Special Methods in Education, 2.

Notes—This course requires a total of 66 semester hours of which 10 shall be in Observation and Teaching. Students who have had a satisfactory course in drawing in the public schools will be held to but two hours each week for one year, while those who have had little or no instruction in Drawing prior to matriculation will be required to give four hours a week to this subject. Each group will receive the same credit, two semester hours. For further explanations of this course see a succeeding page of this catalogue.

THE THIRD OR SPRING QUARTER—The second semester in each of the courses in the State Normal College is divided into half semesters, or quarters, in order to accomodate teachers who desire to enter late in April or early in May, or as soon as their schools close. Almost every study scheduled to be given in the second semester will be offered in two classes, the second class beginning about eight or nine weeks before the close of the semester and reciting twice as many times per week as the regular class. Each spring several of the regular first semester studies will also be offered at the time of the organization of the new classes, so that teachers may enter at that time even more advantageously than at the beginning of the Summer Quarter.

It will be noticed that in the second semester of the second year options are offered in vocational subjects. These subjects are now required in many schools and every teacher should be fully equipped in at least one of these subjects, but if the student for any good reason does not care to take work of this character some other study will be assigned by the Dean of the College. Students who desire one year or more than one full year's work in a vocational subject will be given the opportunity.

The maximum number of hours allowed in one semester is 17, not counting Physical Culture, which must be taken two semesters in any diploma course.

The requirements for admission to this course are the same as for admission to all other diploma and degree courses in the University, with the exception that the fifteen units required for freshman rank may be made up of any recognized secondary subjects. In other words, no foreign language is required for admission to the Normal College diploma courses. This statement applies to all courses in the State Normal College except the two degree courses. Any graduate from a recognized first grade high-school will be admitted to the Freshman class of any of these courses without examination, but should such a student desire to pursue the course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education, all the requirements for that course must be met.

Attention is called to the requirements of the Ohio Laws of 1914, relative to professional training. Beginning January 1, 1915, professional training will be required as a pre-requisite to admission to the county examinations

A DOUBLE COURSE

A STUDENT may obtain two diplomas and one degree in four years. It frequently happens that a teacher who prepares for grade work, or on a special subject, later desires to enter upon high-school teaching. Our courses of study at the State Normal College are so arranged that a student may obtain one of these special diplomas within the four years required to obtain the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. It also is possible for a teacher who always expects to be a Kindergartner, or a teacher of Music, or of Drawing, or of Agriculture, or of Manual Training, or of Domestic Science, or of Commercial Science, to obtain the Bachelor's degree and the special diploma both in four years. Frequently the elementary or grade teacher finds a college degree easily within her reach, but she does not want to be required to do her observation and practice teaching in high-school subjects. Nor does she want to take so much

work in Mathematics and Languages as is usually required for a Bachelor's degree.

The following double-track course of study shows how a student may obtain both diplomas and the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education in four years:

FRESHMA	N YEAR
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
A Foreign Language 3 or 3; Observation and Methods 3 American History* 3 Civic Biology 3 Psychology 3 English Composition 2 Public-School Drawing 1 Public-School Music, 1, 2; or College Algebra or Physics	A Foreign Language or Observation and Methods
SOPHOMOR	RE YEAR
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Agriculture, or Biology, Chemistry	Agriculture, Botany, or Chemistry. Sociology 2, or Advanced Arithmetic. English Poetry. Paidology 3, or School Management. Psychology or Teaching.
JUNIOR	YEAR
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Science of Education	Science of Education
SENIOR	
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
School Administration, or an assigned elective	Supervision and Criticism or an assigned elective 2 History of Education 3 Teaching 3 Elizabethan Dramatists, or Philosophy, or any specified elec-
	tive 3

(Where options are named, those indicated are required in the course in Elementary Education. A similar arrangement can be made for any other two-year course. When a student completes a degree course and also a diploma course, only three semesters of Teaching are required in the two courses.)

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE BACHELOR OF EDUCATION IN MUSIC

Prerequisite full College Entrance Requirements		
FRESHMAN YEAR		
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER	
Voice 2 Piano or Violin 1 Notation and Sight Singing 2 Harmony 2 Methods 2 History of Music 1 Psychology 3 Observation 2 Ear Training. ½ Semester 2 Chorus and Conducting. ½ Semester 2	Voice 1 Piano or Violin 1 Notation and Sight Singing 2 Harmony 2 Observation 2 History of Music 1 Paidology 8 School Management and School Law 2 Methods, ½ Semester 2 Advanced Sight Singing, ½ Semester 2	
SOPHOMOR	E YEAR	
Voice 2 Piano or Violin 1 Harmony 2 Advanced Sight Singing 2 Methods 2 Teaching 3 Elementary Course of Study 3	Voice 2 Harmony 2 Methods 2 Teaching 3 Principles of Education 3 Advanced Sight Singing, ½ Semester 2 Chorus and conducting, ½ Semester 2 Elective 2	
JUNIOR	YEAR	
FIRST SEMESTER Voice 2 Interpretation and Form 3 Science of Education 3 German or French 5 Psychology 3	SECOND SEMESTER Voice	
SENIOR YEAR		
Voice	SECOND SEMESTER Voice	

DEGREE COURSE FOR TEACHERS OF COMMERCIAL SCIENCE, B. S. IN EDUCATION

FRESHMAN YEAR

English Composition 2 English Composition 2 Economics 3 Commercial Law 3 American History 3 College Algebra, or Physics, or Civic Biology 7 Civic Biology 3 Civic Biology 3

CODUCTOR VEAD

SECOND SEMESTER

A Foreign Language..... 4

FIRST SEMESTER

A Foreign Language..... 4

501 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110	I LAN	
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER	
American Poetry 3 Accounting I 4 Negotiable Contracts 2 Com'l Geography 2 Industrial History 2 Psychology 3	English Poetry. Accounting II. Money and Banking. Advanced Economics. Principles of Education. Elective.	4 2 2 3
JUNIOR	YEAR	
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER	
Accounting III. 2 Public Speaking. 2 Stenography I. 4 Typewriting and Comp. I. 2 Corporation Acetg. 3 Secondary Course Study. 2	Corporation Finance	2423
SECOND YEAR		
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER	
Teaching 3 Stenography III 3 History of Education 3 School Administration 3 Elective 3	Advanced Civics	3332

SECOND SEMESTER

| School Law | 2 | School Drawing | 1 | Free-Hand Drawing | 4 | Hand Work | 2 | Electives | 6 | 6 |

School Management and

DIPLOMA COURSE FOR SUPERVISOR OF PUBLIC SCHOOL DRAWING

FRESHMAN YEAR

SOPHOMORE YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER

Bookbinding or Manual Training..... 2 Electives..... 5

Designing. 2 Mechanical Drawing. 2 Paidology. 3 Elementary Course of Study. 2 Observation and Methods. 2 Science of Education. 3 Electives. 2	Designing 2 Mechanical Drawing 2 Free-Hand Drawing 2 Art Appreciation 1 Teaching and 0 Observation 2 Science of Education 3 Electives 3
JUNIOR	YEAR
Composition and	
	N YEAR
Psychology 3 School Drawing 2 Mechanical Drawing 2 Bookbinding or Manual Training 2 Free-hand Drawing 4 Electives 2	SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education 3 School Drawing 1 Mechanical Drawing 2 School Management and School Law 2 Free-Hand Drawing 4 4 Observation in Teaching 3
FIRST SEMESTER Psychology 3 School Drawing 2 Mechanical Drawing 2 Bookbinding or Manual Training 2 Free-hand Drawing 4	SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education

DIPLOMA COURSE IN KINDERGARTEN EDUCATION

FRESHMAN YEAR

SECOND SEMESTER

FIRST SEMESTER

Psychology. 3 Kindergarten Theory and Activities. 4 Civic Biology. 3 English Composition, N. C. 2 Observation and Methods. 3 Sanitation and Hygiene. 2	Principles of Education Civic Biology, 3; or Instrumental Music. Kindergarten Theory and Activities. School Management and School Law. Observation and Practice. Sociology.	
SOPHOMORE YEAR		
Kindergarten Theory and Activities. 5 School Music. 2 School Drawing 1 Paidology 3 Teaching in Kindergarten 3 Handwork 2 Electives 2	Kindergarten Theory and Activities School Music	
DIPLOMA COURSE IN	MANUAL TRAINING	
FRESHMAN YEAR		
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER	
Psychology 3 School Drawing 1 Mechanical Drawing 2 Elementary Wood Work 2 Joinery 2 Sanitation and Hygiene 2 Observation and Methods 2 English Composition, Teachers' 2 Course 2	Principles of Education	
SOPHOMORE YEAR		
Cabinet Making 2 Design 2 Constructive Mechanical Drawing 2 Wood Finishing 2 Pattern Making 2	Cabinet Making 2 Mechanical Drawing 2 Machine Shop 2 Wood Turning 2 Hammered Metal Work 2	

DIPLOMA COURSE IN HOME ECONOMICS

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER		
Psychology 3	Principles of Education 3		
Chemistry 3 Sanitation 2	Chemistry 3 Sewing II 2		
Food Study 3	Cooking II 2		
Sewing I	Textiles 1		
Cooking I	Applied Design		
English Composition 2	Home Nursing 1		
SOPHOMO	SOPHOMORE YEAR		
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER		
Primary Handwork 2	Elementary Agriculture		
Cooking III	(Home Gardening)		
Teaching	Dieteties		
Millinery and Art Needlework. 1 Bacteriology 3	Teaching 3		
Household Management 3	Millinery and Art Needlework. 1 Sewing IV 2		
History and Organization of Do-	Cooking IV 2		
mestic Science and Art 1 Mechanical Drawing 2	History of Industrial Education 2		
mechanical Diawing			
DIPLOMA COURSE IN P	UBLIC-SCHOOL MUSIC		
FRESHMAN YEAR			
PRESIDA	IN I LAK		
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER		
FIRST SEMESTER Voice	SECOND SEMESTER Voice		
FIRST SEMESTER Voice	SECOND SEMESTER Voice		
FIRST SEMESTER Voice	SECOND SEMESTER Voice		
FIRST SEMESTER Voice 2 Piano 1 Notation and Sight Singing 2 Harmony 2 Methods 2	SECOND SEMESTER Voice		
FIRST SEMESTER Voice	SECOND SEMESTER Voice		
FIRST SEMESTER Voice. 2 Piano 1 Notation and Sight Singing 2 Harmony 2 Methods 2 History of Music 1 Psychology 3	Voice		
Voice	Voice		
Voice	Voice		
FIRST SEMESTER Voice. 2 Piano 1 Notation and Sight Singing 2 Harmony 2 Methods 2 History of Music 1 Psychology 3	Voice		
Voice	Voice. 1 Piano 1 Notation and Sight Singing 2 Harmony 2 Observation 3 History of Music 1 Paidology 3 School Management and School Law 2 Methods, ½ Semester 2 Advanced Sight Singing, ½ Semester 2		
Voice 2 Piano 1 Notation and Sight Singing 2 Harmony 2 Methods 2 History of Music 1 Psychology 3 Observation 2 Ear Training, ½ Semester 2 Chorus and Conducting, ½ Semester 2 SOPHOMOR	Voice		
Voice	Voice		

DIPLOMA COURSE IN SCHOOL AGRICULTURE

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
General Agriculture 2 Horticulture 3	General Agriculture 3 Horticulture 2
Forestry 2 Civic Biology 3	Forestry 2
Rural School Didactics 3 Domestic Science or Manual	Civic Biology
Training 2	Principles of Education 3

SOPHOMORE YEAR

Soils		Soils	2
Chemistry	3	Chemistry	3
Evolution and Heredity	3	Rural Economics or Com'l Law . :	3
Farm Animals	2	Farm Crops	3
Botany	2	Botanv	2
History of Industrial Education	2	Electives	ŧ
Electives	2		

Electives to be made from the following subjects:

Professional Studies—School Administration and School Law, History of Education, Science of Education, Ethics, Secondary Course of Study, Psychology, Logic Paidology, Supervision and Criticism, Sociology, Teaching.

OR—Agricultural Chemistry, Farm Accounts, Advanced Botany, Vertebrate Zoology, Physiography, Soils, Geology, Cement, Domestic Science, Manual Training.

Note—Students desiring to obtain the special state life certificate in Agriculture will need a total of 30 semester hours in professional subjects, which they may do by taking 12 hours additional to the course as outlined or by making substitutions in the course, subject to the approval of the Dean of the College and the head of this department.

RURAL SCHOOL COURSE FOR TEACHERS

FIRST YEAR

SECOND YEAR

Psychology	Theory and Practice
**Electives	2

*Courses in Rural School Didactics, Rural School Course of Study School Management and School Law will be organized at the middle of the second semester to accommodate teachers entering after the close of their schools.

**A great deal of latitude will be allowed students in electing branches to make up the required amount of work, and subjects can be selected from either the mathematics, science, history, or English departments. No student will be permitted to carry more than 17 semester hours. Each student taking this course should have at least one semester in Manual Training.

COURSE FOR RURAL SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS

Ohio now requires both County Superintendents and District Superintendents, in addition to all other supervisory positions required in the past. Persons desiring to qualify for these positions, paying from \$1,000 a year to perhaps \$2,500 a year, should take the regular four-year course leading to the degree of B. S. in Education and specialize by taking all the courses offered in the Rural Training Department, courses in School Administration Supervisor. Courses of Study, Rural Economics, Agriculture, Manual Training, History of Education, and Science of Education.

DIPLOMA COURSE IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION

A course in the Theory of Physical Education will be offered beginning September, 1914. This course is for students who wish to teach physical education in connection with other subjects. This course will cover two semesters, two hours. For students who desire to specialize in this line of work, the following Diploma Course is provided:

FRESHMAN YEAR

SECOND SEMESTER

FIRST SEMESTER

Physiology and Hygiene Chemistry Psychology History of Physical Education and Gymnastics. Practice of Gymnastics and Ath- letics (3). Civic Biology	4 3 1 1	Civic Biology 3 Physiology 3 Chemistry 4 Theory of Physical Education 2 Practice of Gymnastics and Athletics (3) 1 School Management and School Law 2
Paidology Human Anatomy History of Elementary Educa- tion Bacteriology Physiology of Bodily Exercise Practice in Gymnastics and Ath- letics (2) Teaching	3 3 8 3 1	Sociology

THE STATE PREPARATORY SCHOOL

A PRACTICE SCHOOL FOR THE TRAINING OF HIGH-SCHOOL TEACHERS

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

FLETCHER S. COULTRAP, Principal

The aim of this school is primarily to prepare students to enter the Freshman class of the Ohio University, and of the State Normal College at Athens. This city is situated in a portion of Ohio having few cities and not a large number of first-grade high-schools. It would evidently be unfair to the youth of South-eastern Ohio if they were denied the opportunity to prepare to enter college. Since many of the most promising young men and young women come from the rural communities where there is only a second-grade or a third-grade high-school or perhaps no high-school at all, they find it necessary to go away from home to secure high-school education or to prepare for college.

Rather than go to a strange town to secure their high-school training and then go to still another town or city and be obliged to form new acquaintences in securing a college education, many of these young men and young women prefer to come to Athens where they may secure their preparatory training and their college education in the same school home.

Here the facilities for instruction in the prepararory studies are much better than many communities can afford. Again, many young men and young women do not receive the real awakening and the real desire for more education until they have passed beyond the usual high-school or adolesent age. Perhaps they have taught school for several years before

they have been aroused by a re-birth, or perhaps they were compelled to teach a few years in order to make the money necessary to secure a college education. They soon find that they are really too old to attend the local high-school and would not find a hearty welcome there owing to differences due to age and experience. They want to live and work with young men and young women of their own age and their own ideals. Hence, the necessity and the wisdom of maintaining a State Preparatory School in South-eastern Ohio.

It should be borne in mind, however, that the authorities of this University do not advise boys and girls who have highschool opportunities at home to leave such opportunities for the State Preparatory School. Young people under eighteen years of age should remain at home and profit by such advantages as may be offered in their own localities, unless there is no good high-school within reasonably convenient access. The State Preparatory School hopes to encourage young men and young women who feel to old to mingle with adolescents of the ordinary high-school age; and also to encourage thousands of teachers who began teaching before having completed a highschool course and now feel that they would be more or less humiliated to return to high-school. Thousands of these young men and young women should be saved to the teaching profession, and they must realize that in order to be of the most service to the state as teachers they must secure a college education, at least a two-year college course to fit them for work in the elementary schools.

The Principal of the State Preparatory School will be pleased to advise, personally or by correspondence, any young man or young woman who feels his or her handicap.

NORMAL COLLEGE PREPARATORY

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER			
Beginning Latin .5 Algebra .5 Composition and Rhetoric .5 Ancient History .4 Physiology and Hygiene .4	Beginning Latin .5 Algebra .8 Composition and Rhetoric .2 Modern History .4 School Drawing .2			
SECOND	YEAR			
Cæsar and Latin Composition .4 Plane Geometry .5 American Classics .4 Botany .8 Roman History .4	Cæsar and Latin Composition 4 Solid Geometry 3 English History or American 6 Classics 4 Botany 8 Music 1 Drawing 1			
THIRD	YEAR			
Cicero or German	Cicero or German			
FOURTH YEAR				
Virgil or German	Virgil or German 4 Advanced Arithmetic 3 Advanced English Grammar 3 Civil Government 3 Chemistry, 3; or Agriculture 3 Electives 4			

CLASSICAL PREPARATORY COURSE

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER					
Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 5 Composition and Rhetoric 5 Physiology and Hygiene 4 Drawing 2	Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 3 Composition and Rhetoric 5 Electives 5 Drawing 2					
SECOND YFAR						
Cæsar and Latin Composition 4 Plane Geometry 5 American Classics 4 Ancient History 4 Drawing 1	Cæsar and Latin Composition					
THIRD YEAR						
Cicero and Latin Prose	Cicero ond Latin Prose. 4 Elementary Botany. 3 Elementary Physics and Lab. 4 History of English Literature and Classics. 4 Orthography and Phonics. 3					
FOURTH YEAR						
Virgil and Latin Prose 4 United States History 5 Beginning Greek 5 Physical Geography 5 Freehand Drawing 2	Virgil and Latin Prose					

SCIENTIFIC PREPARATORY COURSE

FIRST YEAR

TILDI IIII				
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER			
Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 5 Physiology and Hygiene 4 Composition and Rhetoric 5 Drawing 2	Beginning Latin	5 5		
SECOND	YEAR			
Cæsar and Latin Prose 4 Ancient History 4 American Classics 4 Drawing 1 Plane Geometry 5 Elementary Cooking 5	Cæsar and Latin Prose	4 1 3 1		
THIRD	YEAR			
Cicero and Latin Prose or German 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4 English Classics 4 Food Study	Cicero and Latin Prose or German Elementary Botany Orthography and Phonics Grecian History History of Literature and Classics	3 4		
POWNER	Household Management			
FOURTH	YEAR			
Virgil and Latin Prose or German	Virgil and Latin Prose or German	4		

NOTE-In this course, all or two years of the Latin may be substituted by an equivalent in French or German.

Physical Geography 5 Elementary Physics and Lab . . . 4 Freehand Drawing 2

CANDIDATES FOR ADMISSION to this department must furnish satisfactory evidence of good character, and must give evidence of proficiency in all studies of the courses lower than those they wish to pursue. Students who expect to graduate from the State Normal College must give evidence that they are thoroughly familiar with the common-school branches.

There are three preparatory courses, each requiring four years for its completion, and each leading to a corresponding course in the University or in the State Normal College. For the benefit of those who wish a more thorough preparation for their work, classes in Arithmetic, Elementary Algebra, and English Grammar will be organized at the beginning of each semester.

COURSES OF STUDY IN DETAIL

LATIN

FIRST YEAR

Collar and Daniell's First Year Latin completed. Easy Latin Prose Composition based on First Year Latin work. The aim of this year is a complete mastery of the First Year Latin.

Note-Classes in Beginning Latin are organized each semester.

SECOND YEAR

Cæsar's Commentaries and Latin Prose Composition. Much emphasis is placed on the Latin Prose that the students may become familiar with the more simple Latin constructions.

THIRD YEAR

Cicero's Orations. At least six Orations are read, including the four Orations against Catiline. Latin Prose Composition. A careful study of forms and syntax is an important part of this year's work.

FOURTH YEAR

Virgil's Aeneid, Books I-VI. Grammar reviews, scansion, and mythology. Latin Prose Composition.

GREEK

FIRST SEMESTER

White's First Greek Book with particular reference to inflections and sentence writing.

SECOND SEMESTER

White's First Greek Book and Xenophon's Anabasis. Grammatical reviews and translations into Greek of easy prose.

PREPARATORY ENGLISH

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER

Composition and Rhetoric. Elementary work in the theme, the paragraph, and the sentence.

SECOND SEMESTER

Composition and Rhetoric. Work in narration, description exposition, and argumentation.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER

Classics from American Literature: Poe, Bryant, Webster, Franklin, Irving, Cooper, Washington, Thoreau, Emerson, Holmes, Whittier, Longfellow, Lowell, Hawthorne, Burroughs, Aldrich. Short stories.

SECOND SEMESTER

History of American Literature, with collateral readings.

Third Year

FIRST SEMESTER

Classics from English Literature: Milton's Minor Poems, Pop's Rape of the Lock, Merchant of Venice, Julius Caesar, Hamlet, Macbeth, The Tempest, Selections from Goldsmith, Rasselas, Sheridan, Coleridge, Wordsworth, Burns, Carlyle, Macaulay, George Elliot, and Tennyson.

SECOND SEMESTER

History of American Literature, with collateral readings.

Fourth Year

A thorough review of the principles of English Grammar with a view to a mastery of this subject. Advanced English Grammar.

GERMAN

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER

German Grammar complete. Study of forms and compositions. Conversation based on Newson's First German Book (the new edition of Alge's Leiftfaden), in connection with Hoelzel's charts on the seasons. Reader begun.

SECOND SEMESTER

Some short modern stories, such as Storm's Immensee and composition based thereon. Conversation as in first semester. Eichendorff's Aus dem Leben eines tangenichts or some other short story, Wesselhoff's German Composition.

This course is for students who offer no credit in German for entrance and begin the study of German. For students who had one year of high-school work in German, the following work is offered preparatory to regular Freshman German: first and second semesters; Review of German, conversation based on Newson's German Course and those Hoelzel charts connected with it. Reading of several modern stories and composition based on the text. It is known as Conversational or Special Freshman German, as collegiate credit will be given if the student is otherwise entitled to it.

FRENCH

Students taking the Scientific Course may substitute French and German for all or a part of the Latin. As to the work in French and Spanish, consult the Department of French and Spanish in another part of the catalogue.

PHYSICS

FIRST AND SECOND SEMESTER

Recitations and Laboratory work, four hours per week. Graduates of first grade high-schools who have studied such texts as Carhart and Chute or Millikan and Gale will receive full credit for their class work. If in addition they present note books

showing that at least forty experiments have been preformedand carefully written up, they will receive full credit for the course without condition.

The first semester is devoted to Properties of Matter, Laws of Motion, Mechanics of Solids, Liquids, Gases, and Heat.

The second semester is devoted to Magnetism and Electricity, Sound, and Light. One of the above texts will be used in the class, and the manual of Atkinson and Evans as a labora tory guide.

PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY

This subject is required in all courses. A standard textbook is studied for one semester.

BOTANY

This course will be a study of plants in their practial relations to mankind. Much emphasis will be placed on field and garden work. Each student will prepare a herbarium, and will be required to attend to a small garden. *Practical Botany* by Bergen and Caldwell will be the text. Three hours per week throughout the year.

AMERICAN GOVERNMENT

A careful study of the actual workings of the government, national, state, and local.

James and Sanford's Government in State and Nation is used as the text.

U. S. HISTORY

Reference work is required each week. Some training in the use of sources is given. Frequent reports and papers are required. Careful note books must be kept.

GENERAL HISTORY

The aim is to give the student a general acquaintance with the leading persons, and the institutions, political and religious, with the literary and artistic movement; in general, with the progress of civilization in its broader aspects. The method employed will be the text-book, references to more comprehensive works, essay-writing, map-drawing, and lectures by the instructor.

ARITHMETIC

This course in Arithmetic comprises two semesters. Accuracy and rapidity in performing the operations in the solutions of problems is the first aim in the study of this subject. These accomplishments are brought about through the use of carefully prepared exercises and drills in the four fundamentals and in fractions, including also a course in Mental Arithmetic. Ray's Higher Arithmetic is the text-book for the second semester. The subjects especially emphasized in this term's work are the following applications of Percentage: Profit and Loss, Interest, True and Bank Discount, Stocks and Bonds, Commission, Exchange, and Equation of Payments. Other subjects which receive special attention are Arithmetical Analysis, Involution and Evolution, and the very important subject of Mensuration. The one important result, a proper understanding of the reason for ever step necessary to the solution of a problem, is kept constantly in mind throughout all the work in Arithmetic. This is the teacher's class and forms of solution and methods of teaching receive special attention.

ALGEBRA

First semester Algebra will include all the fundamental operations of Algebra, factoring and its applications, and simple equations, to involution and evolution. Well's Secondary Algebra is the text-book used.

Second Semester Algebra, will include a brief review of simple equations, indeterminate equations, inequalities, special method of elimination, symmetry, and quadratic equations to harmonical progression, using Fisher and Schwatt's *Higher Algebra* as the text-book.

GEOMETRY-PLANE AND SOLID

The work in Plane Geometry will run through the first semester. In this work students are encouraged to form the habit of original investigation. Terseness and technical accuracy of statements are constant requirements, and much emphasis is given to the application of the principles of geometry to arithmetic.

Solid Geometry will be given the first half of the second semester. This work will include the fundamental propositions in planes and solid angles, polyhedrons, and the sphere, with a great variety of original exercises. Lyman's *Plane and Solid Geometry* is the text-book used.

As in arithmetic, so in algebra and geometry, special emphasis is placed upon forms of solution and methods of teaching for the benefit of Normal College students taking work in teaching and observation.

DESCRIPTIVE ASTRONOMY

A two-hour course through one semester is devoted to this subject. A text- book is used, but the topical method of recitation is followed, and students are encouraged to seek information from the standard works of Astronomy in the library. Students are made familiar with the Zodiacal and Circum-polar Constellations, the principal stars and plants. The University is supplied with a good telescope and all the apparatus necessary to efficient work in this study.

Note—For the courses in Advanced Algebra, Trigonometry, and Surveying, and electives in mathematics, see description of courses in the College of Liberal Arts. The courses in Arithmetic are offered each semester Classes in Algebra and Geometry will be organized at the close of ninth week of the second semester to accommodate teachers entering after the close of their schools.

PHYSIOLOGY

The text-book is Hough and Sedwick's *The Human Mechanism*. The aim is to give a good general knowledge of anatomy and hygiene and of the functions of the different organs of the body. A large amount of laboratory work is done.

DRAWING

Drawing is required in all courses. Three hours in the studio are considered equivalent to the recitation hour.

The work begins with Still-life in outline, then Still-life in light and shade, single objects and in groups. After this, perspective is taken up. The work is done in charcoal, but occasionally the pencil is used and also pen and ink by those who desire it.

Drills are given in time sketching and in memory sketching. When the student can do this work satisfactorily, he may work in color or he may study from the cast; first, individual features, then heads, then the figure. This can not be bone in two semesters however unless the student has unusual ability, or puts in more than one hour a day.

When the students are able to draw from the living models they are permitted to do so. A great variety of work can be done as the student advances, such as studies in composition, posters with the figure for the principal motive, etc.

Courses in Mechanical Drawing and in Public-School Drawing are also offered for preparatory credit.

OHIO UNIVERSITY

Degrees, Diplomas, and Certificates June 19, 1913

A. B.

Milton Maywould Brown	Washington
Edna Blanche Claire Cline	Albany
Virginia May Crisenberry	
Harry De La Rue	
Mary Ethel Edwards	Syracuse
Mary Evans	
Virgil Falloon	Falls City, Nebr.
Orion Herbert Flesher	Middleport
Albert Paul Fulwider	Athens
Louise Eleanor Hancher	Athens
Emily Evelyn Hastings	
John Martin Henry	Junction City
Mostyn Lloyd Jones	Athens
Roger Johnson Jones	Athens
Doris Ludlow	Piqua
Ira Alpheus McDaniel	Athens
Zoa McGuire	Marion
Clarence Albert Matheny	The Plains
Kathleen Wood Merritt	Mulberry, Fla.
Lewis Harrison Miller	Millwood, W. Va·
Vittoria Moody	Bartlett
Jesse Alfred Place	
Hazel Baker Reed	
Harold Hastings Shively	McArthur

220	OHIO UNIVE	RSITY	
Flora Kathle	een West	Bainbridge	
		Athens	
		Mogadore	
		Brooklyn, N. Y.	
	B. S.		
Hal Chalfar	n Bowles	Dexter	
James Willi	am Buchanan	Basil	
		Croton	
		Gambier	
		Wheelersburg	
		Cleveland	
		Thornville	
		New Bedford	
		Mogadore	
		Athens	
		East Aurora, N. Y.	
		Nelsonville	
		Newark	
		Portsmouth	
		Malta	
•			
		Bellville	
		Stoutsville	
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James Henr	y white	Chandlersville	
B. S. in Education			
Zillah Fern	Atkinson	Zanesville	
		Basil	
		North Lewisburg	
		Columbus	
		Athens	
		Oil City, Pa-	
		Athens	
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Elza Goodspeed Gibson			
John Odus Grimes			
Bessie Alice Hawk			
Francis Halbert McVay			
Robert Lee Morton			
Louise Ogan			
Matilda Ostermayer			
Walter Allen Pond			
Edward Ray Richards	Zanesville		
Carrie Edith Ricketts	Sugar Grove		
Walter Emmett Riley	Athens		
Thomas H. Rogers	Mason		
Alexander Root	Frost		
Charles Rufus Rounds	Cincinnati		
Thomas Maynard Smith	Zanesville		
Burrell Blakeney Spohn	Athens		
William Addison Stage	Lancaster		
Stella May Van Dyke	Athens		
Edwin C. Van Winkle	Cincinnati		
Callie King Walls			
Key Elizabeth Wenrick			
Marion Wolcott			
Harry Curtis Young			
В. О.			
George Cromwell Blower			
Elgie Leroy Bandy	Alliance		
A. M.			
Bessie Mabel Gorslene			
Florence May Hickman			
Evan Johnson Jones			
Charles Kelley Knight	Athens		
M. S.			
Perry Wilbur FattigW	axahachie, Texas		
Frederick C. Lrangenberg			
Jay Arthur Myers			
Clarence Lee Shilliday			
•			

M. S. in Education

Oscar Ellsworth Dunlap	Flushing
John Coleman Marriott	Athens

M. S. in Education Pro Honore

George B. M. Morris.....Lancaster

Diploma Courses Without Degrees

Two-Year Course in Elementary Education.

Ruth Armstrong	Logan
Nina Mae Browning	Steubenville
Mae Weltha Chase	Mingo Junction
Leona Elizabeth Clark	Chicago, O.
Helen Louise Coleman	Rainsboro
Sarah Anne Cox	Chillicothe
Edith Curry	East Palestine
Kathryn Grace Davis	Youngstown
Florence Beryl Fishel	
Maude Alice Fleming	Geneva
Lelia Catherine Gillespie	Lancaster
Essie Maud Greisheimer	Chillicothe
Ruth Eleanor Hall	Pierpont
Louise Fredericka Halt	$\ldots \ldots Youngstown$
Bessie Alice Hawk	Newcomerstown
Hattie Estelle Heald	Cutler
Margaret Grace Herb	Steubenville
Ada Florence Hite	Thornville
Ermina Blanche Hoge	Bethesda
Nellie May Hollingshead	Jackson
Eunice Adeline Horton	$\dots\dots Lockwood$
Iva May Humphrey	
Estelle Clarissa Lee	Athens
Velma Lee	Greenwich
Mary Iras Liddell	Shiloh
Lena Livingston	
Elsie Mae Meikle	Kinsman
Helen Elizabeth Miller	Mingo Junction

Bess Mullane	Youngstown		
Marian Elizabeth Murphy	Steubenville		
Alice Gertrude Nelson			
Mabel Allyne Nesbett	Grafton		
Sara O'Rourke			
Elva Faye Osborne			
Louise Rebecca Perry	Nelsonville		
Lavina Mary Rang			
Lulu Wilhelmina Reiter	0		
Blanche Robinson	Bidwell		
Alice Blanche Steele	Columbus		
Elsie Mae Strausbaugh	Cadiz		
Ola Adelaide Strong	Berlin Center		
Maude Irma Stout			
Basha Edna Swan	Athens		
Gladys Ione Thomas	Chesterhill		
Nettie Thomas			
Mary Winifred Valentine	Lancaster		
Ilda Marie Wade			
Mabel Arella Willerton	Bellaire		
Jessie May Wonders			
Cleo Dee Wyeth	Johnstown		
Kindergarten Course			
Lillian Virginia Baker	Amherst		
Esther Viola Baker			
Jennie Allison Forbes			
Mary Arvesta Kiser			
Public School Drawing			
Supervisors' Course			
Fannie Helena Cochran	Dresden		
Elmer Kirk Friedel			
Carrie Ellen Harden	Denison		
Rena Ruth Lowry			
Margaret Louise Ogan	McArthur		
Public School Drawing			
Teachers' Course			
Lu Berenice Lewis	Rushville		
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Puble School Music

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Florence Eva AndrewsGlouster			
Laura Belle Bailey Athens			
Mary Floy Eby Ashland			
Lois Mayme Guthery La Rue			
Ida Alice LindsayGnadenhutten			
Myrtle MardisColumbus			
Susan Isabella Merry			
Edward Armstrong MorrisHighland			
Edith McKnight Peters			
Ruth Lucile Romig			
Helen Crew Sharp			
Florence Ethel Southard			
Agricultural Education			
Harry Curtis YoungMillersburg			
Trainy Cures Tourige.			
Domestic Science			
Maud Lauretta Brison			
Bertha Edith BuxtonAthens			
Elizabeth Brown ConnettAthens			
Mary Ellen Ginnan Athens			
Avis Marie GutheryLa Rue			
Elizabeth Agnes Halsema			
Edna Juliet KarrKinsman			
Eva Marie Smith			
Jessie Murray WalkerZanesville			
Electrical Engineering			
Charles Otto BailarSidney			
Charles Henry BunchRavenna			
Antonio BussiereRio de Janeiro, Brazil			
James David ColeJewett			
Clyde Kenneth Creesy			
Omer Joseph DaughertyNew Lexington			
Charles Thornton EakinNegley			
Agenor Ferreira			
Alton Clio FurmanSidney			

Fred Merrick McKay	Stewart		
John Alvin Montgomery			
Charles Thomas Paugh			
Donald A. Ross			
Sandy Alexander Smith			
Leslie Elliott Warner			
Civil Engineering			
Arthur Dellert Lynn	Portsmouth		
Eugene John Voigt	Holgate		
College of Music			
Ellen Robert Biddle	Athens		
Gladys Lucile Van Valey	Athens		
•			
Oratory			
Lucile Coe Burson	Athens		
Isabel Justina Hartsock	Lancaster		
Alta Elizabeth McLean	North Bloomfield		
Graduates of the Two-Year Collegiate Commercial Course			
Cleon John Bassler	Lima		
Robert Elliott Rucker			

ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT

OF

OHIO UNIVERSITY

University Auditorium, June 19, 1913

PROGRAM

The Orchestra

Solo—"Dance of the Dryads"
MISS GLADYS VAN VALEY
OrationThe Man and The State
LEWIS H. MILLER
OrationThe Responsibility of the School in Moral Education
CARRIE E. RICKETTS
OrationAll's Right With the World BLANCHE P. WOLFE
Solo—a. "Less Than the Dust"
b. "Kashmiri Song"
MRS. D. H. BIDDLE
Oration
HARRY DE LA RUE
Oration
JENNIE F. DOWD
Oration
Quartet—"Come Fill the Cup"Liza Lehmann
MISSES LEIFHEIT AND STEWART
MESSRS. JONES AND SCHAEFFLER
Conferring of Degrees and Presentation of Diplomas
•
Benediction Rev. F. M. Swinehart

THESES

Master of Arts

Bessie Mable Gorslene: Moliere.

Florence May Hickman: Recent Tendencies in State Constitutions.

Evan Johnson Jones: Territorial Problems before 1860.

Charles Kelly Knight: History of Coinage in the United States.

Master of Science

Perry Wilbur Fattig: The Development of the Heart and a Study of the Circulatory System of Amia Calva.

Frederick C. Langenberg: The Commercial Aspects of the Report of a Survey of the Athens Municipal Light and Water System.

Jay Arthur Myers: The Development of the Eye in Amia Calva. Clarence Lee Shilliday: The Development of the Olfactory Organs in Amia Calva.

Master of Science in Education

Oscar Ellsworth Dunlap: Orchard Pests in Athens County. John Coleman Marriott: The Certification of Teachers.

For the Bachelor's Degree Bachelor of Arts

Milton Maywould Brown: The Early Progress of Christianity.
Edna Blanche Claire Cline: A Study of the Growth of Music.
Virginia May Crisenberry: The Teaching of Foreign Languages in Secondary Schools.

Mary Ethel Edwards: Amendments to the Constitution.

Mary Evans: St. Peter's Church and Its Influence on the World.

Virgil Falloon, Government of American Cities.

Orion Herbert Flesher: Our National Banking System.

Albert Paul Fulwider: Tangible Fruits of the Missionary Enterprise.

Louise Eleanor Hancher: Australia: Its Relation to England. Emily Evelyn Hastings: A Comparison of The Merchant of Venice with the Jew of Malta.

John Martin Henry: American Tariff on Raw Materials.

Mostyn Lloyd Jones: Development of the Respiratory Apparatus in the Lepidosteus Ossius.

Roger Johnson Jones: Shelley as a Revolutionist.

Doris Ludlow: James McNeill Whistler, the Man and his Work. Ira Alpheus McDaniel: The Prose of Sir Thomas Browne Compared with Ruskin's.

Zoa McGuire: Samuel Johnson, Why Famous?

Kathleen Wood Merritt: The Relation of Punishment to Sin in Dante's Inferno.

Vittoria Moody: The Development of the Eye in the Necturus. Jesse Alfred Place: Development of the Caecum in the Ox.

Hazel Baker Reed: What of the Jew?

Harold Hastings Shively: The Modern Drama.

Flora Cathleen West: Minor Women Characters in Shakespeare.

Herman H. Young: Mental Fatigue.

Elizabeth Sara Zimand: Women Novelists in England.

Bachelor of Science.

Hal Chalfan Bowles: The Monroe Doctrine.

James William Buchanan: Development of Nasal Fossae and Olfactory Nerve of Lepidosteus Ossius.

John Gail Case: The Accounting of College Organizations.

Clifford W. D. Chance: Bismuth Subnitrate.

Oliver Perry Clutts: The Doctrine and the Growth of Socialism in the United States.

Arthur W. Hinaman:
John Vance Donley:
Hugo Carl Fisher:

The Determination of a Meridian for Athens.

Oscar Lee Dustheimer: Distribution of Current Lines in Electrolytes and Some Tests on an Aluminum Electrolytic Rectifier.

Lester Ray Fry: Muscular Training.

William Elbert Fulwider: The History of the Bubonic Plague and Typhoid Fever.

Flora Estelle Hutchins: Dryden's All for Love Compared with Shakespear's Antony and Cleopatra.

John King: The Accounting of College Organizations.

Gilbert Richard Micklethwaite: Development of the Eye in Lepidosteus Ossius.

Raymond James Nutting: Development of the Epiphysis Cerebri of the Lepidosteus Ossius.

Ward William Robinson: History of Physiology.

Percy Ray Stout: The Construction, Test and Operation of a Laboratory Electric Furnace.

Wellington Kom Tong Tsui: On Analytic Series, Mainly Respecting their Convergence.

Eugene John Voigt: The Determination of the Shear Values, With the Grain, for White Oak and Yellow Pine.

Robert Grover Webber: A Micro-Photographic Study of Various Irons and Steels.

James Henry White: Studies in Eugenics.

Bachelor of Science in Education.

Zillah Fern Atkinson: Idealism in Ibsen.

Alpheus W. Blizzard: Heredity in Relation to Eugenics.

Ethel Vida Boyles: The Masque and Its Relation to the Drama. John Leroy Clifton: The Problem of the Centralized School.

Lewis Eldon Coulter: For the Study of Geometry During the Study Period.

Jennie Frances Dowd: The Younger American Poets.

John Odus Grimes: The Curriculum of the Modern-School.

Bessie Alice Hawk: Woman's Place in Education.

Francis Halbert McVay: The Problem of Vocational Education.

Robert Lee Morton: Mathematics in the Elementary Course of Study.

Matilda Ostermayer: The Influence of the Volksbuch on Goethe's Faust.

Edward Ray Richard: The Relation of the Classics to Modern Culture.

Walter Emmett Riley: The Repeal of the Missouri Compromise. Thomas H. Rodgers: Elementary Science Lessons for Seventh and Eight Grade Pupils. Alexander Root: Modern Methods in the Treatment of the Criminal.

Charles Rufus Rounds: A Public School Course in Arithmetic.

Thomas Maynard Smith: The Problem of the Public School in America.

Burrell Blakeney Spohn: Type-Study in Corn for High School Agriculture.

William Addison Stage: The Annexation of Texas.

Edwin C. Van Winkle: Science in the High School.

Key Elizabeth Wenrick: The Manual Arts in the High School.

Marion Wolcott: English Prose Style.

Harry Curtis Young: The Apotheical Stage of Sclerotinia Cinerea.

ALUMNI DEPARTMENT

CLEMENT L. MARTZOLFF, B. Ped., M. Ped., Secretary

At the annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of Ohio University, in June, 1906, the office of Alumni Secretary was created. The object of this department is to assist in the work of the Alumni Association, to organize clubs of alumni and former students, to secure data concerning the history and the alumni of the University, and to publish bulletins from time to time denoting progress.

Of the nine hundred and nine persons who have received the Bachelors' Degree, fewer than ten have not been accounted for.

At present the Secretary is engaged in collecting data from which to compile a Complete Alumni Record of the University. This will be published in 1915, the One Hundredth Anniversary of the graduation of the first class. This publication will contain many other interesting facts concerning the history of the University.

GENERAL ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

Constitution

ARTICLE I. This Association shall be called the "Alumni Association of the Ohio University."

ARTICLE II. The officers of the Association shall be President, Vice-President, Secretary, Treasurer, and an Executive Committee, consisting of four members, to be chosen annually.

ARTICLE III. The annual meeting of this Association shall be held in connection with the Commencement exercises of the University.

ARTICLE IV. The object of this Association shall be to cultivate fraternal relations among the Alumni of the University and to promote the interests of our Alma Mater by the holding of social reunions, by literary exercises, or by such other means as the Association may, from time to time, deem best.

ARTICLE V. Any member of the Faculty, and graduate of the University, also any one who has spent three years in the college classes of the University, and has been honorably dismissed, may, by the payment of one dollar and the signing of the Constitution, become a member of this Association.

ARTICLE VI. This Constitution may be altered or amended at any annual meeting, by a vote of two-thirds of those present at such meeting.

ARTICLE VII. Amendment. The members of this Association shall each pay into its treasury an annual fee of one dollar, and the sum so paid shall be expended in defraying the expenses of the annual reunion.

ALUMNI ASSOCIATIONS

Officers of General Alumni Association for 1913-1914

President, JOHN T. DUFF, '70	Newcomerstown, Ohio	
Vice-President, S. K. MARDIS, '93	Columbus, Ohio	
Secretary, C. L. MARTZOLFF, '07.	Athens, Ohio	
Treasurer, F. D. FORSYTHE, '11	Athens, Ohio	

Executive Committee

George C. Parks, '08Athens, O	hio
Dollie Hooper Bean, '99Athens, O	hio
Nellie Pickering, '05 Athens, O	hio
E. E. Baker, '94Athens, O	hio

The Ohio University Alumni Association of Pittsburg

(Organized in 1906)

President, CALVIN B. HUMPHREY, '88

131 Riverside Drive, New York City

Secretary-Treasurer, Dr. NEWMAN H. BENNETT, '99
1908 Carson St., Pittsburg, Pa

The Ohio University Alumni Association of Columbus

(Organized in 1909)

1507 E. Long St., Columbus, Ohio

The Ohio University Alumni Association of Southern Ohio

(Organized in 1910)

The Ohio University Alumni Association of New England

(Organized in 1912)

The Ohio University Alumni Association of the Western Reserve

(Organized in 1912)

President,	Емма	K.	DANA, '78Cleveland,	Ohio
Secretary,	DR. A.	A.	JOHNSON, '08 Cleveland	Ohio

The Ohio University Club at Cornell

(Organized in 1913)

President,	H	A. PIDGEON,	'IIIthaca,	New York
Secretary,	C. I	. SHILLIDAY	, '12Ithaca,	New York

LIST OF STUDENTS COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS

GRADUATE STUDENTS STUDYING FOR A DEGREE

Forsyth, Florance D., Ph. B Athe	ens
Mohler, Nellie Blanche, Ph. BAthe	ens
Place, Jesse Alfred, A. BAthe	ens
Young, Herman H., A. B Mogad	ore

CLASS OF 1913

Bandy, Elgie Leroy	Alliance
Blower, George Cromwell, A. B	Glouster
Bowles, Hal Chalfan	Dexter
Brown, Milton Maywould	
Buchanan, James William	Basil
Case, John Gail	Croton
Chance, Clifford Wilmont Douglas	Gambier
Cline, Edna Blanche Claire	Albany
Clutts, Oliver Perry	Wheelersburg
Crisenberry, Virginia May	Cardington
De La Rue, Harry	Jeffersonville
Donley, John Vance	Cleveland
Dusthermer, Oscar Lee	Thornville
Edwards, Mary Ethel	Syracuse
Evans, Mary	Athens
Falloon, Virgil	Falls City, Nebr.
Fisher, Hugo Carl	New Bedford
Flesher, Orion Herbert	Middleport
Fry, Lester Ray	Mogadore
Fulwider, Albert Paul	Athens
Fulwider, William Elbert	Athens
Hancher, Louise Eleanor	Athens
Hastings, Emily Evelyn	Grover Hill
Henry, John Martin	Junction City
Hinaman, Arthur William	East Aurora, N, Y.
Hutchins, Flora Estelle	Nelsonville
Jones, Mostyn Lloyd	Athens
Jones, Roger Johnson	Athens

King, John	Newark
Ludlow, Doris	Piqua
McDaniel, Ira Alpheus	Athens
McGuire, Zoa	
Matheny, Clarence Albert	The Plains
Merritt, Kathleen Wood	
Micklethwaite, Gilbert Richard	Portsmouth
Miller, Lewis Harrison	Millwood, W. Va.
Moody, Vittoria	Bartlett
Nutting, Raymond James	Malta
Place, Jesse Alfred	Athens
Reed, Hazel Baker	Uhrichsville
Richards, John Conrad	Carrollton
Robinson, Ward William	Bellville
Shively, Harold Hastings	McArthur
Stout, Percy Ray	Stoutsville
Tsui, Wellington Kom Tong	Canton, China
Voigt, Eugene John	
Webber, Robert Grover	Sistersville, W. Va.
West, Flora Kathleen	Bainbridge
White, James Henry	Chandlersville
Wolfe, Blanche Philene	Athens
Young, Herman H	Mogadore
Zimand, Elizabeth Sara	Brooklyn, N. Y.
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UNDER GRADUATES

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Aber, Irene Virginia	A. B	.Jun	Athens
Adams, Ella Jean	A. B	Sen	Highland
Albright, John Grover			Athens
Alfred, Theodore C	B. S	.Soph	Lancaster
Allen, Eugene Russell	Music		Athens
Amerine, Minnie	A. B	Soph	Lancaster
Anderson, Harold Way	B. S	.Jun	Lancaster
Andre, Robert M	A. B	Fresh	Waverly
Angell, Mary Leah	Music	Fresh	Athens
Antorietto, Dora Catherine	Music		Athens
Antorietto, Josephine	Com'l		Athens
Armstrong, Valerie	Music		Athens
Athas, Constantine Pan	A. B	.Fresh	Lygoudista, Greece
Augustus, Ernest	Com'l	Fresh	Chillicothe
Bailar, Charles Otto	Eng	Soph	Sidney
Baker, Rea Shaw	A. B	Fresh	Somerset
Barker, Robert Ralph	А. В	Fresh	Athens
Barnaby, Paul Jones	A. B	Fresh	Randolph
Barth, Karl Morrison	B. S	Soph	Athens

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Bash, Edwin Wallace	B. S	.Sen	
Bash, Herbert Wigton			White Cottage
Bassler, Cleon John	Com'l	.Soph	Lima
Bauer, William Wert			Thurston
Bauersachs, Walter Seal	B. S	Fresh	Waverly
Bauman, Ida Grace	Com'l	.Soph	Allentown, Pa.
Bay, John Elbert	Eng	.Fresh	Cumberland
Beam, Floyd Guyton	A. B		Athens
Beam, Ronald Lysle	Com'l	Soph	N. Chattanooga, Tenn.
Beckler, Edith Blanche			Athens
Bell, Enid Rose	A. B	.Fresh	Jacksonville
Bentley, William Prescott			Athens
Benton, Fletcher Chapman			Jackson
Bethel, Mac Slator			Athens
Bibbee, Mayme Hannah			Athens
Biddle, Ellen Roberts			Athens
Bierer, Martin Ellsworth			Adena
Bishop, Herman Davis			Derby
Black, Della Olive			Athens
Blosser, Frank Ray			Hicksville
Bobo, Florence Rinda			Athens
Bogran, Samuel			ta Barbara, Cent. Amer.
Bohn, Elizabeth H			Centralia, Ill.
Bolin, Eleanor			Athens
Bort, Donald S			Logan
Boyles, Gladys			Nelsonville
Bradley, Edith Mary			McGregor, Iowa Nelsonville
Brady, Benjamin Franklin. Brickles, Lucy Inez			
Brown, Burton Milton			Summerville, W. Va.
Brown, James Gladstone			
Buchanan, Randall Leighton			Unionport
Buell, Charles Townsend			South Bloomfield
Buell, Lewis Edward			South Bloomfield
Bunch, Charles Henry			Ravenna
Bundy, William Sanford			
Burleigh, Viola May			Athens
Burson, Ethel Frances			Athens
Burson, Lucile Coe			Athens
Bussiere, Antonio			Rio De Janeiro, Brazil
Byrne, Eldon Emmett	Com'l		Guysville
Callison, Lester Meek			Athens
Calvin, Harley Earl			Hamden
Cameron, Arthur Edward			Athens
Campbell, Margaret Frances	Music		Athens
Carpenter, Edith Marie	Com'l	Soph	Athens
Carr, Alice May	Com'l		Stockport

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Carr. Wilson Hamilton	Eng	. Fresh	Athens
Carroll, Anna Elnor	-		Bellaire
Casley, Paul Bartlett			Athens
Chamberlain, Willard Jason	Com'l	. Jun	Milledgeville
Chandler, Frances Adelaide.			Athens
Chandler, Mary Hammond.			Athens
Chen, Shon Jen			Canton, China
Cherrington, Edith Mabel			Athens
Cherrington, Homer Vergil.		_	Athens
Chrisman, Oscie Dru	A. B	.Sen	Athens
Christman, Anna Pearl			Millfield
Christman, Eva Lea	Music		Athens
Christman, Frank Joseph	Special .		Athens
Christman, John Carrington	_		
Chubb, Ida Maude			Corning, Iowa
Claypool, Garnet Louise			Nelsonville
Cline, Hazael Blanche			Albany
Cline Lizzie Faye			Albany
Cole, Bessie Martha			Jewett
Cole, Clarence Edison	A. B	.Soph	
Cole, Fern Lelah	A. B	.Soph	Hartville
Cole, James David	Eng	.Soph	Jewett
Coleman, Frances White	Com'l		Athens
Cooksey, Helen Van Clief	Com'l	.Fresh	Athens
Cookson, Thomas J	A. B	.Fresh	Athens
Cooley, Merrill Finley	A. B	.Fresh	East Liverpool
Coombs, Lucile	Com'l	.Fresh	Troy
Cooper, Gilbert Floyd	В. В	.Soph	McConnelsville
Cooperrider, Charles Knesal	B. S	.Sen	Brownsville
Copeland, Anna Charlotte	A, B	.Sen	Athens
Copeland, Edna Florence	A. B	.Sen	Athens
Copeland, Thomas Harold	A. B	.Fresh	Athens
Copeland, William Franklin	Com'l	.Fresh	Athens
Copeland, William Howard	Com'l .	$. \\ \mathbf{Fresh} \ldots$	Jewett
Core, Franklin John	Eng	.Fresh	
Corn; Lena Everette, A. M	Music		Norman, Okla.
Cotner, Robert Arthur	Music	.Fresh	Athens
Cotton, Mabel Stewart	Special.		$\dots\dots A thens$
Couyumdopoulos, Constan			
tine	Eng	.Fresh,	Beni Souef, Egypt
Cox, Garnett Leggett	A. B	.Fresh $$	Coshocton
Creesy, Clyde Kenneth	Eng	$. \\ Soph \dots$	Coolville
Cronacher, Henrietta Violet			Ironton
Cuckler, Dicie Enita			Athens
Cuckler, Katherine Eunice	Music		Athens
Cummins, Mary Elizabeth			Steubenville
Cupp, Luther Allen	B. S	.Fresh	Chillicothe

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Curfman, Arthur Dwight	Music		Glouster
Daines, Evalina			Athens
Daugherty, Omer Joseph			New Lexington
Davidson, Jennie			London
Davidson, Ralph Edwin			Athens
Davis, Daniel D			Athens
Davis, Irma Elizabeth	-		Jackson
Davis, Lillian Taylor			Somerset
Davis, Mabel Clair			Glouster
Davis, Margaret			Athens
Davis, Marie Louise			Gallipolis
Davis, Ruth Myers			
De Long, Guy William			Barnesville
De Molet, John Paul	-		Athens
Dean, Minnie Foster			Athens
Dickerson, Thomas Arthur.			Jersey
Dickson, Audra Mearle			Athens
Dodd, Samuel Wilbur			Frost
Donnelly, Mary Isabel			Corning
Dougan, Stanley			
Douthitt, Maud Harris			Athens
Drake, William Blackstone.			
Du Bois, Herman Henry			Vigo
Dunbar, Marcellus Wilson			Freeport
Dupuy, Henrietta Deona			Portsmouth
Dye, Frank Argylle			Zanesville
Dye, Leroy Wayne			
Eakin, Charles Thornton	0		Negley
Ebert, Madge			Circleville
Eccles, Charles Middleton			Athens
Eccles, Henry Henderson			Athens
Eggleston, Joseph Burt			Middlefield
Elliott, Lulu Faye			Pleasanton
Elson, Winfred Paul			Athens
Endsley, Benjamin Lawrence			Lancaster
Englehardt, Walter Stewart.		•	Mt. Vernon
England, Naomi Lucile	40		Chauncey
Esch, Eirene Eliza			Huron
			Bellaire
Ewing, Clara Pauline		-	Athens
Fagan, Fannie Lucile			Falls City, Nebr.
Falloon, James Hugh			Rushsylvania
Fawcett, Dwight Ainsley			
Fenzel, William Henry			Parana, Brazil
Ferreira, Agenor			Parana, Brazii
Finsterwald, Edwin Sayre			Athens
Finsterwald, Russell Weihr.			North Lewisburg
Fisher, Mary Jane	Music	rresn	North Lewisburg

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Flegal, Jay Carl	Com'l	. Fresh	Athens
Flesher, Vashti Pauline			Middleport
Fletcher, Mary Ella	A. B	Soph	Athens
Foley, Kathryn Margaret			Glouster
Foley, Louis Haynes			Zanesville
Forsyth, Florance D., Ph. B.	Music		Athens
Foss, Carl Alstien	A. B	Fresh	Buffalo, N.Y.
French, Willis Lewis	B. S	. Fresh	Washington C. H.
Fulton, Norman	A. B	.Sen	Shade
Fulton, Oscar	Com'l .	. Soph	Athens
Furman, Alton Clio	Eng	. Soph	Sidney
Gandee, Wilbur Dale	B. S	. Fresh	Athens
Geib, Arleigh Lloyd			Middlebranch
Gettles, Alice Hazel			Frankfort
Gibbony, Alvin Percy			Carroll
Gibson, Clyde Owen			Amesville
Gillen, Harold William			Wellston
Gillen, Roy John			Wellston
Gillette, Edward Taylor			Lancaster
Gillilan, Anna Pearl			Salt Lake, Utah
Gillilan, Paul McVay			$\cdots \cdots \mathbf{Athens}$
Ginnan, Marie Elizabeth			Athens
Goddard, Augusta Marie			Amesville
Goddard, Fred Benoni			Cutler
Goddard, Gretta Marian			Wellston
Goldsberry, Blaine Randolph			Athens
Goldsberry, John Russell			
Graham, Hazel Frances			Athens
Graham, Miles McKindree			Logan
Grassle, Lawrence Neal			Millersburg
Greathead, Elsie Selene			McConnellsburg, Pa.
Grethen, John Peter			Cohoes, N. Y.
Grether, Louis Elroy			Cleveland
Grimes, Belle Few	-		Athens
Grones, Dow Seigel			Athens
Gullette, Cameron Charles.			Athens
Gutman, Leo Oliver Hackett, Mary Patton	-		SidneyJewett
Hahn, Ralph			Berlin Heights
Hall, William Loring			Athens
Hamley, Nettie Kathryne			Perry
Hanely, Chester Franklin			Stony Ridge
Haney, Forest C			Woodsfield
Hannahs, Ralph Stanley			Nelson ville
Hansen, Frank Frederick			Walbridge
Harper, Carrie Bessie			Wellston
Harper, Walter Jean			
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Name	Course	Rank	Address
Hart, Frederick Glenn	Eng	Soph	Prairie Depot
Hartford, Edward Elmer	Eng	Fresh	Toronto
Hartford, William Addison			Toronto
Hartsock, Isabel Justina	A. B	Soph	Lancaster
Harwick, Curtis John	Music		Athens
Hastings, Stanley Miller	Eng	Jun	Zanesville
Hatfield, Archie Lyman	Eng	Fresh	
Hauschildt, Katherine			····· Piqua
Haverfield, Grace	Music		Cadiz
Hendrickson, Mark Clayton.	Eng	Fresh	Norwalk
Henry, Alice Minerva	Special.		Athens
Henry, Chloe Elizabeth	A. B	Fresh	Junction City
Henry, Lucile Rebecca			Athens
Herrold, Rose Ella			Nelsonville
Herrold, Russell Phillips			$\cdots\cdots A thens$
Heskett, Harrison Allison			· · · · · · Bethesda
Hewitt, Grace Elizabeth			Athens
Hewitt, Milo Ephraim			New Marshfield
Hibbard, Edwin McCune			Athens
Higby, Josephine Sharpe			Higby
Higgins, Elmer Wood	Music	Conh	Athens
Higgins, Hannah Louise	A. D	Froch	Athens
Higgins, Leight Monroe			
Higgins, Rachael Jennings Hill, Clyde Wright			
Hill, Hazel Krapps			Athens
Hoffmeister, Alex Chas. M			Athens
Hoisington, Harland William			
Hoodlet, Charles Stuart			
Hoodlet, Jacob James			
Hopkins, Homer Smith			Marengo
Horn, Albert Henry			Monroeville
Hover, John McCoy			New Wilmington
Howe, Mary Ellen			Troy
Huffman, David Clark			Akron
Hughes, Milton De La Haye			Monroeville
Huls, Lena Mabel			Athens
Hunnicutt, William Clarence	B. S	.Soph	Zanesville
Hunt, Johnston Hickman	Eng	. Fresh	Somerset
Hurst, Edna Powel	Music		Athens
Hussey, Cyril Christopher	B. S	.Jun	Sidney
Jackson, Homer Burton			Columbia City, Ind.
Jackson, Ole Cleveland	B. S	Fresh	Woodsfield
Jacoby, Marvella Juanita	Music		Athens
Jennings, Glenn	A. B	Fresh	Fitchville
Jewett, Joseph Everett	Eng	. Fresh	Malta

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Johnson, Bernard David	A. B .	Jun	McConnelsville
Johnson, Eva May			Athens
Jones, Alfred Crittenden			Glen Roy
Jones, Grace Hoyt			Jackson
Jones, William Dale			Athens
Junod, Carrie Clester			Athens
Kalar, Thomas Leslie			Belmont
Kelly, Etta	-		St. Marys
Kelly, Helen		_	St. Marvs
Kenyon, Johnson Darby			Wauseon
Kern, Atta Brooks			Athens
Kern, William Sherman			Beaver
Kimball, Jennie Leon			Wellston
Kimes, Blair Reed			Belpre
King, James Robertson			
Kinnison, James Edgar			Jackson
Knight, James Dawson			Nelsonville
Knight, Oscar Allen			Athens
Knisely, Omar Ashton			Cambridge
Koenig, Norma Anna			Murray City
Krieg, Leland			Nelsonville
Kuhn, Edna Beery			Nelsonville
Langsdon, Walter Ralph			Mendon
Lash, Greta Alecia			Athens
Law, Christine Elizabeth			Chauncey
Lawrence, Arthur Elbert			Coolville
Lawrence, Majel		-	Coolville
LeRoy, Bernard Reamy, Jr			Athens
LeRoy, Bernard Reamy, Sr			Athens
LeRoy, Frank Coats	-		Athens
Leech, Laura Helen			Athens
Leech, Mary Alice			Los Angeles, Cal.
Leifheit, Mabel Lena			Pomeroy
Liggett, Clarence Carr		_	Athens
Lim, Wee Kim			Bencoolen, Sumatra
Lineburg, Jesse Bruce			Strasburg Va.
Liston, Eugenia May			Portsmouth
Lively, Sarah Joanna			Albany
Logan, Edward Wilson			Athens
Lott, Herman, Jr			.Bello Horizonte, Brazil
Love, Arthur Albert			Nelsonville
Lovell, Hazel Josephine			Glouster
Lowe, Bonnie Marie			Quincy
Lowe, Florence Mabel			Quincy
Lummis, Jacob Chauncey			Hot Springs, S. Dak.
Lutes, Olin Silas			Coal Center, Pa.
Lynn, Arthur Dellert			Portsmouh

Name	Course	Rank	Address
McBee, Earl Edgar	A. B	Jun	Athens
McCarty, Floyd	Music		Glouster
McCauley, Nelle	Music	Fresh .	Sutton, W. Va.
McCleery, Walter Scott			Lancaster
McConnell, Gilbert Franklin.			Gnadenhutten
McCoy, Wallace Walter			West Jefferson
McGinnis, Robert Daniel			Zanesville
McGowan, Nellie Catharine.			Athens
McKay, Frederick Merrick			Stewart
McKee, Grosvenor Stewart	-		Athens Wilkesville
McLaughlin, Henry Max McLean, Alta Elizabeth			North Bloomfield
McLeod, Constance Trueman			Wyoming
McReynolds, Wilbur Reece			
McVay, Charles Don			Athens
McVey, James Pryor, Ph. B.			Athens
Maag, William Dovey			Chillicothe
Mann, Karl Burr			Clyde
Mann, Samuel David	A. B	Soph	Athens
Mariner, Daisy Belle	Com'l		Athens
Matthew, Harry Gardner	Eng	Soph	Lancaster
Mauck, Stanley Robert	М. В	Fresh	Cheshire
May, Walter W			Circleville
Mercer, Gladys Lucile			Gambier
Mercer, Leslie Leonard			Athens
Merkle, Robert		_	Bourneville
Merwin, Addie Tullis			Athens
Merwin, Margaret Blanche			Athens
Metcalf, James Henry			Millersburg
Micklethwaite, Louise			Portsmouth
Miller, Albert Edward			East Liverpool
Miller, Benjamin Warren			Millwood, W. Va.
Miller, Fletcher McCoy Mills, Grover Cleveland			Athens
Mills, Helen Mildr'd Jos'phne			Athens
Mills, Lewis Herald			Athens
Minear, Esta Lund		•	Albany
Moler, Harley Edwin			
Montgomery, John Alvin			Baltimore
Moore, Jo Alma			Athens
Moore, Florence Lucile	Music		Lancaster
Moore, Frederick Darrell	A. B	Soph	Athens
Moore, Marie Amanda	Music		Carrollton
Moore, Stella McGrath	Special.		Athens
Morehead, Howard Franklin	()		Hamden
Morgan, Anna Pauline			Murray
Morgan. Thomas Everett	B. S	Fresh	Jackson

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Morris, Dana Claire	Music		Athens
Morris, Frank Otto	Eng	. Fresh	Albany
Morrow, Garnette Elizabeth			Bartlett
Morton, Hamilton Emanuel	Eng	. Fresh	Newton Falls
Morton, Rosa Creat	Music		Jacksonville
Moss, Estella May	Music	Fresh	Lancaster
Motz, Lester Leroy	Eng	. Soph	Brice
Muntz, Earl Edward	A. B	.Fresh	Athens
Murch, James De Forest	A. B	.Jun	Athens
Murray, Edward Cornelius	B. S	.Fresh	Corniug
Nader, Edna Valentine	A. B	.Soph	New Lexington
Neff, Perry Andrew	A. B	.Soph	Dayton
Nelson, Marguerite Lucile	Music	• • • • • • • • • •	Nelsonville
Nesbitt, Hannah Mary	A B	.Soph	Bellaire
Newsome, James Earl	A. B	.Fresh	Rendville
Nixon, John Newton			Bremen
Nye, Charles Edward	A. B	Soph	Athens
O'Rourke, Hannah'			Niles
O'Rourke, Marie Katherine			Warren
Oldham, Fred Wilson	-		Bedford
Ott, Harry Wesley			Frankfort
Pairan, Paul Edward		-	Lancaster
Palmer, Horace Dutton	-		Athens
Parfitt, Blanche Ruby			Athens
Parker, Adeline Davis			Rutland
Parker, Edna Lucile			Athens
Parker, May Margaret			Athens
Parker, Sidney Lester			Athens
Parker, William Floyd			Athens
Parry, Anna Gladys			Jackson
Patton, Oma Jean			New Rumley
Paugh, Charles Thomas			Coolville
Pelley, Mary Vance			Mingo Junction
Penzickes, Constantine C			Nicosia, Cyprus
Peoples, Helen Foster			Athens
Peoples, Mary Foster			Athens
Perry, Hazel Lucile			Martin's Ferry
Peters, Harry Keith			Toronto
Peters, Stuart Harris			Mt. Gilead
Peterson, Theodore Carl			Lorain
Peugh, Earl Kemper			Glouster
Phillips, Adda Alderman			Athens
Phillips, Alice Alderman			Athens
Phillips, Eleanor Primrose Phillips, Helen Marie			Athens Hornell, N.Y.
Pickering, Anna Katherine			Athens
3,			
Pickering, Gertrude Gardner	A. D	sen	Athens

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Pickering, James Theodore	B. S	. Jun	Athens
Pickering, Kenneth Harvey.	A. B	.Fresh	Athens
Pierce, Caroline Carleton	Special.		Monmouth
Pierce, John Harley	A. B	.Fresh	Shade
Pilcher, Leroy Washington			MeArthur
Pilcher, Lois Teresa			McArthur
Pinney, Claud Charles	-		Arcade, N. Y.
Plyley, Chauncey Ace			Washington, C. H.
Poling, Robert Burton			Logan
Porter, Allie Goddard			Chauncey Athens
Porter, Julia Elizabeth Post, Harriet Grace			Washington C. H.
Post, Mary Hazel			Washington C. H.
Powell, Newman Minnich.			Coolville
Power, Eva Inez			Nelsonville
Price, Anna Klostermeier			Athens
Price, John Henry			Athens
Pritchard, Charles Gilbert			Nelsonville
Rambo, Florence Marie			Zanesville
Rambo, George Jefferson	Music .		Jacksonville
Rardin, Addie Marie	Music		Athens
Reed, Hazel Mae	Com'l	Fresh	Piqua
Reeves, Chalmer H	Music		Athens
Reeves, Sally Alston	Special.		Warren
Reeves, Wilbur David			Athens
Reichelderfer, Gladys Ruth.		-	Kingston
Reinoehl, Earl Ralston			Massillon
Renshaw, Sam			Athens
Reynolds, Beneva Elizabeth			Nelsonville
Rhodes, Clifford John			Minersville
Richards, Besse Estelle			Gluster
Richards, Elsie Myrtle			Kokomo, Ind.
Richardson, Charley Burr			Athens
Richardson, Grace Vida Richeson, Mary Grindle			St. Paris
Riley, Grace Lillian			Athens
Riley, James Perry			Guysville
Riley, Mildred Ann			Athens
Roach, Bernice Maude			Athens
Roach, Clarence Wayne	Music .		Athens
Roach, Edith Marie	Music		Athens
Roach, Hazel Putnam			Athens
Roberts, Emmett Ephraim			$\dots \dots Me Connel s ville$
Robinson, Lillian Gonzalez			Athens
Rodgers, Emma Wilson	A. B	Soph	New Lexington
Rodgers, John Nelson			New Lexington
Rogers, Lynton Harold	Eng	Fresh	Lorain

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Romine, Glen Mutchler	B. S	. Fresh	Athens
Ross, Donald A	Eng	. Soph	Akron
Rosseter, Howard Monroe	Com'l	Soph	Athens
Roush, Helen Cornelia	Music		Athens
Rovner, Jacob	B. S	. Fresh	Cleveland
Rucker Robert Elliott			Rappsburg
Rulon, Winifred Orea			Logan
Russell, Lewis Walter			Luther, Montana
Sakurai, Rinzo Matzu			Tokie, Japan
Sanford, Robert Mason			Defiance
Sayre, Arthur Alan			Athens
Sayre, Edgar Weaver	Eng	-	Letart Falls
Schaeffler, Leo			Athens
Scheer, Nelle C			Zaleski
Schloss, Belle Elizabeth			Athens
Scott, Emma Jane			Spencer, W. Va.
Scott, Susan Eleanor			Athens
Secrest, William Jackson	-		Pleasant City
Seibel, Elmer Hermon Seward, Jay Emrie			Monroeville Athens
Shafer, Lawrence Augustus.			Athens
Sharp, William Thompson			
Shepherd, Pauline Stoody	_		Cleveland
Sherman, George Leslie			Athens
Shimansky, Harry Solomon.			Nelsonville
Shively, Earl Cranston			McArthur
Sileott, Gordon Raymond			Nelsonville
Silvus, Effie			Athens
Sines, Mabel Alice			Nelsonville
Skinner, Getta			Glouster
Slater, Rosa			Hocking
Slaughter, Birdella Woodruff	Music		Athens
Slutz, Dorothy Jane	Music		Athens
Smith, Albert Truman	A. B	. Sen	Big Plain
Smith, Carl Russell	Com'l	Fresh	McArthur
Smith, Lena Violet	Music	. Soph	Moundsville, W. Va.
Smith, Patsy	Music		Glouster
Smith, Sandy Alexander			Athens
Snyder, Earl Sidney			Edgerton
Souder, Ruth Serena			Athens
Sprague, Allen Dent			Chauncey
Sprague, Edna McGrath		-	Athens
Sprague, Lenore Adalene			Chauncey
Stalder, Margaret Ullom			Athens
Starr, Elma Vera			Athens
Stewart, Alfred William			Portsmouth
Stewart, Carroll	A. D	sen	Athens

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Stewart, John	Eng	Fresh	Athens
Stickney, Bertha Stewart			Athens
Stinchcomb, Judd Thomas		~	Sycamore
Stonebraker, Cecil Stanton	~		Belmont
Strawn, Goldie May	-		Athens
Stuart, George Washington			Nelsonville
Swank, Helen Armacost			Murray
Swanson, Hester Sarelda			Athens
Swartz, Lena Ada			McArthur
Swinehart, Ruth			Athens
Tannahill, Ethel Beatrice			Logan
Terwilliger, Leda Margh'retta			Spirit Lake, Iowa
Tewksbury, Crescent Wm			Athens
Thomas, Deborah	0		Crafton, Pa
Thomas, John Nelson			Thurman
Thomas, Susan Mildred			Portsmouth
Thurlow, Genevieve Baker		*	Athens
Tilley, Margaret L			Traverse City, Mich.
Timms, Ezra Dowd			Dundas
Trout, Marion			
Tyree, Harold Burdick	-		Huntington, W. Va.
Ulmer, Fred Arthur			Athens
Upham, Chester Robert			Mt. Vernon
Van Pelt, Wayne	13		Highland
Vianna, Luis de Lima			Minais Geraes, Brazil
Von Riethdorf, Frederick E	Special.		Athens
Wade, Lela Lurene	Com'l		Millfield
Wagner, Mary Emma	A. B	.Jun	Dennison
Walden, Blanche Leota	A. B	.Soph	Athens
Waller, Oscar Ermine	B. S	Fresh	Cumberland
Warner, Leslie Elliott	Eng	Soph	New Haven, Conn.
Warner, Nora Teresa	Music		Dundas
Warrener, Mary Estelle	A. B	.Jun	Athens
Warrener, William John	Music		Athens
Watkins, Charles	Com'l		Luhrig
Weaver, Helen	Music		Racine
Webb, Carol Castor			Albany
Webb, John Lester	Eng	Fresh	
Webster, Frances Elizabeth.			Athens
Wee, Choonsean			Padang, Sumatra.
Weinman, Caryl Auburn			Columbus
Weist, Albert Harold			Campbellstown
Wells, Alma Lucile			Sharpsburg
Wendt, Ruth Lois			Athens
Whiston, Wilbur Harry			Bremen
White, Lizzie Gertrude			Athens
White, William C. Orr	A. B	.Fresh	Stockport

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Wilkes, Inez Grace	Music		Chadbourne, N. C
Williams, Gwilym I	Eng	. Soph	Glouster
Williams, Isa Virginia	Special.		Athens
Williams, Mary M	Music		Athens
Williams, Roger Eugene	Music		Athens
Williams, Winifred Lelia	Special		Athens
Willis, Gertrude	Music		Nelsonville
Willis, Helen Bauhof	A. B	.Soph	Canton
Wilson, Carl Henry	B. S	. Jun	Conneaut
Wilson, Elva Ruth	A. B	.Jun	Washington C. H.
Wilson, Harry Clifford	A. B	Jun	Athens
Wilson, Harry Reynolds	Eng	. Soph N	lew Martinsville, W. Va.
Winter, George Wilson	Com'l	. Soph	Crooksville
Winter, Hazel	A. B	.Fresh	Crooksville
Wolfe, Byron Armstrong	A. B	.Fresh .	Athens
Wood, Austin Vorhes	B. S	. Jun	Athens
Wood, Ernest Richard	A. B	.Fresh	Albany
Woods, Olah Angell Hooper.	Music		Athens
Woolly, Cela Louise	Music .		Athens
Wyatt, Bessie Madge	Music		Athens
Yoakem, Howard Haines			Vigo
Young, Lola Lee	Com'l		Stout
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STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

GRADUATE STUDENTS STUDYING FOR A DEGREE

Comstock, Joseph Hooker, A. B., B. S. in E	Athens
Kahler, Mary Engle, Ph. B., B. Ped	.Athens
Lu, Mau Deh, B. S. in EShantung	, China
McVay, Francis Halbert, B. S. in E	Athens
Sherman, Alice Louise, A. B., B. PedWilr	nington
Wolcott, Marion, B. S. in E	enwich
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CLASS OF 1913

Atkinson, Zillah Fern, A. B	
Blizzard, Alpheus W	
Boyles, Ethel Vida	
Clifton, John Leroy	
Comstock, Joseph Hooker, A. B	Athens
Coulter, Lewis Eldon	Oil City, Pa
Cranmer, Lucy Aretha	Athens
Dowd, Jennie Frances	McArthur
Gibson, Elza Goodspeed, Ph. B	Coolville
Grimes, John Odus	Athens
Hawk, Bessie Alice	Newcomerstown
Lu, Mau Deh	Shantung, China
McVay, Francis Halbert	Athens
Morton, Robert Lee	Brownsville
Ogan, Louise, A. B	MeArthur
Ostermayer, Matilda	Canton
Pond, Walter Allen, A. B	Linworth
Richards, Edwards Ray, A. B	
Ricketts, Carrie Edith	Sugar Grove
Riley, Walter Emmett	Athens
Rogers, Thomas H	Mason
Root, Alexander	Frost
Rounds, Charles Rufus	Cincinnati
Smith, Thomas Maynard, Ph. B	Zanesville
Spohn, Burrell Blakeney	
Stage, William Addison	
Van Dyke, Stella May, A. B	Athens
Van Winkle, Edwin C	
Walls, Callie King, B. S	
Wenrick, Key Elizabeth	
Wolcott, Marion	
Young, Harry Curtis	
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UNDER GRADUATES

Name	Rank	Address
Aber, Nina Conner	Jun	Athens
Aiken, Edyth Caroline		Jewett
Albert, Louise M	Fresh	Youngstown
Albright, Grace Mabel		Athens
Andrews, Florence Eva	Soph,	Glouster
Archer, Angie	Fresh	McConnelsville
Armstrong, Ruth	Soph	Logan
Armstrong, Violet Jeannette	Fresh	Laurelville
Arnold, Lillian Diana	Fresh	Youngstown
Bacon, Isabella Eliza	Soph	Kinsman
Bailey, Laura Belle	Jun	Athens
Baird, Don Otto	Special	Wilmington
Baker, Esther Viola	Soph	Amherst
Baker, Lillian Virginia	Soph	Amherst
Baldwin, Gladys	Fresh	Swifts
Ball, Ethel May	Special	Hocking
Balliett, Nora Belle	Fresh	New Philadelphia
Barcroft, Frances Marion	Fresh	Newcomerstown
Barnes, Lenora Esther	Special	Radcliffe
Barnett, Leonard	Fresh	Fleming
Barrett, Veda Marie		Barnesville
Barrows, Goldie Irene		Marietta
Bateman, Grace	Jun	Frederickstown
Baum, Effie Brown		Bourneville
Bay, Josephine Elizabeth	Fresh	New Plymouth
Bayley, Annia May	Fresh	Elyria
Bay, Helen Swern		Cumberland
Bean, Fannie Cozette	Special	Athens
Bean, George Clyde		Albany
Bean, Nellie Dora		Federal Creek
Beckley, Carrie Ethel	-	McArthur
Benedict, Bess Mae		Greenwich
Biedel, Grace Mayfred		Watertown
Bishop, Lena Marie		. North Lewisburg
Blumenthal, William Raphael		Cleveland
Borchers, Dena V		Rockford
Bouts, John Harry		South Webster
Boyer, Edna Elizabeth		Pickerington
Brackin, Margaret Frances		Kinsman
Breyfogle, Myrtle Belle		Athens
Brison, Maud Lauretta		West Gore, N. S.
Brough, Gladys Irwin		Cadiz
Brough, Kathryn Irene		Rocky Ridge
Brown, Florence Marie		Jackson
Brown, Rose Ora	Soph	Kelly's Island

Name	Rank Address
Browning, Nina Mae	Soph Steubenville
Brunner, Ruth Emily	FreshUhrichsville
Buchanan, Edith Amanda	Jun Basil
Buchanan, Phoebe Elizabeth	Special Woodsfield
Bullock, Helen Mary	Fresh Cadiz
Buxton, Bertha Edith	Soph Athens
Bye, Mary Lenore	SophNegley
Calvin, Margaret Belle	Soph Hamden
Carnahan, Fannie Elizabeth	Fresh Dayton
Carter, Ethel Marie	Soph Nelsonville
Caster, Lovina	SpecialCarpenter
Cattell, Lurena Marjorie	Sen Mt. Pleasant
Chase, Mae Weltha	Soph Mingo Junction
Christman, Gladys Fantine	Soph Waterville
Christman, Jacob Branch	Special Athens
Clark, Florence Mildred	FreshSugar Grove
Clark, Frances Etta	SpecialKimbalton
Clark, Leona Elizabeth	SophChicago. O
Clarke, Mary Evangeline	Fresh Cadi:
Clem, Isabel	Fresh Newark
Clifford, Isabelle Ethel	Fresh Cadia
Clohs, Cora May	JunMarietts
Cochran, Fannie Helena	Jun Dresder
Coe, Mabel Mae	Fresh Albany
Cole, Gladys Blanche	Fresh Hartville
Coleman, Helen Louise	JunRainsbord
Coleman, Mabel Bertine	FreshAthens
Colley, Clara Celia	Soph Freeport
Collins, Anastasia Teresa	Soph Athens
Collins, Mary Jane	FreshWashington C. H
Connett, Elizabeth Brown	Soph Athens
Cooper, Edna Catherine.	Soph Youngstown
Copeland, Nancy Louisa	FreshCadiz
Copeland, Nelle Elizabeth	JunAthens
Corner, Dayton Orrin	SophWaterford
Coultree Appa Maria	Fresh McArthur
Covert, Ruth Elizabeth	FreshSyracuse
Cox, Jennie	Fresh. New Martinsville, W. Va
Cox, Sarah Anne	SophChillicothe
Crile, Helen Hoetler	FreshFresh
Crooks, Hazel Marie	Soph Grove City
Cross, Bonnie Prudence	SophNorth Baltimore
Cunningham, Mabel Katurah	Fresh Steubenville
Curry, Bess Todd	SophColumbus
Curry, Edith	Soph East Palestine
Curtis, Olive Matilda	Fresh Chagrin Falls

Name	Rank	Address
Danford, Gladys Allen	Jun	Glouster
Danford, Merle Elizabeth		Trimble
Davidson, Bess Arcada		Snmmerfield
Davis, Kathryn Grace		Youngstown
Davis, Lena Elizabeth		Glouster
DeGraft, Glen Morgan	Fresh	Bradner
DeLancey, Elsie Eleta	Fresh	Shiloh
De Vore, Mary Mildred	Fresh	Nelsonville
Dill, Karl W	Special	Pemberton
Dinsmoor, Constance Faye	Fresh	Shade
Dodds, Marie Louise	Soph	Cleveland
Donaldson, Arthur Earl		Athens
Drake, Goldie Jean	Soph	Athens
Duncan, Helen Evelyn	Fresh	Chicago Junction
Durigg, Jacob Lee	Special	Armstrong's Mills
Eaton, Charlotte Mercedes	Fresh	Circleville
Ebersbach, Alice Louise	Fresh	Pomeroy
Ebersbach, Florence Josephine	Fresh	Pomeroy
Eby, Mary Floy	Fresh	Ashland
Eddy, Mildred Arline	Soph	Athens
Edwards, Helen Estelle	Fresh	Ashtabula
Elhoff, Lena C	Special	Stockdale
Emery, Annetta Fay	Fresh	Newark
Entsminger, Elsie	Soph	Middleport
Everett, Stella Mae	Soph	La Rue
Ewers, Lela Arminda	Soph	Fredericktown
Fawcett, Shirley Minerva		Wellsville
Finsterwald, Nellie	Special	Athens
Fishel, Florence Beryl		Pleasant City
Fisher, Charles Richard		Athens
Fisher, D. Marguerite		Warren
Fleming, Maud Alice	~	Geneva
Floyd, Clara Mae		Lancaster
Floyd, Kathleen Elizabeth		Lancaster
Flynn, Rhea Kirby		New Philadelphia
Foltz, Laura Edith		North Baltimore
Forbes, Jennie Allison		Put-in-Bay
Foutch, Viola Frances		Athens
Fox, Marguerite Josephine		Smithfield
French, Cora Elizabeth		Dorest
Friedel, Elmer Kirk		Meeina
Frost, Leah Lucile		Marietta
Fry, Mary Mabel		Fremont
Frye, Lola Belle Chester		Athens
Fulks, Ben Floyd	•	Dresden
Fuller, Roland Andrew		Columbus
Garber, Elizabeth Gertrude	Soph	Bellville

Name	Rank Address
Gaskill, Pearley	Sen Athens
Gifford, Clara May	FreshBeckett
Gillespie, Lelia Catherine	SophLancaster
Gillilan, Ruth Clare	Fresh Salt Lake, Utah
Ginnan, Mary Ellen	Jun Athens
Goddard, Helen Lane	Fresh Amesville
Gotshall, Pearl Louise	SpecialJewett
Grafton, Winifred James	Soph Adena
Greisheimer, Essie Maud	Sen Chillicothe
Griffin, Hazel May	Fresh Alfred
Gross, Haidee Coral	Soph West Liberty
Grover, Maria Rome	Fresh Albany
Grueser, Freda Rosena	Special Minersville
Guthery, Avis Marie	Soph La Rue
Guthery, Louis Mayme	Soph La Rue
Haight, Mabel	Fresh Goshen
Hall, Lua	FreshAndover
Hall, Margaret	Special Proctor, W. Va.
Hall, Ruth Eleanor	SophPierpont
Halsema, Elizabeth Agnes	Soph New Bremen
Halt, Louise Fredericka	Soph Youngstown
Hampton, Roxy May	Special Nelsonville
Haptonstall, Eva Alma	FreshMiddleport
Harden, Carrie Ellen	Jun Dennison
Hardin, Winifred Daisy	SophGambier
Harris, Alice Glenna	EreshBailey, Mich.
Harrod, Esther Lillian	Soph South Charleston
Harrod, Florence Ada	SophSouth Charleston
Hayes, Everett Raymond	Fresh Guysville
Hayes, Florence	Special Langsville
Hayes, Winifred Alice	Fresh Guysville
Heald, Hattie Estelle	SophCutler
Hedges, Effie Harper	JunCadiz
Henke, Nita Cecile	Jun Athens
Herb, Margaret Grace	SophSteubenville
Herbert, Katherine Anne	SophCleveland
Hesse, Edna Fern	SophRoseville
Hewitt, Estella Faye	Sen New Marshfield
Heyner, Mildred Clair	Fresh Cleveland
Hickox, Edna Eliza	
Hite, Ada Florence	FreshThornville
Hite, Mary Ruth	
Hizey, Alice Carey	FreshPickerington
Hoak, Hazel	
Hoffert, Ruth Florence	
Hoge, Ermine Blanche	
Hollingshead, Nellie May	Special Jackson

Name	Rank	Address
Hoover, Mary	Soph	Middlebranch
Hoover, Sylvia	Soph	
Horton, Eunice Adeline	Soph	
Horton, Minnie Helena	Jun	
Hughes, Charles Clarence	Special	
Humphrey, Iva May	Soph	
Hunt, Hazel Elizabeth	Sen	
Hunt, Helen Elizabeth	Soph	
Hupp James Lloyd	Special	
Hutchinson, Calvin Clyde	Special	
Jackson, Frederick Augustus	Soph	
James, Margaretta Elizabeth	Soph	
Jenks, Stella Mason	Speciai	
Johnston, Reed Seth	Soph	
Jones, Ann Matilda	Jun	
Jones, Anna Maude	Soph	
Jones, Earl Leslie	Jun	
Jones, Katherine	Special	
Jones, Ruth Elizabeth	SophSo	
Jordan, Stanley L	Special	
Karr, Edna Juliet	Soph	
Katzenbach, Lucy Marie	Fresh	
Keely, Edna Rosetta	Fresh	
Kelly, Margaret	Special	
Kimble, Edna Blanche	Fresh	
King, Dana M	Special	
King, Edward Riley	Sen	
King, Martha Lee	Soph	
Kinsel, Fred Ernest	Special	
Kinsey, Bertha Lee	Soph Ne	
Kirkbride, Wanda Marguerite	Soph N	
Kiser, Mary Arvesta	Soph	Piqua
Knoll, Elsie Leota	Jun	Alliance
Knoll, Zella Elizabeth	Sen	Alliance
Krapps, Zelma Katherine	Jun	Athens
Kumler, Nettie Elizabeth	Fresh	Baltimore
Lane, Wilma	Fresh	Cambridge
Lange, Mayme Martha	Fresh	Salineville
Lash, Faye Ardelle	Fresh	Athens
Lavine, Anna Claire	Soph	Steubenville
Lawton, Helen Elizabeth	Special	Barlow
Lee, Estella Clarissa	Fresh	Athens
Lee, Velma	Soph	Greenwich
Lehman, Samuel George	Soph	Ney
Lewis, Lu Bernice	Soph	Rushville
Leydorf, Clara Catherine	Fresh	Perrysburg
Liddell, Mary Iras	Soph	Shiloh

Name	Rank	Address
Liggett, Laura Fern	Fresh	Leesville
Linville, Josuha Carl		Junction City
Little, Esther Ellen	Fresh	Black Run
Livingston, Lena		Hamersville
Long, Blanche Lois		Mt. Vernon
Long, Bernice Olive		Mt. Vernon
Loofourrow, Christine Marie		Mt. Sterling
Lortz, Jessie Hazel		
Lowry, Rena Ruth	Jun	Zanesville
Luntz, Nelle Marie		Steubenville
Lyle, Joseph Wilson	Sen	Cincinnati
McAuslan, Frances May		East Hampton, Mass.
McCarroll, Gertrude Rose		Steubenville
McClure, Harriet Clendenin		Allensville
McCormick, Jesta Nelle		Athens
McCulloch, Josephine Eugenia		Fremont
McCurdy, Ethel Marie		Coshocton
McFarland, Christina Isabel	_	Warren
McGugin Julia Merle		Mt. Vernon
McKelvey, Augusta Bess		Fredericksburg
McLaughlin, George Evert		Athens
McNaughton, James Edgar	Sen	South Webster
McNeal, Mary Olive	Fresh	Waterford
Magrew, Pearle Burnham		Magrew
Mardis, Myrtle	Soph	Columbus
Mariner, Genevieve	Soph	Youngstown
Martin, Mary Ruth		Cleveland
Martin. Peter Elwyn	Fresh	Worthington
Martin, Roscoe Everett	Fresh	Sardinia
Mast, Cora Elma	Jun	Zanesville
Maze, Esther Gertrude	Fresh	Nelsonville
Meikle, Elsie Mae	Soph	Kinsman
Merrill, Lucia Ellen	Special.	Andover
Merry, Susan Isabella	Soph	Caldwell
Middleton, Genevieve Virginia	Fresh	Middleport
Miller, Ethel Ida	Special	Langsville
Miller, Frances Mary	Soph	Kelley's Island
Miller, Helen Elizabeth	Soph	Mingo Junction
Miller, Irene Mary	Fresh	Green Spring
Miller, Mildred Annette	Fresh	Millersport
Miller, Nellie Blanche	. Fresh	Baltimore
Miller, Ruby R		Lancaster
Mills, Amanda Jane		Toronto
Moffitt, Lulu Faye		Mt. Vernon
Moore, Enned May		Cumberland
Moore, Frances Elizabeth		Carrollton
Moore, Ila Winifred	Fresh	Atlanta

Name	Rank	Address
Moore, Irvie Meechem	Fresh	Byesville
Morris, Edward Armstrong	Soph	
Morris, Harry Lee	Fresh	
Morris, Helen	Fresh	- 0
Morris, Nellie Abigail	Fresh	
Moskoffian, John Gregory	Jun 8	
Mullane, Bess	Soph	Younsgtown
Murphy, Marian Elizabeth	Fresh	Steubenville
Myers, Ethel	Fresh	Green Springs
Naylor, Lucile	Fresh	Malta
Neer, Lucile Francina	Fresh	Forgy
Nelson, Alice Gertrude	Soph	Bellaire
Nelson, Florence Elizabeth	Soph	Athens
Nesbitt, Mabel Allyne	Soph	Grafton
Newman, Autye Mae	Special	Hamden
Nicholson, Dwight Rogers	Fresh	Byesville
Nutt, Helen Alma	Fresh	Chardon
O'Connor, Anna	Ssecial	Athens
O'Connor, Gertrude, A. B	Sen	
O'Connor, Mary	Fresh	Athens
O'Rourke, Sarah	Soph	Warren
Orr, Esther Elizabeth	Fresh	Xenia
Osborne, Elva Faye	Soph	Huron
Park, Mary Edith	Soph	Warren
Parsons, John Cassius	Fresh	Phoneton
Patterson, Carrie Vyde	Special	Wellston
Patterson, Gladys Genevieve	Fresh	Wellston
Patterson, Lena Estelle, A. B	Special	
Paullin, Martha Henrietta	Fresh	
Pearce, Lois Gail	Fresh	
Pease, Carrie De Ette	Soph	
Penrose, Viola Mae	Fresh	
Perry, Louise Rebecca	Special	
Peters, Edith McKnight	Soph	
Petty, Blanche	Jun	
Phillips, Mary Leah	Soph	
Pickett, Helen Emma	Jun	
Pilcher, Ada Rebecca	Jun	
Pipes, Mabelle Forest	Soph	
Pittinger, Margaret Grace.	Soph	
Polk, Julia Mooreman	Soph	
Porter, Anna Laura	Soph	9
Potts, Carl Grady	Jun	
Potts, Clarence McNatt	Fresh	
Price, Katherine Estella	Special	
Putnam, Susan Mildred	Soph	
Pyers, Bessie	Fresh	Atnens

Name	Rank	Address
Pyers, Grace	Fresh	Athens
Rang, Lavina Mary	SophChicago	
Rang, Miriam Viola	Fresh Chicago	
Rauschenberg, Stella Anna	Special	
Reeves, Mary Alston	Fresh	
Reeves, Mary Elizabeth	SophNew B	
Reeves, Olive Marie	Fresh	
Reifinger, Helen Elizabeth	Fresh Yo	
Reisling, Susanna Ferguson	JunMingo	
Reiter, Lula Wilhelmina	Soph	
Richeson, Marian Cromwell	Fresh	
Rife, Natalie Rebecca	Fresh	
Riggs, Ada Graham	FreshSe	
Risdon, Nellie Blanche	FreshSte	
Robens, Olive Alexander	SophCha	
Roberts, Olive Jane	Soph	9
Robinson, Anna Elizabeth	Sen	
Robinson, Blanche	Soph	
Romig, Ruth Lucile	SophUh	
Rood, Orrell Louisa	SophCha	
Rossell, Olive Elizabeth	Fresh East	_
Rounds, Joseph Stuart	Fresh	
Rupert, Carl Schurz	Special	
Russell, Greta Mildred	Fresh	
Ruth, Clifford Everett	Fresh	
Rutledge, Ethel Cora	Jun	
Rutledge, Mayme Lizbeth	Soph	
Saylor Esther Garnet	Special	
Schleicher, Henrietta Moorehead	Soph	
Schleicher, Mary Magdalene	Fresh	
Schmeltz, Esther Annie	FreshR	
Secoy, Ina Leona	Soph	
Seeman' Ethel Olive	Soph	
Severns, Edna Mildred	Fresh	
Sewell, Esther	Special	
Shafer, Samuel Sullivan	Jun	
Sharp, Helen Crew	Fresh	
Sharp, Ruth Elizabeth	Fresh	
Sheldon, Jessye Dee	Fresh	
Shilling, Mary Leora	Fresh McCo	
Shipley, Mary Ursel.	Fresh	
Shott, Vivian Richards	SophNew Ph	
Shuman, Mary Ethel	SenShe	
Sigler, Adah Ellen	Soph	
Skinner, Charles Edward	Sen	
Skinner, Faye Lulu	Fresh	
Slaughter, Jessie Hannah	Fresh	
Blaughter, dessie Hannan	r resil	,bedana

Name	Rank	Address
Slone, Lois Mildred	Fresh	lexandria, Ind.
Smedley, Margaret Gertrude	Soph	
Smith, Eva Marie	Soph	
Snow, Ethel May	Fresh	
Southard, Florence Ethel	Fresh	West Mansfield
Spencer, Alice E	Special	Zanesville
Spracklen, Arloa Janiza	Soph	Kenton
Sprowl, Zoe Lenore	Soph	Huron
Steele, Alice Blanche	Soph	Columbus
Stevens, Frances Folsom	Soph	Newark
Stewart, Bessie Maud	Soph	Creston, W. Va.
Stewart, Mary Agnes	Special	Athens
Stimson, Hazel Sophia	Fresh	Chardon
Stokes, Nellie Faye	Special	Pennsville
Stouder, Lora Vida	Fresh	Goshen
Strausbaugh, Elsie Mae	Soph	Cadiz
Strong, Jessie Belle	Soph	
Strong, Ola Adelaide	Soph	
Sutphen, Helen Marie	Special	
Swan, Basha Edna	Soph	
Swartz, Clara Bernice	Fresh	
Talbott, Jean Elizabeth	Fresh	Chillicothe
Templer, May	Sen	-
Thomas, Anna Belle	Soph	
Thomas, Della Lee	Fresh	Kirkersville
Thomas, Gladys Ione	Soph	
Thomas, Nettie	Jun	
Thomas, Ruth Christina	Fresh	
Thompson, Bert M	Sen	
Tom, Fred Lee	Jun	
Touchman, Lottie Amelia	Fresh	
Tresham, Jessie May	Sen	
Treudley, Ruth, A. B	Special	
Tyler, Miriam Virginia	Special	
Tull, Elizabeth Ann	Fresh	
Valentine, Mary Winifred	Soph	
Van Arsdale, Zoe	Fresh	
Van Dorn, Lena Matilda	Soph	
Van Tilburg, Gladys Esther	Special	
Van Valey, Gladys Lucile	Soph	
Verity, Jeannette Virginia	Fresh	
Vester, Clara Elizabeth	Special	
Vincent, Elsie Vere	Soph	
Wade, Ilda Marie Waggoner, Clada Ruth	Soph	
Walker, Jessie Murray	Fresh	
Walpole, Branson Alva		
warpoie, Branson Alva	Soph	

Name	Rank	Address
Ward, Effie Stevenson	Special	Athens
Ward, Mary	Soph	
Wardell, Mabel Estelle	Fresh	Uhrichsville
Ware, Anna Marie	Soph	Frankfort
Warner, Mary Eva	Soph	Andover
Warner, Mary Lavinia	Fresh	Dundas
Watson, Carrie Mae	Fresh,	Athens
Weber, Maude Antoinette	Soph	Dexter City
Weekley, Bertha Leota	SpecialArmst	rong's Mills
Welch, Ruth Harriet	Fresh	
Werner, Margaret Henrietta	Fresh	Cleveland
West, Mary Annis	Fresh	. Bainbridge
Wharff, Edna May	Special	Stewart
White, Elize Lorena	Soph Ch	andlersville
White, Joseph Cook	Soph	ew Concord
White, Mary Louanna	Fresh Ch	andlersville
Whitlock, Florence Ethel	Special	Chardon
Whitsey, Edna Alice	Soph	Put in Bay
Whittlesey, Nola Cole	Soph	Atwater
Wiley, Nathaniel	SenKim	ball, W. Va.
Wilkes, Ernest Constantine, A. B	Special	Athens
Wilkes, Marie Carsonia	Fresh	Athens
Willerton, Mabel Arella	Soph	Bellaire
Willerton, Nettie Elizabeth	Fresh	Bellaire
Williams, Edith Chenoweth	FreshNew Cumber	land, W. Va.
Williams, Verda Elminta	Soph	Cast Liberty
Williams, Wilbur Milton	Special	Plainfield
Willis, Irma.	Soph	Canton
Willis, Zoe	Soph	Wellston
Winters, Frances Alice	Soph	Athens
Wonders, Jessie May	Soph	
Wood, Cary C	Sen	0
Wright, Olivia Adeline	Fresh	
Wyeth, Cleo Dee	Soph	. Johnstown

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STATE PREPARATORY SCHOOL

All students taking work leading to collegiate courses are enrolled here.

Name	Year Address
Addicott, Cora Elizabeth	SecondWilliamsfield
Adrian, Emma	Second Bloomingdale
Albright, Edward Emil	FourthAthens
Applegate, Vesta	FourthGoshen
Armstrong, Clarence Edward	Second Bellville
Balderson, Mary Emily	FourthAmesville
Baughman, Eva Ruth	Third New Marshfield
Baughman, Everett	Third New Marshfield
Bean, Luta Lucile	Fourth Guysville
Bell, Arl Mary	Fourth Athens
Bender, Jacob Roy	Third Uhrichsville
Blackwood, Faye Fern	Fourth Coolville
Bobo, Ethel Frances	ThirdAthens
Brandom, Maree Abbie	SecondKansas City, Mo.
Brettell, Elizabeth	Fourth Mingo Junction
Brown, Iscah May	Second Agosta
Brown, Mabel Lucile	Fourth Agosta
Burns, Dana Thurlow	Second Guysville
Burson, Walter Coe	ThirdAthens
Cagg, Miles Herbert	Fourth Nelsonville
Caldwell, John Henry	ThirdGuysville
Calhoon, William James	Third Crooksville
Carothers, Helen Hannah	Fourth Cutler
Chapman, George Lawrence	FourthZanesville
Chapman, Tracy Ellen	Third Coolville
Charles, Sylvanus Evan	Second Webb Summit
Chase, Don Edwin	Fourth Athens
Chubb, Catherine Downer	Fourth Athens
Clark, Wooster Thomas	ThirdSteubenville
Clendenin, William Everett	Fourth Monday
Craig, George Ludlow	Second Wallingford, Conn.
Cranmer, Clarence Edward	Third Athens
Crumley, Martha Mildred	Third Athens
Cullum, William Price	First Athens
Davis, Bruce Watts	SecondSomerset
Davis, Chester Francis	Fourth Glouster
Davis, M. Oscar	SecondTrimble
Davis, Maye A	Third Blazer
Davis, Rachel	Second
Davis, Russell Harley	SecondSomerset

Name	Year Address
Denny, Eva Edith	Second Lancaster
Dinsmoor, Gwendolyn	Fourth Corbondale
Donley, Gerard Vernon	Third Nelsonville
Donovan, John Paul	SecondChillicothe
Dunlap, Paul Mendell	First Cadiz
Floyd, Ada Leota	Second
Floyd, Homer Samuel	Fourth South Perry
Floyd, Leafy Gretelle	Second Athens
Fluke, Edna Lucile	Third Nankin
Francisco, Boyd Edward	ThirdRockbridge
Frantz, Guy L	SecondLisbon
Garvin, Thomas Edgar	Third Evansville, Ind.
Gibbs, Jeannette Leone	Fourth Jacksonville
Gibson, Florence E	SecondToledo
Goddard, Charles Curtis	SecondCutler
Goddard, Harry Hull	FourthCutler
Goddard, John Rodney	Fourth
Graves, Harold Charles	ThirdAnderson
Gregory, Norma Lidora	SecondZaleski
Griffin, Homer Glenn	FourthSherrodsyille
Griffith, Jesse Eugene	First Hillsboro
Grimes, Loren Ervin	FourthCumberland
Hale, Charles Cunningham	SecondMcConnelsville
Hall, Jesse Charles	ThirdGlouster
Hamilton, Martha Thelma	Third New Marshfield
Hart, Virrel Miles	FourthCambridge
Higley, Brewster Shott	FourthAthens
Hill, Clyde Gilman	Fourth Wheeling, W. Va.
Holle, Laura Edmona	SecondScio
Holle, Reta Rebecca	SecondScio
Hoopman, Hallie Belle	FourthBlack Lick
Howard, Clarence Edward	Third Athens
Howard, Mabel Graye	Fourth Athens
Jamison, Sarah Pearl	SecondGeorgetown
Johnson, Blanche Eleanor	Second
Johnson, Oden	FourthLittle Hocking
Johnson, Parker Llewellyn	SecondVincent
Jones, Rupel Johnson	Fourth Athens
King, Robert Nelson	SecondMillport
Knight, Charles William	Fourth Lorain
Kratt, Barbara Ethel	Fourth Castalia
Leete, Constance Grosvenor	FourthAthens
Leive, Linnie Florence	SecondSouth Webster
Liggett, Nellie Beatrice	Fourth Leesville
Lively, Clara Lavelle	Second Albany
Long, Clara Belle	Third North Fairfield
Long, Houston David	Second
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Name	Year	Address
Lonsinger, Celia	Fourth	Walhonding
Loper, Ivy Maud	Third	
Loper, Rebecca Ellen	Third	
Love, George Clifford	First	Athens
Lovell, Mary Kathryn	Second	Athens
Lyons, Ada Marie	Second	The Plains
McCleery, Laura Helen	Third	Lancaster
McCreary, Melvin Leslie	Third	Freeport
McKee, Ross Hamilton	Fourth	West Carlisle
McLaughlin, George Ephraim	Third	Wilkesville
Marquis, Carroll Basil	Fourth	Amesville
Marshall, William Brandt	Fourth	Lancaster
Martin, Russell	Second	Malta
Mason, William Pierce	First	Athens
Masters, Bruce	Third	Bowerston
May, Ella Lucie	Fourth	
Mechling, George Vernon	Fourth	Glenford
Meredith, Jennie Belle	Third	
Merritt, George Wood	Fourth	. Mulberry, Fla
Mobley, Gertrude Edna	Third An	rmstrong's Mills
Morris, Pearl Anna	First	Amesville
Muntz, Edith Anna	Third	
Nethers, Emmet Wilson	Second	Trinway
Nida, Mary Alma	Second	
Nixon, Hugh Henry	Third	
Norris, Eva	Second	
Norris, Henry Herman	Fourth	
Ogg, Carlos E	Fourth	
Orr, Daisy Lucile	Second	
Oxley, Lena Bertine	First	
Packer, Ethyl A	Second	
Pettay, Ward English	Second	
Phelps, Nellie	Third	
Pidcock, Angie Etta	Second	
Plummer, Thomas Herbert	Second	
Pugh, Vergie Agnes	First	
Rader, Alfred Waldo	Third	
Rees, Harry S	Fourth	-
Richards, Nellie	Third	
Russell, Heber	Second	
Schimmel, Vernon George	Third	,
Scott, Cash Leon	Third	0
Shaw, Charles Louis Marvey	Second	
Sheppard, Frederick Emanuel	First	
Shirley, Elmer Wesley	Fourth	
Shupe, Blanche Victoria	Third	()
Siders, Cecil Franklin	Second	Seaman

Name	Year Address
Simpkins, Richard	Third Laurelville
Simms, Hazel Bessie	Second New Plymouth
Simms, Ruth Audrey	Second New Plymouth
Skinner, Mary	Second Barnesville
Smith, Cora Gladys	Second Carey
Sommer, Franklin Earl	SecondDundee
Speer, Florence	Fourth Bloomingdale
Speyer, Anna Belie	ThirdAthens
Staneart, Charles Earnest	Fourth Athens
Starner, Charles Henry	ThirdSugar Grove
Stewart, Edith Rowena	Third Woodsfield
Strickler, Ray	FourthCoolville
Strode, Hazel Dean	FourthChesterhill
Swaim, Hannah Marie	Fourth Athens
Taylor, Earl	FourthTrinway
Thomas, Lotta May	Second Hughestown, W. Va.
Thompson, Adda Jane	ThirdSeio
Trittipo, Dwight Davies	SecondAdamsville
Ulrich, Victoria Helena	Second Lewisville
Verwohlt, Howard William	Fourth Tiltonville
Walker, Florence Margaret	FourthCheshire
Walker, Robert Herman	FourthNew Marshfield
Walters, Harry William	SecondPortsmouth
Warner, Esta Elizabeth	FirstHarrisonville
Watkins, Wendell Sprague	FourthChauncey
Watkins, William Poston	SecondAthens
Weik, Waldo Harrison	FourthMt. Healthy
Wharton, Florida Edna	Third
Wilmore, Charles Mechlin	SecondRempel
Wilson, Mary Leona	SecondGlouster
Woodward, Blanche,	Third Hamden
Work, Owen James	Second Millersburg
Workman, Benson Earl	Third Lynchburg
Wyckoff, Grace Emma	Second Athens
Yanit, Freda	FourthHannibal
Yanit, Margaret	Fourth
Young, Earl Elsworth	ThirdMillersburg
Zenner, Philip McKnight	Fourth Athens

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SUMMER SCHOOL

This list includes only the names of those students who were in attendance during no other part of the year. The total enrollment of Summer School students was 1138.

Name	Address
Abbott, Clara Gertrude	Kevstone, W. Va.
Adams, Marjorie	
Adams, Dale	
Adams, Evelyn Lyon	
Adams, Louise Viola	
Adams, Nancy Ruth	
Addicott, Harold Brown	Athens
Allinger, Ethel Jeannette	
Allison, Ida A	New Marshfield
Amerine, Arthur Truman	Creola
Amerine, Ivan Robert	Creola
Amerine, Sarah Leota	Summit Station
Anderson, Lena Malinda	Newark
Armstrong, Cora Lulu	Woodsfield
Arrington, James Austin	Bainbridge
Armstrong, Lyman Walter	Ravenna
Arnold, Mildred May	Youngstown
Ault, Mary Ruth	Franklin Furnace
Aumiller, Leighton Edington	Nelsonville
Baker, Anna Mae	Zanesville
Baker, Clara	Jewett
Baker, Ralph Freeze	Athens
Baldwin, Harley Eugene	Iberia
Ball, Alice Mildred	
Ballard, Robert Flenore	Cadiz
Balthaser, Lillian Marie	
Banton, Esther Lucile	Newark
Barclay, Marie Jean	Sebring
Barnes, Sylvia Marie	
Barnhill, Amy Gertrude	
Barnhill, Lulu Anna	
Barnhill, Walter Everett	
Barstow, Harry	
Barton, Thurston	
Basinger, Almon J	
Bates, Le Roy Wilfred	
Bean, Bertha Estelle	
Beard, Edna Erma	
Bechmann, Albertina	
Reck Fragt R	Innetion City

Name	Address
Bell, Eula	Cambridge
Bell, Helen	
Bell, Lura L.	
Bennett, Jessie Hope	
Bentley, Harold Jackson	
Beshore, Georgia Estelle	
Bierer, Esther Eva	
Bing, Simeon Hutsinpiller	Rio Grande
Black, Anna Lee	Mt. Vernon
Black, Josephine	
Black, Leola Elizabeth	
Black, Treva	
Blackburn, Georgia Rowena	
Blazier, Goldie	
Blum, Bessie Winifred	
Blum, Clara Loretta	
Bobo, Octa Faye	
Boelzner,Lena Ellen	
Bolo, Xenia	
Bolton, William McKee	
Bonsall, Addie F,	
Bork, Eva Mabelle	
Bork, Stella Mae	
Bouts, John Edward	
Bowers, Clyde Emerson	•
Bowles, Josephine Lydia	
Bowman, George Arvene Boyle, Ethel L.	
Brainerd, Arthur Alanson	
Bralev, Mack Rolin	
Brammer, Esta Lola.	
Breitenbecher, Elva Mae	
Breitenbecher, Vernon Le Roy	
Brohard, Edith Bronson.	
Broome, Laura Mehrer	
Brown, Bessie	
Brown, Esther Sara	
Brown, Theodora Garnett	
Browne, Nora	
Browning, Lida Mildred	
Buchanan, Clancie May	
Buchanan, David Lewis	
Bumgardner, Gladys	
Bumgarner, Guy	
Burgess, Elizabeth G	Cutler
Burleigh, Edith Cora	
Burnfield, Gertrude	Vincent
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

Name	Address
Burns, Granville Willard	Belmont
Burns, Warren Lelion	Belmont
Burriss, Rena	Mt. Pleasant
Burson, Gladys Coe	Athens
Burton, Otis Austin	Leesburg
Burwig, Clara Augusta	Hubbard
Butcher, Lila Belle	Mt. Vernon
Butterfield, Naomi	Sabina
Cable, Rena Nancy	
Cain, Eva Chestora	Glouster
Cain, Juanita	
Caldwell, Naomi	
Calhoun, Beatrice Areama	
Calhoun, Lenore Anna	
Campbell, Carl.,	
Campbell, Gertrude Chloe	
Cardwell, Mary	
Carey, Ethel	
Carper, Laura Marie	
Carr, Elma Hutton	
Carr, Orpha Lucile	
Carter, Effie Bryant	
Carter, Ralph Scott	
Cash, Roland Everette	
Centner, Albert William	
Chaney, Mabel Cora	
Cheeseman, William Carl	
Christy, Frank Leonard	** *
Chubb, Edwin Downer	
Clark, Cleo Mildred Belle	
Clark, Mildred	
Cleary, Vivian Juanita	
Clement, Verna Pauline	
Clum, Samuel James	
Clutts, Flora Ethel	*
Cochran, Francyl	
Coen, Seigle Roy	
Cole, Gayle	Huron
Cole, Wilma	West Lafayette
Collins, Lauretta	Athens
Conner, Minerva Willard	Garretsville
Cook, Emma Matilda	
Cooke, Almira Frances	Leesburg
Copeland, Ray Ellsworth	
Copes, Verna Grace	
Corn, Edith Minnie	Oak Hill

Name Address Costigan, Statia Mary Berlin Heights

	gan, Statia Mary	
Cour	sen, William Marshall	Youngstown
Cour	right, Georgene Beryl	Lancaster
	er, Cleo	
	o, Lois	
	ner, George Fulton	
	e, Mabel Edna	
	, Waid	
Cubi	ison, Gertrude Helen	Cumberland
	m, Opal Willma	
	ms, Doris Mae	
	ingham, Mae Belle	
Curti	s, Anna Sarah	Iberia
Cush	ing, Anna Mary	Warren
	y, Lloyd	
	Katherine	
	i, Blanche	
	lson, Bessie May	
	lson, Edith Mae	
	Ison, Margaret	
	dson, Mary Olive	
	es, William Walter, Jr	
	s, Irene Abbie	
	s, Mary L	
Daug	herty, Mary Teresa	Junction City
	on, Ellen Ruby	
Dear	h, Otto Art	Summerfield
Deer	Bessie Josephine	Nelsonville
Delli	nger, Georgiana May	Osborn
	is, Mollie	
	n, Margaret Mary	
	ne, Ruth	
	Inez Rebecea	
Diek	son, Bessie Belle	Athone
	, Louedith	
Dien	nay, Albert John	Conne
Dille	nay, Albert John	Congo
Dillo	n, Clarence Bertram	Franklin Furnace
	n, Elizabeth Ferguson	
	n, James Floyd	
	an, Edith	
	, Mary Jane	
Drak	e, Howard	Richwood
	e, Walter Benjamin	
Drese	her, N. H	Logan
	e, Lelia	
	7, Bertha	
	Helen Gail	
20114,		

Name Address Dunn, Fannie Margaret.......Cincinnati Dunn, Ruth.....Brilliant Dunn, William Ross...... Ripley Dunstan, Flavia Adelaide......Granville Duvendeck, Katherine Elizabeth........................Delaware Eaton, Elaine Elvira......East Palestine Eccles, William Johnston......Athens Eckhart, Blanche Magdalene...... Portsmouth Eddy, Helen.....Trimble Edington, Fred......Nelsonville Ehrhart, Hattie......Sandusky Emerson, Ruth Waldine.....Loveland Entsminger, Helen Orr......Middleport Eury, Mabel Gladys.....Bradford Evans, Anna Mae......Vinton Evans, Mamie Isabel.....Lebanon Farnell, Mary Tydyil Martin's Ferry Fay, Edith..... Marietta Fearson, Elizabeth......Wellston Feil, Elsie May...... Crooksville Few, Hattie ... Zanesville Findley, Winifred V......Glenford Finsterwald, Elmer W......Athens Fisher, Emma Watertown Flaherty, Nellie.....Belpre Flanagan, Ambrose Lewis......Shadyside Forward, Elizabeth.......Sharpsburg Foster, Jennie Viola.....Scio Freeh, John Lewis......Sardinia French, Joanna Carrie.....Jackson

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Frost, Zoa Maude	Croton
Fultz, Grace	
Furste, Mattie Elizabeth	
Gangey, Grace	
Garman, Harriet	
George, Helen Elvira	
Gerlach, Hazel Margaretta	
Giffen, Sadie Letitia	
Gillingham, Edith	
Gillogly, Ethel Gail	
Glancy, Bertha May	
Glandon, John Forsythe	
Gordon, Anna Elizabeth	
Gordon, Fern	
Gorrell, William J	
Graham, Mildred Carlyle	
Grant, Mary	
Grant, Murray Cecil.	
Gray, May Eleanor	
Green, Alice Roberta	
Greenwood, Ella L	
Groves, Hiram F.	
Growdon, Clarence Holmes	
Growden, Ruth Margaret	
Guiler, Mary Ethel	
Guinsler, Herbert Jacob	
Hadley, Florence Elizabeth	
Hadley, Ruthanna	
Hague, John Taylor	
Halbirt, Lucy Keturah	
Haley, Alice Agnes	
Haley, Edna Gertrude	Chillicothe
Haley, Maud May	McComb
Hall, Ada Pearl	Nova
Hall, Frances	Coalton
Hall, John William	Summerfield
Hall, Lola	Croton
Hall, Nathan Sylyester	Summerfield
Hamilton, Sarah Edmeston	Berlin Heights
Hampton, Ada Augusta	Lexington, Ky.
Hanawalt, Bertha	
Hanawalt, Ruth Inez	Ostrander
Handley, Cecil	
Hanna, Mary Isabel	
Harding, Minnie	
Harkins, May	
Harkness, Robert Henry	Zanesville

Name	Address
Harris, Bryan Jennings	
Hart, Denver Ti	
Hart, Henry R	
Hartford, Margaret Jane	Toronto
Hartinger, Mearl Dora	Williamsport
Hartinger, Nellie Marie	Williamsport
Haskins, Lillie Mae	Wheelersburg
Hastings, Katherine Elizabeth	Castalia
Hastings, Margaret	Caldwell
Haverfield, Mary Alda	
Haymond, Mary Mildred	Newark
Haynes, Elfra May	Dillonvale
Hecox, Nellie	Sumner
Heddleston, Roy Grover	New Matamoras
Helman, Matilda Jane	
Hemphill, Winona	
Henderson, Albert	
Henderson, Blanche Ethel	
Henderson, Jessie Lucile	Iberia
Henry, Hazel	
Herd, Mary Docey	
Herrold, William Gordon	
Hewitt, Bessie May	
Hewitt, John Cecil	
Hickman, Elsie	
Hickman, Perla Grace	
Higgins, Winifred Belle	
Hill, Flossie May	
Hiller, Maude	
Hipp, Mae Belle	
Hobt, Lena	
Hoeffler, Josephine Lisette	
Hofstetter, Elmer Lewis	
Hollar, Ada Julia	
Holiar, Ruth Susan	
Holshoy, Harvey Leroy	
Hooper, Katie	
Hopkins, Laverna	
Hopkins, Rufus Carpenter	
Hopstetter, Bertha	
Horn, Stella	
Horton, Katherine	
Hoskins, Mildred Emily	
Hostettle, Pratt	
Houser, Alma May	
Howe, Clara Bartley	
Howe, Mary Blanche	Athens

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Huber, Katie	De Graff
Hudson, Frank Gillilan	Ashville
Huffman, Hazel Dell	Circleville
Hughes, Alice	Oxford
Hughes, Esther	Thurman
Hughey, Hazel	Greenfield
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Huls, Ora Mildred	
Houston, Ethel Marie	
Hunter, Benjamin Arthur	
Hupp, Glenna Mae	
Hurr, Carrie Alberta	
Hutcheson, Bernice May	
Hutchison, Edna Eldora	
Hutsinpiller, Garnet Louise	
Hutzell, Carrie	
Hyatt, Mary Wood	
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Isbell, Clara Isadore	
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Jackman, Thomas Benton	
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Jacobs, Blaine Park Cole	
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James, Gwendolyn	
Jenks, Julissa Jane	
Jennings, George	
Jennings, Mildred Marie	
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Joachim, Katherine Elizabeth	
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Johnson, Herbert Shepherd	
Johnson, Esther Augusta	
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Jones, Electa Birdie	
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Jones, Florence Gilchrist	
Jones, Lucy Margaret	
Jump, Bernice Ora	
Jungerman, Elsie Marie	Corning

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Justice, Glenn Leroy	
Justice, Helen	
Kane, Virginia Monica	
Katzenbach, Iva Loree	Nelsonville
Katzenbach, Mabel	Nelson ville
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Keeran, Ethel Inis	Leipsic
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Kern, Fred	Athens
Kessler, Maude J	Oak Harbor
Ketcham, Grace	Sayre
Keyser, Florence Gertrude	Woodsfield
Kile, Erma	Columbus
King, Fletcher M	Pratts Fork
Kinnard, Florence Bird	Mt. Vernon
Kinsey, Nora	New Philadelphia
Kirk, Thirza Alice	Mt. Vernon
Kissane, Esther Lucile	Newark
Klever, Edna Marie	Bloomingburg
Knapp, Lizetta Ida	Norwalk
Knecht, Fannie Evangeline	
Kniesly, Daniel Clarence	Bradford
Kniesly, Willis	Gettysburg
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Kochensparger, Mary Frances	
Krapp, Matilda Helena	Vermilion
Kraus, Blanche	
Krouse, Katharine Mary	
Kuhn, Ruth Margaret	
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Kurth, Louise	
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Lauterbur, Anna P	
Lauterbur, Mary Margaret	
Lauth, Jesse Warren	
Laverty, Adam James, Jr	
Lawless, Emma Clare	
Lawton, Mary Mildred	
Le Page, Clara Belle	
Le Masters, Grace Delilah	Charleston, W. Va.

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Leckrone, Maurice S	Glenford
Leeper, Ruth Ellen	Lore City
Lenhart, Florence Berenice	
Lenning, Ethel Alvira	
Lerenman, Minnie M	
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Lewis, Gertrude M	
Lewis, Luella	
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Liggett, Thomas Henry	
Lightle, Monna Merle	
Lindsley, Dorothy Elizabeth	
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Linscott, Fauna Lucile	Little Hocking
Linton, Elizabeth	Nelsonville
Linton, Estella Mae	
Litle, Henry Clyde	Dyesville
Little, Hazel	
Lively, Bertha Alwilda	
Lively, Ina Mabel	
Lloyd, Blanche	Marengo
Logan, William Henry	Athens
Long, Edith	
Long, Ethel	Byesville
Long, Laura B	Portsmouth
Long, Louis John	Urbana
Lonsbury, Ruth Rachel	Sidney
Loper, Maud	Murray City
Love, Ethel Echo	
Lowman, Electa	
Ludlam, Lucy Ruth	
Luttrell, Cyrus John William	
Luttrell, Mamie Priscilla May	
McCann, Mary Veronica	Jacksonville
McCann, Nell Patricia	
McClure, Linnie Ada	
McCollum, Inez Mae	
McCrillis, Bertha L	
McCurdy, Grace J	
McDermott, Perin	
McDougall, Charles Bastian	
McDougall, Gilbert Woodworth	
McFadden, Boice	
McGee, Flora	
McGinty, Anna	
McGuire, Nina Dean	
McKenzie, Elizabeth	

Name	Address
McKenzie, Hanna	Circleville
McKenzie, Katherine	
McKinley, Lona Mae	
McLean, Mary Elizabeth	
McMasters, Bertha Arvilla	
McRae, Donald Greene	
Mace, Lulu Edna	
Mallen, Mary Foster	
Mann, Cora Anne	
Mannion, Lillian Margaret	
Marshall, Belva Lockwood	
Martin, Elizabeth M	
Martin, May Gertrude	
Maskrey, Percy Bennett	
Mason, Hazel	
Mason, Hazel Mary	
Massker, Ivan	
Mast, Sarah Katherine	
Mathias, Grace	
Matson, Mabel May	
Maurer, Christine Wilhemine	
Maxwell, Harley Stanley	
May, Alice R	
May, Ida Alice	
Medley, Etta Golda	
Meeks, Eva	
Meighen, Audrey Ruth	Athens
Meighen, Edna Mae	Sidney
Meighen, Frieda Madge	Athens
Meinke, William Gottleib	
Melick, Beatrice Maude	Duncan Falls
Melick, Elizabeth Mae	Duncan Falls
Merrick, William Russell	Washington, D. C.
Merrin, Constance	Mt. Vernon
Metcalf, Lena	Gambier
Meyer, Elsie C	
Michael, Ola May	
Miles, Gail	
Miller, John Albert	Thurman
Miller, Lula Belle	
Miller, Marilla Jenness	
Miller, Mary Katherine	
Miller, Norma Lois	
Miller, Orla Glen	
Millhon, Myron Eli	
Milligan, Rita Mary	
Mills, Jessie Cleo	Athens

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Milnor, Perley Clark	Pickerington
Minch, Henrietta Josephine	
Mindigo, Rosa Marie	
Mineard, Odessa Mae	
Minkler, Zilpha Elizabeth	Berlin Heights
Minshall, Minnie Grace	
Mitchell, Hazel	
Mizer, Helen	
Mizner, Florence Adelia	
Moehring, Lena	
Moore, Lovinnie	
Moore, Mabel Matilda	
Moore, Ray	
Moore, Wayne	
Moorehead, Anna Gray	
Morgan, Katherine Jane	
Morris, Dorothy Catherine	
Morris, Stella Tamar	
Morris, Wilmina Sophia	
Morris, Winfield Scott	
Morrison, Harry Leroy	
Moseley, Lillian	
Mowbray, Besse Irene	
Mowry, Grace	
Muhleman, Ora Viola	
Mumford, Bessie Loudema	
Muntz, Leonard William	
Murphy, Ella Cecelia	
Murray, Melvina Grace	
Murray, Rheba Dell	
Musgrave, Walter Elton	
Musser, Mabel Grace	
Myers, Anabel Ruth	
Myers, Dana	
Myers, Mattie	
Mylius, Lillian	
Napier, Gertrude Marie	
Napier, Margaret Geraldine	
Nau, Heber Bradley	
Nease, Sierra Nevada	East Liverpool
Neiswender, Leah	Columbus
Nelson, Mary Emeline	Bellaire
Nethers Eva	Trinway
Newberry, Hawley De Witt	Corning
Nichols, Helen Mary	
Nichols, Lorene C	Grove City
Nicholson, Ruth	Buffalo

Name	Address
Nichelson, Wilbur H	Bvesville
Nihart, Cora S.	
Noe, Winona Rebecca	
Nolan, Emilie	
Norman, Lavinia	
Nye, Earl Lemoine	Athens
Ogdin, William Roy	
Ogilvie, Louise Johnson	
Ohl, Marae Elizabeth	
Oliver, Wayland Wilson	
Orrison, Eurie K	
Overly, Hazel May	
Pake, Ida Merle	
Pancake, Olive	
Parker, Eyva Lizzie	
Parks, Paul Blaine	
Parnaby, Chester William	
Parr, Charles Hamilton	
Partlow, Doris Olive	
Peck, Margaret Ray	
Penrod, Vivian Victoria.	
Person, Everett J.	
Petty, Gladys	
Pickering, Ethel Susannah	
Pickering, Joseph Linville	
Pickrel, Mary Bennett	
Poly, Ursina Mary	
Porter, Francis Hannah	
Potts, Hettie Mary	
Potts, Pearl Lucile	
Pounds, Marie	
Powell, Harold Clay	
Powers, Anna Leone	
Price, Aaron Sumner	
Price, Frederick Nicholas	
Price, Jennie Lovina	
Price, Marie Louise, A. B.	
Purdun, Bessie	
Quinlan, Patrick Thomas	
Quinlan, Marie M	
Quinton, John Murray	
Racey, Eva Romola	
Radcliffe, Mento	
Rains, Hattie Gertrude	
Ramsey, Martin Newell	
Randali, Alice Lucretia.	
Rann, Emery Luvelle	
Rann, Emery Luvelle	w. va.

Name	Address
Ray, John Watson	Oil City, Pa.
Ream, Viola Katherine	
Redding, Ora	Erie
Reed, Jennie Holloway	
Reese, Gertrude Evelyn	
Reeves, Essie Holmes	Somerton
Regan, Mary Julia	
Reynolds, Annette Dorothy	
Rhinehart, Berenice	Gnadenhutten
Rice, Inis F	Van Wert
Richards, Heber Holbrook	Wellston
Richards, Marzuela	
Richter, Marie Elizabeth	
Rickards, Lora Altha	
Ricketts, Elda Arvilla	
Ricketts, Reba	
Rickey, Edna	· ·
Ridgway, Sarah	
Riley, Lauretta	
Riley, Theresa Genevieve	
Ritchie, Ethel Margaret	
Roberts, George Shannon	
Roberts, Georgia Etta May	
Roberts, Grace Greenwood	
Roberts, Jessie Marie	
Roberts, Majel.	
Roberts, Mildred Gray	
Roberts, Vera Virginia	
Robins, Lela Foss	
Robinson, Helen	
Robinson, Ida.	
Robinson, Mary Kyle	
Rockenbauch, Adelaide	
Rodgers, Geraldine	
Rogers, Anona Marie	
Rogers, Martha Vera	
Rogers, Ruth	
Rohrbacher, Clara Belle	
Root, Mary L	
Rose, Florence Gertrude	
Roseboom, Ella Delora	
Ross, Virgil Phillips	
Roswurm, Esther Delila	
Roswurm, Ruth	
Rowe. Iris	
Ruff, Nelle	
Rusk, Anna	

Name	Address
Russell, Carrie Sophie	Cannelville
Russell, Florine	
Sailor, Hobart Andrew	
Sams, Darrell	Athens
Sands, Forest Lotta	Poston
Sands, Willis Fuller	Athens
Sauer, Charles August	Wheelersburg
Sauers, Bernice Olive	
Saunders, Frederick Pearce	
Scarberry, Wilbur Galveston	
Schofield, Florence Margaret	
Schottelkorb, Margaret	
Schreiner, Estelle	
Schuh, Minnie Belle	
Schwartz, Rena	
Scott, Blanche Lulu	
Scott, Linda Mina	
Seamans. William Oliver	Delaware
Secrest, Edna Emma	
Secrest, Harry Edwin	Pleasant City
Secrest, Ralph J	
Secrest, Ruth	
Seffens, Flora Blanche	
Selby, Carrie Rowena	
Semple, Mary Sherman	
Seward, Donald Krep	
Shafer, Anna Merle	
Shafer, Hazel	
Shafer, Wayne	
Shaffer, Bessie Maude	
Shaffer, Hattie Viola	
Shaner, Mary Ruth	
Shannon, Alice Magdalene	
Shannon, Ella Veronica	
Sharp, David Benjamin	Athens
Sharp, Hattie Stiles	
Sharritt, Chloe Wilda	
Shaw, Mary Elizabeth	
Sheffer, Pauline	
Shields, Lydia Brooks	
Shields, Mary Hambleton	
Shilliday, Clarence Lee	
Shirkey, Della Miriam	
Shoemaker, Daisy Belle	
Shoemaker, Zua	
Shuman, Lulu Elizabeth	
Shumway, Roswell Burr	Portsmouth

Name	Address
Sidders, Everett McCollom	East Monroe
Siniff, Anna	
Skinner, Harley Clay	Newark
Slaughter, Adria	
Smith, Christopher Ira.	
Smith, Clarence Fenton	
Smith, Goldie.	
Smith, Margaret Mae	
Smith, Ona.	
Smith, Vernon V	
Smith, William Edward	Connegut
Speigle, Leona	
Spriggs, Clara C.	
Stackhouse, Merry Levering	
Stage, Hazel Emma	
Stage, John Edward	
Staker, David Daniel	
Stanton, Flora Mae	
Starr, Everett Murch	
Steadman, Frances Elizabeth	
Stephan, Edith Lenore	
Stephan, Etta Wilhelmina	
Stephenson, Joseph Newton	
Stevens, Sylvester	
Stewart, Agnes	
Stewart, Mattie Marie	
Stickler, Anna Phoebe	
Stiles, Minnie Gertrude	
Stissel, Lena	
Stoker, Edith May	
Stone, Evan D	
Stone, Rufus Emmett	
Stone, Verna L	
Stookey, Viva May	
Stott, Susan Eleanor	
Stout, Bertha	
Stoyle, Ethel Mae	
Stringfellow, Emma Abigail	
Stuber, Wilda	
Summers, Elsie Elizabeth	
Swain, Almeda	
Swartz, Arthur	
Sweet, Nellie Evelyn	
Swiger, Ora Ethel	
Swinehart, Ross Poorman	
Tannehill, Clarence James	West Alexander
Taylor, Arthur Hamilton	

Name Address Thomas, Florence May..... New Holland Thomas, Mabel Maryel Chesterhill Thompson, Goldie Belle......Bowerston Thornburg, Mamie......La Rue Thornhill, Gertrude......Wellston Tidd, Alice Geneva. Williamsfield Tidd, Harland Owen Williamsfield Tidrick, Neva Jane..... Newcomerstown Tilton, Harry Whiting.......Claysville Toland, Ethel St. Clair Harrisville Tong, Ka Chang Rosewood, China Tripp, Anna Lurea..... Wellston Trout. Bessie Findlay Turner, Oda Davis..... Salem Ulrich, Cordelia Adeline...... Fort Washington Unger, Laura.....Tuscarawas Van Heyde, Bertha......Carey Van Voorhis, Louie Edith Hendrysburg Van Voorhis, Omer Everett...... Hendrysburg Van Winkle, Anna M..... Newark Vance, Nellie......Lynchburg Vance, William Hoadley Hillsboro Vandervort, Elizabeth...... Loveland Varner, May..... Black Run Veit, Elsie Castalia Vercoe, Herbert James......Athens Voight, Olive Elizabeth.....Sandusky

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Wagner, Julia Ann	Bucvrus
Wagner, Lela Elsie	
Wagner, Pauline	
Wallace, Martha Esther	
Wallace, Mary Iva	
Wairaven, Thomas Roland	
Walsh, Ella Augustine	
Walsh, Josephine	
Wamsley, Osa	
Ward, Theron William	
Warfield, Mae	
Warnock, James Boyd	
Warren, Effie	
Watkins, Mary Carson.	
Watkins, Nettie E	
Weidner, Amelia	
Welch, Charles Edwin	
Welch, Mary Elizabeth	
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Wentz, Esther	
Wharton, Marjorie Edith	
Wharton, Maud Hazel	Barnesville
Wherley, Edith Gertrude	Mineral City
White, Bernice Eva	Middlefield
White, Clara Minerva	Columbiana
White, Gladys Irene	
White, Lola Florence	Sciotoville
Wiedemer, Lottie Becht	Norwood
Wilkes, Fred Arnold	Athens
Williams. Carrie	
Williams, Coral May	Crooksville
Williams, Eva	Lebanon
Willis, Vernon Louise	
Willoughby, Ida May	Ashville
Wilson, Thelma	Columbus
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Winget, Nora Annice	
Witt, Charles Edward	
Wolf, Scott	
Wood, Nannie	Portsmouth
Wood, Oliver Lee	Good Hope
Worrall, Paul Clifton	Chesterhill
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Yost, Mildred Annette	Mingo Junction
Young, Shirley May	Jacksonville
Young, Virginia Charlotte	
Zenner, David Roe	
Zimmerman, Gradys	-841

UNIVERSITY EXTENSION STUDENTS

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Name	Addres*
Aeh, Bessie	
Anderson, Mary F	
Baird, F. W	
Bates, E. E.	
Bean, Lelia	
Beckett, Bertha Mae	
Black, Elbert	
Brawner, Matilda	
Bridgman, Bertha	
Brodt, Helen Louise	
Brown, Frankie	
Cable, Julia Luella	
Cable, Mayme L	
Carr, Alberta	
Chick, Mildred E	Portsmouth
Chilton, Irene Enola	Rendville
Chrissman, Eva Fenton	
Christman, Mary Edith	Coalton
Comins, Alice L	Portsmouth
Conkle, Florence	Seaman
Connell, Margaret	
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Cross, Tirzah	
Crossin, Margaret	
Davis, Oda	
Davisson, Alma	
Dawson, Vinnie	
Dinsmore, Guy	
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Eckhart, S. D	
Eckman, J. R	
Edenfield, A. C	
Edington, Hazel Clare	
Eddy, Iva.	
Evans, Ella	
Evans, Margaret	
Eyre, W. E	
Fairve, Mame	
Fawn. Nellie L	
Fines Clyde Edward	
Fieger, Clyde Edward	
Foster, Grace Rowles	Athens

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Friedland, Gertrude M	Coalton
Geist, Edna E Sci	
Gerlach, Anthony Wheel	ersburg
Goddard, NelliePort	
Gordon, Blanche New Let	xington
Grumme, JohnPort	smouth
Hanna, Julia A	
Harrell, Sadie	Jackson
Harris, MarieRe	endville
Hayden, Jeannette ENels	sonville
Heid, Linnie Port	smouth
Hemsley, Nell Ermine	Houster
Henson, Morris A	Jackson
Holmes, Gussie Port	smouth
Hooper, Edith	Athens
Hooper, Hettie	Athens
Horton, Irene	Zaleski
Houser, Edna C.	Jackson
Howland, DavisWes	t Union
Howland, Myrl Win	chester
Jackson, Lloyd McKenzie Wes	t Union
James, M. E	t. Perry
Jones, Ethel M Re	endville
Jones, Lucy B	Jackson
Kirk, KathleneWin	chester
Lauth, J. E Russ	sellville
Llewellyn, Daisy New Ma	
Llewellyn, Orpha May New Ma	rshfield
Logan, Olive	
Long, AdelePort	smouth
Lynn, Mattie H Port	smouth
McBee, Edith	Athens
McCarty, EttaPort	smouth
McClure, O. ECher	ry Fork
McColm, Ida FPort	smouth
McKee, Effie Nels	sonville
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Mackintosh, Alice RossPort	
Mahaffey, ClifftonWes	t Union
Martin, E. F.	
Mathias, A. O	
Minaugh, Mary New Let	
Morton, F. L	
Murphy, Frank	
Musser, MamePort	
Naylor, C. MWest	tUnion

Name Address

Neel, Lottie	
Nevin, Ruby	Winchester
Newell, James Edward	Jackson
Newland, Louise	
Nickel, Julia Maude	Portsmouth
Noel, Blanche P	Portsmouth
Noel, Garnet	Portsmouth
Norris, Elizabeth	
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Oakes, Mary M	
Parrott, G. H	
Patton, Elma E	
Peters, Earl	Coalton
Pray, Ruth	Portsmouth
Pyers, Donald A	
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Reeder, Grace	
Rees, B. T	Winchester
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Reissinger, Catherine	
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Ricketts, John W	
Ridenour, Chauncey Owen	
Ridenour, Margaret May	
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Roebuck, H. E	
Roebuck, Harry Miller	
Roebuck, Jessie Neil	
Roebuck, Maude Foreman	
Ross, D. E	
Rowe, Clara F	
Ryan, Ruth	
Sanders, Mary Coptalia	
Satterfield, Sophia	
Schlichter, Loraine	
Scott, Nelle	
Shively, Margaret	
Shumaker, Alma	
Shumaker, J. E	
Shumaker, M, D	
Smithson, Dorothy	
Smittle, Edwin	
Steele, Mame	
Stevenson, Gus	
Steinbrook, Nina	
Stevenson, Lena	

Name Address
Stivers, C. W
Stivers, Verna Cherry Fork
Stoyle, KateShawnee
Swift, Martha AJackson
Thatcher, EmmaFriendship
Thatcher, James WFriendship
Thompson, BlancheWest Union
Thompson, L. APortsmouth
Thoroman, Jennie May West Union
Toland, Angie Portsmouth
Trotter, VerdaWest Union
Walker, E. A Seaman
Walker, Edith New Marshfield
Wallar, ElsieJackson
Walsh, EthelAthens
Warner, John FPortsmouth
Wickham, MonteAthens
Wikoff, James L Bentonville
Wilhelm, Bertha MPortsmouth
Williams, CatherinePortsmouth
Williams, ClaraAthens
Williams, MaryAthens
Willis, Charles VSciotoville
Wolf, Effie Nelsonville
Yarger, Floyd A Shawnee
Yocum, Florence Clayton Athens
Zinnacher, MaePortsmouth
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GENERAL SUMMARY

1913-14

College of Liberal Arts		
Post-Graduates	4	
Class of 1913	52	
Seniors	41	
Juniors	49	
Sophomores	115	
Freshmen	180	
*Irregular and Special	171	
		612
State Normal College		
Post-Graduates	6	
Class of 1913.	82	
Seniors.	21	
Juniors	31	
Sophomores	-	
Freshmen		
Irregular and Special.		
State Preparatory School.		
State Freparatory School	172	
		665
Summer School		841
Total		2118
Names Counted more than once		6
Names Counted more than once		
Net Tota1		2112
University Extension Students		164
Grand Total		2276
Grand Total		2210

ENROLLMENT OF STUDENTS FOR THE PAST FIVE YEARS

1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14
1597	1787	1832	2037	2276

^{(*}Note: The large number of special and irregular students is mainly due to the College of Music and the School of Commerce.)

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UNIVERSITY CALENDAR, 1913-1914

Second Semester

Saturday, January 31	Registration of Students
Monday, February 2	Registration of Students
Tuesday, February 3	
Friday noon, April 10	Easter Vacation Begins
Monday noon, April 20	Faster Vacation Ends
Thursday noon, June 18Co	ommencement Day and the Close
	of the Second Semester

Summer School

Saturday, June 20	Registration of Students
Monday, June 22	Registration of Students
Tuesday, June 23	
Friday, July 31	

UNIVERSITY CALENDAR, 1914-1915

First Semester

Saturday, September 12	Registration of Students
Monday, September 14	Registration of Students
Tuesday, September 15	Recitations Begin
Wednesday noon, November 25.	Thanksgiving Recess Begins
Monday noon, November 30	Thanksgiving Recess Ends
Friday noon, December 24	Holiday Recess Begins
Monday, January 4	Holiday Recess Ends
Friday, January 29	

Second Semester

Saturday, January 30	Registration of Students
Monday noon, February 1	Recitations Begin
Friday noon, April 2	Easter Vacation Begins
Monday noon, April 24	Easter Vacation Ends
Thursday noon, June 17	Commencement Day and the
	Close of the Second Semester

Summer School

Saturday, June 19	Registration of Students
Monday, June 21	Registration of Students
Friday, July 30	. Close of Summer School



OHIO UNIVERSITY BULLETIN



CATALOGUE NUMBER

ATHENS, OHIO, APRIL, 1915

Published by the University and Issued Quarterly

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CATALOGUE

OF

OHIO UNIVERSITY

ATHENS, OHIO

1914-1915

AND

CIRCULAR OF INFORMATION

FOR

1915-1916

PUBLISHED BY THE UNIVERSITY

1915

"That there shall be an University instituted and established in the town of Athens, *** for the instruction of youth in all the various branches of the liberal arts and sciences, for the promotion of good education, virtue, religion, and morality, and for conferring all the degrees and literary honors granted in similar institutions."

Section 1, Territorial Act, January 9, 1802.

"Whereas, institutions for the liberal education of youth are essential to the progress of arts and science, important to morality, virtue, and religion, friendly to the peace, order, and prosperity of society, and honorable to the government that encourages and patronizes them, etc."

Preamble, Act of Ohio Legislature Establishing the Ohio University, at Athens, February 18, 1804.

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THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

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^{*}The President of the University has membership in each committee.

GENERAL INFORMATION

OHIO UNIVERSITY

ORIGIN OF THE UNIVERSITY

The existence of the Ohio University was provided for as early as 1787, in the purchase of lands made from the Government of the United States by the Ohio Company of Associates. By the contract between these two parties, two townships of land were set apart for the purpose of a University, and placed under the care of the Legislature of the State. The University was organized under an act of the Legislature passed February 18, 1804. Its Trustees are appointed by State authority, and the Governor of the State is, ex-officio, a member of the Board. Recent legislation confirms the position of the University as one of the educational wards of the State of Ohio. State support gives the institution an annual revenue of about \$100,000. Other sources of income, including special appropriations, increase the amount above named to over \$300,000. Special appropriations for buildings and equipment during the last twelve years, ending with February, 1914, have amounted to \$924,748.

LOCATION

Athens, the seat of the University, is situated in the southeastern part of the State. It is easily accessible from the east and west by the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad and its branches; from the southern, central, and northern portions of the State by the Hocking Valley and the Toledo and Ohio Central railways. By these routes it is one hundred and sixty miles from Cincinnati and seventy-five miles southeast from Columbus. The sanitary arrangements of the city are unsurpassed. Its principal streets are paved; it is provided with waterworks and sewerage; its Board of Health is vigorous and efficient. There are few cities in the country that are more desirable as a place of temporary or permanent residence than Athens. There are no saloons.

The lover of natural scenery cannot fail to be charmed with its picturesque surroundings. The winding valley of the Hockhocking and the wooded hills beyond present a series of striking views from the University, while the wide prospects, as seen at certain seasons from some of the neighboring summits, afford a quiet and varied beauty.

BUILDINGS

The University buildings, not including numerous small structures, are fifteen in number. Nine of them are grouped on the campus.

Manasseh Cutler Hall, formerly known as the Central Building, was erected in 1817, and is the oldest college edifice northwest of the Ohio River. This venerable structure is dear to many by strong and tender association. It has been modernized and is admirably adapted to its uses for college work.

Ewing Hall, named in honor of Hon. Thomas Ewing, of the Class of 1815, is a handsome building in which may be found the assembly room, art room, various class-rooms, and the administrative offices.

Ellis Hall, the building occupied by the department of the State Normal College, now ten years in use, is the first building in Ohio, erected at state expense, given up wholly to the training of teachers for service in public schools. It is one of the largest, best, and most costly buildings on the grounds.

Carnegie Library, fully equipped and in running order, is situated in the southwest corner of the campus. In 1914 a \$25,000 wing was added to the north side. It presents a fine appearance and suggests the highly practical service it is rendering to the educational work of the University.

The buildings known as **East Wing** and **West Wing** are nearly as old as **Manasseh Cutler Hall.** They afford class-room and laboratory facilities for certain departments of instruction as well as comfortable quarters for a number of male students.

The Old Chapel, so called, stands apart from the other buildings. Some of the work of the College of Music is carried on in this building. Here the Athenian, Philomathean, and Adelphian literary societies meet. On the first floor is an assembly room often used when narrower quarters than those found in the assembly room of Ewing Hall are desired.

Women's Hall is located nearly opposite the north entrance to the campus. It is a fine brick structure heated by steam, where convenient and pleasant rooms are occupied by a Matron, and ninety women students.

Boyd Hall, a dormitory for young women, has a frontage of 150 feet on Park Place and a depth of 100 feet. It is heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Each bedroom is well lighted and has ample closet space. Accommodations are provided for eighty-eight students.

The **Gymnasium** is a handsome structure containing a swimming pool, lockers, offices and all the appliances found in a complete gymnasium.

The Central Heating Plant has recently been doubled in size. The University Electric Light Plant has been installed here with new and fuller equipment. It is intended that every building on the University campus shall get its heat and electricity from this Central Plant.

Science Hall. This building was occupied for the first time in 1912. It is a commodious structure, consisting of a well-lighted basement and three carefully arranged stories above ground. With its equipment it has cost about \$120,000. In it are the departments of Physics, Chemistry, and Biology.

Agriculture and Household Arts building was completed in the spring of 1915. It is a handsome edifice costing \$90,000. It is located on a street facing the campus, within a minute's walk of the two dormitories for women. The basement contains a large cafeteria.

The **Training School** of the State Normal College, a model building of its kind, has been erected and equipped at a cost of \$70,000. It contains ten classrooms, twelve recitation rooms,

rest-rooms, offices, and an auditorium with seating capacity for 400 persons.

Hospital. A private residence has been placed on University property and fitted up for hospital purposes. It is designed for the isolation of cases of contagious diseases which may break out among those residing in the dormitories, and also to afford a quiet place where skilled nursing may attend to any serious illness. It is reserved for the use of young women only.



COLLEGES AND DEPARTMENTS OF OHIO UNIVERSITY

All educational effort at Ohio University is included in the work of the College of Liberal Arts and the State Normal College. The following outline shows in condensed form the educational work now offered in the schools and departments of these two colleges of Ohio University:

COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS

I. Courses leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts (A. B.) The following Schools and Departments are also parts of the College of Liberal Arts:

The School of Commerce:

- 1. A Collegiate Course—two years.
- 2. Special Courses in Accounting, Typewriting, and Stenography.
- Teachers' Course in Stenography—two years.
 Graduates of high schools having a four-year course will be admitted to the Collegiate Course without conditions.

College of Music:

- 1. Course in Piano and Organ.
- 2. Course in Vocal Culture.
- 3. Course in Violin.
- 4. Four-year Course leading to the degree of Mus. B.

School of Oratory.

- I. Two-year Course for Graduates of High Schools.
- Five-year Course in Connection with four-year College Course.

The Department of Physics and Electrical Engineering:

As a part of the scheduled work of this department there is a Short Course—two years—in Electrical Engineering. The course referred to leads to a diploma. It may all be taken as an elective course in connection with the A. B. Course as outlined in the catalogue, thus not only giving the graduate the degree of Bachelor of Arts, but also establishing a special foundation for his life work as well.

Department of Mathematics and Civil Engineering:

The work of this department is of wide range and special excellence. It includes a Short Course in Civil Engineering—two years. This course leads to a diploma, but students are urged to take the A. B. Course, choosing the subjects of this course as electives.

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

- I. A Course for Teachers of Rural Schools—two years.
- 2. Course in Elementary Education-two years.
- 3. Course in Kindergarten-two years.
- 4. Course in School Agriculture—two years.
- 5. Course in Manual Training-two years.
- 6. Course in Domestic Science-two years.
- 7. Course in Secondary Education—four years.
- 8. Course in Supervision—four years.
- 9. Professional Course for Graduates from reputable Colleges of Liberal Arts—one year.

Diplomas are also given for the completion of courses in Public-School Music and Public-School Drawing.

Admission to any of these courses, save No. 1, is based upon graduation from an accredited high school of the first grade.

STATE PREPARATORY SCHOOL

The Preparatory School, maintained in connection with the State Normal College, is felt to be a necessity under present educational conditions. Persons who can secure full high school training at home are urged to get it before attempting to gain admission to the Preparatory School, which is conducted

to help those who cannot secure adequate preparation at home. The needs of the teachers and prospective teachers, looking forward to the advanced work of the State Normal College, have been fully provided for in the courses offered.

Primarily, the Courses of Study are planned with two ends in view: (1) To give the student the best possible instruction for the time he may be able to remain in college, and (2) to enable him to make special preparation for regular work in one of the diploma or degree courses of the University.

THE UNIVERSITY SUMMER SCHOOL

The Summer School for 1915 will begin on Monday, June 21, and close on Friday, July 30. Last year there were 2404 students in attendance at the six-weeks session of the Summer School. Eighty-one Ohio counties were represented.

The work of the Summer School includes studies from the College of Liberal Arts and the State Normal College. A booklet giving details will be sent to any one desiring information about the Summer School. A handsome souvenir bulletin containing many illustrations and articles of interest will be sent to any one sending his address.

EXTENSION DEPARTMENT

The Ohio University, keenly alive to the wants of its constituency, has recently added the Extension feature as another arm of its service. This phase of the work began in a quiet way in the autumn of 1910. The demands steadily grew each year, till a department was organized with a Director at the head and a staff of regular teachers.

During the present year more than a thousand students, in upward of sixty centers, took advantage of the opportunity to pursue college studies under the direction of this Department.

The aim is to give, as near as possible, work equivalent to that done in the regular college classes. Credits, with limitations, counting on all courses in any department of the University are given. Traveling libraries are furnished to the various centers, and the work is maintained at a high standard.

This year forty-four different courses were offered. A special Extension Bulletin has been published which gives in detail the character of the work offered and the method of organizing centers. This will be sent on application to any one wishing to acquaint himself with this feature of the University's activities.

DEGREES

The Bachelor's degree (A. B., Mus. B., or B. S. in Education) is conferred upon students who have completed any one of the four-year courses laid down in another part of this catalogue.

An additional year's work, that is, thirty semester hours will be required for the securing of a second Bachelor's degree. To illustrate—if a student has earned the degree of A. B. by securing 120 semester hours, he must secure an additional thirty hours to receive the degree of B. S. in Education. The additional thirty hours shall be done in the line of his second degree upon the approval of a committee composed of the President, the Dean, and the professors under whom he is to do his work.

Ohio University does not confer the degree of Doctor of Philosophy (Ph. D.). Only graduates of the University are eligible to the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity (D. D.).

The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws (LL. D.) is conferred upon those selected by joint action of the Faculty and the Board of Trustees. Other honorary degrees may be conferred when deemed proper by authorities above named.

GRADING

The following resolution (No 1.) was passed by the Faculty in 1914:

I. Whereas, It seems highly desirable that a grade given by the teacher should have as far as possible a standard meaning, and from your committee's investigation, and also from that made a year ago, it has been found that there is great diversity in the practice of the teachers of Ohio University with reference to the giving of grades:

Resolved, That hereafter an effort shall be made to conform to the following distribution of grades:

Of all the grades given by a teacher no more than ten per cent shall be A's, twenty-five per cent B's, forty per cent C's and twenty-five per cent D's. As there will likely be E's, as well as F's, the foregoing per cents are given as a guide rather than as a fixed proportion; but it is expected that each teacher shall aim to approximate in the long run the distribution here given. It is also to be understood that the distribution does not refer to any one class, but to the whole number of grades handed in by any one teacher or department.

It shall be the duty of the deans to publish each semester, for circulation among the faculty only, a circular showing the distribution of grades during the preceding semester, by each professor and instructor.

Meaning of the symbols used in grading:

A-With highest honor.

B-With honor.

C-Medium.

D-Sub-medinm (passed).

E-Conditioned.

F-Failed.

The term C or *medium* indicates an average grade. It means that in a class of twenty-five about ten show average ability; above this line of mediocrity there are about nine who do their work with ability above the average; below this line of *medium* ability there are likely to be six who deserve but a D, E, or F. While a teacher is expected to use this faculty regulation as a helpful guide in standardizing grading, he is not to be obliged to conform to it with mathematical precision. Attention is called to the phrase, "to approximate in the long run the distribution here given."

2. If a student shall at graduation, in a four-year course, have had A's in four-fifths of his work, and above D in the rest, he shall have a seal on his diploma signifying "Highest Honor." If he shall have four-fifths in A's or B's and above D in the rest, he shall have a seal signifying "Honor." No student shall receive these honors who has not attended the University or the State Normal College at least four semesters.

- 3. In order to graduate, a student must have a grade above D in more than half his work.
- Upon the removal of a condition, or upon passing special examination after a failure, the grade shall be recorded as a D.
- 5. When a student registers he shall declare the course he is taking; and then when he is enrolled in the catalogue his name shall appear in but one place.

At the beginning of every month each professor and instructor shall send to the Deans and Principal of the Preparatory School the name of each student whose work is unsatisfactory. Uniform cards will be furnished for this purpose. The names of students belonging to the College of Liberal Arts shall go to the Dean of that College, etc.

6. A student shall be enrolled as a Freshman until he has removed all entrance requirements.

THE MASTER'S DEGREE

Ohio University encourages its graduates to pursue their graduate work in the foremost graduate schools of the country. In recent years its graduates have undertaken successful graduate work in Harvard, Columbia, Yale, University of Chicago, University of Pennsylvania, Ohio State University, and in various technical and professional graduate schools.

By recent action of the faculty, taken in accordance with the desire of the Board of Trustees, Ohio University has decided to confine itself to undergraduate work. It was felt that the interests of higher education in the state would be best served by the state-supported universities combining their efforts for the developing of one effective graduate school and that this graduate school should be the one at Ohio State University; and that Ohio and Miami Universities should aim to strengthen and develop their undergraduate colleges. Both Ohio University and Miami University have representatives on the Graduate Council of the Ohio State University. The only exception to the rule that no graduate work shall be done at either Ohio or Miami University is that embodied in the sixth resolution herein quoted.

"That the administrative duties of the Graduate Council shall require the assignment of work required for degrees; supervision of its progress, wherever given; conduct of the examinations; and recommendations for degrees. All work for higher degrees will be given at the Ohio State University and subject to the continuing coöperation and approval of the Boards of Trustees of Ohio University, and Miami University, no graduate work will be offered by those institutions, except that candidates who are members of the instructional force at those institutions, may pursue their graduate work for the Master's degree there, subject to the supervision and control of the Graduate Council, and upon successful completion of thesame, will receive their degrees from the Ohio State University."

SCHOLASTIC REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO THE FRESHMAN CLASS

Ohio University recognizes and gives full credit to the classifications of high schools made by the State Commissioner of Common Schools. Graduates from high schools of the first grade can enter the Freshman class of the College of Liberal Arts or the State Normal College, or enter upon the short courses in the School of Commerce, in Electrical Engineering, and in Civil Engineering without examination, provided they have completed at least fifteen units of secondary work as the terms are generally understood and applied in educational circles; also, graduates from high schools named in the accredited lists of colleges and universities of recognized high standing will be received, by certificate, on equal terms.

When any part of the fifteen units of secondary credit is made up of what may be regarded as legitimate college work the same will be accepted without examination, but no hours of college credit will be given therefor.

When the fifteen units of secondary credit do not include all the studies required as preparatory work by Ohio University, such studies may be regarded as electives, and included in the 120 hours of college work required for graduates.

The foregoing statements are made to show students that, in order to complete any one of the four-year degree courses,

they must have fifteen units of preparatory credit, and 120 hours of collegiate work.

A unit represents a year's study in any subjects in a secondary school, constituting approximately a quarter of a full year's work.

"This statement is designed to afford a standard of measurement for the work done in secondary schools. It takes the four-year high-school course as a basis, and assumes that the length of the school year is from thirty-six to forty weeks, that a period is from forty to sixty minutes in length, and that the study is pursued for four or five periods a week but, under ordinary circumstances, a satisfactory year's work in any subject cannot be accomplished in less than one hundred and twenty sixty-minute hours or their equivalent. Schools organized on any other than a four-year basis can, nevertheless, estimate their work in terms of this unit."

To enter the Freshman class of Ohio University fifteen units are required.

Graduates from a "Commercial Course" of a first-grade high school will be given full credit for the special work there done, should they enter upon any course connected with the School of Commerce; but if such graduates seek admission to the Freshman class of the college of Liberal Arts, or the State Normal College, they will be given such credit as may be deemed just and proper by the Faculty Committee on Registration, after a careful examination of each separate case.

In all cases where students seek to enter any of the colleges or departments of the University without examination, they must present to the Registrar the legal certificate, or a certified copy thereof, which accompanies the diploma of each high school graduate; or a "Certificate of Application for Admission" prepared by the University, will be sent to prospective students thus enabling them to comply with the conditions hereimbefore stated.

Holders of High School Certificates, issued by the Ohio State Board of School Examiners, will be admitted to the Freshman class of any college or department of the University without condition.

Candidates for advanced standing are, in all cases, examined to ascertain their thoroughness and proficiency; but certificates from other institutions will be accepted for the amount of work done in the different departments.

In exceptional cases students are admitted to classes for a week on trial, without examination, provided the professors in charge are reasonably certain that they can maintain their standing.

Women are admitted to all departments of the University on the same terms, and under the same conditions as those prescribed for men.

TABLE OF UNITS

As has been said, any graduate of a first-grade Oh	io	high
chool, approved and certified to by the State Departs	me	nt of
Public Instruction, can gain admission to the Freshman	cl	ass of
Ohio University. For the information of those who de	esi	ire to
enter by examination or by means other than graduation	n	from
an Ohio high school the following table of units is given	1:	
English	4	units
American History or American History and Civil		
Government	1	unit
Ancient and Medieval History	1	unit
English History	1	unit
Algebra (through quadratics)	2	unit
Algebra (beyond quadratics)	/2	unit
Geometry (plane)	I	unit
Geometry (solid)	4	unit
Trigonometry	2	unit
, 0,	4	units
Greek 1, 2, 3, or	4	units
German 2, 3, or	4	units
French	4	units
		units
(With the exception of Greek, not less than two		
units of any foreign language will be accepted.)		
Physics	1	unit
Chemistry	I	unit
Physical Geography	I	unit

Zoölogy	1 unit
Botany	r unit
Physical Geography Zoölogy Botany Physiology	For the present any two of these may be counted together as one unit.

Agriculture
Free-hand drawing
Manual Training
Domestic Science
Commercial Geography

The Registration Committee may, after investigating each claim, grant a total credit of not to exceed 2 units.

ENTRANCE BY CERTIFICATE

- I. The certificate must be official. This means that it must be signed by some official of the school.
- 2. The certificate must be explicit. Detailed information as to course, text-book, number of recitations, length of recitation, and grade must be given. A diploma does not meet these requirements.
- 3. It should be sent to the Registrar's office before the opening of the semester, the earlier the better.
- 4. After the certificate has been sent in to the office, it becomes the property of the University.
- 5. Students coming from other colleges are required to present properly signed statements of work and certificates of honorable dismissal.

HELPS TO REGISTRATION

In order to expedite registration, several members of the Faculty act as advisers for the various colleges and departments of the University. The following selection has been made for the year 1915:

College of Liberal Arts, Dean Chubb.

Normal College, Dean Richeson.

Electrical Engineering, Professor Atkinson.

Civil Engineering, Professor Addicott.

School of Commerce, Professor C. M. Copeland.

College of Music, Professor Thompson.

State Preparatory School, Principal Coultrap. School of Domestic Science, Principal Bohn. Agriculture, Professor W. F. Copeland.

Training School, Principal Waite,

Rural Training School, Professor Mardis.

Before reporting to the registrar, all students should consult their course advisers, who will assist them to make out their work. They should next go to the Registrar's office. present their selection of studies, secure a registration card, and pay their fees in full.

Preparatory students will not be allowed to enroll for collegiate subjects unless their required preparatory work is not sufficient to complete their registration. Collegiate credit in any subject will not be granted to a student who is under fifteen years of age.

When a student has registered, no change may be made in his work, except in case of error, without the consent of his adviser and the Registrar. After three weeks, the consent of the Faculty is necessary.

DAYS FOR REGISTRATION

At the opening of the First Semester-in September-the registration schedule is as follows:

Saturday from 8:00 A. M. to 4:00 P. M.

Monday from 7:30 A. M. to 5:00 P. M.

Tuesday from 7:30 A. M. to 11:30 A. M.

At the opening of the Second Semester the registration schedule is as follows:

Saturday from 8:00 A. M. to 4:00 P. M.

Monday from 7:30 A. M. to 11:30 A. M.

Students who fail to register within the times designated will pay a registration fee of eleven and a half dollars.

A student who is unable to take the examinations at the end of a semester can take a special examination only upon special permission and the payment of a fee of one dollar. The fee is to be paid in advance to the Registrar.

All registration fees are due and payable in advance.

LIBRARY AND READING ROOM

In the study of Literature and History the most important aid, in addition to a good teacher, is a large stock of well-selected books. In this respect the Ohio University is liberally supplied. The pedagogical section of the library is extensive, including the most recent literature on this subject. The University libraries contain about 45,000 volumes, a large part of which are of recent purchase. Recently five thousand dollars have been appropriated each year for the purchase of books, magazines, and pamphlets. This liberal allowance has secured an abundance of the best recent literature in the various fields of scholastic activity. The reading room furnishes access to the latest contributions on all topics under current discussion. Some of the largest works are useful not only for reference, but also for purposes of original investigation.

During the year 1914-15 an addition to the library has been ompleted at a cost of \$25,000. This addition, in harmony with the original structure, will be used as a stack room, especially for the departmental libraries.

APPARATUS

The departments of Mathematics, Psychology, Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Elementary Science, Physiography, Manual Training, Domestic Science, Agriculture, Electrical Engineering, and Civil Engineering, are well equipped with valuable apparatus, which is put at the personal disposal of the student. These subjects are constantly illustrated by experiments, some of which are performed by the professor in charge, others by students under the direction of the professor.

The facilities for the work in science have been greatly increased by the removal of the Department of Physics, Electrical Engineering, Chemistry, and Biology into the new Science Hall, the commodious structure completed in 1912 at a total cost of about \$120,000.

The large Biological Laboratory has been filled with appliances suitable for pursuing extensive courses of study in the various departments of Biology, the selections being made with a view to furnish each student with such apparatus, reagents, etc., as are necessary for independent work. To this end more than seventy microscopes have been provided and many duplicates of other appliances are at hand. Excellent histological apparatus is in use for freezing and sectioning, and the laboratory is also well equipped for embryological and bacteriological work.

The Department of Physics and Electrical Engineering is well equipped for the work it undertakes to do. Additions are made each year both to the apparatus for class demonstration and to the equipment for individual laboratory work in the various courses. The laboratory for Elementary Physics is provided with apparatus for thorough work in mechanics, heat, light, sound, and electricity and magnetism. The laboratory for Advanced Physics is provided with all facilities for the more advanced phases of laboratory work.

The Electrical Laboratory contains much apparatus for absolute measurements in electricity and magnetism. The Dynamo Laboratory, in the basement of Science Hall, contains various types of dynamos, transformers, gas engines and steam engines; also the necessary forms of voltmeters, ammeters, wattmeters, tachometers, rheostats, indicators, and other appliances for the various electrical and steam tests. The shops are well provided with machinery and tools for both wood and metal working.

The Chemical Laboratory occupies the entire second floor of the new Science Hall. Here are modern lecture rooms, offices, dark rooms, lockers, and special laboratories both for elementary and advanced work in chemistry.

In the Department of Paidology and Psychology, a laboratory has been established. Rooms set apart for this department have been equipped with furniture and apparatus such as are needed for experimental work in these sciences.

The Department of Mathematics and Civil Engineering is well equipped with the best modern appliances for carrying on the wide range of work offered. Fine sets of surveying instruments of the most approved kind are used by the students in field work under the direction of the Professor of Civil Engineering.

The equipment of the Manual Training Department is to be found in two large rooms in Ewing Hall. One room contains the machinery used in instruction in iron work; the other contains the wood-working appliances.

In the new "Agriculture and Household Arts" building is located the work in elementary agriculture, botany, and household arts, or domestic science. This large, handsome structure affords most excellent conditions for the work in these departments.

The Department of Physiography is equipped with reflectroscope, tellurin, globes, relief maps, wall maps, blackboard outline maps, individual globes and abundant library references.

The Art Departments—University and Normal—occupy a large, well-lighted suite of rooms with equipment of an up-to-date character. Facilities for carrying on the special work of these departments are unusually good.

THE MUSEUM

The Museum is located in the basement of the Carnegie Library. It already has a well catalogued and labeled collection of mineralogical, archæological and historical specimens. Many of these are rare and valuable. Among the special features to be seen are the Case Collection of geological specimens, the Lowry Filipino Collection, the Wickham Civil War Collection and the Wilmont Elton Brown Filipino Collection. Accessions are being made all the time and new quarters are necessary to accommodate the growing Museum.

DISCIPLINE-OPPORTUNITY

Entering the University will be considered a pledge to obey its rules and regulations. These are few and simple, appealing to the student's self-respect and sense of personal responsibility. Persons of known bad character or of lazy habits are not wanted, and will not be retained unless they show a decided desire to reform. Students from other colleges must present certificates of honorable dismissal.

A record is made of the daily work of each student. When the standing of the student, as shown by his record and examination, falls below the passing grade, he must review the study. Whenever the conduct of a student is such as to indicate that he is unfit to be a member of the University, either because of immorality or because of habitual neglect of his college studies, he will be requested to withdraw. But in the latter case, his parents will first be notified, and if he is not withdrawn within a reasonable time he will be dismissed.

DEAN OF WOMEN

With a view of furthering the best interests of the young women students of the Ohio University and in large measure in response to a desire on the part of those most interested in all that tends to moral and social uplift of young women, the board of trustees has appointed a Dean of Women. Her duties while somewhat indefinable may well be surmised by the parents as well as the students when it is considered that she stands as the focus for all matters pertaining to girls. The rooming conditions are improved in that segregation in rooming houses is now practically complete and wherever it does not occur the parents may rest assured that special dispensation has been granted only after careful consideration of the circumstances and the arrangement of the house. It is the aim to obtain, as nearly as possible, equal regulations for both dormitory girls and those living in private families. Adjustment and harmony are the watchwords.

FEES

There is no charge for tuition in any of the regular preparatory or collegiate classes, but all students pay a registration fee of \$9.50 each semester. For the Summer School of six weeks the registration fee is \$3.00. From each semester fee \$2.00 is turned over to the control of the Faculty Committee on "Athletic, Lecture, and Entertainment Fund." From the \$4.00 collected each year \$1.00 is paid to the management of the college weekly. Each student thus becomes a paid-up subscriber to the "Green and White." Sixty-five per cent of the remaining \$3.00 is turned over to the treasurer of athletics, and the remaining thirty-five per cent is devoted to lectures and entertainments.

It is to be noted that the fee of \$9.50 is not a tuition fee, and that no refund will be made after a student has registered.

Students are required to pay for private work in painting, music, and oratory, and also for the material consumed in laboratory work. The following is the list of fees:

Registration fee	\$ 9	50
Registration fee, Kindergarten pupils	5	00
Registration fee for students taking work in Voice,		
Violin, or advanced Piano only:		
One lesson per week	5	75
Two lessons per week	9	50
Registration fee for students taking elementary work		
in Piano only:		
One lesson per week	3	50
Two lessons per week	5	00
Registration fee for students in extension classes, one		
course, fifteen lessons, each covering two hours	5	00
Music, private lessons—one per week	7	50
Music, private lessons—two per week	15	00
Harmony	4	50
Use of Piano, one hour per day	3	00
Stenography	6	00
Typewriting	3	00
Chemistry, first year	I	50
Chemistry, advanced and elective courses	3	00
Psychology	1	50
Paidology	1	50
Paidometry	1	50
Physical Laboratory, Prep. and Advanced	I	50
Machine Shop	1	50
Electrical Measurements	I	50
Dyname Laboratory	1	50
Elementary Wood Work	I	50
Joinery	1	50
Cabinet Making	1	50
Pattern Making		50
Wood Turning		50
Hammered Metal Work	I	50

Field Work	\$	r	50
Physiology		Ι	50
General Biology		I	50
Entomology		I	50
Bacteriology		1	50
Embryology		1	50
Histology		1	50
Anatomy		Ι	50
Civic Biology		1	50
Elementary Botany		1	50
General Botany		Ι	50
Plant Histology		I	50
Plant Pathology		1	50
Ecology		Ι	50
Apiculture		1	50
Horticulture		1	50
School Gardens and Floriculture		I	50
Farm Crops		1	50
Agriculture		1	50
Laboratory Methods in Agriculture		I	50
Soil Analysis		Ι	50
Handwork		2	00
Book Binding		2	50
Composition and Methods			50
Advanced School Drawing			50
Cooking		2	50
Demonstration and Home Cookery		2	50
Home Nursing and Invalid Cookery		Ι	oc
Sewing		I	50
Dietetics		1	50
Millinery		Ι	50
Oratory, private lessons	2	8	OC
Painting, full work	1	5	00
Diplomas		5	oc
Certificates of Proficency		I	50
Special Examination		I	OC

All laboratory fees are payable at the beginning of each semester in which the laboratory work is required. To these fees is added a small charge for breakage—to careful students

usually not more than a few cents. Regular and special fees, save breakage fees, are collected by the Registrar when the student registers. Breakage fees are collected by the heads of departments. Any balance of such fees, after they have met the purpose for which collected, shall be returned to students upon their completion of the course, or when they withdraw from class with honorable dismissal.

Students of the College of Music who have paid the regular registration fee of \$9.00 are entitled to pursue other regular college work without paying additional fees.

Gymnasium—A deposit of \$1.00, collected by the Curator of the Gymnasium, is made by each student at the beginning of each college year, or whenever he enters college. This fee is to insure the proper use of the locker, the return of the locker key, and the right handling of the gymnasium equipment.

EXPENSES

Board and lodging can be obtained within a reasonable distance of the University at \$3.50 per week. By forming clubs, students may board at from \$2.50 to \$3.00 per week. Those students whose circumstances require it are allowed to board themselves, by which means their expenses may be still further reduced; but this plan is not recommended, because likely to be prejudicial to health and good scholarship.

All young women who are not residents of Athens are required to reside in Boyd Hall or Women's Hall, unless the rooms are all occupied. Only in special cases will exceptions be made. This regulation has been adopted with a view solely to the best interests of the young women themselves, and not with any purpose to restrict them in the enjoyment of every legitimate privilege. It is the aim of the management to make these quarters as attractive and pleasant as possible, and at the same time to keep the cost as low as is consistent with the accommodations provided. The cost of room and board is from \$3.75 to \$4.00 per week, according to the size and location of the room. Everything is furnished except soap and towels. About one hundred and eighty young women can be received.

Rooms will be assigned for the first semester of the college year, in order of application, after the first day of March each

year. However, no room will be assigned to any applicant unless a \$5.00 retaining fee accompanies the application. In case of inability to take the room the fee will be refunded, provided notice is given before September first. Otherwise the fee goes to the University whether the applicant comes or not. All rooms must be claimed by 5 o'clock on the evening of the second day of registration.

The entire amount of rent for each room is required at the beginning of each semester.

As persons frequently wish to know, as nearly as may be, the cost of a student for one year at the Ohio University, the following estimates are here given:

Lowest		MEDIUM		
Registration fee \$	19 00	Registration fee	\$ 19	00
Laboratory fees	3 00	Laboratory fees	6	00
Board	95 00	Board	114	00
Room	38 00	Room	47	00
Books	15 00	Books	20	00
Laundry	20 00	Laundry	30	00
Incidentals	10 00	Incidentals	20	00
\$2	200 00		\$256	00

This estimate is for thirty-eight weeks, and includes all necessary expenses.

SELF-HELP

The Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., the University organization, conducts an Employment Bureau to assist young men in securing work which shall help in paying for their expenses while in college. Many young men earn at least their boarding expenses by serving as waiters in restaurants and boarding houses; others manage boarding clubs, act as agents for various commercial enterprises, and do odd jobs outside of college hours. Young women who desire work of some kind to help pay their expenses should write to the Dean of Women. A general caution, however, needs to be given. While an energetic student can find some way of paying at least part of his college expenses by his outside activities, it is often done at the expense of his scholarship. Second, the prospective student must remember that the best positions are already in the possession of the older

students. A student should not come to college without having enough ready money to carry him through the first semester.

THE ALUMNI LOAN FUND

In 1908 about twenty-five hundred dollars was contributed by the Alumni and friends of the University for the purpose of furnishing loans to students taking a degree course. To receive a loan a student must have completed one-half of his college work. By November, 1914, over \$3,400 had been returned by borrowers, and \$2,836 was outstanding in loans. Five per cent interest is charged. The Fund is administered by a committee consisting of the Dean of the College of Liberal Arts, the Registrar, and President J. D. Brown, Bank of Athens. Contributions to this fund will be gladly accepted.

WOMAN'S LEAGUE LOAN FUND

The Woman's League has established a Loan Fund to be known as the Woman's League Loan Fund. The object is to assist girls with short loans payable within a period of three months or less, the loans not to exceed \$15. A committee composed of the President of the University, President of the Woman's League, and Dean of Women, will judge all requests for loans from this Fund.

RELIGIOUS INFLUENCE

The University is not sectarian, and no effort is made to inculcate the doctrines of any particular creed or denomination; but the utmost care is taken to promote sound and healthy religious sentiments. Students are encouraged to attend with regularity the churches of their choice. The various churches of Athens, both Protestant and Catholic, are cordially thrown open to the students.

The founder of the Ohio University believed that "religion, morality, and knowledge are necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind;" and it has been the steady purpose of those to whom has been entrusted the duty of carrying out his plans to insist on the intimate relation existing between the three.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS

Both the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A. have flourishing organizations connected with the Ohio University, and a large proportion of the students are members of one or the other. These hold meetings weekly or oftener, provide lectures on religious or Biblical topics, and take an active interest in promoting the spritual, moral, and intellectual welfare of the entire student body. The management of the University is in hearty sympathy with these organizations and does all that is possible to aid them in their work.

The Y. W. C. A. has a rest room on the first floor of the Central Building, and has an assembly room on the second floor of the West Wing.

The Y. M. C. A. has a basement room, with seating capacity for two hundred people, in the well-lighted Carnegie Library.

All these rooms are well furnished, presenting a home-like and inviting appearance.

LITERARY SOCIETIES

There are four literary societies in the University, the Athenian, the Philomathean, the Adelphian, and the Chrestomathean. They occupy well-equipped halls in the former chapel building. The members have opportunity to exercise themselves in Declamation, Composition, and Oratory, and to become familiar with the modes of conducting business in deliberative assemblies. Debating clubs are also formed from time to time by those students who desire to have more extended practice in the public discussion of important questions.

The first annual contest in oratory, between the Athenian and Philomathean literary societies, was held in the Spring Term of 1901. Each succeeding college year has brought a contest of similar nature. Up to 1907, when Mr. J. D. Brown donated \$100 for the prizes, the prizes were as follows: First prize, \$30; second prize, \$20.

THE "BROWN PRIZE IN ORATORY."—Mr. James D. Brown, a public-spirited citizen of Athens, who has always shown a deep interest in the welfare of the University, and a special nterest in the oratorical contests, has made provision for prizes

to be awarded to the three oratorical contestants winning highest grades, as follows: First prize, \$50.00; second prize, \$30.00; third prize, \$20.00. This generous action has stimulated increased interest among students, in the work of the literary societies.

In June, 1914, the three prize winners were: Samuel Shafer, Adelphian, first prize; Frances McAuslin, Athenian, second prize; Carleton Blake, Philomathean, third prize.

STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

In addition to the Christian and Literary societies already mentioned there are various organizations, the nature of which is indicated by their titles—The English Club, The Science Club, The German Club, Le Cercle Francais, The Chemical Society, The Glee Clubs, The Oratorical Association, The Dramatic Club, The Booklovers' Club, and the Art Club. There are also a number of Greek-letter sororities and fraternities, and two non-Greek associations, the Phrenocon and the Aloquin.

In the fall of 1913 The Woman's League was formed with the object, as stated in its constitution, "To foster the spirit of unity and loyalty to Ohio University, and to be a medium by which the moral and social standards shall be made and kept high."

THE EMERSON PRIZE POEM FUND

The late W. D. Emerson, of the class of 1833, bequeathed to the Trustees of Ohio University the sum of one thousand dollars, the interest on which is to be awarded every second year to the student or graduate of the institution who shall write the best original poem. In 1913 the prize was awarded to Miss Clara E. Vester.

Persons distinguished in the literary walks of the country have served as judges. Among these may be named: Miss Annie Fields, Mr. Maurice Thompson, Mr. E. C. Stedman, Mrs. Margaret E. Sangster, Mr. W. D. Howells, Mr. Clinton Scollard, Prof. George E. Woodberry, Prof. Henry Van Dyke, Mr. Hamilton W. Mabie, Prof. Richard Burton.

For the information of future contestants, and others interested, the conditions of the competition for the Emerson Prize

are herewith given: they must be observed in every particular. Amount, about \$120. Date of award soon after the opening of the second semester, 1917.

The competitors must be either graduates or students in actual attendance at the University.

The poems must be in the hands of the President of Ohio University before the opening of the second semester, 1917.

The prize will be awarded upon the merits of the production, not its length.

Anyone having, in any contest, been awarded first prize, shall not again be eligible to contest.

The judges shall be three disinterested persons appointed by the President of Ohio University and the Professor of English Literature *ibidem*, who shall independently of each other pass upon the production submitted to them.

In the preparation of the MSS, the following regulations are to be observed:

Use the typewriter.

Use paper eight and one-half by eleven inches.

Write only on one side.

Send in three typewritten copies.

Mark the MSS. with some pseudonym or character, and send this in a sealed envelope, with your name and address, to the President of the University. This envelope will not be opened until the award of the judges has been made.

FACILITIES FOR PHYSICAL EDUCATION

THE GYMNASIUM is well equipped, and affords excellent opportunites for development of the physical nature.

A fine running track has just recently been built in the gymnasium. This track is banked for the greatest possible speed, has a cork padding, and is one of the best indoor tracks in the state. In size, it is twenty laps to the mile.

Much new apparatus has also been added to the gymnasium within the last year: Several new mats, parallel bars, horse, jump-stands, kicking-pans, vaulting bar, suspended ladder, and striking-bag platform with bag. All of this apparatus is of the latest design.

The use of the baths and the gymnasium is free to students. A deposit fee of one dollar is required of each student as a pledge for the proper care of his locker and key. This fee will be returned to the student, when leaving college, if the key is returned and the locker left in good condition. In the conduct of the gymnasium, the aim is not so much the development of a few gymnastic experts as the provision for wholesome exercise for the many. For this purpose regular instruction in light gymnastics is given to both ladies and gentlemen.

ATHLETIC FIELD—The athletic field is a level tract of ten acres, owned by the University, and situated a few minutes' walk southward from the campus. The field has been equipped especially for baseball, football, tennis, and track.

ATHLETIC RULES—I. Two semesters of gymnastic work are required in all courses.

2. This work covers two hours each week throughout the period required.

No credit will be given for work done in the gymnasium. Work in the gymnasium is to begin as soon after matriculation as the above regulations will admit.

Where possible, the two semesters of gymnasium work should be done the first year, and must be completed before the student graduates from any course leading to a diploma or a degree.

SUPERVISION OF ATHLETIC SPORTS—The general supervision of athletic sports is vested in a Faculty Committee.

The Advisory Board consists of the officers of the Athletic Association. These boards, under certain regulations, have charge of all financial affairs of the Athletic Association and the arrangement of all intercollegiate games. These games are played under Ohio Conference rules.

The Faculty Committee, composed of five members, has charge of all matters involving the relation of athletic sports to the University; for example, the eligibility of players proposed for any University team and the investigations of charges of misconduct on the part of players. The policy of the committee is to foster the spirit of honor and gentlemanliness in athletics, to suppress evil tendencies, and to see that play shall not encroach too much upon the claims of work.

COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS

COURSES OF STUDY

The degree of Bachelor of Arts (A. B.) is given by Ohio University to those students who complete a four-year course (120 semester hours) in the College of Liberal Arts. An hour is one class period a week for one semester, each class period presupposing two hours' preparation by the student, or the equivalent in laboratory work. (In lecture courses in which little or no outside work is required, one hour of credit shall be given for two hours of class instruction).

By receiving credit for fifteen hours a semester, a student can graduate in four years; by attending the Summer School for three sessions and taking eighteen hours after his first year, he may finish his course in three years. Only the physically strong and mentally alert should attempt to finish a four-year course in three years. To those who take the four-year course in music, the degree of Mus. B. is given.

Liberal Arts students who desire a provisional high school certificate will meet the requirements of the state department by electing three hours of practice teaching and twelve semester hours distributed among the following subjects: History of Education, Science of Education, or Principles of Education, Methods of Teaching, School Management, and Psychology. The remaining fifteen hours may be selected from the above

subjects or from Psychology, Sociology, Ethics, and Philosophy.

It will be observed that during the first year, the student is obliged to follow prescribed studies, but that thereafter he has opportunity to choose from a wide range of electives. If he intends to teach, he may include those professional studies which are given in the State Normal College; if he is going into business, he may select from the School of Commerce; if he intends to be a physician, he may select from the chemical and biological department; if he intends to become an electrical or civil engineer, he may select from the departments of mathematics and physics; if she wishes to combine culture with a knowledge of the practical household arts, she may select from the department of Household Economics.

By arranging the studies in four groups and requiring a minimum from each group, it is hoped that the danger of narrowness of culture has been avoided, while by requiring a maximum in one group it is expected that the student will have opportunity to delvelop power by intensive study of closely related subjects.

It should be added that during the past year the group system has been adopted so as to bring the course of study in closer relationship with the courses at the other institutions of higher learning supported by the state of Ohio. The revised course of study goes into effect in September, 1915.

REQUIREMENTS FOR GRADUATION

The Four Groups

The departments are arranged in four groups:

(A) LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

English, Latin, Greek, German, French, Spanish, Fine Arts, and Music.

(B) NATURAL SCIENCES.

Astronomy, Biology, Botany, Chemistry, Geology, Physiology, and Physics.

(C) SOCIAL SCIENCE.

History, Government, Economics, Commerce.

(D) PHILOSOPHY AND MATHEMATICS.

Philosophy, Psychology, Mathematics, Logic, Education, (with the exception of Mathematics no subject in this group is open to Freshmen.)

Regulations

- I In addition to the 120 hours, two semesters of gymnasium work are required of all students.
- 2 Group requirements:
 - (A) Language and Literature Group.
 - (1) Freshman English Courses 1 and 2, totaling 6 hours must be taken by all students. Three additional hours must be taken by those students who have not credit for three entrance units in English.
 - (2) In high school and college together the student must secure credit in at least two languages other than English. For those who enter with six units in languages other than English, the college requirement is eight hours; for those with five units, twelve hours; four units, sixteen hours; three units, twenty hours; two units, twenty-four hours; one unit, twenty-eight hours; no units, thirty-two hours. The student may not offer less than a year's work in any foreign language.
 - (B) Natural Sciences.

Every student is required to secure credit for at least six semester hours in one biological science, (Physiology, General Biology, Bacteriology); but students who enter with one unit in Botany or one

- unit in Zoology are excused from this requirement.
- (2) Every student is required to secure credit for at least twelve semester hours in non-biological sciences (Astronomy, Chemistry, Geology, or Physics), of which at least a one-year course shall be in Chemistry, or Physics; but with students who enter with a unit of either Chemistry or Physics, the requirement is eight semester hours in one of the sciences of this group, and students who enter with one unit in Chemistry and one unit in Physics are excused from the non-biological science requirement.
- (C) Every student is required to secure credit for at least twelve semester hours in the Social Science Group, of which at least six semester hours shall be in European or American History; but for students who offer one or more units in history for entrance, the requirement is six semester hours in one of the Social Sciences.
- (D) Philosophy and Mathematics.

Every student must secure credit either in high school or in college for Algebra through Quadratics and for Plane Geometry. He must in addition secure credit in college for six semester hours in Mathematics, or Philosophy, or Psychology.

- 3 Maxima and Minima: At least 36 hours required for the degree must be in some one of the groups mentioned above, and at least 18 in some other one of the groups mentioned above. In no one of the groups may more than 60 hours be credited for the degree. The hours here mentioned do not include the hours in the first course.
- 4 Courses open to freshmen: At least 36 hours of the 120 required for the degree must be in courses not open to freshmen (Courses open to freshmen, if elected by seniors, give credit diminished by one hour).
- 5 During the first semester no freshman may take more than 16 hours, nor more than 17 in the second. Under no circumstances may a student take more than 18 hours

and then only after his preceding semester's work has been of a high grade.

- 6 In applied Music and Painting, but six hours of credit will be allowed to a candidate for a Bachelor's degree. In Manual Training and Domestic Science but six hours shall be allowed for such work as wood work, and sewing and cooking. Only the first year's work in Stenography shall count as college credit. In the College of Liberal Arts, six hours will be allowed for practice teaching done in high school subjects. For such work as Voice Culture, Pantomine and the mechanical side of Oratory no credit shall be given. A total of twelve hours will be allowed from all the subjects above named, and no more.
- 7. Any student of the College of Liberal Arts who shall have completed the requirements of the freshman, sophomore, and junior years, and who shall thereafter have completed his first-year course in law or medicine at Ohio State University or any other institution of learning approved by the president and faculty of Ohio University shall be entitled to receive his Bachelor's degree from Ohio University.

COURSE LEADING TO THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS IN HOME ECONOMICS

There are students who wish to take a course in *Home Economics* but who do not wish to teach. For such the following course has been prepared. It is a four-year course and leads to the degree of A. B. in the College of Liberal Arts.

EDESHWAN VEAD

FRES	LMA	N I LAK	
FIRST SEMESTER		SECOND YEAR	
A Foreign Language	4	A Foreign Language	4
Chemistry	4	Chemistry	4
Sewing I	2	Sewing II	2
Cookery I	2	Cookery II	2
English Composition	3	Textiles	1
Food Study	3	Applied Design	2
	_	English Composition	3
	18		_
			18

SOPHOMORE YEAR

Sanitation 2 Cookery IV Household Management 3 English	A Foreign Language European History Primary Hand work Sewing III Cookery III Sanitation Household Management	2 2 2 2 2	A Foreign Language European History Bacteriology Sociology Sewing IV Cookery IV English	22222
16		16		16

After the student has completed these 68 hours, she shall for the degree of A. B. complete 62 additional semester hours. These hours shall include those subjects that are needed to meet the requirements for graduation in the regular A. B. course.

It will be noted that 130 hours are required for graduation in this course. This is owing to the 16 hours of sewing and cooking, 10 of which are not counted for the A. B. degree.

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF MUSIC

OF MUSIC			
FRESHMAN YEAR			
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER		
Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or 4 Organ 4 Harmony 2 Musical History 2 German or French 4 English Composition 3	Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or 4 Organ 4 Harmony 2 Musical History 2 German or French 4 English (lomposition 3		
SOPHOMOE	RE YEAR		
Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or 4 Organ 4 Harmony 2 German or French 4 English Literature 3 European History 3	Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or 4 Organ 4 Harmony 2 German or French 4 European History 3		
JUNIOR Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or 4 Organ 4 Counterpoint 3 German or French 2 Psychology 3 English Literature 2	YEAR Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or Organ 4 Counterpoint 3 German or French 2 Psychology 8 English Literature 2		
SENIOR	YEAR		
Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or Organ	Piano, or Voice, or Violin, or Organ. 4 Interpretation and Form. 3 Instrumentation. 3 German or French. 2 Science of Education or Philosophy or Logic. 3		

DETAILED STATEMENT

OF THE

DEPARTMENTS OF INSTRUCTION

COLLEGIATE DEPARTMENT

Even numbers designate first semester courses. Odd numbers designate second semester courses.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

PROFESSOR CHUBB ASST. PROFESSOR MACKINNON

The aim of the English Department is two-fold, to train the power of expressing thought, and to cultivate an appreciation of literature. In the classes in rhetoric, the main stress is placed upon the actual work in composition done by the student. In the study of literature the endeavor is to quicken the artistic and æsthetic sense.

When studying literature, emphasis will also be placed upon the practice of composition, and in the classes in rhetoric much attention will be given to the study of literature.

Professor Chubb, Courses 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.

Asst. Professor Mackinnon, Courses 1, 2, 8, 9, 10, 11, 15, and 16.

I Freshman English

Required of all students. There are two definite purposes: (a) The endeavor to increase the student's power of self-expression through emphasis upon practice in oral and written composition; (b) A systematic preliminary survey of English literature. There will be four sections. 3 hours

2 Freshman English

Continuation of Course 1.

3 Survey of English Literature

Based largely on a study of selections in *Century Readings*.

Prerequisite courses, 1 and 2.

3 hours

4 Shakspere

Prerequisite, courses 1 and 2.

3 hours

5 Tennyson

Prerequisite, courses 1 and 2.

2 hours

6 Browning

Prerequisite, eight hours of English.

2 hours

7 Modern Prose

Course in reading modern essays with practice in writing. Alternates with course 5. Prerequisites, 1 and 2. Omitted in 1915-16. 2 hours

8 Byron, Keats and Shelley

9 The Romantic Movement in English Literature

The course will cover the beginnings of the movement in the eighteenth century, its culmination in the early years of the nineteenth century with Scott, and later developments with the Pre-Raphælites. This course alternates with course 15. 3 hours

10 The Modern Drama

Some of the most important plays will be read from Ibsen, Sudermann, Hauptmann, Mæterlinck, Rostand, Pinero, Shaw, Jones, Galsworthy, Fitch, Strindberg, and Kennedy. This course alternates with 16.

2 hours

11 Advanced Composition

The work will deal mainly with the short story, but the course may be varied to suit the wishes and needs of the class. Open only to those who have shown superior ability in courses I and 2. 2 hours

13 and 14 The English Bible

Courses in the Old Testament and the New Testament are given throughout the year by Professors Evans and Treudley.

1 hour

15 English Prose Fiction

A study of the English novel. Instruction mainly by lectures. Prerequisite, courses 1 and 2. Omitted in 1915-16.

16 Early English Literature

A study of the Middle English period, particularly of Chaucer, the popular ballad, and the origin of the English drama. Omitted in 1915-16. 2 hours

GREEK

PROFESSOR DUNKLE

It is the aim of this department to enable students to read the authors commonly read in colleges, and to make them acquainted as far as possible with the literature and life of the ancient Greeks. In teaching the language, especially that of Homer, attention is drawn to those words that are etymologically related to other languages, particularly Latin, German and English. Especial prominence is given, as the student progresses, to the following points: first, form; second, vocabulary; third, relation to cognate languages; fourth, literature and history. It is a well-established principle in teaching ancient languages that the study should be made, as far as possible, the basis of a study of antique life. The Greek language embodies the experience of the most remarkable people of antiquity—a people whose achievements in literature, in the arts, and in government have been, and doubtless will continue to be, inexhaustible sources of profitable instruction.

31 and 32 Freshman Greek

This is a course in elementary Greek. During the first semester White's First Greek Book will be used, in the second semester the class will complete this text and read the first book of Xenophon's Anabasis.

4 hours

33 Xenophon's Anabasis, Books II, IV and Greek Prose

		4 HOULD
34	Homer's Iliad, and Greek Prose	4 hours
35	Herodotus	3 hours
	W	

36 Plato's Apology and Krito 3 hours

37	Demos	thenes	de	Corona
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3 hours

38 The Medea of Euripides and Sophocles' Antigone

3 hours

39 and 40 New Testament Greek

1 hours

DEPARTMENT OF LATIN

PROFESSOR EVANS ASSISTANT PROFESSOR MOORE

Latin literature gives us, when we have mastered the language, a view of human life in a civilization as complex as our own, though different from it. Ancient Rome was the great turnstile of history. Toward it all preceding history converged, and from it all subsequent history has radiated, and the Latin was the language of a people who had gleaned the best of all that had gone before. The genius and the energy of the people are reflected in their language. Its sentences are, as it were bundles made up of directness, terseness, and force, and the endeavor in the Latin course is to study in this light the literature and history of this moral and mighty people, who were able to make the citizenship and language of Rome the coveted privilege of the world, and who furnished fundamental lessons for modern thought.

51 Cicero and Sallust

Freshman year. First half, De Senectute; Prose Compotion. Second half, Catiline; Prose Composition. 4 hours

52 Horace

Freshman year. Odes. Study of Prosody and Mythology and Prose Composition. Continuation of Course 51. 4 hours

53 Horace and Cicero

Sophomore year. First half, Epistles. Second half, De Officiis; Roman Life and Customs. 3 hours

54 Satires

Sophomore year. Second half, Selections from Juvenal and Persius Roman Life and Customs. Continuation of Course 53. 3 hours

55 Plautus | Roman Drama (Selections) 2 hours

56 Lucretius Petronius

2 hours

MATHEMATICS AND CIVIL ENGINEERING

WILLIAM HOOVER, Professor of Mathematics LEWIS J. ADDICOTT, Professor of Civil Engineering HOMER S. HOPKINS, Assistant

COLLEGIATE MATHEMATICS

First Semester

College Algebra, 4 hours. Freshman.
Analytical Geometry, 3 hours. Sophomore.
Analytical Mechanics, 4 hours. Junior.

General Astronomy, 3 hours (elective); prerequisites, all preceding courses. Junior.

Second Semester

Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, 4 hours. Freshman. Analytical Mechanics (continued).

Differential and Integral Calculus, 3 hours. Sophomore. In teaching the pure Mathematics, especial attention is directed to the value of the study as a means of training the logical faculties. Constant stress is laid upon the steps of reasoning which underlie the various processes; and it is insisted that the principal business of the college student of Mathematics is to apprehend these clearly.

71 College Algebra

The continuation of Fisher and Schwatt's Higher Algebra used in the third year preparatory course and starting with a quick review of quadratic equations and succeeding subjects. In addition the chapters on the binomial theorem, logarithms, and combinations variables and limits, and parts of chapter XXXIII an infinite series which contributes to the determination of the conditions of convergency of the expansion of a binomial with any rational exponent and recurring series, method of differences, interpolation, Chapters XXXIX and XL, on determinants and the theory of equations, all illustrated by the

solutions of many original exercises. Repeated in the second semester. 4 hours

72 Plane Trigonometry

Wentworth-Smith's *Plane Trigonometry*. Hussey's mathematical tables will be used. Special emphasis will be put upon the analytical theory, and all parts of the work illustrated by large practice in the application of principle. In calculation the method of the professional computer will be used.

4 hours

73 Spherical Trigonometry

Chauvenet's excellent and standard text is used. About all the text for which the student is prepared, at this stage of his mathematical study, is taken. Special pains is taken in computation.

2 hours

74 Differential and Integral Calculus

The first nineteen chapters of Osborne's revised text will be used in Differential. Integral will be a continuation of Osborne's text. Extensive drill in integration is given the student that he may acquire skill in this refined and useful instrument of investigation.

3 hours

75 Analytical Geometry

Fine and Thompson's *Co-ordinate Geometry* will be taken in the first semester, special effort being put on the original exercises. This branch is of great importance to engineering students. It is, besides, of most disciplinary importance to any undergraduate.

3 hours

77 Analytical Mechanics

Smith and Longley's text, applying every previous mathematical course of the student, is taken in the first semester of the Junior year, and affords the best chance of show of ability in mathematics he has so far had. About three-fourths of this text is taken, most of which relates to Statics and Dynamics.

2 hours

78 Analytical Mechanics

Continuation of Course 77.

82 College Astronomy

Young's General Astronomy is used, most emphasis being placed upon the parts of a more mathematical character. As largely as possible the student is made acquainted with the methods of the professional astronomer. Begun in the first semester, Junior year.

3 hours

Electives

The following are among the electives in recent texts by the best American and British writers: Advanced Theory of Equations, including Advanced Determinants; Analytic Geometry of Three Dimensions; Differential Equations, Advanced Statics and Dynamics; Elliptic Functions, Spherical Harmonics; Least Squares; Mathematical Optics; and other Mathematical Physics, with Theoretical Astronomy.

CIVIL ENGINEERING

LIMIT OF COURSE—The course covers a period of two years, In that time such subjects are considered as will prove most beneficial in active work. Drafting-room and field practice make up a large part of the course.

EQUIPMENT—The Department makes use of eight rooms in the building known as East Wing. The drafting-rooms have sixty large tables, for drawing and mapping, and cabinets for drawing-boards, paper, instruments, etc. The instrument-room contains a Gurley 8-inch mining transit, two Ulmer 11-inch transits, a Berger II-inch transit, a Dietzgen II-inch transit, two Keuffel & Esser 11-inch transits, a Keuffel & Esser solar Transit, a Keuffel & Esser presision level, a 17-inch Berger Dumpy level, two Gurley 20-inch Y-levels, an Ulmer 18-inch Y-level, an Ulmer 14-inch Dumpy level, a Keuffel & Esser 20-inch Ylevel, two Keuffel & Esser 12-inch levels, a Gurley Plane-Table, a Mariner's Sextant, a Gurley compass, and numerous other instruments essential to field work, such as tapes, stadia rods, leveling rods, ranging poles, hand-levels, etc. The cementtesting laboratory is equipped with the most modern and improved apparatus. It contains a 20,000 fb. Olsen Testing Machine, a Fairbanks improved Testing Machine, the Vicat, Gilmore's needles, molds, sieves, etc. New instruments and apparatus will be added as necessity requires, and every effort made to keep the department up-to-date in every particular.

REFERENCE WORK—The leading periodicals and magazines relating to Civil Engineering are in the department library, and many others are in the Carnegie Library, all of which are accessible to the students at all times. Among the magazines which are available for student use are the following: Engineering News, Engineering Record, Railway Age Gazette, Mines and Minerals, Cement, Reports of Engineering Societies, Journal of the Association of Engineering Societies, Western Society of Engineers, Engineering and Mining Journal, and many others that are not strictly Engineering magazines.

Ohio University does not offer regular engineering courses, but has scheduled a number of elective subjects in civil engineering, that can be taken in connection with the regular scientific course.

SCIENTIFIC COURSE WITH CIVIL ENGINEERING ELECTIVES

The following Scientific Course with Civil Engineering electives will lead to the Bachelor of Science Degree, in four years:

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English Composition, 3; Mathematics, 4; German, 4; Chemistry, 4.

SECOND SEMESTER—English Composition, 3; Mathemtics, 4; German, 4; Chemistry, 4.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Analytics and Calculus, 3; Scientific German, 2; Physics, 4; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2.

SECOND SEMESTER—Calculus, 3; Scientific German, 2; Physics, 4; Descriptive Geometry, 2; Surveying and Leveling 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2.

Third Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English Literature, 3; Applied Calculus 3; Advanced Chemistry, 3; Railroad Engineering, 4; History, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Applied Calculus, 3; Advanced Chemistry, 3; Sanitation, 3; Elements of Mechanics, 3; Topographic Surveying, 3.

Fourth Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Civil Engineering, 4; Reënforced Concrete, 3; Geology, 3; Economics, 3; Thesis, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Civil Engineering, 4; Details of Construction, 3; Commercial Law, 3; Thesis, 3.

The completion of the above course entitles the student to the degree of Bachelor of Science, and a certificate stating that he has completed the short course in Civil Engineering.

SHORT COURSE

For those, who for any reason are unable to undertake the above course, the following short course in Civil Engineering is provided, the completion of which entitles the student to a certificate certifying to the character of the work completed.

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English Composition 3; Mathematics, 4; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Electricity, 4.

SECOND SEMESTER—English Composition, 3; Mathematics, 4; Descriptive Geometry, 2; Elements of Mechanics, 3; Surveying and Leveling, 3; Electricity, 2.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Railroad Engineering, 4; Civil Engineering, 4; Reënforced Concrete, 3; Mathematics, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Civil Engineering, 4; Topographic Surveying, 3; Details of Construction, 3; Mathematics, 3; Commercial Law, 3.

In the first year those who desire may substitute a year's work in chemistry, or a modern language for the work in Electricity.

COURSES OFFERED

91 Descriptive Geometry

3 hours

92 Descriptive Geometry
Continuation of course 91.

2 hours

95	0	
	Must be taken with 91 and 92.	2 hours
96	8	
	Continuation of course 95.	2 hours
110	Elements of Mechanics	
	Prerequisite, Trigonometry.	3 hours
116	Surveying and Leveling	
	Prerequisite, Trigonometry.	3 hours
119	Railroad Engineering	
	Prerequisite, course 116.	4 hours
121	Civil Engineering	
	Prerequisite, course 110	4 hours
122	Civil Engineering	
	Continuation of course 121.	4 hours
125	Reënforced Concrete	
	Prerequisite, course 110.	3 hours
126	Details of Construction	
	Prerequisite, course 110.	3 hours
130	Topographic Surveying	
	Prerequisite, course 116.	3 hours

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

The course in Civil Engineering is designed to give the student a thorough and practical training in the various subjects offered; and to give field and draughting-room practice of such a nature as will prepare him for active work.

A large number of young men have taken this Short Course, and have found very satisfactory positions after completing the work.

The work in Mechanical Drawing continues throughout the Freshman year, and embraces twenty-four plates. Much attention is given to lettering. Cross's *Mechanical Drawing* and Reinhardt's *Lettering* serve as guides in this work. The work in Descriptive Geometry continues throughout the Freshman

year. During the first semester the work consists of recitations and problems relating to the right line, curved line, planes, tangents, and normals; to cylindrical, conical, and warped surfaces and to their intersection. About fifteen original problems are required. Shades, Shadows, and Perspective are taken up during the second semester. Church's Descriptive Geometry, is the text used. Merriman's Elements of Mechanics is taken up during the second semester. The work in the text-book is supplemented with additional problems.

Leveling and Surveying, of the second semester, consists of three hours per week of recitations and one afternoon per week of field work, embracing the following: Chain, Compass and Transit Surveying; the use of the Plane Table and Leveling.

The student is required to keep his field notes in proper form, to plat all surveys, and to make profiles of the level lines run. Conventional methods are used in all work. Lyman's Surveying is the text used.

The work in Railroad Engineering is taken up during the first semester of the second year. This consists of three hours per week of recitations and one afternoon a week of field and draughting-room work. A preliminary survey for a railroad is made and the topography taken. A contour map is drawn and a location projected. The text used is Searle's Field Engineering.

The subject dealing with Details of Construction, as given in the second semester, consists of two recitations per week and one afternoon of drawing. Each student designs and completes the working drawing, with blue prints, of a wood and steel truss. Howe's Design of Simple Trusses in Wood and Steel is the text used.

Fiebeger's Short Course in Civil Engineering is the textbook used in discussing the various subjects offered under the general head of Civil Engineering. The course is given throughout the entire year and embraces the following subjects: Loads on Beams, Trusses of all kinds, Graphics, Dams, Retaining Walls, Hydraulics, Water Supply, Sewer Construction, and Pavements.

During the second semester the work in Topographic Surveying is taken up and embraces the following: The accu-

rate measurements of a base line, and triangulating a given section. The topography is taken by means of the stadia and hand level. From the survey a map is made and contour lines are drawn; conventional signs are used to represent the different structures and objects that appear upon the map.

Taylor and Thompson are the authors of the text used in the course offered in Reënforced Concrete. This course is intended to familiarize the student with the various forms of construction, where cement or concrete is used.

The work in Mathematics, Science and English is done in the regular University classes.

Students of the Engineering Department wishing to take advanced standing in other institutions can do so by taking the required amount of Mathematics, Language, English, etc., in the regular classes of the University.

Students of the University can take up and complete, within two years, such engineering and scholastic studies as will give them admission, with full credit, to the Junior class of the Case School of Applied Science at Cleveland, Ohio.

Students are urged to take the scientific course and elect their work from the subject offered in civil engineering.

This will enable them to complete a regular scientific course and at the same time complete all the work offered in the short course in Civil Engineering.

PHYSICS AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

PROFESSOR ATKINSON
G. E. McLaughlin, Instructor
R. G. Webber, Instructor
C. O. Williamson, Instructor

The department occupies two floors in Science Hall and the basement of Ewing Hall. The drafting required of the engineering students is done in the department of Civil Engineering, and the power plant practice and testing at the new college power and heating plant. Reasonable facilities are enjoyed as to rooms for the differentiation of the various phases of the work in the department, as to reference books and periodicals, and as to apparatus and conveniences for the performance of the work undertaken.

In Physics are offered courses meeting the requirements of the catalogue and the options there specified. Besides, advanced courses are offered for those who have met the requirements and desire to specialize in the subject, either in the preparation for teaching it, or for pursuing it further in a university.

In Electrical Engineering is offered an elective course which may be taken by those students pursuing the A. B. course in science who desire to specialize in Electrical Engineering in the preparation for practical work, or for the further pursuit of the subject in a technical school. Also a diploma course of two years is scheduled for those who have a diploma from a first-grade high school, or its equivalent, and who desire to go into practical engineering.

141 Elementary Physics

Class work and laboratory experiments given throughout the fourth year of all the preparatory courses. Required of those also who do not present Physics for entrance.

Class, 3 hours; laboratory, 2 hours

142 Elementary Physics

Continuation of course 141.

143 Descriptive Physics

A recitation and lecture course given in the freshman year for students not taking mathematics, or those who desire a more complete knowledge than acquired in the high school. It lays emphasis on the practical applications of the principles studied, using only a minimum of elementary mathematics. Prerequisite, courses 141 and 142, and entrance mathematics. 4 hours

144 Descriptive Physics Continuation of Course 143.

145 General Physics

This is a sophomore course designed for those electing science and who require a course in college Physics. The work will include the discussion of the general principles of the subject, the derivation, as far as possible, of the fundamental equations, and the interpretation of their physical meaning and their application in the solution of problems. Prerequisites, courses

141 and 142, and a course each in elementary trigonometry and chemistry.

3 hours; laboratory, 1 hour

146 General Physics

Continuation of course 145.

147 Advanced Physical Measurements

The first semesters work will include measurements in mechanics, heat and sound; the second in electricity and magnetism and light; notes are required containing the full development of the theory of each experiment. Prerequisites, courses 145 and 146, and an elementary knowledge of analytical geometry and calculus. Students electing this course should have a reading knowledge of German and French. 3 hours

148 Advanced Physical Measurements

Continuation of course 147.

150 Molecular Physics

A study of kinetic theory, capillarity, surface tension and solution. This course alternates with 154. Not given in 1914-15.

3 hours

153 Electric Waves

A discussion of the theory of electric waves, their generation, transmission and detection; also their application in wireless telegraphy. This course alternates with 155. Prerequisites, same as 150.

154 Elements of Thermodynamics

Prerequisites, Courses 145 and 146, a knowledge of calculus and a general course in Chemistry; if possible, also a course in Physical Chemistry. Alternates with 150. 3 hours

155 Light

Alternates with 153. Not given in 1914-1915. This is a course in Physical Optics for those specializing in Physics. Prerequisites, same as 10.

158 Pedagogy of Physics

Given upon request of a sufficient number to justify its being offered. Discussion of the choice of subject-matter and the

methods of presentation best suited to students in Elementary Physics, and arranged for teachers and prospective teachers of Physics in the high school. 3 hours

160 Electrical Laboratory

A series of tests on direct current generators and motors of different types. 3 hours

161 Electrical Laboratory

A series of tests on alternating current generators, motors, transformers and rotary converters. 3 hours

SCIENTIFIC COURSE WITH ENGINEERING ELECTIVES

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English Composition, 3; Mathematics, 4; German, 4; Chemistry, 4.

SECOND SEMESTER—English Composition, 3; Mathematics, 4; German, 4; Chemistry, 4.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Analytics and Calculus, 3; Scientific German, 2; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Physics, 4; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Shop, 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—Calculus, 3; Scientific German, 2; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Physics, 4; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Shop (4 hours a week) 1.

Third Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English Literature, 3; Electrical Engineering, 3; Applied Calculus, Advanced Chemistry or Advanced Physics, 3; Economics or History, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 1; Shop, 1; Station (4 hours a week) 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering, 3; Applied Calculus, Advanced Chemistry or advanced Physics, 3; Steam Engineering, 2; Electric and Magnetic Calculations, 2; Surveying, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 1; Shop, 1; Station, 1.

Fourth Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering, 3; Electrical Laboratory, 3; Gas Engines, 2; Electrical Measurements, 3; Thesis, 3; Station, 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—Electrical Engineering, 3; Electrical Laboratory, 3; Advanced Physics, 3; Thesis, 3; Station, 1; Commercial Law, 3.

SHORT COURSE

For those who are unable to undertake the above course, the following short course is provided eading to a certificate testifying to the completion of the work:

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER—English Composition, 3; Mathematics, 4; Direct Currents, 3; Descriptive Geometry, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Shop(4 hours a week) 1; Station (4 hours a week)1.

SECOND SEMESTER—English Composition, 3; Direct Currents, 3; Elements of Mechanics, 3; Descriptive Geometry, 2; Steam Engines, 2; Mechanical Drawing, 2; Shop (4 hours) 1; Station (4 hrs.) 1.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER—Alternating Currents, 3; Dynamo Laboratory, 3; Gas Engines, 2; Electrical Measurements, 2; Mathematics, 3; Mechanical Drawing, 1; Shop (4 hrs.) 1; Station (4 hrs.) 1.

SECOND SEMESTER—Alternating Currents, 2; Dynamo Laboratory, 2; Commercial Law, 3; Mathematics, 3; Surveying 3; Mechanical Drawing, 1; Shop (4 hrs.) 1; Station (4 hrs.) 1.

BIOLOGY AND GEOLOGY

Professor Mercer J. A. Place, *Instructor* J. T. Pickering, *Assistant*

This department embraces all the subjects properly belonging to Biology, together with Inorganic and Organic Geology.

The course in Preparatory Physiology aims to give a good general knowledge of Anatomy and Hygiene, and the functions of the different organs. Occasional dissections are performed before the class, and some laboratory work is required of all. In the collegiate course this subject is studied by more advanced methods. Osteology receives close attention, and each student is expected to give some attention to dissection, besides making a practical study of a few histological structures. Physiological principles and theories are discussed according to the latest investigations; and, in this connection, experiments are performed in the laboratory. The department is supplied with a valuable skeleton and superb French anatomical models. (For more advanced work in Anatomy and Physiology, see Preparatory Medical Course.)

The University is thoroughly equipped for work in General Biology, a required subject in all the collegiate courses. A biological laboratory has recently been completed and fitted up with modern apparatus, including a steam sterilizer, fine optical appliances, dissecting instruments, water baths, paraffin bath, CO2 freezer, Minot Microtone, etc. The student is given practical training in Microscopy, and is taught the process of staining and preparation of permanent mountings.

At an early stage of the work in Geology, such objective study of minerals is pursued as will enable the student to comprehend the composition of rocks, which is next taken up. To supplement the test, lectures may be given from time to time upon Dynamical, Structural, and Palæontological Geology, and these subjects are further studied in the field. A large cabinet of minerals is open at all times to the student of Geology,

The stereopticon is in constant use in the Departments to illustrate the lectures. The facilities for making lantern slides are such that many additions are made annually to the already quite complete set of over eight hundred slides.

CURRENT JOURNALS—American Naturalist, Science, American Journal of Anatomy, Biological Bulletin, Ohio Naturalist, Journal of Experimental Zoology, Nature-Study Journal, Popular Science Monthly, Journal of Geology, Economic Geology, Journal of Morphology, Science Progress, and the reports of all the leading scientific societies.

COURSES OFFERED IN THE DEPARTMENT OF BIOLOGY AND GEOLOGY

Cou	rse FIRST SEMESTER	Cou	rse SECOND SEMESTER
171	General Biology (4)	172	General Biology (4)
172	Chordate Zoology (3)	174	Chordate Zoology (3)
177	Physiology(3)	178	Physiology
179	Physiology (3)	180	Physiology (3)
183	Bacteriology (3)	184	Bacteriology (4)
185	Histology (4)	186	Histology (4)
		188	Embryology(3)
191	Seminar (1)	192	Seminar(1)
195	Geology(2)	196	Geology(2)
197	Sanitation (2)	198	Entomology (2)
	Physiology and Hygiene		
	Preparatory (4)		

For all special courses in Botany see department of Civic Biology and Botany.

Courses 171 and 172 are required for all students electing Biology in the College of Liberal Arts.

171 General Biology

This course will be a study of type forms, both animals and plants. The comparison of the cell in all lower forms will be made both in laboratory and in class room. Comparative physiology will not be lost sight of at any point throughout the entire course. This course is open to Freshmen and is a prerequisite for all advanced courses in the department. History of the development of the biological sciences will be made a part of this course.

4 hours

172 General Biology

Continuation of Course 171.

4 hours

173 Chordate Zoology

This course includes all of the Phylum Chordata. The ype form studied are the Amphioxus, the Dog-fish, the Perch, the Frog, the Turtle, the English Sparrow, and the Cat or the Rabbit. A careful dissection is made of all these forms, but more time is spent on the frog than on any of the other forms except the cat. The muscular, the nervous, the digestive, the

circulatory, and the respiratory systems are compared in each case to show their relationship and their advancement as we ascend the scale in chordata. Physiology plays a very important role in this course for all the forms. Open to Freshmen.

3 hours

174 Chordate Zoology
Continuation of Course 173.

3 hours

177 Physiology

This course will consist of at least two lectures or recitations one hour each, and one laboratory section of two hours each week throughout the year. The laboratory work for the first semester is the study of the structures of the body by the use of prepared slides and the miscroscope. Drawings are made to represent what the student sees as he goes from structure to structure. The laboratory work for the second semester is the demonstration of the function of the different parts of the body. For example the student tests the action of the reagents found in the gastric juice prepared from the stomach of different classes of animals, and tests its action upon different foods, the changes thereby being brought before the eye. Experimental physiology and hygiene is made a large part of this course. Prerequsite, one course in physics, and one in general biology or college botany. 3 hours

178 Physiology
Continuation of Course 177.

179 Physiology

In this course the frog is used to a large extent in performing the experiments in the first semester. A complete set of Harvard apparatus is supplied for use in this course. The activities of the muscles and all the vital organs are observed and tracings made in many cases. The relation of the nerves to the muscles is shown in many ways, including the central nervous system and the sympathetic system. Chemical physiology will occupy the second semester. Courses 173 and 174; or courses 177 and 178; or courses 185 and 186; as well as the requirements leading up to them must be taken before entering upon this course. Prerequisite, one year of Physics and Chemistry.

180 Physiology

Continuation of Course 179.

183 Bacteriology

The laboratory work in this course is mainly technic. The student prepares all the common media, inoculates specimens of many of the different forms of bacteria and studies the growth and action of the same. He also gets a fair idea or the methods of identification of common forms, making slides from the cultures.

The lectures connected with this course are designed to bring out the relation of the subject to hygiene and the basic relations of bacteria to disease. The history of the subject and its relation to Scientific Medicine are also brought out.

The work is so arranged that a person desiring to get a theoretical knowledge of the subject can enter the lecture and get half credit in hours. Course 183 is given in the first semester for the students in Domestic Science. 3 hours

Course 184 is given for the medical and the general college students. Open to Freshmen. 4 hours

184 Bacteriology

Continuation of Course 183.

185 Histology

This course includes a careful study of technic; taking fresh tissue and carrying it through to the finished slide by the most approved and modern methods.

The student also makes a study of the finished slide and makes drawings of many type tissues. This course is designed thoroughly to fit the student preparing for the study of medicine as well as to give the student in general a thorough idea of the structure of the human body preparatory to the study of Physiology. A careful study of the nervous system is made during the last half of the year in this course.

4 hours

186 Histology

Continuation of Course 185.

188 Embryology

In this course the students follow carefully the development of the chick, makes slides of the embryo at different ages from four hours up to seventy hours, and prepares museum specimens of the chick from that to twenty-one days. He supplements his work with careful reading and comparison with the development of the mammal, and makes dissections of a fetus of pig or cow. Serial sections of pig embryos from 5 mm. to 30 mm. are studied throughout the entire course. 3 hours

191 Seminar

This course is a study of the current literature bearing on the subjects of investigation in biological science.

192 Seminar

Continuation of Course 191.

195 Geology

Course 195 is an advanced course in Physiography. Some study of minerals is made. Field trips are a prominent feature.

Course 196 is one of Historical Geology; a study of evolution as outlined by the fossils.

It is strongly advised that this course be taken after a year's work in Physics, Chemistry, and General Biology.

Course 195 is prerequisite for Course 196.

2 hours

196 Geology

Continuation of Course 195.

197 Sanitation

This course will be an advanced course in Hygiene and presupposes a thorough knowledge of Physiology. Nothing less than a first-class high-school course in Physiology will be accepted. This course will, in no sense, take the place of the course in Elementary Physiology, described above. A good practical knowledge of bacteria and their relation to disease will be obtained. The laboratory work will be largely the culture and the observation of bacteria both in a general way and with the microscope. Fundamental questions of sanitation both municipal and personal, will be discussed. The legal side, as

well as the scientific side, of school inspection, etc., will be discussed. Summer Term and first semester. Open to Freshmen. 2 hours

198 Entomology

This course is offered for the Summer Term. It will be an advanced course in Nature Study, consisting of a large amount of field work and the making of a collection of insects. The lectures will consist of a discussion of some of the larger economic questions of the relation of insects and plants. The laboratory work will consist of the study of some typical forms of insects.

2 hours

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL SCIENCES

It is desirable in many cases that students looking forward to the medical profession should, after spending four years in collegiate work, be admitted to advanced standing in medical schools, whereby a year's time might be gained. With this object in view, the Department of Biology now offers such work as is in conjunction with Physics and Chemistry recognized by the best of these schools the full equivalent of a year's professional study.

The laws in many states are such that no time credit can be given for this work, but our students get credit in all the Medical Colleges for subjects completed, which gives them time to specialize in some subject during their medical course. The advantage of this canuot be overestimated.

The Departments of Physics and Chemistry furnish abundant opportunities for the work required in that direction. The Biological work, is from the very outset, suited to the needs of the medical student. To this end it properly begins with General Biology, to be followed by a comparative study of animal forms and of phanerogamic and crytogamic plants. The development of some vertebrate is closely studied, and preparations of embryos are required of each student. Throughout the entire course close attention to laboratory work is insisted upon. Practical instruction is given in the preparation of microscopic objects, and the student is taught the technic of section cutting and mounting. Arrangements have been made

whereby students of the University are allowed, under certain conditions to attend post-mortem examinations and to assist in the work. The laboratory is provided with modern apparatus for accurate investigation of disease germs, and the student is therefore required to do practical work in the all important subject of Bacteriology.

The following subjects are comprehended in this course: General Biology, Zoology, Mammalian Anatomy Histology, Physiology, Structural and Systematic Botany, Vegetable Histology, Embryology, and Bacteriology.

CHEMISTRY

PROFESSOR BENTLEY ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR MORTON ASSISTANT W. J. HARPER

The aim of the Chemical Department is two-fold. It offers to the general student the opportunity of becoming acquainted with the principles of this science and gives him practice in some of the methods used in Chemical laboratory. To a smaller number of students the Department offers superior advantages for more advanced work both theoretical and practical. The Department also possesses a growing collection of reference books which will meet the requirements of students who make Chemistry their special field for work.

Professor Bentley, Courses 203, 204, 212, 215, 216, 217, 218, 229, 230, 231, 232, 235, and 236.

Associate Professor Morton, Courses 201, 202, 205, 206, 209, 210, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 226, 227, 228, 233 and 234.

201 Domestic Science Chemistry

This course consists of lectures or recitations twice a week and laboratory work once a week.

3 hours

202 Domestic Science Chemistry

Continuation of Course 201.

203 General Descriptive Chemistry

The course consists of three lectures and one laboratory period per week; also a quiz alternate weeks.

4 hours

204 General Descriptive Chemistry Continuation of Course 203.

205 Qualitative Analysis

This course will require about 6 hours laboratory work per week. Prerequisite, Courses 203 and 204. 2 hours

206 Qualitative Analysis

Continuation of Course 205.

209 Quantitative Analysis

A laboratory course.

Prerequisite, Courses 205 and 206.

3 hours

210 Quantitative Analysis

Continuation of Course 209.

212 Chemical Calculations

Designed especially for students in Courses 209 and 210. Prerequisite, Course 205.

215 (Organic Chemistry

These courses alternate with Courses 219 and 220 and will be omitted in 1915-16. 3 hours)

216 (Organic Chemistry

Continuation of Course 215)

217 Organic Preparations

This course may be elected only by those who are taking or have taken Courses 215 and 216. 2 hours

218 Organic Preparations

Continuation of Course 217.

219 Physical Chemistry

Prerequisite, Courses 203 and 204.

3 hours

220 Physical Chemistry

Continuation of Course 219.

221 Practical Physical Chemistry

This course may be elected only by those who are taking or have taken Courses 219 and 220. 2 hours

- 222 Practical Physical Chemistry
 Continuation of Course 221.
- 223 Advanced Quantitative Analysis
 Prerequisite, Courses 209 and 210.

3 hours

- 224 Advanced Quantitative Analysis
 Continuation of Course 223.
- 226 Elementary Agricultural Chemistry
 Prerequisite, Courses 203 and 204.

2 hours

227 Practical Agricultural Chemistry

A laboratory course. Prerequisite, Course 209. 3 hours

- 228 Practical Agricultural Chemistry
 Continuation of Course 227.
- 229 Industrial Chemistry
 Prerequisite, Courses 209 and 210.

3 hours

- 230 Industrial Chemistry
 Continuation of Course 229.
- 231 (Metallurgy

These courses alternate with Courses 229 and 230, and will be omitted in 1915-16. 3 hours)

- 232 Metallurgy
 Continuation of Course 231.
- 233 Inorganic Preparations
 Prerequisite, Courses 209 and 210.

3 hours

- 234 Inorganic Preparations
 Continuation of Course 233.
- 235 Research

Prerequisite, Courses 209 and 210; also 215, 218 or 219 to 222. 3-6 hours

236 Research
Continuation of Course 235.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE

PROFESSOR ELSON

251 European History

Sophomore, two sections. This Course is a study of the rise of Absolutism on the ruins of Feudalism, and the later developments of Constitutional Government in Europe. The text used is Scheville's *Political History of Modern Europe*. 3 hours

252 European History

Continuation of Course 251.

253 Advanced American History

The first semester is given of the 70 years of national history to the Civil War. The second semester covers the Civil War and the period following to the present time. Elson's *History* is used as a text.

254 Continuation of Course 253.

256 The British Empire

A study of the expansion of the Kingdom of England into a great empire, it covers all the great constitutional questions from the time of the Tudors to the present time. No exclusive text required.

257 Ancient Civilization

This is a study of the governments, religion, and customs of the ancients.

258 (Mediæval and Modern Civilization

This follows the preceding. It is a study of the Middle Ages, the Renaissance, the Reformation and the progress of Europe up to the French Revolution.) 2 hours

260 Contemporary Civilization

This Course treats of the development of Europe since the French Revolution and present conditions. This Course alternates with Course 258. In all three of the last named courses the texts are by Seignobos, English translation. 2 hours

262 Advanced Civics

This is a study of the American government and of World Politics. The present governments of all the great powers are brought into review and compared with our own.

2 hours

264 Methods of Taxation

Library work for the most part. No particular text required. t hour

266 Advanced Economics

Freshman Economics is a prerequisite to this Course. This Course presents the great present day problems in the industrial financial and economic world. 2 hours

267 International Law

For advanced classes only. International relations of the great nations with one another are studied, with a notice to the treaties past and present. T hour

268 Social Welfare and the Liquor Problem

Elective. A course covering the foundation facts of the influence on society of the liquor traffic. The text used is Warner's Social Welfare and the Liquor Problem. 1 hour

269 Economics

Freshman, two sections. The subject is presented in its elementary form. 3 hours

PHILOSOPHY AND SOCIOLOGY

PROFESSOR TREUDLEY

Only Courses 291 and 292 are open to Freshmen

281	History of Philosophy	3 hours
282	History of Philosophy	3 hours

Open to Students of Advanced Standing			
283	Logic	3 hours	
284	Problems in Philosophy	3 hours	
285	Ethics	3 hours	
286	Philosophy of Religion	2 hours	
287	Sociology	2 hours	
288	Practical Sociology		

Covering various phases of social life and a continuation of Course 287. 2 hours

289 Studies in Ancient and Medieval Classics

Designed to assist in the cultural development of young people by introducing them to such work as Job, the Greek Drama, and the Divine Comedy.

2 hours

290 Studies in Ancient and Medieval Classics
Continuation of Course 289.

291 The New Testament Open to all students.

I hour

292 The New Testament
Continuation of Course 291.

293 Readings, Sociology

1 hour

294 Readings, Ethics

The work will partake of the nature of reports and discussions.

GERMAN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

Professor Doernenburg Mr. Carter

Courses 301 and 302, and 303 and 304 are by Professor Doernenburg and Mr. Carter. Professor Doernenburg, Courses 305 and 306, 309 and 310, 315 and 316, 317 and 318. Mr. Carter, Courses 307 and 308, 313 and 314.

301 Elementary German

Ham and Leonard, German Grammar. Conversation based on Newson's First German Book in connection with Hoelsel's charts on the seasons. In the second semester, reading of short modern stories such as Storm's Immensee and Heyse's L'Arrabiata, Wesselhoeff's German Composition. 4 hours

302 Elementary German

Continuation of Course 301.

303 Second Year German

Reading: Short stories by Max Mueller, Wildenbruch and Raabe; Schiller's Wilhelm Tell and Die Jungfrau von Orleans.

In the second semester, Goethe's Herman and Dorothea and other works typical of German life and ideals. Conversation and composition exercises throughout the year. 4 hours

304 Second Year German

Continuation of Course 303.

305 (Modern German Dramatists

Selected dramas of Kleist, Grillparzer, Hebel, and other authors, like Ludwig, Anzengruber, Sudermann, and Hauptmann. Representative dramas of these authors will be studied in class, and others will be assigned for private reading. Lectures and recitations throughout the year.

3 hours)

306 (Modern German Dramatists

Continuation of Course 305.)

307 Modern German Novelists

Selected novels of Scheffel, Freitag, Raabe, Keller, C. F. Mayer, and Sudermann. Representative works of these authors will be studied in class and others will be assigned for private reading. Lectures and recitations throughout the year.

308 Modern German Novelists

Continuation of Course 307.

309 History of German Literature

German lectures, with outside reading of representative works. Attention is given to the relation of literature and other fields of culture. Text: Robertson's *History of German Literature*.

310 History of German Literature

Continuation of Course 309.

311 (Schiller

Lectures and reports. Reading. Wallenstein's Tod and Maria Stuart. 3 hours)

312 (Goethe

Lectures and reports. Reading. Faust, Tasso, or Iphigenie auf Tauris. 3 hours)

313 Scientific Reading

For students desiring to require facility in reading of scientific literature. Required in courses of engineering. Text: Wellentin's *Grundzuge der Naturlehre*. 2 hours

314 Scientific Monographs

Required as in 13.

315 Review German

For students that have had little or no practice in speaking German. This Course precedes the regular Freshman work, although it will be counted for college credit. Great stress will be laid on conversation; the grammar will also be thoroughly reviewed. Reading of several modern stories with composition and conversation based on the text read.

4 hours

316 Review German

Continuation of Course 315.

317 The Teaching of German in Grammar and Secondary Schools

Prospective teachers will be given opportunity to teach and observe classes in German. There will also be a lecture given once a week on Germany, its language and culture. 3 hours

318 The Teaching of German

Continuation of Course 317.

ROMANCE LANGUAGES

Professor Noss

French

331 Beginning Course

This Course includes (1) the essentials of the grammar, (2) a careful drill in pronunciation, (3) the reading of 100 pages.

Texts: Fraser and Squair's Shorter French Course and Talbot's Le Français et sa Patrie. 4 hours

332 Elementary Course

Grammar, conversation, dictation, reading, memorizing of of poems.

Texts: Fraser and Squair's Shorter French Course and Daudet's Neuf Contes Choisis. 4 hours

333 Elementary Course

A survey of French geography and history, prose composition, reading.

Texts: Sicard's Easy French History, Koren's Exercises in French Composition, and Daudet's Tartarin de Tarascon.

4 hours

334 Intermediate Course

A survey of French literature, a study of the city of Paris' grammar and reading.

Texts: Fraser and Squair's Shorter French Course, Loti's Pecheur d'Islande, and Hugo's La Chute. 3 hours

335 Intermediate Course

Molière and his works.

3 hours

336 Advanced Course

The tragedy in the XVII Century. A study of Corneille and Racine, reading, discussion, and composition. 3 hours

337 Intermediate Course

Contemporary Novelists. Anatole France, Pierre Loti.

3 hours

338 Advanced Course

Contemporary Dramatists. Rostand, Maeterlinck. 3 hours

339 Intermediate Course

French literature in the XIX Century. Hugo, Chateaubriand, Mme. de Staël, George Sand, Michelet, Sainte-Beuve.

340 Advanced Course

Continuation of Course 339. Musset, Lamartine, Vigny, Gautier, Dumas, Scribe, Balzac. 3 hours

Spanish

351 Beginning Course

Study of grammar, drill in pronounciation, reading of newspapers and of short stories.

Texts: Giese's First Spanish Book and Reader, Alarcon's Novelas Cortas.

352 Elementary Course

Continuation of grammar, practice in translating English into Spanish, reading.

Texts: Giese's First Spanish Book and Reader, Harrison's Commercial Spanish Reader. 3 hours

353 Elementary Course

Prose composition and reading of texts.

2 hours

354 Intermediate Course

Readings selected from the representative authors of Spanish literature.

SCHOOL OF COMMERCE

Faculty*

ALSTON ELLIS, Ph. D., LL. D.

President

CHARLES M. COPELAND, B. Ped.

Director and Professor of Accounting and Commercial Law

MINNIE FOSTER DEAN
Instructor in Stenography

GEORGE C. PARKS, Ph. B.
Assistant Professor of Accounting

GRACE MARIE JUNOD, Ph. B. Instructor in Typewriting

Ohio University began, in 1893, to offer courses in commercial studies. The increasing demand for this kind of work justified the establishment and equipment of a separate department in 1899, with a course of study consisting largely of commercial branches and some required work in English and History. This arrangement gave the regular students of the University an opportunity to elect this work as part of their college course, and it is gratifying to note that many have improved the opportunity. These and the special students who had a good preparatory training were gladly benefited and

^{*}The required work in English, History, Economics, Education, Psychology, Science, and Modern Language is taken in the regular University classes.

those who desired it have had no trouble in employment. But the greater part of the special students with meager preparation were poorly equipped for a successful business career, even after they had made a good record in their commercial studies.

As a result of this observation the entrance requirements and the courses of study, for students desiring to take commercial work, were gradually extended until 1909, when conditions justified the organization of a School of Commerce with two courses of study, each including two years or 60 semester hours of collegiate work as outlined elsewhere in this catalogue.

Students in the School of Commerce have the same privileges in the University library, reading room, literary societies, and gymnasium as regular students, and may enter any of the preparatory or collegiate classes without extra charge. Commodious rooms in Ewing Hall have been well equipped for this work. The commission, wholesale and retail officers and the bank, in the office department, are well arranged for instruction purposes. Here students receive the training that comes from filling the principal as well as the subordinate positions in such offices. In the bank they pass from the work of collection clerk to that of bookkeeper, teller, and cashier; in the railroad office, they are agent and clerk; in the commission office, receiving clerk, shipping clerk, bookkeeper, and manager; in the wholesale office, shipping clerk, bookkeeper, and manager.

ADMISSION—The requirements for entrance to either course in the School of Commerce are the same as the requirements for entrance to the Freshmen class of the University, namely, fifteen units of secondary credit. Students who have not the necessary amount of entrance credit may make it up in the State Preparatory School.

DIPLOMAS AND COLLEGE CREDIT—Diplomas will be granted to those who complete either course in the School of Commerce. Students in the degree courses of the University may take part of their elective work in the School of Commerce, and in this way they may, in four years, obtain both a degree and a diploma in the course in commerce.

DEGREE COURSE FOR GRADUATES—Graduates in either of the two-year courses in the School of Commerce must have at

least 60 semester hours of college credit. Upon the completion of 60 additional semester hours of college work, outlined by the Dean of the College of Liberal Arts, graduates of the Commercial Course will be granted the degree of A. B., provided that at least 45 of such additional hours have been done in the required work of the course leading to said degree. Upon the completion of 60 additional semester hours of college work, outlined by the Dean of the State Normal College, graduates of the Teachers' Course in Stenography will be granted the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education, provided that at least 45 of such additional hours have been done in the required work of the course leading to said degree and that in the entire course not less than 30 semester hours in professional subjects have been taken.

SPECIAL STUDENTS IN ACCOUNTING AND STENOGRAPHY—Competent persons wishing to take only Bookkeeping and Stenography will be admitted as special students. Certificates showing the nature of the work done and signed by the President of the University and Director of the School will be issued to students who complete a year's work in Accounting or in Stenography and Typewriting. Good Penmanship will be required of those who receive the certificate for Accounting.

FEES—All students pay a registration fee of \$9.50 per semester. Besides this, there is an extra fee of \$6.00 per semester for Stenography and Typewriting. The fee for Typewriting alone is \$3.00 per semester. A fee for the diploma is \$5.00 and for a certificate \$1.50.

Positions—The University does not guarantee positions to graduates in any course. However, only a small number of those who make a good record in work and conduct have trouble in finding desirable employment. The management of the School of Commerce has always taken much interest in recommending students to places which they can fill, and no school in the country can show a larger percentage of its graduates at profitable employment. On account of the limited scholarship required in the average commercial school, its product is not in favor with progressive business men. A general culture, as well as a knowledge of commercial branches, is demanded of

those who seek important positions. Such a course as the one outlined in this catalogue will meet the approval of those who are looking for competent help, and the young man or woman of good character who completes it will be in demand.

COMMERCIAI, TEACHERS—High schools of all grades are organizing commercial courses. This creates a demand for competent teachers of commercial branches. The competition for these places is not strong, for many of those who are acquainted with the subjects to be taught are not eligible to high school positions on account of limited education or a lack of experience in teaching. Teachers who have had successful experience would do well to consider the commercial courses of this institution with a view to high school work. While pursuing this course they would have an excellent opportunity to study Psychology, Principles of Education, Methods of Teaching, and other pedagogical subjects in the classes of the State Normal College of the University.

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

Those studies in the courses which are not described below are outlined under the head of the department to which they belong.

361 Accounting

This course is for beginners in accounting and is planned to give the student an understanding of the fundamental principles of the science. By numerous drills and problems students are made acquainted with a variety of account books used in retailing and wholesaling and with the business papers connected with the transactions proposed for entry. Professors Copeland and Parks,

4 hours

362 Accounting

Repetition of Course 361.

363 Accounting

This course, with a slight modification, is the first half of Accounting, and is offered for the accommodation of those students in other departments who wish to get some knowledge of accounts but who do not have time to take the four-hour course.

Professor Parks.

2 hours

364 Accounting

Repetition of Course 363.

2 hours

366 Accounting II

This course is open to those whose who have had Accounting I. It deals with the modern systems used in the more complex forms of business, such as banking, commission and manufacturing. An important feature of this course is the work in the railroad, commission, and wholesale offices and in the bank by which the student is brought into actual business relations with the students of this and other schools through a great variety of transactions. Professors Copeland and Parks.

4 hours

367 Accounting III

Open to students who have had Accounting I and II. The course is both theoretical and practical and deals with such questions as reserves, the sinking fund, deficiency, cost accounting, final statements, auditing, partnership settlements, and reorganizations. Professor Copeland.

368 Commercial Law

This work deals in a general way with the subjects of contracts, agency, partnership, corporations, sales, and negotiable paper, and is intended to give students a practical acquaintance with the fundamental principles of each. Considerable time will be spent in studying actual cases and in drawing business papers. Professor Copeland.

3 hours

369 Negotiable Contracts

Open to those who have had Commercial Law. The Uniform Negotiable Instruments Law is used as a text in this course. Professor Copeland.

371 Corporation Accounting and Law

Open to those who have had Accounting 361. This Course deals with the law and accounting connected with the organization, financing, management, dissolution, and re-organization of corporations. Professor Copeland.

372 Corporation Finance

Open to those who have had Corporation Accounting and Law. A study is made of the movement toward combination of enterprises and large aggregations of capital. Cause, method, and effect are considered with a view to giving the student a proper attitude toward this important question. Professor Copeland.

374 Accounting Problems and Systems

Open to those who have had a year of Accounting. In this Course systems for various businesses will be devised, criticised, and compared, and the principles of accounting will be applied to the solution of a number of difficult problems. Considerable attention will be given to Cost Accounting. Professor Copeland.

375 Commercial Seminar

Open to students who have had Accounting I and II and Commercial Law. The Banker's Magazine, Journal of Accountancy, and articles on commercial subjects in other magazines will form the basis of this work. Professor Copeland.

376 Commercial Seminar Continuation of Course 375.

378 Money and Banking

In this Course a study is made of the origin, use, and history of money as a medium of exchange with special reference to the financial history of the United States.

It includes a study of the history, utility and functions of banks, particularly of those governed by the National Banking Act. Professor Parks. 2 hours

379 Industrial and Commercial Geography

The rapid expansion of our domestic and foreign commerce has made it necessary for the modern business man to inform himself as to the various natural and manufactured products which are bought and sold in the world's markets.

In this work a study is made of commercial conditions as they are found in various parts of the world as the result of certain physical and political influences, of the products of man's industries and commerce, and of the conditions of interdependence existing among different parts of the civilized world. Professor Parks. 2 hours

381 Industrial History of the United States

A study is made of the growth and development of the industries and commerce of the country and particularly as found to be influenced by our tariff bills, banking systems and the different wars in which the nation has engaged. The subjects of conservation is given special attention. Professor Parks.

2 hours

383 The Principles of Industrial Management Professor Parks.

2 hours

385 Stenography I and II

Designed tor students who wish to fit themselves for amanuensis work. Those who take these courses are prepared to take from dictation commercial correspondence and different forms of legal papers, including contracts, conveyances, wills, and court pleadings. The notes are transcribed on the type-writer and a high standard of neatness and accuracy is maintained. As soon as they are able to do so students are required to take dictation for an hour a day from the phonograph. These courses are repeated each semester.

4 hours

387 Stenography Required in Teachers' Course

This Course is intended to prepare students to teach Stenography, and is open to all who have completed Stenography I and II. After a careful review of the fundamental principles of outline formation as used in "Amanuensis" shorthand a thorough study is made of the underlying science of phonetics and of the theory of abbreviation as applied to "Reporting" shorthand. The "Reporter's Companion" will be used as a text. A thorough knowledge of the principles of outline construction, together with a steady advance in note-taking speed, is the aim of this course. Observation and teaching are required in Stenography IV.

In view of the great demand made by the High Schools of the country for trained teachers of Commercial Branches, the attention of those taking the Four-Year Normal College Course is especially directed to the Teachers' Course in Stenography. An opportunity is here given to specialize along this line in the Junior and Senior years, the credit (total not to exceed fifteen semester hours) applying toward the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. Miss Dean.

389 Stenography

Advanced Amanuensis Course. Open to those who have completed Stenography I and II. The purpose of this Course is to increase the student's accuracy and speed in the taking and transcribing of his notes, and to this end constant and varied dictation, by voice and phonograph, is given, accompanied by careful criticism of shorthand notes and transcripts. Material for this course is drawn from Eldridge's "Dictation Exercises," newspaper editorials, magazine articles, business letters, legal papers, etc.

Those looking to reporting as a profession and those wishing to qualify under Civil Service or prepare for other clerical positions, should take this Course. Miss Dean.

390 Amanuensis Work I and II

Practice in transcribing from notes matter of difficult and complicated character. Two hours of credit. Miss Dean.

391 Typewriting and Composition I

The student's first efforts are directed toward acquiring a command of the keyboard by the touch method. This is followed by extensive practice in copying correct business papers, neatness and accuracy being insisted upon from the beginning. A text in the hands of the students is made the basis of a careful study of the principles of composition, and such work is done as will require the application of these principles. Three recitations per week. Repeated each semester.

Students taking this Course are expected to practice one (1) hour per day on the typewriter in addition to the hours of class work. Two hours of credit. Miss Junod.

393 Typewriting and Composition II

The text in composition begun in I is completed in II, and is followed by a course in letter writing in which the students

carry on, from data furnished, the correspondence of one or more business firms. In this connection thorough training is given in tabulating, manifolding, filing, mimeographing, etc. Three recitations per week. Repeated each semester.

Students taking this Course are expected to practice one (1) hour per day on the typewriter in addition to the hours of class work.

2 hours

The typewriter room is amply supplied with new standard machines and tabulators, and is equipped with mimeograph, letter-press, electric phonograph. and all modern, up-to-date office appliances pertaining to this work.

Beginning classes are formed each term. Miss Junod.

Penmanship

Students in the commercial course who do not write a good hand are required to take regular instruction. The modern business man demands of his bookkeeper or clerk, the ability to write rapidly and legibly. Movement is the foundation of penmanship.

The constant aim in all exercises given is to develop plain writing with an easy, rapid movement. Professor Parks.

COMMERCIAL COURSE

.... 4 Accounting II.....

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER

SECOND SEMESTER

American History 3 English Composition 3 Modern Language 3 Political Economy 3	American History3English Composition2Modern Language3Commercial Law3	
SECOND	YEAR	
Accounting III	Money and Banking 2 Modern Language 3 English 8 Commercial Seminar 1 Accounting Problems and Systems 2 Corporation Finance 2 Advanced Economics or Constitution Law 2	

Students wishing to take Stenography I and II and Typewriting and Composition I and II will be permitted to make substitution in second year, subject to the approval of the Director of the School of Commerce.

TEACHERS' COURSE IN STENOGRAPHY

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND	SEMESTER

Stenography I	Stenography II
English Composition 3 Introductory Psychology 3	English Composition.
School Management and Law2	Professional Elective

SECOND YEAR

Stenography and Theory of	Stenography and Phoneties
Abbreviations5	Teaching 8
Secondary Course of Study 3	High School Methods 2
Accounting I 4	History of Education §
History of Education 3	Professional Elective 3

Teachers who take the course outlined above will be given, without further examination, a State provisional special four-year certificate to teach Stenography and Typewriting, this provisional certificate to be made a life certificate upon the completion of twenty-four months of successful teaching after receiving such certificate.

The demand for teachers so trained far exceeds the supply. Substitutions in the Commercial Course and in the Teachers' Course in Stenography, not otherwise provided for, may be made upon the consent of the Committee on Registration.

The Course leading to the degree of Bachelor in the Science of Education in Commerce is outlined along with the courses offered in the State Normal College.

COLLEGE OF MUSIC

Faculty

ALSTON ELLIS, Ph. D., LL. D. President

ALEXANDER S. THOMPSON, Mus. D., Director Voice and Advanced Theory. Musical History

SIROUHER T. ARPEE, B. A. Advanced Piano

ALLEN R. KRESGE Piano, Organ and Harmony

> MAE S. BETHEL Piano

NELLIE H. VAN VORHES
Preparatory Piano

MRS. CLARA D. THOMPSON

Advanced Voice

MADELINE KELSO Voice

HELEN FALLOON
Voice

John Newman Hizey
Violin

EUGENIA MAY LISTON ELIZABETH GARBER Public School Music

The College of Music is a well recognized Department of the University. It is essentially a school of musical learning. It stands for high ideals and strives by means of thorough training to develop to highest stage of artistic capability all those possessing musical talent.

From the experience of all who have been observant of those matters it is proved that the natural place for a college of music is among the older colleges of an university. The close affinity existing between literature and the arts justifies the statement that only in such surroundings as these can the student of music acquire that familiarity with language, literature, history, etc., as will make him a musician worthy of his art.

All grades of instruction are given from the beginning to the most advanced ideas in interpretation.

Complete courses are offered in Pianoforte, Pipe Organ, Voice, Harmony, Counterpoint, Canon, Fugue, Analytical Harmony and Form, Composition and Musical History. Other courses are offered in Ensemble Music, Sight Reading, Chorus Singing, Choir and Band Practice.

All of the recitals by students and the recitals and lectures given by the instructors are free to all of the music students.

From time to time the great musical artists will be heard at the University. For these entertainments a charge will be made, and all musical students are expected to attend.

Entrance Requirements

The requirements for admission to the advanced classes in the College of Music are the same as those for admission to the Freshman class of the University, with these exceptions; that modern languages may be substituted for Latin, and that additional units in history, English, or in languages may be substituted for the advanced mathematical work required.

The College of Music admits the following classes of students, viz: College Music students who have met the full entrance requirements for admission to the Freshman class of the University as already noted, and take no less than six hours of University work in addition to the required work in Music, leading either to a Diploma or Degree; University students following other courses, who take music in addition; also those persons who desire to take advantage of the opportunity to receive first-class musical instruction without desiring to graduate, such students being designated as Special Music students.

Regulations

No student can be classified in the College Music grade, who is not pursuing theoretical study, excepting in the case of those who have completed the required theoretical work.

Students in the second year of Public School Music are required to attend Choral Society unless excused by the director.

All vocal students in the College of Music are required to attend Choral Society, if sufficiently advanced to do so.

All violin students classified in the College grade must play in the College orchestra, unless excused by the violin instructor.

All College Music students should consult with the director as adviser in his course each semester.

Promotion from one year to the next in course will be determined by test drawn from the material outlined in the course. In piano, the playing of scales, certain studies or pieces; in voice, scales, studies or pieces; in voice, the ability to solfa or sing at sight will always be considered, and the singing of certain vocalises and selections will be included in the tests, which will be selected by the teacher in charge of the study. The examinations will be conducted in the presence of the director or faculty of the College of Music.

Membership in either the Girl's or Men's Glee Club is attained through examination by the conductor of each club

Diploma

A diploma is granted by the Trustees of Ohio University to those who have completed the first three years of work outlined in the Advanced Course in piano, voice, violin or organ to the satisfaction of the faculty in music, two years of harmony, one year of musical history, one year in interpretation and form (psychology of music) as well as the required liberal arts studies. Those finishing the course in voice and violin must have had at least one year of piano.

Degrees

The degree of Bachelor of Music is granted by the Trustees of Ohio University to those who complete the full four years of study outlined in the Advanced Course in piano, voice, violin and organ, the four years theoretical course and the required liberal arts studies. Candidates for this degree, besides their special solo work, are expected to be able to transpose at sight

reasonably well pieces or songs of moderate difficulty, play in open vocal score fairly and arrange for orchestra.

The degree of Bachelor of Education in Music is granted to those completing the course outlined in the Normal College catalogue, which includes the advanced theoretical courses of interpretation and form and instrumentation in the College of Music. Candidates for this degree must be able to solfa at sight any of the Concone or similar vocal studies, making the proper changes of syllable to suit the key, and be able to solfa any standard solo including those of Handel; also arrange for orchestra and band.

401 Elementary Harmony and Theory

A course designed to meet the requirements of the students who have not been thoroughly grounded in the elements of notation, harmony, and general theory, and to relieve the teacher of piano or voice, who is required to use too large a portion of the lesson in teaching such details. Ear training is a part of this course.

2 hours

403 Freshman Harmony

Required of all candidates for the diploma in Public School Music, the diploma in the three year course in the College of Music and for the musical degree. 3 hours

Text-book, Goetschins. The Material used in Musical Composition. Keys, scales, and signatures; intervals, the triads, chord connection, simple part writing, and keyboard work.

Harmonizing basses, inversions, chords of the sixth, melody writing, keyboard work and ear training. Chords of the sixth continued, Chords of the seventh and their inversions. Chords of the ninth. Other discords.

404 Freshman Harmony

Continuation of Course 403.

405 Sophomore Harmony

Required of all candidates for the diploma or the degree in the College of Music, or the musical degree in the Normal College. Harmonization of Melodies, Modulation, Altered and Mixed Chords.

Suspensions, Retardations and Organ Point.

Diminished Sevenths and Analytical Harmony. 3 hours 406 Continuation of Course 405.

407 Counterpoint

Required of all candidates for the Bachelor of Music degree in the junior year. Single Counterpoint in all species, including florid in two, three and four parts. Sir Frederick Bridge's and Dr. Frances D. Gladstone's Counterpoint used. Single Counterpoint continued. Double Counterpoint, Canon and Fugue. Rules of fugal composition must be well mastered in this course. Richter's Double Counterpoint and Fugue and Higgs on Fugue are used.

3 hours

408 Counterpoint

Continuation of Course 407.

409 Instrumentation

Required of all candidates for musical degrees, in senior year. A study of the main orchestral instruments and the manner of writing them. Arranging for string instruments in score. Arranging for woodwind in score. Arranging for full orchestra. Ebenezer Prout's "Instrumentation," Berlioz's "Instrumentation" and Clappe's "The Wind Band" and its Instruments, are the text-books employed.

410 Instrumentation

Continuation of Course 409.

411 Interpretation and Form

Required of all candidates for the diploma in the College of Music, or the musical degrees. Prerequisite, at least Freshman Harmony. The lectures include the psychology of rhythm with its application to conducting and interpretation generally, the psychology of tone, color, harmony, melody, emotional expression, form and memory; the appreciation and interpretation of standard works in voice and piano; Messiah, Elijah, St. Paul, etc., and notable piano works by Beethoven, Chopin, Schumann and other authors, constituting a general review of

the standard repertoire, a discussion of form and expression in the light of psychology and principles of interpretation.

2 hours

412 Interpretation and Form

Continuation of Course 411.

413 History of Music

Required of all candidates for the diploma in Public School Music, the diploma in the College of Music and for the Musical degree. General History development and influence of music among ancient peoples. Early Christian music. Polyphonic music. Various schools of polyphonic music. The rise of dramatic and instrumental music, and the development of the various musical instruments.

The development of the Opera and Oratorio. The Romanticists. Modern music and musicians.

The above course can readily be accomplished in one year with two recitations a week.

The work of this course is illustrated by Pianola or actual performance in voice or piano by members of the faculty and students in recitals arranged for the class. Text-book *Musical History*. W. S. B. Mathews.

414 History of Music

Continuation of Course 413.

PIANO

Preparatory Course

The Preparatory Course is sufficiently simple to include beginners. Only a general outline follows. The necessary studies are selected from Tapper's First Piano book, Kohler op. 157, 151, 190 and 50, Kohler's Klavier Schule, Damm Method, Duvernoy op. 176, the easier studies in Velocity Gurlitt op. 83, or School of Velocity for beginners Gurlitt op 141, Bertini, Leoschhorn, Concone op. 24, and Czerny School of Velocity book I. All the major and minor scales and major and minor chords as given in Wieck must be played from memory. Selections from Sonatinen Album.

The teacher will select from these the necessary studies to advance the student to the point required for entrance to the College of Music. The playing of the major and minor scales and chords from memory and well played selections from the sonatinas of Clementi and Kuhlau or the modern composers indicate the range of finished study at this point.

College Course

These Courses run through both semesters.

415 Freshman Piano

Required of all candidates for a diploma or a degree.

Major and Minor Scales in Tenths and Thirds or Pischna's 60 Progressive Exercises or Philip's Complete School of Technic; Cramer's Studies or Czerny op. 740; Selections from Haydn and Mozart Sonatas, Mendelssohn's Songs without Words and Bach's Three Part Inventions. Pieces selected from Bohm, Thome, Godard, Lebierre, Sapelnikoff, MacDowell, or easy pieces by Grieg or suitable novelties American or foreign.

417 Sophomore Piano

Required of all candidates for a diploma or a degree.

Major and Minor Scales in Double Thirds. Pischna and Phillip's School continued; Low's Octaves Studies; Beethoven's op. 26 in A flat and op. 27 No. 1; Stephen Heller, Tarentelle, Legende de la Foret, Hunting Song op. 86, No. 3; Selections from Chopin's easier Preludes and Valses; Godard's Barcarolle or Grieg's more difficult pieces; Selections from Scharwenka Finger Exercises op. 77 or Clementi's Gradus ad Parnassum.

419 Junior Piano

Required of all candidates for a diploma or a degree.

Moscheles Preludes op. 73, Von Wilm Suite No. 1, Pachulski Prelude in F minor, Leschetizky, Arabesque en forme d' Etude and Tarantella; Selections from Bach's well Tempered Clavichord; Scharwenka's Octaves or Kullaks Octaves; Selections from Beethoven's Sonatas the op. 57 and others; Henselt Etudes or Chopin Etudes selected; Chopin's Ballade in A flat or G

minor and Scherzo in B flat minor; or Schumann, Sinding and others.

421 Senior Piano

Required of all candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Music. A programme selected from this list to be played at close of the course. Familiarity with all in the list required.

Chopin's Etudes continued also Beethoven Sonatas; Chopin's Polonaise in A flat; Wagner-Liszt Spinning Song from Flying Dutchman, Liszt, Gnomen Reigen, Le Rossignol, Rhapsodies 6, 8, 12 and 13; Brahm's Rhapsodie in B minor. Concertos by Mendelssohn, Grieg or Beethoven.

VOICE

Preparatory Course

Breathing and voice placing exercises; sustained tones and scale work according to the Italian method as taught by Sims Reeves, of London, England and Vannucini of Florence, Italy. Concone's Fifty Lessons; Concone's Forty Lessons for Bass; Marchesi's Exercises, op. I, First Part: Vaccai's Studies.

College Course

These courses run throughout the year.

423 Freshman Voice

Required of all candidates for a diploma or a degree.

Voice placing exercises continued; scales, sustained notes, and articulation exercises; Concone's Twenty-five Lessons; Marchesi's Studies or Lutgen; Songs by American composers, Denza, Cowen, Gastaldon, Jensen, Grieg, Mendelssohn.

425 Sophomore Voice

Required of all candidates for a diploma or a degree.

Voice placing exercises continued; scales, etc., Marchesi's Studies; Concone's Fifteen Lessons; selections from Schubert's and Schumann's Songs; songs of Del Acqua Bullard, Buzza-Peccia, Buck, d'Hardelot, Von Fielitz, Gounod, Haydn or others. Handelian airs from oratorios begun.

427 Junior Voice

Required of all candidates for a diploma or a degree.

Advanced studies and exercises; solos from the oratorios and operas; Handel's Messiah solos and recitatives, "Let the bright Seraphim" and "O had I Jubal's Lyre"; Haydn's Creation solos and recitatives; Rossini's Stabat Matter solos and quartettes; songs or airs by the modern Italian or French composers.

429 Senior Voice

Required of all canditates for the degree of Bachelor of Music.

Review of Handelian, Haydn, and Mendelssohn arias and recitatives; Beethoven's Adelaide or air from Fidelio; Meyerbeer's *Ihr Baal's Priester*; Wolf, Strauss, Franz Brahms and Liszt songs; Wagnerian and other opera solos.

PIPE ORGAN

A through course in piano finger technic and at least a year of harmony are prerequisites to the course in pipe organ, of which only an outline is given here.

Stainer's Organ. Wilson's a System of Technical Studies in Pedal Playing; Bach's Studies in Pedal Phrasing or Dudley Buck's Pedal Phrasing, Work of Bach and the Modern French School, Guilmant, Widor, Dubois, La Tombelle and others, also Mendelssohn, Rheinberger, etc.

VIOLIN

INSTRUCTOR JOHN NEWMAN HIZEY

Preparatory Course

Hohmann's Violin School books I and II; Schradieck's Finger Exercises; Sitt op. 32 book I; Kayser op. 20 book I; Hoffman op. 25 book I; Studies by Boehmer op. 54; Pieces by Sitt Bohm, Dancla, Hauser, etc.

College Course.

431 Freshman Violin

62 Required of all candidates for a diploma or a degree.

Hohmann's Violin School continued; Schradieck School of Technic; Dont op. 20; Sevcik op. I, part I; Special Studies by Mazas, op. 36, book I; Shradieck's Scales; Pieces by Sitt, Hauser, Hill, Bohn, Alard, etc.

433 Sophomore Violin

Required of all candidates for a diploma or a degree.

Mazas op. 36, book II; Sitt op. 69, book I; Kreutzer 40 Etudes; Two and Three Octave Scale Studies and broken chords by Sitt; Caprices by Rovelli; Pieces of similar difficulty.

435 Junior Violin

Required of all candidates for a diploma or degree.

Thirty-six Caprices by Fiorillo; Sitt op. 69, book 2; Rode, 24 Caprices; Dancla op. 73; 20 Brilliant and Characteristic studies; Pieces by Hubay, Wieniawski, Dvorak, Ambrosio, Kreisler, etc., Coucertos by Rode, De Beriot, David, etc.

437 Senior Violin

Required of all candiates for the degree of Bachelor of Music.

Eutdes by Gaviniez; Sitt op. 30, 12 Great Etudes; Dont op; 35; Gradus ad Parnassum; Bach's Sonatas for violin solo. Concertos by Wieniawski, Bruch, Mendelssohn, etc.

CHORAL SOCIETY

Besides the two glee clubs a good Choral Society is maintained under the conductorship of the director of the College of Music. The following are some of the choral works that have been sung in the history of this organization; Creation, Messiah, Elijah, Samson and Delilah, Stabat Mater, Lazarus, Fair Ellen; among the artists that have appeared have been the following: Evan Williams, Mme. Schumann Heink, Edward Strong, Herbert Witherspoon, John Siefert, David Dunbar, Douglas Powell, Miss Barbara Waite, Mesdames Evelyn Scotney and Helen Mudge; the Pasmore trio and Russian orchestra have also been heard.

DRAWING AND PAINTING

MARIE LOUISE STAHL, Instructor

A thorough foundation in drawing is necessarily the basis for specializing in any phase of art work or artistic handicraft. The work in this department is carried on as much as possible after the manner of our best art schools. The student begins with still-life and perspective drawing, and as he advances, draws from the cast and the living model. Studies in composition are required from the more advanced students. Any individuality in the student is encouraged, and no fixed method is insisted upon. In painting, instruction is given in oils, water colors, pastels, and porcelain decoration—for which a kiln has been provided. Some knowledge of form, proportion, and mass of light and shade is necessary, through the study of charcoal drawing, before the student can begin to paint. To those desiring it instruction in out-of-door work will be given, providing the pupils are sufficiently advanced. Students in the Engineering Department will vary the medium from charcoal to pencil and pen and ink. Talks are given to the students on architecture, sculpture, and painting. These talks are illustrated with photographs, casts and lantern slides. There is also an bundance of illustrative material in the many art periodicals and works on art which are kept in the studio for the use of students.

SCHOOL OF ORATORY

FACULTY

ALSTON ELLIS, Ph. D., LL. D.

President

WILLIAM HAWTHORNE COOPER, A. M., B. O. Director and Professor of Public Speaking

IRMA E. VOIGT, Ph. D. Literary Interpretation

JULIA BAKER
Vocal Culture

C. M. DOUTHITT, M. D. Physical Education

The courses offered by the School of Oratory are designed to meet the practical as well as the cultural requirements of men and women in the actual affairs of life. The school aims to train its students to read from the printed page in such a manner as to give pleasure and profit to those who hear; to enable business men, doctors, schoolmen, and others to make an acceptable speech when called upon to do so; to prepare men and women not only to convince others of the truth or falsity of a given proposition but also to be convinced intelligently; to give prospective teachers such a working knowledge of the fundamental principles of public speaking, and such actual platform practice as will enable them not only to teach public speaking, but to teach all other subjects more effectively; to equip students for college and intercollegiate debates and oratorical contests; and, so far as training in public speaking is able to do so, to fit men for the law, the ministry, for politics, or for other forms of social service. The school aims, first, to produce sound thinkers; and second, to train these thinkers in the clear, correct, straightforward and effective written and oral expression of their own thoughts.

The student is at all times given credit for brains, and his individuality is held sacred. He is trained, not by fashioning him after a certain model, nor by making him a slave to arbitrary rules, but by quickening and developing his intellectual faculties, by cultivating his imagination, by deepening and guiding his emotions and by freeing and disciplining all his powers of expression. The student is not to be an imitator of his teacher. The aim is to develop "artists, not apes; personality, not actors."

Courses Offered

(All courses are open to all students of the University.)

451 Argumentation and Debate

This work is designed to serve not only as a stepping-stone to successful debating, but also, and more especially, as a training in the habits of accurate thinking, fair-mindedness, and thoroughness; as well as lucid, exact, interesting expression. Frequent debates, preceded by briefs, are a part of the work of the class. The class is divided into sections of eighteen each. These sections are divided into groups of three. These groups or teams engage in a series of debates on questions relating to economics, sociology, education, and other topics of the day. These debates are criticised, before the class, as to substance, thought, arrangement, use of evidence, rebuttal tactics, literary form, and delivery. Text—Argumentation and Debating, Foster.

452 Argumentation and Debate

Continuation of Course 451.

453 Public Speaking

This course is fundamental, and should be elected not only by all beginners in the study of oratory, but also by all who desire some general training in public speaking. In connection with the text-book, a number of masterpieces of modern oratory are studied, and discussed in class. The mental requirements for speaking are emphasized.

The "What to say" and the "How to say it" are studied side by side. One semester is required of juniors in A. B. and B. S. courses. Text—Public Speaking, Shurter. 2 hours

454 Public Speaking

Continuation of Course 453.

455 Vocal Expression

This course is designed for the development of vocal energy, quality and flexibility. All the factors in expression which bear direct relation to the tone values of the voice are studied in both mechanical drills, and thought and emotion expressions. Selections from standard authors are used as illustrative material for drills in thought and emotion expression. Text—Ott's How to use the Voice.

456 Vocal Expression

Continuation of Course 455.

457 Extemporaneous Oratory

This course designed to give the amateur speaker facility in outlining a subject, clarity of thought, skill in marshalling material, and effectiveness in properly presenting on short notice, thoughts previously gathered. It aims to develop the logical acumen, the analytic as well as the synthetic qualities of the learner. It seeks to furnish training in thinking on one's feet. Each student is required to make several extemporaneous speeches before the class on topic taken from economics, sociology, law, education, and other topics of the day. These exercises are criticised as to form and substance, arrangement, literary value and thought; while the speakers are criticised as to directness, simplicity, earnestness, impressiveness, and forensic deportment. Text—Extempore Speaking, Shurter.

458 Extemporaneous Oratory

Continuation of Course 457.

459 Interpretative Reading

This course is designed especially for teachers in that it aims to train in that art which so many of us feel is to-day a lost art, namely, that of reading out loud. The various types of reading—essay, drama, poetry, short story—are studied and discussed both from the literary side and from the interpretative side. The voice and its uses as applied to reading are studied. Frequent exercises in short-story telling are given.

Outside reading in connection with the course aims to develop choice in reading matter.

460 Interpretative Reading Continuation of Course 459.

461 Shakespeare

Shakespearean plays, Bible and Hymn Reading. Critical study of four of Shakespeare's plays during the year. Expressional reading of principal scenes, and assigned passages are committed and recited. At the end of the year one of the plays will be given in costume by members of the class.

The study of Bible and Hymn reading will be taken up in the course for the sake of impressiveness. The words and the text must not simply be seen, but felt. The subject-matter must come into the minds as reality—truth. The motive of the reader is to secure acceptance, and the end is belief. 2 hours

462 Shakespeare

Continuation of Course 461.

463 Expression

Advanced study of expression. The purpose of this course is to give more extensive preparation to those desiring to make a specialty of literary interpretation and expression, either for teaching or platform work.

Arrangements for this course can be made with the head of the Department. The instruction will consist of private lessons, for which three hours' credit will be given. 3 hours

464 Dramatics

This is a course offered to university students at large and growing out of an apparent need for training along such lines. Its purpose is not to produce finished actors, but to create an appreciation for good drama; to give a knowledge of the technique of the stage, which so many young high school teachers find they need upon entering their work; and to give stage presence to the over-conscious. One comedy and one drama of more serious nature will be studied and coached. Three hours' recitation with two hours' credit.

465 Literary Interpretation

This course covers the field of American Literature; selected authors are studied each week. The purpose of the course is to acquire the best possible expression—such as will reveal thought and emotion—of these different writings. Two hours. Each semester, Sophomore elective. Texts—Literary Interpretations, S. H. Clark, How to Gesture, Ott. 2 hours

English

The courses in English and Rhetoric are under the direction of Edwin W. Chubb, Litt. D., Dean of the College of Liberal Arts, and Professor of Rhetoric and English Literature.

The public speaker must not only be familiar with the best literature, he must have a mind stored with thoughts worthy of being imparted to others.

The aim will be to develop in the student the power of clear thought and accurate expression, in oral and written work; as it is believed by all that English literature is of primary importance to one who desires to become proficient in English expression.

466 and 467 Oratorical Structure

This course deals with the structure and qualities of a good oration. A large number of winning University orations are studied, and discussed in class. Students who intend to enter future oratorical contests should elect this course. Texts—Rhetoric of the Oration, Shurter, Winning Speeches, Northern Oratorical League.

468 and 469 Effective Speaking

This is an advanced course. In this course the general ends of speech, such as clearness, impressiveness, belief, action, and entertainment are studied. Here also are discussed the motives that impel men to action: such motives as the desire for self-preservation, property, power, reputation, the affections, the sentiments, and the tastes. The psychology of the crowd is given considerable attention. Speech is studied in the light of its effect upon the audience. The student is given training in the art of adapting his discourse to meet the needs and con-

ditions of various audiences. Texts—Psychology of Public Speaking, Scott, Effective Speaking, Phillips. 2 hours

470 and 471 Oratory

The primary aim of this course is to develop a natural, easy, direct, and pleasing manner on the platform. Special emphasis is also placed upon drills for correct, refined pronunciation, and clear, distinct articulation. There are required throughout this course considerable memorizing and presentation of selections of all types. Text—Cunnock's Choice Readings.

472 Pantomime

In this course the body is treated as an instrument. It is freed from mannerisms, and trained to become the obedient servant of the mind; and thus self-consciousness is overcome and self-control developed. A definite technique of action is introduced with exercises for the application of the principles of gesture. The office in expression of the different agents of the body—head, torso, and limbs—is studied. The aim is to present as the climax of the course, an entire play in Pantomime, leading up to this the various problems of simple situations, characterizations, life studies, scenes from Shakspere, and original studies are presented each semester. One hour

474 History of Oratory

As its name implies this course gives a survey of the development of oratory from Demosthenes to the present. Texts—History of Oratory, Sears, British and American Eloquence, Fulton and Trueblood.

PHYSICAL CULTURE—Too much stress cannot be laid upon the importance of physical development; there is a marked degeneracy in the physical powers of the men and women of today as compared with our forefathers. The tendency of the present age is towards mental rather than physical development and, as a result, we have an average of intellectuality without the necessary physical strength to support it. One function should not be neglected at the expense of another. There should be the Trinity of Spirit, Mind, and Body.

TUITION-Any student paying the regular college registration fee of \$9.00 is entitled to class work in any course in the department. The extra fee for private lessons is as follows:

One thirty minute lesson each week throughout the

..... \$14 25 Two lessons

PRIVATE LESSONS-The higest success of each pupil depends largely upon the private criticism he receives. individual lessons enable the instructor at the very beginning to remove personal difficulties and defects, and to give the student the development that he needs. This work is devoted entirely to the individual requirements of the learner.

Diplomas

Those completing the full course of two years, and passing the examinations satisfactory, will receive a diploma bearing the names of Ohio University, School of Oratory. A charge of Five Dollars is made for this diploma.

Oratorical and Debating Association

The Oratorical Association is open to all students regularly enrolled for twelve or more hours' work per week.

The object is to promote a higher standard of literary excellence in this institution, through annual contests with other colleges and universities, in debate, oratory, and such other forms of literary discourse as may be decided upon by the Executive Council.

There are two preliminary contests in debate and two preliminary contests in oratory to determine who shall represent the institution in inter-collegiate contests in debate and oration. The first preliminary contest is held in December of each year, and the second preliminary contest before the Easter vacation

DRAMATIC CLUB-The School of Oratory desires to call attention to its flourishing Dramatic Club. This club is composed of students that have given evidence of proficiency and special interest in dramatic work. It aims to become an honor organization. In general accord with the purposes of the Drama League of America, the object of the club is to study, to encourage, and to present only the highest types of standard drama. The organization will each year present at least one high class play.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

C. M. DOUTHITT, M. D. Director of Physical Education

M. B. BANKS

Director of Outdoor Athletics

AIMS-

- 1. To develop bodily vigor and vitality, the prerequisite of mental efficiency.
- 2. To secure and maintain correct bodily carriage in standing, walking, and running, a balanced muscular development, and a fair degree of skill and ease of movement.
- 3. To provide an opportunity and incentive for every student to secure physical recreation to overcome the evils of the sedentary life of the student.
- 4. To promote the social, moral, and mental values of games and sports, and to secure to every student the opportunity for their practice.
- 5. To develop such habits of exercise in students that they shall continue their practice after leaving college.

REQUIRED WORK—Two semesters of work in physical training are required, unless the student is excused because of physical disability. This work should be taken during the first and second years of college life.

MEDICAL, AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION—All first year students are urged to take a medical and physical examination as soon as possible after entering college. The purpose is to determine the student's organic condition; to discover abnormal deviations of form, structure, and function; to warn and give special advice when necessary.

GYMNASIUM WORK—The work in the gymnasium consists of running, calisthenic drills (free-hand, wands, dumb bells, and Indian clubs,) gymnastic dancing, heavy apparatus work, and active games, such as basket-ball, and indoor base-ball.

The exercises are chosen rather for their physiological value than their looks—for the education of the neuro-muscular system than for the mere development of strength.

The gymnasium is open for individual work throughout the day except during regular gymnasium class work.

OUTDOOR ATHLETICS—Facilities are furnished for the various forms of outdoor athletics. Ample opportunity is given to all who care to indulge in foot-ball, base-ball, tennis, and track and field athletics.

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

OF

OHIO UNIVERSITY

FACULTV—The names of the members of the faculty of the State Normal College are not separated from those of the College of Arts. The entire list of names appears under the general faculty list.

TRAINING FOR TEACHING AT OHIO UNIVERSITY

The Beginning—Ever since 1886, the Ohio University has made provision for the training of teachers, at first, in a Normal Department. This owed its existence to legislation, May 11, 1886, whereby the sum of \$5,000 was appropriated for its establishment. The appropriation was accepted by the Board of Trustees and made effective through the efforts of its committee, the chairman of which was Dr. John Hancock, since deceased. This committee placed Dr. John P. Gordy at the head of the new department, and its special work was entered upon in September of the same year. Two courses of study were offered, an "Elementary" and an "Advanced" and the latter was made equal to and parallel with the other college courses then existing.

At the regular sessions of the 75th General Assembly of Ohio, March 12, 1902, H. B. No. 369—Mr. Seese—became a law.

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE of Ohio University owes its existence to a provision of this act. Section 2, of said Act, requires the University Board to organize "a normal school which shall be co-ordinate with existing courses of instruction, and shall be maintained in such a state of efficiency as to provide proper theoretical and practical training for all students desiring to prepare themselves for the work of teaching."

Section 4 of an Act of the Legislature, dated April 16, 1906, creates a special fund for the support of "the State Normal

School or College in connection with the Ohio University." This fund is derived from a mill tax of five one-thousandths (.005) of one mill upon each dollar of the taxable property in Ohio. The annual income thus derived amounts to about \$37,500.

Scope of Work—The law of 1902 explicitly states that the school shall be established for the training of "all students desiring to prepare themselves for the work of teaching." This is surely comprehensive enough to permit the carrying on of all grades and kinds of normal-school work. In fact, the language used is mandatory and contemplates the founding of a school in which the graduates of the common school, the high school, and the college shall have opportunity for "theoretical and practical training" for the work of teaching.

THE FUNCTION OF THE NORMAL SCHOOL

TRAINING-In a general way it may be stated that the function of a normal school is to train persons for the work of teaching. If teaching is to become a profession in the true sense, those who expect to follow it must receive special training. By professional training we mean a special training beyond mere scholarship in language, art, mathematics, science, history, etc., including special preparation and training in those lines of thought and action which have to do particularly with the teaching process. This preparation should include a broad scholastic training as a foundation upon which should be built the superstructure of special knowledge. No amount of knowledge of pedagogy will take the place of a broad culture in literature, history, science, mathematics, and other generally recognized college subjects, but this knowledge of pedagogy and related professional subjects is equally essential in the equipment of a man or woman trained for the school room.

PROFESSIONAL TRAINING—Persons who expect to enter the profession of law, ministry, medicine, or dentistry, are first required to obtain a somewhat broad scholastic training upon which is built a professional knowledge looking to the particular profession they desire to enter. It is this special training that furnishes the equipment that makes a man a physician rather than a lawyer. In three of the professions named the state not only protects those who wish to enter the profession, but also has statutory requirements for those who seek admission to it. Surely the work of teaching should require as much special training as that of any of the other callings named.

Why should the training of the common school or high school bring a person nearer the threshold of one profession than that of of another? If teaching is ever to become a profession the need of this special training must be recognized.

TEACHERS REQUIRED—Approximately 29,200 teachers are necessary to supply the public schools of Ohio, 26,000 of whom are required for the elementary schools—that is, the grades below the high school in the towns and cities and the ungraded schools of the township and village districts. It has been somewhat carefully estimated that about 6,000 of these teachers are new in the work each year. Who are these 6,000 young, inexperienced teachers admitted to the school rooms of Ohio each year armed with the protection which a teacher's certificate affords? They are usually earnest, wide-awake young men and women (or boys and girls) who are anxious to do their best-to teach according to the best models they have had presented to them. Very few are college or normal school graduates. Not a large per cent are graduates of high schools. These new teachers are usually young people, who by their own efforts, unaided or unguided, have obtained enough technical knowledge to enable them to pass a teacher's examination, but who have formed no adequate conception of the duties and responsibilities of the teacher; young people who are entirely ignorant of the great body of fundamental knowledge underlying the science and art of teaching.

HIGH SCHOOLS—Although high schools are multiplying rapidly and growing more and more efficient year by year, yet many of these young people have never had the opportunity of high school training. Therefore, high school graduation cannot wisely be made the standard of admission to our state normal schools so long as the laws governing the certification of teachers remain as they do at present. The state can not wisely close

her doors against the young people who seek admission to the profession, nor against that large body of teachers already enrolled in the work who have educational qualifications but little higher than the graduate of the common schools. Better training must be provided for them.

The law establishing these state normal schools says that they shall "provide theoretical and practical training for all students desiring to prepare themselves for the work of teaching." The needs of the class referred to as graduates of the common schools or those having only equivalent education are carefully met by the course of study beginning at the point of graduation from the common schools. In this connection we desire to call attention to the preparatory course leading to the regular college courses in Elementary Education and Secondary Education, found elsewhere in this catalogue. Teachers of much experience may enter the two-year course and be conditioned on preparatory work but cannot receive a diploma until they have 15 units of preparatory work to their credit.

VALUE OF TRAINING-Much has been said and written concerning the relative strength of normal-trained and collegetrained teachers. It must be admitted that a person who has learned how to do a thing can do it better than one who has not learned how. The scientific purpose of the normal school is to teach persons how to teach, but such knowledge must presuppose a knowledge of what to teach. The teacher who is to be capable of the best service should have both scholastic and professional training. It must not be forgotten that normal training is not all professional, so-called. The school that can combine these two essentials in the teacher's preparation should certainly be sought. In the Normal College of Ohio University this happy combination is found. Each of the courses offers a collegiate training in academic and cultural studies in addition to the training along distinctively professional lines. All studies in the several courses in the College of Liberal Arts are open to students of the Normal College. To be admitted to any of the regular courses in the Normal College a student must have made a preparation equal to that required for admission to any other regular college course. No one need fear that the instruction in the State Normal College will be in any sense inferior to the

best instruction given in the University, as Normal College students are often taught in the same classes by the same professors, and have access to all the privileges of the University.

RURAL SCHOOL TEACHERS—But there are now engaged in the schools of Ohio thousands of worthy teachers who could not measure up to the ideal standard of college admission. They will give the schools more years of service than many of those who spent years in preparation. If, therefore, the purpose of the normal schools in Ohio is to provide better teaching for the children in the public schools of the state and thus give back to the people something in return for their support of the normal schools, should not the normal schools open their doors to these teachers? Such teachers are encouraged to attend the State Normal College of Ohio University, where they will be carefully guided in the selections of such studies as will make them more efficient. Our duty in this matter is plain. The laws of 1914 require professional training of all teachers in rural and village schools. To enter a teachers' examination after January I, 1915, a minimum of six weeks of professional training is required. This increases six weeks each year until 1920, when a full year of not less than 36 weeks is required. An examination is still required of those who have even one year of professional training, but graduates of the two-year course and the four-year course are granted state life certificates without examination.

The attention of prospective students is invited to the several courses of study in the State Normal College, found elsewhere in this catalogue. These courses have been prepared with much care and represent the results of a careful study of the courses in operation in all the leading normal schools in this country, together with the ripest wisdom and best judgment of those who have given many years to a study of the training of teachers. The experiences of other states have been of service in mapping out such courses of study as will best fit the local conditions, touching the needs of the great mass of the teachers, existing in Ohio.

The two-year college course in Elementary Education is designed for those who have graduated from high schools of

the first grade or who possess equivalent scholarship. Fifteen units of credit in any recognized preparatory subject admit the student to the Freshman class. The course in Elementary Education leads to a diploma from the Normal College. This diploma entitles the holder to a four-year State Certificate upon graduation, and a life certificate after 24 months of experience following graduation. These certificates are valid in all but high schools and are accepted as state life certificates in 32 other States.

The four-year course in Secondary Education is the equal in scholastic requirements of any other course in the University.

COURSES OF STUDY IN THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

FOR TEACHERS OF COUNTRY SCHOOLS-Almost one-half the teachers in Ohio are required to teach the rural or country The State Normal College authorities realize that these teachers usually have the most difficult of all teaching to do, because of the many grades of pupils under the instruction of a single teacher. It is also true that the majority of teachers employed in the rural schools have not had educational advantages of an academic character equal to those of the town and These two facts make a double handicap for city schools. many country teachers. The State Normal College at Athens recognizes these conditions and realizes also that the people in rural communities are paying exactly the same rate of tax for the support of the State Normal Colleges as are the people in the cities. These schools belong to all the people of Ohio and the special training offered to prepare teachers to return to these country schools as teachers possessing a high-grade efficiency is given with a full knowledge of the needs of such teachers and of the conditions prevailing in the country schools. The reason so many of the graduates and trained students of the State Normal College do not return to the country schools is because the towns and cities outbid the township boards of education and pay often from \$100 to \$400 a year more than the townships will pay for the same instruction. Sometimes this is due to the fact that the townships cannot pay more. a case it is the plain duty of the State to aid such townships, making it possible for it to secure the services of trained teachers. It has just as much right to them as the cities.

Frequently, however, the fault is with the township board or the people, who see no difference in teachers, but who will pay inexperienced, untrained teachers as much as they are willing to offer to trained and experienced teachers. A higher ideal of the work of the teacher is needed and the school laws of 1914 set a much higher standard as an incentive to communities unwilling to have poor schools.

ELEMENTARY STUDIES—But the State Normal College offers special training in all so-called common branches for those who need further drill in these subjects to enable them to teach them better or to secure better certificates. At the same time emphasis is placed upon the methods of teaching these subjects in the country schools. Besides articulating their work with that of the special department for the training of rural teachers, both as to methods to be employed in the district schools and as to the rural-school course of study, most teachers and professors in charge of the work in the State Normal College have had practical experience in actual teaching in the country schools, and these people have a clear and accurate vision of the actual needs and environments of the country school. Besides it is one of the cardinal principles of the State Normal College to make constant study of rural-school conditions in Ohio. The school laws of 1914 require each teacher who is not a graduate of a Normal School, to be examined in teaching efficiency. test is given students in the various Training Schools of the State Normal College and these certificates of teaching will be necessary for all who must take any form of a county teachers' examination. But teaching cannot be permitted until the work leading up to it has been completed, except in cases of experienced teachers

Courses are Given in Orthography, Reading, Penmanship, Arithemetic, Grammar, Composition, United States History, Civil Government, Geography, Physical Geography, Commercial Geography, Physiology, School Management, School Law, Theory and Practice, Grading and Organizing Country Schools, Courses of Study, Nature Study, Elementary Agriculture, Advanced Agriculture, Manual Training, Domestic Science, Gardening, Elementary Chemistry, Physics, Botany, Latin, German, and everything that a progressive rural school teacher needs. Special emphasis is placed upon the problems of country school organization and management.

There is no teacher of the country school who could not be greatly helped and encouraged by attending even a single term at the State Normal College at Athens. Students may enter at any time, study whatever they wish if they are qualified to enter the classes, and no entrance examinations are required. The Dean of the Normal College will confer with the students and advise them as to the studies they should pursue, but all assignments are wholly in the interests of the student. The Observation and Practice Teaching required by law are done in the Rural Training School of the State Normal College, or in the Graded Training School for elementary teachers.

FOR GRADE TEACHERS-For teachers and students who are ambitious to teach in the graded elementary schools of the towns and cities, several courses are offered. For those who are graduates of first grade high schools, a two-year college course is offered, covering advanced reviews of all the common branches, each pursued in the light of the best methods of teaching the subject in the grades—by "grades" is meant the elementary school, all work below the high school, usually divided into eight grades, or years-courses in Principles of Education, both Primary and Grammar Grade Methods, School Management, Training in Teaching, Paidology, Sociology, Drawing, Music, Nature Study, English, Mathematics, the Elementary Course of Study, History of Education, History, Science, Agriculture, Domestic Science, Manual Training, etc., but no foreign language is required in this course. It covers two years, and each graduate from this course is given a Diploma in Elementary Education, which becomes a State Life Certificate, without examination, after 24 months of experience. This diploma represents as much scholarship and training as graduation from any one of the half-score of highest grade state normal schools in the United States. In nearly every state such a diploma is recognized as a life diploma to teach, or at least a state certificate to teach. At the beginning of 1915, 32 states accept these diplomas as state certificates.

Those who do not hold four-year high school diplomas are required to complete the State Normal School preparatory course, by pursuing such studies there marked out as they have not completed before entering the State Normal College. The completion of this course admits the student to any Normal

College course, the same as graduation from a high school of the First Grade.

FOR HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS-The course for high-school teachers is a full four-year college course, and graduates are granted the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education, the full equivalent in scholarship and literary culture of any Bachelor's degree. This course is so arranged that not less than three years of specialization shall be made by the student upon at least one collegiate subject-History, Science, Mathematics, Latin, German, Greek, or English. This renders every gradnate from this course competent to teach in a highly successful degree at least one subject in secondary education. But the high-school teacher is just as much in need of a knowledge of pedagogy and of training in actual teaching under skilled supervision as the teacher of the elementary school. Here is where most schools fail in the training of high-school teachers. The Report of the Committee of Seventeen, on the Professional Preparation of Secondary Teachers, issued in 1908, strongly emphasizes the importance of training in observation and practice on the part of all who would teach in our high-schools. It is not enough that such teachers shall know Latin and Greek and Geometry and every thing else they undertake to teach, but these same teachers need to be trained to teach these subjects. A knowledge of subject-matter alone will not make a teacher of its possessor. Neither will the additional knowledge of Psychology, Principles of Education, History of Education, Methods, School Systems, Administration, etc., insure success. These will help greatly, but the crucial test of every teacher is the actual work in the class-room. For years we have emphasized the importance of the training of the elementary teacher, but have continued to accept the inexperienced, untrained college graduate as the high-school teacher. As a result there is more poor teaching done to-day in the high-schools than in grades of the same town or city. We need trained high-school teachers. The school laws of 1914 require professional training for high-school teachers, not less than 6 weeks by January I. 1915, and 6 weeks additional each year until the minimum shall be one full year or 36 weeks by 1920. This means that all the work for the six weeks shall be done in the Normal College.

A student could not elect one or two studies in the Normal College and take the remaining subjects in branches not related to a professional course. Ninety actual hours of class-room work constitute the minimum for six weeks' credit.

PRACTICE TEACHING-The State Normal College has a State preparatory School for the iustruction of those who have not completed a four-year high school course, and skilled teachers do the teaching here—in Latin, Algebra, Geometry, History, Literature, Rhetoric, Botany, Chemistry, Physiology, Spanish, French, German, Greek, Physics, and all other secondary school subjects. Students in the state Normal College who are pursuing either the course for high school teachers or the course for superintendents are not only permitted to teach in these secondary subjects but are required to do so, and always under the skilled instruction and guidance of the head of the department in which the teaching is done, as well as under the direction of the professor of methods and teaching. A teacher in training for high school work must show proficiency to a high degree in teaching at least one high-school subject before a diploma will be granted.

Such training is invaluable, and a school that cannot offer thorough training of this nature is not fully equipped to train teachers for the high-schools. Credit for professional training, as required by the laws of 1914, cannot be obtained from any school or college not approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. The State Normal College has been doing this character of work since 1902, and was the first institution so approved.

COURSES FOR SUPERINTENDENTS...This course is the same as that for high-school teachers except that the requirement of three collegiate years in one subject is not made, and more work in Administration is required.

FOR COLLEGE GRADUATES—Graduates of reputable colleges may pursue a course of one year in length and receive the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education. All the work of this course is of a professional nature, and is well adapted to meet the needs of those who desire to teach in the elementary schools or high-schools or to serve as superintendents, due to

the fact that all the work of this course is elective, the subjects to be chosen from groups of subjects offered. In this way a college graduate may specialize in any line or lines of work desired.

COURSE FOR RURAL TEACHERS-Special attention is called to the course for students preparing to teach in the rural schools. The opportunities in this direction are unexcelled, and teachers and prospective teachers will find this course most satisfactorily planned to meet their needs. The course is broad enough in the academic studies to meet the needs of teachers preparing to teach the various elementary branches; and the opportunity to study methods of teaching, principles of education, school management, etc., is broad enough to equip teachers most satisfactorily for work in the rural schools. To inexperienced teachers this is a Model School or school for observation, but to experienced teachers and students sufficiently advanced, it is a Practice School. The County Training-Schools to be established in each county in Ohio under the provisions of the laws of 1914, will articulate with this Department and the State Normal College will have under its direction six one-room Model Rural Schools besides the one in operation at Athens.

COURSE FOR PRIMARY TEACHER-Very frequently a teacher desires to make a special preparation for work in the First Grade. Excellent opportunities are offered such students. They are permitted to take special work in Primary Methods, do more than the minimum of 120 hours of teaching, take a special course in Kindergarten Methods, do special work in the matter of lesson-planning for the First Grade, and devote special attention to Nature Study, Language, Music, Drawing, etc., to fit them for positions as Special Primary Supervisors. If a teacher desires to confine her work to the work of the first four grades—that is, to the primary school as distinguished from the grammar school—opportunity is afforded for such specialization, and all the practice teaching of such pupil-teaching will be confined to the Primary Grades in the Training-School. Those who desire to make special preparation for teaching in the Grammar Grades may confine their practice teaching to the Grammar Grade of the Training-School,

THE KINDERGARTEN—Special attention is directed to the fact that the State Normal College maintains a first-class Kindergarten, under the skilled direction and teaching of specialists of much experience, who not only teach the Kindergarten, but train prospective kindergartners. This is the only State Kindergarten in Ohio, and this addition to the already wide-range course of instruction in the State Normal College comes in answer to a demand for a course of instruction that would prepare young ladies for positions as kindergarten teachers, as the kindergarten is now a part of the public school system of Ohio, and all boards may make a special levy for the support of kindergartens.

DEPARTMENT OF ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SCIENCE—It is with peculiar pleasure that the State Normal College announces as a strong department that of Elementary School Science, consisting of courses in Nature Study or Civic Biology, Botany, Elementary Chemistry and Physics for the Elementary school. A specialist of broad and practical experience has charge, a fine laboratory has been equipped, and opportunities are here offered for thorough work.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE—Prior to June, 1911, instruction in Agriculture was given in the Department of Elementary Science. Courses had been given for three years prior to that time, and the increasing demand for such work justified the organization of a new department. The primary purpose is to equip teachers to give instruction in agriculture in the public schools. The reader is referred to the detailed description of courses elsewhere in this catalogue.

THE TRAINING-SCHOOL—The very center of a normal school is its Training-School. A theory of teaching must stand the test of actual practice under normal conditions. Ever since the State Normal College at Athens was opened it has maintained a Training-School. This Training-School now covers work in the Kindergarten, the Primary Grades, the Grammar Grades, the Rural School, and the High-School—the full range of teaching in public schools. This Training-School consists of well-graded and closely-articulated schools covering the Rural School, the Kindergarten School and all the primary and gram-

mar grades, followed by the State Preparatory School for High-School practice. Each school or grade consists of about forty children, and is a real school in every sense. The Normal College has, under its own roof and its own control, the pupils from about one-third of the city of Athens—the portion of the city in which the University is located. These, then, are all real schools, not small schools of selected children, but schools in which real conditious exist. Collectively, these schools constitute our Training-School. During the first year of the student's training the Training-School is used as an observation or model School, in which the teaching is all done by the Critic Teachers, who are trained teachers regularly in charge of each room. During the second year of the course, the pupil-teacher is required to teach in the Training-School, which then becomes a Practice School.

During the first year the student or pupil-teacher takes lessons in observing the work done and in reporting on what he sees. During the second year, after the student has taken a thorough course in methods, Psychology, Observation, and Principles of Education, he is required to teach in these schools, the work being adapted to his tastes or to the grades in which he wishes to specialize. The Training-School is now to him a Practice School. This teaching is done under the guidance and supervision of the Critic Teachers and the Training Supervisor.

A similar plan is followed by those who are training for high-school positions. They observe the teaching of Physics, Botany, Algebra, Geometry, Literature, Rhetoric, Latin, German, History, and other secondary school subjects. Before graduation each candidate for a degree must teach one or more of these subjects not less than 90 hours, or lessons, and this teaching must be of such character as will be accepted by the College authorities. The total amount of work in observation and teaching required in secondary subjects is 180 hours. The student may teach 120 hours and observe 60 hours, but not less than one-half of the total of 180 hours shall be given to teaching. The Ohio law authorizes the State Commissioner of Common Schools to fix the amounts and ratios of observation and of Practice Teaching and that office has determined the ratios and aggregates here given.

LIFE CERTIFICATES FOR TRAINED TEACHERS

AT LEAST FORTY STATES in the Union recognize the value of professional training for their teachers. This recognition is shown in their certification laws, in which graduates of their State Normal Schools are granted professional certificates exempting their holders from further examinations. In twentyone states the graduates of the State Normal Schools and Colleges of Education are granted permanent or life certificates upon graduation and in twenty-one states provisional certificates are granted, valid for a period ranging from two to four years, at the expiration of which time the certificates are made permanent upon the applicant's credentials showing successful teaching experience. Until 1910, Ohio was not to be found in either column, but the legislature of 1910 enacted the Hawkins Law, which recognized professional training by granting to the holders of diplomas from Normal Colleges first a state provisional certificate, valid for four years, such certificate to be made permanent when the holder had passed a limited professional examination before the State Board of School Examiners and had had not less then twenty-four months of successful experience in teaching. But by the Morris Bill enacted in February, 1914, this preliminary examination is made unnecessary, and the graduate of this institution is granted a state certificate at once, without examination.

Prior to the enactment of this law several states had recognized the diplomas of the State Normal College of Ohio University, by granting provisional or permanent state certificates. to their holders. Of the 48 states in the Union, at least 32 recognize the diplomas from the State Normal College as state licenses to teach, usually as life licenses without examinations. The Dean of the State Normal College will furnish full information on this point to graduates who contemplate teaching in a state other than Ohio.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL OR COLLEGE which grants a diploma recognized under the Ohio Law of 1914, must offer a college course of not less than two full years beyond graduation from a four-year high-school course or equivalent preparatory scholarship. This means that the preparation for such a professional

course must cover not less than 15 units of high school or secondary subjects, a unit standing for a subject pursued not less than one year of not less than 32 weeks. In ordinary interpretation this means that 160 recitation hours or periods of 40 minutes each shall be given to a high school subject to equal one unit of credit. Under the ruling of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction who is given authority under the law to fix the standards of observation and practice teaching, and determine the ratio of academic work to work in professional subjects, not less than 50% of the two-year course in the Normal School or College shall be given to educational or professional subjects. The law provides that all courses for elementary teachers, and special teachers in Drawing, Music, Kindergarten, Manual Training, etc., shall cover not less than two years of work apportioned between professional and academic subjects in such ratio as the State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall require. As a part of the professional work done in such a case there shall be not less than 180 recitation hours devoted to Observation and Practice Teaching in a Training School under the direction and control of the Normal School or College, and not less than 90 hours of this work shall be given to actual teaching in such Training School.

SPECIAL CERTIFICATE—Graduates from the courses in Kindergarten, Public School Music, Public School Drawing, Manual Training, Domestic Science, or Agriculture are entitled to a four-year state provisional certificate upon graduation, valid in any school in Ohio, to teach the special subject covered by the diploma. After 24 months of teaching experience this is made a special life certificate by the State Board of School Examiners.

ALL GRADUATES of a four-year Normal School or College course pursue the same general plan and are granted High School Life Certificates. The four-year courses shall include not less than 25% of professional subjects in which shall be included actual Observation and Practice Teaching in secondary subjects in a Training School under the direction of the Normal School or College. This means that no such diploma shall be recognized unless one full collegiate year has been devoted to

professional subjects, although the work in these subjects may be distributed throughout the four years. Graduates of the four-year course are granted the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education and a four-year State High School Certificate upon graduation and this is made a High School Life Certificate by the State Board of Examiners after the holder has taught 24 months.

ALL PROGRESSIVE TEACHERS in Ohio now certainly have a strong inducement to obtain professional training. The facilities for such instruction in the State Normal College of Ohio University are such as to meet in every detail all the conditions imposed by the laws af 1914 and by the requirements of the office of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. In fact, the standard at the State Normal College has always been as high as that above described. The course for high school teachers and superintendents offered by the State Normal College requires 35% to be done in educational subjects. The facilities for Observation and Practice Teaching required by this law are more than ample to meet the need in the training of teachers in the elementary schools, in the high-schools, in the rural schools, and for positions as supervisors in special subjects or as County Superintendents and District Superintendents.

DEPARTMENT OF SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

PROFESSOR RICHESON

The general aim of this department in the Normal College is to give the student a broad and comprehensive view of the various factors in school administration, to give him a detailed and critical view of the problems of school organization, school management, school discipline, school hygiene, school architecture, the course of study, the classification and grading of pupils, and to lead him to understand school law as it relates to school administration. The courses are briefly described as follows:

Note—Odd numbers designate first semester courses. Even numbers designate second semester courses.

501 School Administration and School Law

This course includes a study (1) of School Organization under the heads of parties to the school organization, a study of existing systems, the function of the public school, the teacher as a factor in organization, etc.; (2) School Law, including a critical study and analysis of the Ohio School Laws and topical study of the relation of school law to the effectiveness of school systems; (3) School Hygiene including school architecture, school environment, ventilation, lighting, seating, fatigue, contagious disease, defective hearing, and defective vision; (4) School Management and School Discipline, with their various problems. The Ohio School Laws will be made the basis of the work in School Law. Chancellor's Our Schools and Their Administration is made the basis of this course. Much of the work, however, is in the form of a library and lecture course.

3 hours

503 Secondary Course of Study

This course will inquire into the principles governing the selection of subjects for the Secondary Course, the order of presentation of these subjects, the purpose of secondary school training, the relation of the secondary school to the elementary school on the one hand, and the college and the technical and professional schools on the other. The particular methods of instruction demanded by the secondary school and how these methods must differ from the methods employed in lower and in higher schools, will receive some attention, but special instruction in the methods of high school teaching must be obtained in the Department of Methods.

The texts used are DeGarmo's Principles of Secondary Education, Report of the Committee of Ten, and Report of the Committee of Seventeen on Professional Training of High School Teachers. Required of all students pursuing the course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education and may be elected by Juniors and Seniors in other courses. 3 hours

502 Supervision and Criticism

This is a required study in the course for superintendents and high-school teachers and is given during the second semester, and occasionally repeated in the Summer term. The purpose is to cover all the leading problems of administration and supervision. For those who are preparing for the work of supervision, certainly no course in the Normal College could be more valuable.

This course is wholly a library and lecture course, and the student is referred to important papers and addresses in the N. E. A. Reports, Magazines, The Report of the Ohio School Survey Commission, Ohio School Laws, etc. 2 hours

504 The Problem of School Administration

Senior year elective, and open only to those who have had courses in the Science of Education, History of Education, and School Administration.

2 hours

DEPARTMENT OF PRINCIPLES OF EDUCATION

PROFESSOR GARD

It is the purpose of this department to deal with the problems of methods of learning and to set forth the essentials of the educative process. It deals especially with the methods of learning during the school period and under school conditions. A study is made of the laws and conditions of the activity and development of the mind when it is definitely directed to certain prescribed ends. The processes involved in the acquisition of school subjects are analyzed. The different methods and processes of learning are made clear by illustrations from and by applications to school work.

511 Principles of Education

A course designed for teachers in the elementary schools. A study of the essential phases of the learning process. Particular attention is given to the results of recent studies in educational psychology and the application of the same to the methods of teaching. Open to students who have credit for one semester of psychology or an equivalent. Colvin, *The Learning Process*.

3 hours

512 Principles of Education

A repetition of Course 1.

513 Science of Education

A course for teachers in the secondary schools. A study of the high-school age. Its dominant traits. Its instinctive tendencies and its ideals of life. Habits of study and amusements. Elimination from school and its causes. Moral nature and its training. Social conditions represented by the students. The relation of the age of entrance to success in school. Vocational guidance. Recitations and lectures. Open to juniors.

3 hours

514 Science of Education

A course for teachers in the secondary schools. A study of the psychology of learning. Laws of habit formation. The place of sense perception in learning. The value of motor education. The importance of imagination in learning. The laws of memory and association in learning. Interest and effort in education. The higher thought processes. The problem of fatigue and work. Recitations and lectures. Open to juniors.

3 hours

515 Philosophy of Education

A course for superintendents and advanced students. A study of educational theory. The aim of education. The original nature of the individual. The fundamental nature of the learning process. The improvement of mental functions. Individual differences and their causes. The problem of work and fatigue. The problem of formal discipline and educational values. Recitations and lectures. Thorndike, Educational Psychology.

516 Philosophy of Education

A continuation of course 515. A consideration of education from the view point of society. Social principles of education. The social significance of education. The demands made upon education by the various vocations of society. The efforts to satisfy these demands will be carefully considered. The bearing that these demands have upon the course of study, methods of instruction, and the organization of the school plant. Special agencies for the care and education of children. Recitations and lectures. Betts, Social Principles of Education. King, Social Aspects of Education.

519 Tests and Measurements in Education

A course for superintendents and advanced students. The pedagogy of exceptional children. The various tests for determining mental development. The various scales for determining rank, efficiency, and ability of school children in the different school subjects. (The Courtis tests in arithmetic and language. The Thorndike tests in arithmetic, writing, reading, and drawing. The Hillegas tests in composition. The Ayers scale in writing. The Buckingham scale in spelling.) A critical study of the value and application of these tests and scales. These scales will be made the basis of laboratory practice. Recitations, lectures, and laboratory practice.

2 hours

520 Tests and Measurements in Education

Continuation of Course 519.

(*Note*—This course may be elected in lieu of courses 515 and 516.)

522 Vocational Education

A study of the principles at the basis of the various forms of vocational education. Its place in a scheme of education for a democracy. The demands of the various vocations for trained workers. Open to sophomores. King, *Education for Social Efficiency*.

526 Theory and Practice of Teaching

A course for students who have had no psychology and who have had little or no experience in teaching. Special spring term and summer school. Daily. It deals with the essential phases of the teacher's work and will make a rapid survey of educational principles and procedure. Colgrove, *The Teacher and the School*.

DEPARTMENT OF THE HISTORY OF EDUCATION

PROFESSOR LANDSITTEL

Educational procedure in its various phases is eminently worthy of clear exemplification. Its mastery implies the application of scientific principles with understanding, and calls for deftness and skill in handling pupils and materials as well. This department strives toward the end thus defined. By the use of the Training School class-room as a laboratory of method, students are enabled to see, and make for themselves, practical application of the various theoretical solutions of teaching problems which are developed in the regular course of instruction. Appreciation of the dignity and wealth of opportunity in the teacher's work is stimulated incidentally in all courses as the grounding of a sincere and wholesome professional spirit.

531 Grammar Grade Methods 1

Freshman required. A thorough study of the recitation constitutes the fundamental part of this course. The accepted general forms of procedure represented in current usage are studied, with attention to the corresponding lesson plans. Regular observation work in the Training School is carried on, either preceded or supplemented by class consideration of the principles involved. The teaching of reading, elementary science, geography, and morals are carefully developed, and incidental observation work in domestic science, manual training, music, and drawing is introduced. Strayer's *Brief Course in the Teaching Process* will be used as a text-book, supplemented with library assignments.

532 Grammar Grade Methods II

Freshman required. This course is a continuation of the work of Grammar Grade Methods 1, with special attention to the teaching of language and grammar, history, geography, and arithmetic. The work in this course will be based entirely upon assigned readings.

3 hours

533. School Law Present and Prospective

Senior, elective. The legal aspect of school organization and the jurisprudence of teaching will be worked out in this course through lectures and assigned readings. Equipment of the educational worker with knowledge of his professional rights and responsibilities as confirmed by the law will be the controling aim. The statutes of Ohio will be the chief source to which students will be referred. Enactments growing out of the Ohio School Survey will receive particular attention, along with the unsatisfied needs in the way of legislation which it

reveals. Comparative studies in essential features will be made throughout the course between the Ohio system and that of other states.

3 hours

535 History of Elementary Education

A brief course in which attention is given to the events in the history of education that throw light on the problems of the teacher in the elementary schools. Special attention is given to the work of the reformers of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Open to sophomores.

536. A repetition of Course 535

537. History of Education

Ancient and Medieval. During the first semester astudy is made of the larger movements of educational thought during the ancient and medieval periods. Educational ideas, methods, and curricula are studied in their relation to social, cultural, and industrial changes.

538 History of Education

Modern Period. During the second semester a study is made of the Reformation and its influence on education. Much attention is given to the social and industrial conditions of Europe which made necessary the great reform of Comenius, Pestalozzi, Herbart, Frobel, and Spencer. The fundamental recommendations of each of the reformers are carefully noted. Open to seniors.

539. Modern School System

(a) Germany and France. A study is made of the development and organization of primary and secondary education. Attention is given to the training of teachers and to the relation of the schools to the life of the people. Special attention is given to the provisions for industrial education. (b) England and the United States. The treatment is the same as in the first division of the course. Open to seniors. 3 hours

540. Modern School Systems
Continuation of Course. 539.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ART OF TEACHING

PROFESSOR COULTRAP

In this department, earnest effort is made to present in a clear, practical, and helpful way what is fundamental in the art of teaching. Special pains are taken to point out the functions and limitations of various methods. It is increasingly clear that pattern methods have less to do with one's success in teaching than has a clear grasp of the fundamental principles of teaching and a more intelligent and conscientious application of these guiding principles in practice. One special object of the course is to give the teachers guiding ideals in teaching. The more clearly the end to be attained is seen, the greater the inspiring interest and the higher the skill. The various theoretical solutions of problems of teaching as suggested in the course of instruction find practical applications in the class-room as a laboratory of method.

Purpose of Observation—The visits to the several schools or classes are intended to acquaint the student at first hand with the problems of teaching and school management. Through observation in class-work under efficient instructors, the inexperienced student, or even the student of some experience, has an opportunity to define his own educational standards and to enter intelligently into discussions of the course.

REQIREMENTS IN OBSERVATION—All classes in secondary education in the State Normal College and in the several departments of the Athens high school are open to students in Observation and Practice, by courtesy of the instructors. The privilege thus afforded should be appreciated. If any student shows himself inconsiderate, he will not be permitted to continue his visits.

THE PURPOSE OF THE REPORTS—The reports are not intended merely to record what the student saw, nor to afford him an opportunity for criticism. In each report the student is expected to name the problems suggested by the work he observed and to discuss as well as he can the solution of these problems. He is expected to have in mind, in his visits, specific questions to which he seeks answers. Definite periods will be fixed for the student to discuss his reports with the

head of the department, the object being to correct or to confirm the student's views, supply additional information, and direct him to sources of knowledge or to records of profitable discussion. Each student is required to use note-books in the observation work and to make a summarized report at the close of each semester.

THE PURPOSE OF TEACHING—The teaching under supervision offers direct preparation for efficiency in class-room instruction. The student learns best to teach by teaching. In this preliminary experience, he has the guidance of the head of the department and of the instructors in whose classes his work is done; he thus begins his professional career with the advantage of an opportunity of forming his habits of teaching carefully and intelligently.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR TEACHING—The student is expected to teach three full hours for three hours of credit; but where there is a large number of students taking the work, it may be necessary during certain periods to substitute observation and class-room assistance for the full responsibility of teaching. In all cases the student is required to attend class three full hours per week during the semester. The obligation of the student-teacher for said periods is exactly the same as that of a regular instructor; that is to say, he must arrive on time, make his lesson plan, take such part as the instructor may direct, and remain to the close of the recitation. This work in teaching is open only to those who have credits for the requisite amount of professional work. Teaching is given in the Senior year.

FIRST SEMESTER

551 Secondary Didactics

Junior required. Scientific method in class teaching and in the study of educational problems is marked out as the distinctive type of training to be emphasized through this course. Specific difficulties in method will be set before the students, and guidance will be given in finding facts and in working up materials for their solution. Opportunity for gathering data first hand will be afforded through regular observation work in secondary classes of the State Normal College. The text-book used will be De Garmo's *Principles of Secondary Education*.

3 hours

552 High School Methods

Junior and senior required. An understanding of the special function of the American high-school is developed through consideration of its past history, its present academic and social aspects, and its relation to the general problem of adolescence. The essentials of secondary class management will be dealt with; and opportunity for special study of the teaching of individual high school subjects will be afforded.

Brown's American High School will be used as a textbook for the introductory part of the course. The study of special methods will be pursued through lectures and assigned readings. 3 hours

553 School Management and School Law

One semester required, freshman. The work embraced under this head deals with the factors affecting the life of the school, both within and without. The state as the basal authority in organization, and property also in administration, is the point of departure in school law, from which are traced legislative enactments as to school districts and officials, revenues, certification of teachers, institutes, school buildings, libraries, etc. These topics are correlated with the problems of management by which the teacher is sure to be confronted, among which may be enumerated classification and promotion of pupils, discipline, conditions in buildings and grounds, examinations, and the teacher's administration of the curriculum. Attention is directed to the larger questions involved in public education which are now under discussion; and an alert progressive attitude toward these matters is encouraged. Dutton's School Management and Bagley's Class-room Management will be the textbooks for this course. 2 hours

555 Secondary Teaching

Senior required. Students presenting themselves for work in practice teaching must have had a minimum of eighteen hours of work in education including the courses in Secondary Didactics and High School Methods. Exceptions will be made

to this rule only in case of graduate students and teachers of approved experience. A major and a minor subject must be chosen by each student, two hours per week being given to the former and one to the latter; all teaching will be done in regular organized classes in secondary subjects and will be under the immediate direction of the regular instructors of these classes but subject to the supervision of the head of the department.

3 hours

556 Secondary Teaching

Senior required. This is a continuance of course 555. Students will be expected to give one or two hours a week to the major subject selected for the first semester, devoting the remaining time to one or two minors, as they may elect. The reading required covers the best available material on the teaching of the student's specialties.

3 hours

557 Elementary Course of Study

Sophomore required. The great problem here is to know how to adjust the work of the school so as to give the child at all times the amount and kind of work needed at the various stages of his development, and how to determine what is of most worth in a course of study. The aim is to point out great underlying principles determining the content and order of a course of study, to indicate to the teacher the positive and fixed necessity of constant articulation in the subject matter in the course of study. The student is taken over the details of the Elementary Course of Study, and courses in Arithmetic, Geography, History, Language, and Science are written under the direction of the instructor.

The texts used as a basis in this work will be Dr. Chas. McMurry's Course of Study for Elementary Schools, and Williams' Course of Study for Ohio Schools. This course may be elected by students pursuing any course if they have already taken at least one term of Psychology and are sufficiently advanced in other studies.

558 Advanced Grammar and Methods

One semester required. This course is designed to help students to a technical knowledge of language which they do not get in *Higher Lessons in English*. Particular attention is

given to the growth of the alphabet from its scanty beginnings; to the development of words from roots; to the gains of our vocabulary; to the influence of the Norman-French upon spelling and pronunciation and upon the structure of the sentence; to the dropping of inflections; and, in general, to the tracing of the parts of speech from their sources down. A very careful study is given to the philosophy of the subjunctive mode and its employment in English and to the sequence of tenses. Special emphasis is placed on the methods of presenting this subject.

2 hours

PRIMARY METHODS, OBSERVATION AND TEACHING

MISS WAITE

THE PURPOSE of this department is to train teachers. We attempt to do this through instruction, observation, and practice.

It certainly does not follow that, because a man or a woman is a good student, he or she must necessarily be a good teacher. The profession of teaching, like any other profession, must be studied. After the work in observation and theory, comes the opportunity of putting these into practice under the supervision of thoroughly trained teachers. Our Training School, consisting of about three hundred children, including all the Grammar as well as all of the Primary grades, a Principal, seven Critic Teachers, and five Special Teachers, furnishes ample opportunity for this practice. The Special Teachers teach Music, Drawing, Domestic Science, Manual Training and Nature Study.

572 Primary Methods and Observation

Three times each week throughout one year the class is given a lesson in Primary Methods. At the close of each lesson, the class is taken to the Training School to see an application of these methods in a model lesson given by a Critic Teacher. Before going, the students are instructed as to what they should carefully observe, as we have no aimless observation in our Training School.

Special attention is given to the teaching of every subject in the Primary Grades, with suggestions as to good devices for drill work. The same may be said of the work in the Grammar Grades, under another department.

Attention is given to the writing of lesson plans, so that, at the close of the year's work, the student is ready to begin his teaching in the Training School.

573 Teaching

As we learn to do by doing, the best way to learn to teach is by teaching under skilled supervision.

As each student is given a subject to teach in the Training School, he is held entirely responsible for the results of his work. No lesson, however, is ever taught, until a plan, submitted at least the day before the lesson, is either approved or corrected.

The student is allowed to specialize, to some extent, in his teaching. Although it is not thought best that he should do all of his practice teaching in one grade, he may do it all in either the Primary Grades or Grammar Grades, and one half of his teaching may be done in the special grade of his own choosing.

All of the practice teaching is under the close supervision of the Critic Teacher of the grade, or a special teacher, and the Principal of the Training School.

PAIDOLOGY AND PSYCHOLOGY

PROFESSOR CHRISMAN CHARLES E. SKINNER, Instructor HOMER S. FLOYD, Assistant

THE PURPOSE of the work in Paidology, the science of the child, is to furnish a knowledge of child nature. It is intended to give to students what has been learned about children, to fix in them the habit of observation and study of children, and to help them to an understanding of child life under the various conditions in which it is found.

The purpose of the work in Psychology is to give a knowledge of mind action in its various conditions. It is proposed

to acquaint students with such facts of mind as have been gained through various sources, to help them to a better understanding of their own mental activities, and to give them power to apply this knowledge.

IN BOTH PAIDOLOGY AND PSYCHOLOGY facilities are afforded for laboratory and field work whereby much of the work is carried on by observation and experimental methods, so that not only is there opportunity given for learning the subject matter, but also for applying the work so as to give further power that will greatly aid in mental growth.

The details of the work of this Department are given here with. All the courses give full college credit and, where not required, can be elected by students in any of the colleges of the University.

COURSES

581 Psychology (Introductory)

The aim of this course is to give an outline of the subject in order to acquaint the student with phenomena and laws of mental life and to train him in simple experimentation. The text-book used will be Pillsbury's Essentials of Psychology supplemented by Angell's Psychology, with references to other texts. Throughout the year; recitations, first semester, sections I, 8:30, II, 9:30, III, 1:00, IV, 2:00, Mondays, Wednesdays. Laboratory 3 hours per week (2500 min.) at hours as assigned. In the second semester there will be one section at 8:30, and a second section at 2:00, this last to begin on April 25, in order to accommodate students entering about that time, and the recitations will be five times a week. Other sections will be formed if needed. Open to all.

584 Paidology (Infancy)

In this course will be taken up the first period of life after birth, a knowledge of which is so important for the better understanding of the periods following. There will be studied both the physiological life of the being at this time, including the diseases of infancy, the beginning of language, volition, motor ability, the rise and development of the senses, etc., and also the care and attention needed by the infant as a basis for future growth. The references will be works on the diseases of infancy together with studies on growth and development. Recitations 9:30, Monday, Wednesday; laboratory and field work 3 hours per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Open to all.

586 Psychology (Comparative)

A study of the development of intelligence in animal life as going along with the development of the nervous system as presented through behavior. Recitation 7:30 Tuesday, Thursday; laboratory and field work 3 hours per week (2500 min.) at hours as assigned. Open to Sophmores and to those of higher rank and to Freshman who have completed one semester of psychology.

587 Paidology (Childhood)

In this course the time of childhood is taken up. The general characteristics of this period, growth, disease, the senses, mental and physical development, etc., are studied. Also observations and studies of children are carried on in the field and in the laboratory. Recitations 7:30 Monday, Wednesday; laboratory and field work 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others assigned. Open to Sophomores and to those of higher rank.

588 Paidology (Adolescence)

This includes the time of boygirlhood and youth. It is intended to give a knowledge of this so important time in the life of the young, directing attention to the remarkable growth and the changes that take place, taking up the characteristics of this period, with the mental and moral conditions that occur. Recitations 7:30 Monday, Wednesday; laboratory and field work 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Open to Sophomores and to those of higher rank.

3 hours

589 Psychology (Experimental)

A study will be made of the subject matter of experimental psychology, together with demonstration of apparatus and methods of investigation, so as to familiarize students with this work; also the students will perform a series of experiments selected to furnish them practice in the use of apparatus, to ac-

quaint them with the methods of experimental psychology, and to give them power to formulate results of experimentation. The texts used will be Thitchener's Text-book, of Psychology, Sanford's Experimental Psychology, and Myer's Text-book of Experimental Psychology, with references to other works on psychology. Recitations 9:30 Tuesday, Thursday; laboratory 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), at hours as assigned. Open to Juniors and to those of higher rank and in some cases to Sophomores.

591 Paidology (Uncivilized and Historical Child)

In this course will be studied the child as found among uncivilized, semi-civilized, and historical peoples. Some of the topics considered under the first subject are the relations of child and parent, care of child, deformation of children, games and plays and songs. Under the last heading is considered the child as found among the nations of ancient times, in Medieval Europe, and earlier United States. Comparisons are made in these studies with the child as found at present among civilized peoples. Recititations 8:30 Tuesday, Thursday; laboratory and field work with children 3 hours per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others as assigned. Open to Juniors and of higher rank and in some cases to Sophomores.

592 Paidology (Abnormal Child)

Defective children, delinquent children, dependent children, wildings, and exceptional children are studied under this heading, knowledge of the first four classes leading up to a better comprehension of exceptional children, who need so much to be studied and understood. Recitation 8:30 Tuesday, Thursday; visitations to institutions on Saturdays. Open to Juniors and higher rank and to Sophomores who have completed at least one semester of paidology.

4 hours

593 Psychology (Social and Individual)

A study of the individual in his own activities and as modified by groups of individuals as found in the crowd, the mob, the assembly, and other gatherings social, religious, business, studying especially the influence of suggestion, imitation, and leadership. Recitations 10:30 Tuesday, Thursday; laboratory and field work 3 hours per week (2500 min.), at hours as assigned.

Three hours of collegiate work. Open to Seniors and Graduates and to Juniors who have completed at least one semester of psychology.

594 Psychology (Abnormal)

A study of mental disorders, as insanity and degeneracy, and of abnormal phenomena, as hallucinations, hypnoses, speech defects, etc. Clinics are held at the State Hospital for the Insane, located at this place. Recitations 10:30 Tuesday, Thursday; clinics at the Athens State Hospital for the Insane at 3:00 on Fridays; visitations to institutions on Saturdays, Open to Seniors and to Graduates and to Juniors who have completed at least one year of psychology.

4 hours

595 Paidology (Prenatality)

This study will include the time of the child before birth. This period will be studied to ascertain what are the conditions of life at this time, what effects are produced here, the necessary care to be given, the problems of heredity and environment, and other matters connected with this period of life, which are of such vital importance to the whole future life of the child. Recitations 10:30 Monday, Wednesday; studies on children 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), at hours as assigned. An elective open only to Seniors and Graduates.

596 Paidometry

In this course it is purposed to study the growth and physical development of children. Hasting's Manual of Physical Measurements of Boys and Girls, Tyler's Growth and Education, Recitations 10:30 Monday, Wednesday; laboratory 3 hrs. per week (2500 min.), one hour at 3:00 and the others assigned. Open to Seniors and to Graduates and to Juniors who have completed at least one year of paidology. 3 hours

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

PROFESSOR MILLS

601 Arithmetic

The course in Arithmetic comprises the work of two semesters, but only the second semester is required of high school graduates unless it should appear that they are in special need of both. Accuracy and rapidity in performing the operations in the solution of problems is the first aim in the study of this subject. These accomplishments are brought about through the use of carefully prepared exercises and drills in the four fundamentals and in fractions. Ray's Higher Arihtmetic is the text-book used. Much material is chosen from Mills's Arithmetic Analysis, and other widely used texts. The subjects especially emphasized in this semester's work are the following applications of Percentage: Profit and Loss, Interest, True and Bank Discount, Stocks and Bonds, Commission, Exchange, and Equation of Payments. Other subjects which receive special attention are Arithmetical Analysis, Involution and Evolution, and the very important subject of Mensuration. The one important result, a proper understanding of the reason for every step necessary to the solution of a problem, is kept constantly in mind throughout all the work in Arithmetic. Forms of solution and methods of teaching receive special attention.

602 Arithmetic

A repetition of Course 601.

603 Algebra

Wells's Secondary Algebra is the text for the first semester, and is completed through factoring.

604 Algebra

Fisher and Schwatt's *Higher Algebra* is the text for the second semester and is completed to Harmonical Progression.

605 Plane Geometry

Lyman's *Plane Geometry* is the text-book used. In this work students are encouraged to form the habit of original investigation. Terseness and technical accuracy of statement are constant requirements, and much emphasis is given to the application of the principles of Geometry to Arithmetic.

606 Solid Geometry

Solid Geometry will be given the first half of the second semester. This work will include the fundamental propositions in planes and solid angles, polyhedrons and the sphere, with a great variety of original exercises. Lyman's *Plane and Solid Geometry* is the text-book used.

607 Descriptive Astronomy

One semester's work is devoted to this subject. A text-book is used, but topical method of recitation is followed, and students are encouraged to seek information from the standard work of Astronomy in the library. Students are made familiar with the Zodiacal and Circum-polar Constellations, the principle stars and planets. The University is supplied with a good telescope and all the apparatus necessary to efficient work in this study.

NORMAL ART DEPARTMENT

MISS BRISON, Head of Department MISS DE LUCE, Instructor MISS ROBENS, Assistant

Drawing and Hand Work have obtained their present place in public-school courses because our most noted educators believe in their educational value. This work is taught primarily not to make artists and artisans but as a means of improving the public taste and the general culture. Training along these lines helps the individual to choose and create for himself, and thus greatly helps to bring about individuality of thought and expression. The manual arts should be taught for the sake of the individual student; and his needs should form the basis of the course of study.

In the following courses the work and exercises will be given with this in view, that the student may not only learn how to do the work himself, but how it should be taught to children.

In the art courses, pencil, charcoal, colored crayons, water colors, oil colors, India ink, etc., are included in the materials used. It is thought best to have the student familiarize himself

Note—For the course in Solid Geometry, Advanced Algebra, Trigonometry and Surveying, and electives in Mathematics, see description of courses in the College of Liberal Arts. The courses in Arithmetic and Beginning Algebra are offered each semester.

with all of these mediums, as their use varies in the different public schools.

621 School Drawing

Freshman required. Object drawing, elementary applied design, and some mechanical drawing.

622 Advanced School Drawing

Freshman required. Theory of color, prespective and methods of teaching drawing. Type problems for public schools will be worked out and provision made for observation in the Training School.

623 Bookbinding-Elective

2 hours

624 Applied Design

Required in the course in home economics. This course presupposes the student to have had Course 1.

625 Handwork-Required

A course in cardboard construction, knife work, clay modeling, weaving, rafia and reed work planned for primary and intermediate grades, but suggestive for a course for higher grades is given in each semester.

2 hours

626 Handwork-Required

Same as in first semester.

2 hours

627 Costume Design

3 hours

628 Art Appreciation—Elective

This course takes up art principles and applies them to pictures, interior decorations, architecture, etc. I hour

COURSE FOR DRAWING TEACHERS AND SUPERVISORS

Courses leading to a certificate in School Drawing are offered for those who wish to teach that subject. These students will be expected to take work in free-hand and mechanical drawing in the departments of art and civil engineering respectively, besides the courses in Drawing and Elementary Manual Training in Normal College. In most cases the drawing teacher arranges his courses in correlation with the work of the different schools in which he is teaching, therefore he has to be an originator of courses as well as teacher. Hence, it has been found necessary to require the student to take certain educational subjects or have a somewhat liberal education in addition to his work in drawing. Unusual advantages are offered to students in that they are enabled to study with the different University instructors, giving a standing to their work not possible in a Normal School not connected with a university.

629 Design

Required thoughout a year. This course deals with pure and applied design, and presupposes the student to have had Courses I and 2.

3 hours

630 Design

See Course 629.

3 hours

631 Composition and Methods

Four hours. Required throughout a year. High-school, elementary, and grammar grade problems will be discussed. Stories and poems will be illustrated. Landscape, figure and flower composition will be attempted. There will also be sketching from the model and blackboard work.

632 Composition and Methods

Continuation of Course 631

FREE-HAND-DRAWING—See courses in drawing and Painting in the College of Liberal Arts.

MECHANICAL DRAWING—See courses in Civil Engineering in the College of Liberal Arts.

Students taking the Normal College courses leading to a degree may take the drawing course as elective, obtaining a diploma in school drawing as well as a degree at the end of the four-year course.

DIPLOMA COURSES—Courses for supervisors and teachers in public-school drawing are outlined in detail in the statements of the various courses in the Normal College, on another page.

PUBLIC SCHOOL MUSIC

MISS LISTON, Instructor MISS GARBER, Assistant

The aim of this department is two-fold. First—a general study of the rudiments of music, for grade teachers. This work is required of all students taking the regular Elementary Course in the Normal College. The purpose of this is to acquaint the teacher with a sufficient knowledge of music that he may be able to carry on the work intelligently under the direction of a supervisor, or if necessary, to give such instruction himself.

One year's work is required. The first half of each semester is given to a study of the underlying principles of all the technical difficulties of music as found in the public-school course of eight years. In the second half of each semester, the professional side of the subject is considered as thoroughly as possible with attention to practical methods as needed in school-room teaching.

The second aim—a comprehensive study of music for those who wish to become supervisors. All students completing this special course will receive a diploma. Sufficient time to earn this diploma is given. Admission is based upon graduation from a high school of the first grade. Students who have sufficient scholastic preparation may take work in the State Preparatory School.

For those without much previous knowledge of music two years will be required to complete the course, but those who have some knowledge of piano and voice may be able to complete the course in less time.

The following is a brief description of the work offered in this Department toward the completion of this course. These courses, as a rule, are given throughout the year.

641 Sight Singing

Individual and class drill in singing at sight, without accompaniment, melodies in all major and minor keys. An intelligent study of rhythm, phrasing and expression. 2 hours 643 Ear Training

Systematically graded exercises to quicken the musical hearing. Oral and written reproduction of melodies in all keys. Given for ½ semester.

645 Chorus

A series of practical lessons in the study of material suitable for use in High School and Upper Grammar Grades. Given for ½ semester.

The possibilities of the school chorus investigated. Use of the baton as a dignified means of keeping chorus together. Each member of class taught to direct.

647 Advanced Sight Singing

A class for those who are to become Supervisors of Music. A study of the different music systems in common use is taken up in this class.

2 hours

649 Methods

Principles of education as applied to the teaching of music. Course of study planned for all grades from First Year through the High School. Special study of the voice. Study of song material suited to the various years of school life. Rote Songs, how to select, to teach, and use them. Special attention paid to Folk Songs and Singing Games. 2 hours

650 Observation and Teaching

Nine semester hours of teaching and observation are required in this course. During the first year the pupil-teacher observes music teaching in different grades, and reports on same to Music Supervisors. As soon as students are prepared they begin teaching in the Training Schools, and as they acquire skill in teaching music in all grades under supervision, they become experienced teachers of Public School Music upon finishing the course.

For a detailed statement of this two-year course for Supervisors of Public School Music, see the Course of Study on the following pages.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

PROFESSOR WILSON MISS KALER

651 Freshman Composition, Teachers' Course

Required of all students in the four-year course. Extensive practice in oral and written composition. Methods of teaching composition are discussed. Six sections. 3 hours

652 Freshman Composition Continuation of Course 651

653 American Poetry

This course is based upon Page's, The Chief American Poets. Prerequisite, Course 651.

654 Literature for the Primary Grades

A study of the representative myths, fables, folk-lore, fairy tales, and of one great epic. Prerequisite, Course 651

655 American Prose Writers

Prerequisite, Courses 651 and 652

2 hours

656 Literature for the Grammar Grades

A study of the folk-lore suitable for these grades. Much material is selected from the Arthurian cycle. Selections in prose and poetry from English and American writers. Prerequisite, Course 651.

657 High-School Methods in English Classics and Composition

Method work and practice-teaching. Prerequisite, Courses 651, 652, 653, 658. Required of those students making English their major; elective to others.

658 English Poetry from 1798 to 1896.

This course largely follows the material in Page's, *The British Poets of the Nineteenth Century*. Prerequisite, Course 651 3 hours

660 The English Essay

Its origin and development. A study of representative essayists. Prerequisite Courses 651 and 652. 2 hours

672 The English Drama from 1508 to 1642

A brief review of the development of the drama prior to 1508. A study of many of the minor Elizabethan dramatists and of some of the contemporaries of Shakespeare. Required of those students making English their major; elective to others. Prerequisite, Courses 651, 652, 653, 658

CIVIC BIOLOGY AND BOTANY

The work in this department is as follows:

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
681 First Year Botany 3	682 First Year Botany 3
683 Civic Biology 3	684 Civic Biology 3
685 Household Biology 2	686 Apiculture 2
687 Ecology 2	688 Plant Histology 2
689 General Botany 3	690 General Botany 3
691 Plant Pathology 2	692 Plant Pathology 2

In all these studies the idea of civic and community welfare is placed foremost. The practical and human interest side of these sciences is strongly emphasized with the aim of best serving the needs of the teacher and of citizenship in general.

THE LABORATORY AND FIELD METHODS of study will be followed almost entirely. For this purpose ample apparatus and a school garden have been provided.

681 and 682. First Year Botany

This course will run throughout the year and is required in all courses. It will be a consideration of plants in their practical relation to every-day life, and will be especially adapted to the needs of teachers. In the Fall and Spring, work in the School garden will be required. One recitation and two laboratory periods per week.

3 hours

683 and 684 Civic Biology

This is a study devoted to the every-day problems presented to us by the living forces in nature. Modern Biology is rapidly extending its influence into all avenues of human activities and national life. This branch, Civic Biology, aims to reach the common schools and community life through the agency of the

teacher. While evolution is not lost sight of in this work, it is by no means placed foremost, neither is it intended to train specialists. The course centers about the child, the home, and state in their most common relations to living nature. Required in Normal College courses. Three hours.

685 Household Biology

Attention is given to the insects, yeasts, molds and bacteria of the home. One recitation and three hours laboratory work per week. Required in the department of Home Economics.

2 hours

687 Ecology

A study of plants as they are related to their environment. Ecology, Coulter, Barnes and Cowles, will be the text. 2 hours 689 General Botany

Required of Freshman. A course designed as an introduction to the general structure and relationship of plants and their physiology. Representatives of the principal groups will be studied, and extensive attention given to the principles of plant life, relationship and evolution. There will be one recitation and two laboratory periods per week. The work is largely intended as a training course in general scientific methods in biology.

3 hours

690 General Botany

Continuation of Course 689

691 Plant Pathology

Plant diseases as they affect farm crops, gardening, orchards, etc., will receive extended attention in this course. Fungus Diseases of Plants by Duggar will be the text used. 2 hours

692 Plant Pathology

Continuation of Course 691

686 Apiculture

This work will be made a study of the biology of the honey bee. 2 hours

688 Plant Histology

A laboratory course in the microscopic anatomy of plants.

Plant Histology by Chamberlain will be used.

2 hours

AGRICULTURE

PROFESSOR W. F. COPELAND ASSISTANT PROFESSOR O. E. DUNLAP

This Department has extensive equipment and commodious quarters in the new "Agriculture and Household Arts" building completed in 1915. An excellent department library and a new greenhouse for indoor experimentation afford excellent facilities for work. Upon the completion of a two-year course students are given a diploma in School Agriculture.

701 Methods in General Agriculture

Work is conducted on the laboratory and recitation plan. For demonstration use is made of the common garden, field, and orehard crops.

3 hours

702 Methods in General Agriculture

Repetition of Course 701.

703 Horticulture

The lectures, recitations, and reports will aim to give a general view of the subject. During favorable weather the laboratory work will be done in the fields. 2 hours

704 Horticulture

Continuation of Course 703.

3 hours

705 Soils

Soils will be studied both in the field and in the laboratory, chemically and physically. This is a laboratory course and will meet twice each week for two periods.

2 hours

706 Soils

Continuation of Course 705.

707 Forestry

This course requires two field trips each week. 2 hours

708 Forestry

Continuation of Course 707.

709 Farm Animals

This course is planned to give students a knowledge of the most important farm animals of the different types, and elementary lessons in feeding, balanced rations, and judging. One lecture and two field trips each week. 3 hours

710 Farm Crops

Studies are made of field selection, crop rotation, seed selection, and artificial fertilizers. One lecture and two field lessons a week.

3 hours

711 Evolution and Heredity

A consideration of the prominent theories of evolution and heredity. This course presupposes a knowledge of botany and zoology.

3 hours

712 Rural Economics

A study of the farm problems of wages, rent, labor, land values, and marketing crops.

714 Methods in Home Gardening and Floriculture

A modern greenhouse is used for the early propagation of plants. This course is recommended for students in Home Economics and may be substituted for one semester of General Agriculture. One recitation and two laboratory periods each week.

3 hours

715 Laboratory Methods in Agriculture

This course aims to prepare teachers to make material for school exhibits, and apparatus for the demonstration of agricultural principles. Two laboratory periods a week. 2 hours

716 Laboratory Methods in Agriculture

Continuation of Course 715.

SCHEDULE OF COURSES IN AGRICULTURE

FIRST SEMESTER

	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Meth. in Gen. Agriculture	7:30 8:30		7:30 8:30		7:30 8:30
Horticulture		9:30 10:30		9:30 10:30	
Forestry	[7:30 8:30		7:30 8:30	
Evolution & Heredity	2:00		2:00		2:00
Farm Animals	3:00 4:00		3:00 4:00		3:00 4:00
Lab. Meth. in Agriculture		1:00 2:00		I:00 2:00	
SECOND SE	MESTI	ER			
Meth. in Gard. & Flori	{ 7:30 8:30		7:30 8:30	• • • •	7:30 8:30
Horticulture	9:30 10:30		9:30 10:30		9:30 10:30
Forestry		7:30 8:30		7:30 8:30	
Rural Economics, or Com'l Law	2:00		2:00		2:00
Farm Crops	3:00 4:00		3:00 4:00		3:00 4:00
Lab. Meth. in Agriculture		1:00 2:00		I:00 2:00	

RURAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT

PROFESSOR MARDIS, Supervisor

The work in this department is designed to meet the needs of the rural teacher.

731 Rural School Didactics

A course in Rural School Didactics is given, in which are discussed the proper attidude of the teacher towards the profession, the proper training for teachers, the relation that the school and the home bear to each other, the means of securing the best results in the school-room, the correlation of subjects, the proper combination of classes, the methods and need of supervision, the consolidation of weak schools, and the best methods of instruction to be employed in the rural schools. The school laws bearing on the duties of the rural teacher are included in this course.

732 Rural School Course of Study

Course of study in which a number of practical courses of study will be reviewed. It will be the aim of this class to develop for itself a practical course of study, designed especially for use in the rural school.

733 Rural School Supervision

Perhaps no other phase of school work is receiving more public attention at the present time than that of *Rural School Supervision*. The demand for superintendents, who are trained for the work, will no doubt be far in excess of the supply, and it will be of help to those interested in the rural schools to make preparation for this line of work. School laws relating the work of Rural School Administration will receive careful study.

2 hours

734 Rural School Supervision

A repetition of Course 733.

Classes in Rural School Didactics and in the Rural School Course of Study will be organized about the middle of the second semester to accommodate those coming in after the close of their schools. The department has in operation a first-class model rural school in which the work as taught in the class-room is exemplified in actual work. This model school is so located that it can be reached in a very few minutes by those taking this course.

Almost one-half of the 29,000 teachers employed in the public schools of Ohio are engaged in teaching rural schools or in small village schools where a close system of classification into grades by years is impossible. The State Normal College has made ample provision for the training of teachers for these schools and has recognized the essential differentiation in the function and needs of such schools as compared with those of cities and the large towns. The course for rural teachers makes ample provisions for Observation and Practice in the Training School established for the special purpose of training rural teachers. In this Training School, divided into three rooms, are to be found the eight grades. Each room is presided over by a skilled teacher who is a graduate of the State Normal College and who has had several years of successful experience in teaching. Over these three critic teachers is an experienced supervisor.

The Two-Year Course provided for rural teachers does not require graduation from a first grade high school as a prerequisite for admission, but the school law of 1914 requires one year of training in an approved high school or its equivalent after January first, 1915, and after January, 1920, a two years' training in an approved high school or its equivalent of all applicants for a one-year or a two-year elementary certificate. The preparatory department of the Ohio University offers excellent opportunity to take work equivalent to that of a first grade high school.

DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY

PROFESSOR THOMPSON

THE COURSE in Physiography will be research work entirely. It will be the aim of this course to develop the subject in a logical manner, taking up such parts of Physical Geography as are essential to the study of Political and Commercial Geography, after which the topical method of developing these

phases of the subject will be pursued. This work will also be devoted, in part, to the study of methods.

In Physical Geography, no efforts will be made to encourage the memorizing of the work, but no pains will be spared to develop the thought. In this course, besides the work of the regular text, there will be required research work, field trips, laboratory exercises, and drawings.

The Political Geography will be especially designed to meet the needs of those expecting to take the teachers' examinations. This work will be comprehensive, thorough and of permanent value. More attention will be given to geographical and industrial development than to locative geography, although this phase of the subject will not be neglected.

A class in Political Geography will be organized about the middle of the second semester to accommodate teachers coming in after the close of their schools.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

Professor Thomas N. Hoover Asst. Professor Evan J. Jones

751 American History

A course conducted by lectures, reference work, papers, and a term thesis. The guides to the course are the *Manual* and the *Epoch* series. Open to all except preparatory students. 3 hours

752 American History

Continuation of Course 751

753 Advanced American Government

A thorough study of the actual workings of our government-National, State, and Local. The *Manual* and Hart's *Actual Government* are used as guides. 2 hours

755 Constitutional History

A study of the making and ratifying of the Federal Constitution. Sources are investigated and reported upon. 2 hours

756 Constitutional Law

The text and case method is used. All the leading cases bearing on the subject are abstracted. Willoughby's Constitutional Law is the guide. 2 hours

757 Government of England

A course dealing with the actual Government of England-National, Local, and the Empire. Lowell's Government of England is used as a guide. 2 hours

758 Methods in History

A course for prospective teachers of history. 2 hours

759 American Statesmen

A study of the lives of leading American statesmen.

2 hours

761 History of Greece

Lectures, outside readings, and recitations. This course deals principally with the growth of Athenian democratic institutions in relation to and in comparison with our own modern institutions. The text is Bury's *History of Greece*. The *Epoch* series and other standard works will be used. Professor Jones.

3 hours

762 History of Rome

A course dealing with the overthrow of monarchy, the struggle for political equality, the expansion of the republic, the rise and fall of the empire, and the introduction of Christianity. The arts, letters, and social condition will be studied in their respective periods. Seignobos's *History of the Roman People* is the text. Professor Jones. 3 hours

UNITED STATES HISTORY—Review course for teachers. Commences April 26. Intended to help those teaching or those preparing for a teachers' examination. Professor Jones.

KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL

CONSTANCE T. MACLEOD, Principal ALLIE M. HINES, Instructor

This school offers training for professional work as kindergartners or as an aid in other lines of work.

The course offered is two years in length and leads to the diploma in Kindergarten Education. This course is given in detail on another page. As a part of the regular work, a kindergarten is conducted where students may observe and obtain practical experience in all branches connected with such work. Second year students attend the monthly meetings of the Kindergarten Mothers' Association and so gain an insight into the organization and conducting of such meetings.

Requirements for Admission—graduation from a first-grade high-school or equivalent scholarship and ability to play the piano.

The work in Kindergarten Education is as follows:

FIRST YEAR

- I and 2 Kindergarten Theory and Activities 4 hours.

 —Mother play, I hour; Gifts, 2 hours; Occupations, I hour.
 - 2-Mother play, 2 hours; Gifts, 1 hour; Occupation, 1 hour
- 3 and 4 Kindergarden Observation and Pratice Teaching

3 hours credit, 7 periods

This includes a class of one period each week for the discussion of the daily work in the kindergarten and an individual weekly conference with each student.

SECOND YEAR

- 5 and 6 Kindergarten Theory and Activities
 - 5-5 hours. Mother Play, 2; Gifts, 2; Occupations, ½; Program Construction, ½.
 - 6-4 hours. Mother Play, 1; Stories, ½; Education of Man, ½; Program Construction. 1; Games, 1.
- 7 and 8 Kindergarten Observation and Practice Teaching
 - 7-3 hours credit, 7 periods
 - 8—8 hours credit, 17 periods

See explanation under Courses 3 and 4

KINDERGARTEN THEORY AND ACTIVITIES—Under the head of Kindergarten Theory and Activities are included all those subjects which pertain especially to Kindergarten education.

FROEBEL'S *Mother Play*—A study of this work with reference to other writings of Froebel. Education laws and life-truths are presented and insight gained into child life.

PROGRAM CONSTRUCTION—A study and discussion of the different divisions of Kindergarten work with the planning of programs for definite periods.

STORIES—A study of typical stories and of the principles governing their selection, with practice in story telling.

GIFTS AND OCCUPATIONS—Theory and Practice in use of the Kindergarten play material, known as the gifts, and the Kindergarten occupations, or hand work.

RHYTHM, SONGS, AND GAMES—A study of these with the principles underlying them.

Observation in the Primary School and work in Primary Methods is limited to work done in the First and Second Grades.

In order to accommodate teachers who wish to gain an insight into Kindergarten theory and practice, a beginning class will be organized about the middle of the second semester if five or more students request it at that time.

DEPARTMENT OF HOME ECONOMICS

ELIZABETH H. BOHN, Director MARGARET FARNAM, Domestic Art ALICE SMITH, Domestic Science MARY O'DELL, Home Nursing

DOMESTIC SCIENCE AND DOMESTIC ART are the various terms that are applied to the lines of work here grouped under *Home Economics*. The term is not satisfactory, but is used because it is the one often used and more generally understood to include the full range of subjects than the others. The scope of the subject matter here outlined covers the following points: Foods and their uses, cooking, general science, sewing,

textiles, drawing and house decoration, home nursing and emergencies, household management and professional subjects.

The course as outlined is designed to fit those pursuing it to teach this subject in the elementary and secondary schools. While it recognizes that a knowledge of the theory is essential to those who are preparing themselves for this work, it emphasizes also the practical side as very important. Practical work is given in cooking and sewing, sufficient to make the young woman skillful in her work and give her a good opportunity for instructing others.

This course is of a kind that it is practically necessary to begin at the opening of the first semester and continue it regularly throughout the two years. Certain subjects are elective but the entire course is compulsory for all who intend to specialize with a view to teaching the work.

REQUIREMENT—Graduation from high-school or fifteen units of preparatory work.

In courses such as Sewing and Cookery two consecutive hours are required. Fees for the various courses will be found under the title of "Fees" in the list of various fees for laboratory material.

801 Sewing

It includes the various stitches on a sampler, hems and hemming, ruffles and bands, darning stockinet and cloth, patching, flannel seams, buttonholes, hooks and eyes, plackets, and samplers illustrating use of embroideries and laces. As each sampler is completed, an application of the stitches or work will be made on an under garment. These under garments are made both by hand and by machine. The practical work includes designing and drafting of patterns, cutting and making of a four-piece set of under garments. Also the care and manipulation of machines, discussions of suitable materials and trimmings, amounts necessary and comparative cost of each garment are considered.

802 Sewing

Continuation of Course Sol.

803 Sewing

Requirement-Sewing 801 and 802.

The purpose is to teach the principles of dressmaking. Taking accurate measurements, drafting own patterns either by the Snow system or the Straight Line system, designing of ordinary garments, economical cutting and fitting. Also aims to develop originality, neatness, accuracy and good judgment of proper materials. The practical work consists of a tailored shirtwaist, tailored washable skirt, wool dress or a tailored wool skirt and a silk waist, a gingham dress and a thin fancy dress. Both drafted and commercial patterns are used. Demonstrations are given in the last semester.

2 hours

804 Sewing

Continuation of Course 803.

805 Millinery

Designing, trimming, decoration—a study of system and harmony applied to millinery—a practical course which may lead one to specialize in this field, developing power of invention—economy and the untilization of materials by renovation—distinction and individuality is the product secured by the making of flowers and ornaments and other details.

806 Textiles

Two hours for the first-twelve weeks of the second semester of the freshman year. The purpose of this course is to give a practical understanding of the various textile fibers and processes of their manufacture that shall lead to judgment and taste in selections suited in wearing quality, adaptability, permanence of color, and harmony of design to the particular use for which they are intended.

807 Art Needle Work

Aims to give essentials of good design as applied to art needlework—to apply this knowledge to articles of use, either clothing or house furnishing—to develop taste, skill, neatness, accuracy, and good judgment in work—to show the arrangement and development of the subject—to show its use in public school classes—to give methods of presentation.

809 Cookery

Two consecutive hours twice a week throughout the course. This course consists of practical work in the preparation, cooking, and serving of the following classes of foods: Vegetables, cereals, fruits, starches, batters and doughs, beverages, soups, candies and meats. Special attention is given to the proper methods of work in the kitchen, to cleanliness, neatness, and accuracy of work.

2 hours

810 Cookery

Continuation of Course 809.

811 Cookery

Continuation of cookery 809 and 810. Practical work in canning and preserving, in cakes, pastries and preparation and serving of foods for the sick and convalescent. Special stress is laid on dainty and attractive service of foods prepared.

2 hours

813 Cookery

Continuation of cookery 809, 810 and 811. Practical work in salads, sandwiches and chafing dish cookery, hot and cold desserts. Dishes of more complicated nature are taken up in this course. Special attention is given to planning menus and formal services. Practical work is given in serving of breakfast, dinners or luncheons.

815 Food Study

This includes the study of food principles, their source, composition and food value, also a brief study of digestion, digestive juices, and their action. Each food principle is studied as to composition, physical properties, influence on digestion, digestion in the various digestive organs, absorption, circulation, excretion and storage. A complete and systematic study is made of various food stuffs as to source, composition, structure, digestibility, food value, manufacture, cost and preparation. The course consists of lecture and reference work.

817 Household Management

In this course are considered the problem of house administration with reference to structure, sanitation, furnishing, methods of cleaning; business management of the household,

namely: division of income, household accounts including daily and weekly schedule, division of labor, domestic service, social, industrial and ethical relations of the home. Practical work is given in marketing, planning and serving of meals and general care of the house. Lectures on laundry work, cleansing of fabrics, removal of stains, etc., are given in this course. The laboratory work consists of practical laundry work according to methods presented in class. The equipping and care of the laundry are considered.

818 Home Nursing and Invalid Cookery

The aim of this course is to teach the care of the sick in the home, to enable one to assist intelligently in the sick-room, and to handle emergencies in the house and elsewhere. It includes the location, care, furnishing and ventilation of the sick-room; the care of the patient, as to feeding, bathing and dressing, application of poultices and bandaging. Text—Practical Nursing, by Maxwell and Pope. 2 hours

820 Dietetics

This course deals with the nutritive value, digestibility, and cost of various foods. Dietaries for persons of different ages, under different conditions, and engaged in various occupations are computed.

3 hours

822 History and Organization of Domestic Science and Art

The origin and growth of domestic science and art, their place in the school curriculum, the correlation of domestic science and art work with other subjects taught in the public school, the planning of a course of study and its adaptation to conditions existing, equipment and cost, the presentation of the work, and methods of teaching are considered.

2 hours

824 Demonstration and Home Cookery

This course aims to give practice to students in public lecture and demonstrations such as are useful for general teaching and also for instruction in farmers' institutes, women's clubs, and other fields. The course also gives an opportunity for practice in home cookery. It will include the study, planning and cooking of breakfasts, luncheons, dinners and suppers,

and various methods of preparation and garnishing. It deals also with table service.

APPEAL TO TEACHERS—It is the aim of this Department to be of immediate service to teachers actually engaged in teaching. The law in Ohio requires a minimum school term of eight months. This brings the most schools to a close the last of April. The courses in Domestic Science and Art are so arranged that most of the work is given in half semesters of nine or ten weeks each. Teachers may therefore enter at the close of their school and find classes just organizing for the last quarter of 8 to 10 weeks. These classes in most cases will recite twice as often as classes organized at the beginning of the semester and will therefore be able to do a whole semester's work. Many first semester studies are also repeated at this time to accommodate students who desire to enter for the last quarter.

Needed Uniforms

The regulation dress is a plain, untrimmed, blue chambray, one-piece garment.

The skirts are plain gored; sleeves long or below the elbow, the elbows with adjustable turned-back white cuffs and white standing or low collar, which may be detachable.

Three or four uniforms will be needed. The goods should be shrunk before using.

If students are not able to secure material desired, it may be had by sending to the Department. The material costs 12½ cents per yard.

Aprons are of white material, preferable white percale—a good grade of muslin may be used—made sleeveless, princess style. See Butterick patterns No. 5162 or 4941.

DEPARTMENT OF MANUAL TRAINING

G. E. MCLAUGHLIN, Instructor

C. O. WILLIAMSON, Instructor

Mr. McLaughlin, Courses 831, 832, 835, 837, 843, 844, and 845.

Mr. Williamson, Courses 833, 836, 839, and 840, and 846 and 847.

THE WORK IN MANUAL TRAINING is of such a nature that not only those who expect to teach this subject but every teacher or student would find it not only profitable but a pleasure to do some work along this line.

THE SHOPS of the Manual Training department of the State Normal College occupy two large rooms on the lower floor of Ewing Hall. The wood working room is 60 by 60 feet, well lighted and well suited for our needs. The equipment consists of 20 individual benches fitted with quick acting vises, and each with its necessary individual tools, so that it is rarely necessary for a pupil to leave his bench while class is in session. Also a large number of general tools in cases and wall racks; one 12-inch circular rip and cut-off saw; one 12-inch jointer with safety guard; one 30-inch grind stone, all driven from common counter shaft, which in turn is driven by a five horse-power motor. Ten, eleven by twenty-six inch speed lathes for wood turning driven by a five horse-power motor, shafting underneath lathes, thus eliminating dangers of belting.

One universal wood trimmer, miter saws, and sufficient wood clamps for glue work. Benches for hammered metal work and equipment. Cases for displaying finished work, and sufficient lockers for each student.

The metal working shop is a room 20 by 50 feet well lighted, and well suited for our needs. It contains the following machinery: five thirteen-inch engine lathes, one power hack saw, one twelve inch force drill, emery grinder, drilling lathe, benches fitted with vises for filing and chipping, dies for pipe cutting and fitting. All machines are driven from counter shaft on floor which in turn is driven by a seven horse-power motor.

DESCRIPTION OF COURSES—The following is a brief outline of the nature of the major portion of the courses taught in this department.

831 Elementary Wood Work

Laboratory (4 hours). This work consists of the more simple processes of tool work, use of knife, try-square, plane, saw and hammer, the soft woods being used. The models followed will be those generally used in the 6th and 7th grades.

832 Bench Work

Laboratory, four hours per week. This work includes the hard woods and the more difficult tool processes. All work will be from models, and will consist of small pieces, such as a clock case, filing box, double frame, book rack or candle stick holder. Special attention being given to gluing, fitting, sanding and rubbing.

2 hours

833 Joinery

Laboratory, four hours per week. Elementary Wood Work, by Selden, will be used as a laboratory guide. Work will consist in making the different joints both in soft and hard wood, special attention being given to neatness and accuracy. The latter part of term will be given to the application of these joints.

2 hours

835 Wood Finishing

Laboratory, three hours; class, one hour.

This course deals with the different processes of finishing woods, both the theory and the practice.

836 Wood Turning

Laboratory, four hours per week. Exercises in turning given to familiarize the student with wood turning tools and lathe operations. Each piece a new tool manipulation, These exercises are applied in the making of finished articles in hard wood. The course includes care of lathe and tools, turning between centers, straight taper, curves, beads, face plate and chuck turning, sand papering and polishing.

2 hours

837 Pattern Making

Laboratory, three hours; class, one hour. This course is designed to give a preliminary study of pattern making and foundry practice. A number of smaller patterns are made and finished ready for moulding. Special attention is given to shrinkage, finishing and core work.

839 Cabinet Making

Laboratory, four hours. The work consists of designing, making drawings and blue prints, different pieces of furniture,

one of which must be of difficult construction. The student is expected to get out all stock, using the shop equipment. *Elementary Cabinet Work* by Selden, will be used as a laboratory guide.

2 hours

840 Cabinet Making

Continuation of Course 839

843 History and Organization of Manual Training

A study of the educational conditions that led to the Manual Training movement and its development. Part of the work is outside reading with written reports and part is lectures and open discussion of problems that arise in the organizing of the work.

844 Machine Shop

Laboratory, six hours per week. The work includes bench work, chipping and filing, lathe work, straight and taper turning, thread cutting, face plate work, chucking, inside turning, eccentric work, polishing, boring, drilling, shaper work, grinding of tools, and drills, care of lathes, belts and shafting. 2 hours

845 Constructive Design

The work consists in designing models suitable for grade and high-school work, special attention being given to proportion. Laying out tentative courses for school work and discussing problems that may arise in the carrying out of these courses.

2 hours

846 Manual Training in the Training School

Wood-work is required of the boys attending the seventh and eighth grades of the Normal College Training School. There will be two lessons a week of one hour each. 2 hours

847 Manual Training

Continuation of Course 846

Teachers taking the Manual Training course have the special advantage of observing the work under a special instructor. Also during their second year they will be required to do practice teaching in wood-work.

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN EDUCATION

I IVII OILIMI	I Date
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Select one: Latin, 4; Greek 4; German, 8; French, 3 3 or 4 College Algebra, 3; or Physics, 3; or American History 3 Civic Biology 3 Psychology 3 English Composition, Teachers' Course 3	Continue one foreign language
SOPHOMOI	RE YEAR
Agriculture, 4; or Biology, 3; or Chemistry 8 Ethics 2 Hygiene and Sanitation 3 American Poetry 3 Paidology 3 Electives 2	Agriculture, 4; or Chemistry, 3; or Botany. 3 Sociology. 2 English Poetry. 3 Paidology. 3 Electives. 5
JUNIOR	YEAR
Science of Education	Science of Education
Electives 3	Education 2 or 4
SENIOR	YEAR 2
School Administration or an assigned elective*	Supervision and Criticism or an assigned elective*

^{*}This course in School Administation and Supervision and Criticism will not be required of those who are preparing definitely for teaching positions only, in which ease the year must be given to the subject the student has chosen as a major.

EXPLANATION OF DEGREE COURSE—Each candidate for the degree from the State Normal College must have a credit of 120 semester hours. By taking 15 hours each semester a student can graduate in four years. Five summer sessions will enable a student to complete 30 semester hours.

Six years of foreign languages are required for graduation and if the student presents credits for but four years on entering, the two collegiate years in a foreign language will be required.

Apparently the course above outlined is nearly all required, yet there are many opportunities for options, resulting in a great many variations in the course. In the Junior year students who expect to teach a special subject such as Agriculture, Domestic Science, Commercial Science, etc., will be required to take a year in the subject chosen, 6 to 8 semester hours. Students not choosing any of these will be assigned an option by the Dean of the College.

One Year Course for College Graduates

GRADUATES of reputable colleges granting a bachelor's degree on four years' work may elect 15 hours of work each semester in education from the following subjects, with the consent of the Dean of the College. Completion of 30 semester hours in education will entitle the holder of a college degree to receive from the State Normal College of Ohio University the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education.

FIRST SEMESTER—Select 15 hours: Psychology, 3; Paidology, 3; School Administration, 3; Science of Education, 3; History of Education, 3; School Law, 3; Secondary Course of Study, 2; Secondary Didactics, 3; Grammar Grade Methods, 3; Elementary Course of Study, 3; High-School Methods, 2; Teaching, 3; Methods of Teaching Special Subjects, 2; Thesis, 3.

SECOND SEMESTER—Select 15 hours: Science of Education, 3; History of Education, 3; High-School Methods, 3; Secondary Didactics, 3; Physiology, 3; Supervision and Criticism, 2; Teaching, 3; Paidology, 3; History of Elementary Education, 3.

TWO-YEAR COURSE FOR ELEMENTARY TEACHERS

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Psychology	Principles of Teaching 3
English Composition, Teachers'	Advanced Geography 3
Course	2 Arithmetic and Methods 4
Agriculture with Methods 8	Observation and Conference 2
History and Civics	Public School Music 1
Grammar with Methods	Public School Drawing
Observation and Conference	Advanced 1
Public School Music	1 Literature in the Grades 2
Public School Drawing 1	Methods in Geography 1
Methods in History 1	Physical Education
Physical Education	½

SOPHOMORE YEAR

FOR TEACHERS OF FIRST SIX GRADES

Elementary Course of Study 1	School Management and
History of Education 3	School Law 2
Teaching and Plan Writing 3	Educational Sociology 2
Hand Work 2	Teaching and Plan Writing 3
Musie 1	Sewing and Cooking 3
History 3	English Poetry 3
Sanitation and Health 2	Civic Biology or Paidology 3
Physical Education, Normal 1	

SOPHOMORE YEAR

FOR TEACHERS OF SEVENTH AND EIGHTH GRADES

Elementary Course of Study 1 School Management and History of Education 3 School Law. Teaching and Plan Writing 3 Educational Sociology. Paidology 3 Teaching and Plan Writing 5 Elective 2 English Poetry 5 Physical Education, Normal 5 Elective.	2 3 3 1 2
Civic Biology	

Notes—This course requires a total of 66 semester hours of which lo shall be in Observation and Teaching. Students who have had a satisfactory course in drawing in the public schools will be held to but two hours each week for one year, while those who have had little or no instruction in Drawing prior to matriculation will be required to give four hours a week to this subject. Each group will receive the same credit, two semester hours. For further explanations of this course see a succeeding page of this catalogue.

THE THIRD OR SPRING QUARTER—The second semester in each of the courses in the State Normal College is divided into half semesters, or quarters, in order to accommodate teachers who desire to enter late in April or early in May, or as soon as their schools close. Almost every study scheduled to be given in the second semester will be offered in two classes, the second class beginning about eight or nine weeks before the close of the semester and reciting twice as many times per week as the regular class. Each spring several of the regular first semester studies will also be offered at the time of the organization of the new classes, so that teachers may enter at that time even more advantageously than at the beginning of the Summer Quarter.

It will be noticed that in the second semester of the second year options are offered in vocational subjects. These subjects are now required in many schools and every teacher should be fully equipped in at least one of these subjects, but if the student for any good reason does not care to take work of this character some other study will be assigned by the Dean of the College. Students who desire one year or more than one full year's work in a vocational subject will be given the opportunity.

The maximum number of hours allowed in one semester is 17, not counting Physical Culture, which must be taken two semesters in any diploma course.

The requirements for admission to this course are the same as for admission to all other diploma and degree courses in the University, with the exception that the fifteen units required for freshman rank may be made up of any recognized secondary subjects. In other words, no foreign language is required for admission to the Normal College diploma courses. This statement applies to all courses in the State Normal College except the two degree courses. Any graduate from a recognized first grade high-school will be admitted to the Freshman class of any of these courses without examination, but should such a student desire to pursue the course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education, all the requirements for that course must be met.

Attention is called to the requirements of the Ohio Laws of 1914, relative to professional training. Beginning January 1,

1915, professional training will be required as a prerequisite to admission to the county examinations.

SPECIAL

Students, who have completed the course for Elementary Teachers, or who have completed any of the two-year courses, may do the work leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Education in two additional years. The subjects necessary to the completion of this course must be carefully selected. The deau of the Normal College will be pleased to advise such students in selecting their work.

FIRST SEMESTER

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION IN MUSIC

Prerequisite full College Entrance Requirements

FRESHMAN YEAR

EECOND SEMESTER

Voice 2 Piano or Violin 1 Notation and Sight Singing 2 Harmony 2 Methods 2 History of Music 1 Psychology 3 Observation 2 Ear Training, ½ Semester 2 Chorus and Conducting, ½ 2 Semester 2	Voice. 1 Piano or Violin. 1 Notation and Sight Singing. 2 Harmony. 2 Observation. 2 History of Music. 1 Paidology. 3 School Management and school Law. Method, ½ Semester. 2 Advanced Sight Singing, ½ Semester. 2 2 DE VEAR 2
SOPHOMOR	RE YEAR
Voice. 2 Piano or Violin 1 Harmony. 2 Advanced Sight Singing. 2 Methods. 2 Teaching. 3 Elementary Course of study. 3	$\begin{array}{c cccc} Voice. & 2 \\ Harmony & 2 \\ Methods & 2 \\ Teaching & 3 \\ Principles of Education & 3 \\ Advanced Sight Singing, \frac{1}{2} Semester & 2 \\ Chorus and Conducting, \frac{1}{2} Semester & 2 \\ Elective & 2$
JUNIOR	YEAR
Voice 2 Interpretation and Form 3 Science of Education 3 German or French 5 Psychology 3	Voice. 2 Interpretation and Form. 3 Science of Education. 3 German or French. 5 Psychology. 3
SENIOR	YEAR
Voice	Voice 2 Instrumentation 3 History of Education 3 Supervision and Criticism 2 Survey of English Literature 3 Modern Drama 2 Sociology, Course 12 2

DIPLOMA COURSE IN PUBLIC-SCHOOL MUSIC

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER		
Voice 2	Voice 1		
Piano 1	Piano 1		
Notation and Sight Singing 2	Notation and Sight Singing 2		
Harmony 2	Harmony 2		
Methods 2	Observation 3		
History of Music 1	History of Music 1		
Psychology 3	Paidology 3		
Observation 2	School Management and School		
Ear Training, ½ Semester 1	Law 2		
Chorus and Conducting, 1/2	Methods, $\frac{1}{2}$ Semester		
Semester 1	Advanced Sight Singing, 1/2		
	Semester 1		
SOPHOMORE YEAR			
Voice 2	Voice 2		
Piano 1	Piano 2		
Advanced Sight Singing 2	Methods 2		
Methods 2	Teaching 2		
Teaching 2	Principles of Education 2		
Elementary Course of Study 3	Advanced Sight Singing 3		
Elective 2	Chorus and Conducting 2		
	Floative 1		

NOTE—Two years following graduation from a four-year highschool course will generally be required to complete this course, but those having some advanced knowledge of piano and voice may be able to complete it in less time.

DEGREE COURSE FOR TEACHERS OF COMMERCIAL SCIENCE, B. S. IN EDUCATION

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
A Foreign Language 4 English Composition 2 Economies 3 American History 3 College Algebra, or Physics, or Civic Biology 3	A Foreign Language 4 English Composition 2 Commercial Law 3 American History 3 Trigonometry, or Physics, or 3 Civic Biology 3
SOPHOMOR	RE YEAR
American Poetry 3 Accounting I 4 Negotiable Contracts 2 Com'l Geography 2 Industrial History 2 Psychology 3	English Poetry 3 Accounting II 4 Money and Banking 2 Advanced Economics 2 Principles of Education 3 Elective 1
JUNIOR	YEAR
Accounting III. 2 Public Speaking. 2 Stenography I 4 Typewriting and Comp. 1 2 Corporation Acetg 3 Secondary Course Study 2	Corporation Finance 2 Accounting Problems 2 Stenography II 4 Typewriting and Comp. II 2 Psychology 3 High School Methods 2
SECOND	YEAR
Teaching 3 Stenography III 8 History of Education 3 School Administration 3 Elective 3	Advanced Civics 2 Thesis on Com'l Subject 3 Teaching 3 History of Education 3 Supervision and Criticism 2 Elective 2

DIPLOMA COURSE FOR SUPERVISOR OF PUBLIC SCHOOL DRAWING

FRESHMAN YEAR

SECOND SEMESTER

FIRST SEMESTER

Adiednde 16ail	SECOND BEHLESIER
Psychology 2	School Management and
School Drawing 2	School law 2
Free-Hand Drawing 4	School Drawing, Advanced 1
Bookbinding or	Free-Hand Drawing 4
Manual Training 2	Hand work2
Electives	Electives 5
Electives	Electives
SOPHOMO	RE YEAR
Designing 3	Designing 3
Mechanical Drawing 2	Mechanical Drawing 2
Paidology 3	Free-Hand Drawing 2
Elementary Course of Study 2	Art Appreciation 1
Observation and Methods 2	Teaching and Observation 2
Science of Education 3	Science of Education 3
Electives	Electives
JUNIOR	
Composition and Methods 4	Supervision and Criticism 2
School Administration 3	Composition and Methods 4
History of Education 3	History of Education 3
Teaching 2	Teaching 4
Teaching	
Electives 4	Electives
Electives	Electives
	Electives
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU	Electives
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU	Electives
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU	Electives
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU FRESHMA	BLIC SCHOOL DRAWING AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology 3 School Drawing 2	Electives
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology 3 School Drawing 2 Mechanical Drawing 2	BLIC SCHOOL DRAWING N YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU	BLIC SCHOOL DRAWING N YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU	BLIC SCHOOL DRAWING N YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU	BLIC SCHOOL DRAWING AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology 3 School Drawing 2 Mechanical Drawing 2 Bookbinding or Hand Work 2 Free-Hand Drawing 4 Electives 2	BLIC SCHOOL DRAWING N YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU	BLIC SCHOOL DRAWING N YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU	BLIC SCHOOL DRAWING AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU	SECOND SEMESTER
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology 3 School Drawing 2 Mechanical Drawing 2 Bookbinding or Hand Work 2 Free-Hand Drawing 4 Electives 2 SOPHOMO Composition and Methods 4 Designing 3 Elementary Course of Study 2	SECOND SEMESTER
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology 3 School Drawing 2 Mechanical Drawing 2 Bookbinding or Hand Work 2 Free-Hand Drawing 4 Electives 2 SOPHOMO Composition and Methods 4 Designing 3 Elementary Course of Study 2 Paidology 3	BLIC SCHOOL DRAWING AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU	BLIC SCHOOL DRAWING AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology 3 School Drawing 2 Mechanical Drawing 2 Bookbinding or Hand Work 2 Free-Hand Drawing 4 Electives 2 SOPHOMO Composition and Methods 4 Designing 3 Elementary Course of Study 2 Paidology 3	SECOND SEMESTER
DIPLOMA COURSE IN PU	BLIC SCHOOL DRAWING AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education

DIPLOMA COURSE IN KINDERGARTEN EDUCATION

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Psychology	Principles of Education 3 Civic Biology, 3; or Instrumen-
ities 4	tal Music
Civic Biology 3	Kindergarten Theory and Activ-
English Composition, N. C 3	ities 4
Observation and Methods 3	School Management and School
Sanitation and Hygiene 2	Law
	Sociology 2
SOPHOMO	
Kindergarten Theory and Activ-	Kindergarten Theory and Activ-
ities 5	ities 4 School Music
School Music 2 School Drawing 1	Teaching in the Kindergarten. 8
Paidology 3	Primary Methods
Teaching in Kindergarten 3	History of Education 3
Handwork 2	
Electives 2	
DIPLOMA COURSE IN	MANUAL TRAINING
DIPLOMA COURSE IN	
FRESHMA	
FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education 3
FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education. 3 School Drawing. 1 Mechanical Drawing. 2 Hand Work. 2 Bench Work. 2 Wood Turning. 2 School Management and 2
### FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER	AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education. 3 School Drawing. 1 Mechanical Drawing. 2 Hand Work. 2 Bench Work. 2 Wood Turning. 2 School Management and 2
FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education. 3 School Drawing. 1 Mechanical Drawing. 2 Hand Work. 2 Bench Work. 2 Wood Turning. 2 School Management and School Law. 2 Observation and Method. 2
FRESHMA FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education. 3 School Drawing. 1 Mechanical Drawing. 2 Hand Work. 2 Bench Work. 2 Wood Turning. 2 School Management and School Law. 2 Observation and Method. 2
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	AN YEAR SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Psychology 3	SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education 3 School Drawing 1 Mechanical Drawing 2 Hand Work 2 Bench Work 2 Wood Turning 2 School Management and School Law 2 Observation and Method 2 RE YEAR Cabinet Making 2 Mechanical Drawing 2 Machine Shop 2 Hammered Metal Work 2 Teaching 3 3 Teaching 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER Psychology	SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education
FRESHM. FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER Principles of Education 3 School Drawing 1 Mechanical Drawing 2 Hand Work 2 Bench Work 2 Wood Turning 2 School Management and School Law 2 Observation and Method 2 RE YEAR Cabinet Making 2 Mechanical Drawing 2 Machine Shop 2 Hammered Metal Work 2 Teaching 3 3 Teaching 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

DIPLOMA COURSE IN HOME ECONOMICS

FIRST SEMESTER	SFCOND SEMESTER
Psychology 3 Chemistry 3 Sewing 2 Cocker 2	Principles of Education 3 Chemistry 3 Sewing II 2 Checker II 2
Cookery 2 Drawing 1	Cookery II
English Composition 3	Observation 3
Gymnasium ¹ / ₂	Gymnasium ¹ / ₂
SOPHOMO	
History of Industrial Education 2	Elementary Agriculture, Home
	G 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Cookery III 2	Gardening and Window Deco-
Sewing III 2	rations 2
Sewing III. 2 Teaching. 3	rations
Sewing III	rations 2 School Management 2 Teaching 3
Sewing III. 2 Teaching. 3	rations
Sewing III	rations 2 School Management 2 Teaching 3 Sewing IV 2

DIPLOMA COURSE FOR SUPERVISOR OF HOME ECONOMICS

FIRST SEMESTER		SECOND SEMESTER
Psychology Chemistry English Composition Cookery I Food Study Drawing. Gymnasium	3 2 2 1	Principles of Education \$ Chemistry 3 English 3 Cookery II 2 Primary Handwork 2 Textiles 1 Applied Design 1 Gymnasium ½
JUN	IOR	YEAR
Mechanical Drawing	2 . 2 . 3 . 2 . 2 . 2	Agriculture 2 Sewing II 2 Cookery IV 2 Teaching 3 School Management 2 Paidology 3
SEN	NIOR	YEAR
School Administration	1 2 3 . 1 . 2 . 2 1	Supervision and Criticism
Electives	3	

DIPLOMA COURSE IN SCHOOL AGRICULTURE

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Methods in General Agriculture 3	Methods in Gardening and
Horticulture 2	Floriculture 3
Forestry 2	Horticulture 3
Civic Biology 3	Forestry 2
Domestic Science or Manual	Civic Biology 3
Training 2	Botany 3
	Principles of Education 3
SOPHOMO	RE YEAR
Soils 2	Soils 2
Chemistry 3	Chemistry 3
Evolution and Heredity 3	Rural Economics or Com'1 Law 3
Farm Animals 3	Farm Crops 3
Botany 2	Botany 2
History of Industrial	Electives 4
E ducation	
Electives 2	
RURAL SCHOOL COU	JRSE FOR TEACHERS
FIRST	YEAR
FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
United States History 3	United States History 3
Advanced Arithmetic and	Grammar 3
Methods 3	0 2 0
Physical Geography 3	American Literature 3
American Literature 3	Civil Government 3

SECOND	YEAR
Psychology 3	Theory and Practice 3
Civic Biology (Nature Study) 3	Elementary Agriculture 3
English Literature 3	English Literature 3
Composition and Rhetoric 3	School Management and School
Teaching 3	Law 3
	Teaching 3
**Electives 2	

Rural School Course of Study ... 2

*Courses in Rural School Didacties, Rural School Course of Study School Management and School Law will be organized at the middle of the second semester to accommodate teachers entering after the close of their schools.

**A great deal of latitude will be allowed students in electing branches to make up the required amount of work, and subjects can be selected from either the mathematics, science, history, or English departments. No student will be permited to carry more than 17 semester hours. Each student taking this course should have at least one semester in Manual Training.

*Rural School Didactics...... 3

Electives..... 2

COURSE FOR RURAL SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS

Ohio now requires both County Superintendents and District Superintendents, in addition to all other supervisory positions required in the past. Persons desiring to qualify for these positions, paying from \$1,000 a year to perhaps \$2,500 a year, should take the regular four-year course leading to the degree of B. S. in Education and specialize by taking all the courses offered in the Rural Training Department, courses in School Administration Supervisor. Courses of Study, Rural Economics, Agriculture, Manual Training, History of Education, and Science of Education.

DIPLOMA COURSE IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION

A course in the Theory of Physical Education will be offered beginning September, 1914. This course is for students who wish to teach physical education in connection with other subjects. This course will cover two semesters, 2 hours creit. For students who desire to specialize in this line of work, the following Diploma Course is provided:

FRESHMAN YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Physiology and Hygiene 4	Civie Biology 8
Chemistry 4	Physiology 3
Psychology 3	Chemistry 4
History of Physical Education	Theory of Physical Education 2
and Gymnastics	Practice of Gymnastics and Ath-
Practice of Gymnastics and Ath-	letics (3) 1
letics (3) 1	School Management and School
Civic Biology 3	Law 2
SOPHOMOI	RE YEAR
Paidology 3	Sociology 2
Human Anatomy 3	Human Anatomy 3
History of Elementary Educa-	Corrective Gymnastics 1
tion 3	Emergencies or First Aid to the
Bacteriology 3	Injured 1
Physiology of Bodily Exercise 1	Physical Examination and Pre-
Practice in Gymnastics and Ath-	scription of Exercise 1
letics (2) 1	Teaching 8
Teaching 2	Practice of Gymnastics and Ath-
	letics (2) 0
	Electives 5

THE STATE PREPARATORY SCHOOL

A PRACTICE SCHOOL FOR THE TRAINING OF HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

FLETCHER S. COULTRAP, Principal State Preparatory School and Professor of the Art of Teaching

The aim of this school is primarily to prepare students to enter the Freshman class of the Ohio University, and of the State Normal College at Athens. This City is situated in a portion of Ohio having few cities and not a large number of first-grade high-schools. It would evidently be unfair to the youth of South eastern Ohio if they were denied the opportunity to prepare to enter college. Since many of the most promising young men and young women come from the rural communities where there is only a second-grade or a third-grade high-school or perhaps no high-school at all, they find it necessary to go away from home to secure high-school education or to prepare for college.

Rather than go to a strange town to secure their high-school training and then go to still another town or city and be obliged to form new acquaintences in securing a college education, many of these young men and young women prefer to come to Athens where they may secure their preparatory training and their college education in the same school home.

Here the facilities for instruction in the preparatory studies are better than many communities can afford. Again, many young men and young women do not receive the real awakening and the real desire for more education until they have passed beyond the usual high-school or adolescent age. Perhaps they have taught school for several years before they

have been aroused by a re-birth, or perhaps they were compelled to teach a few years in order to make the money necessary to secure a college education. They soon find that they are really too old to attend the local high-school and would not find a hearty welcome there owing to differences due to age and experience. They want to live and work with young men and young women of their own age and their own ideals. Hence, the necessity and the wisdom of maintaining a State Preparatory School in South eastern Ohio.

It should be borne in mind, however, that the authorities of this University do not advise boys and girls who have highschool opportunities at home to leave such opportunities for the State Preparatory School. Young people under eighteen years of age should remain at home and profit by such advantages as may be offered in their own localities, unless there is no good high-school within reasonably convenient access. The State Preparatory School hopes to encourage young men and young women who feel too old to mingle with adolescents of the ordinary high-school age; and also to encourage thousands of teachers who began teaching before having completed a highschool course and now feel that they would be more or less humiliated to return to high-school. Thousands of these young men and women should be saved to the teaching profession, and they must realize that in order to be of the most service to the state as teachers they must secure a college education, at least a two-year college course to fit them for work in the elementary schools.

The Principal of the State Preparatory School will be pleased to advise, personally or by correspondence, any young man or young woman who feels his or her handicap.

NORMAL COLLEGE PREPARATORY

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER	
Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 5 Composition and Rhetoric 5 Ancient History 4 Physiology and Hygiene 4	Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 8 Composition and Rhetoric 2 Modern History 4 School Drawing 2	
SECOND	YEAR	
Cæsar and Latin Composition 4 Plane Geometry 5 American Classics 4 Botany 3 Roman History 4	Cæsar and Latin Composition. 4 Solid Geometry. 8 English History or American Classics. 4 Botany. 3 Music. 1 Drawing. 2	
THIRD	YEAR	
Cicero or German 4 Algebra, Completed 3 English Classics 4 Physics 4 Public-School Drawing 2 Mechanical Drawing 1 Elementary Joinery or Plain Sewing 2	Cicero or German 4 Physics 4 History of English Literature and Classics 4 Public-School Drawing 1 Mechanical Drawing or Public School Drawing 1 Problems in Furniture Making or Dressmaking 2	
FOURTH YEAR		
Virgil or German 4 United States History 5 Chemistry, 4; or Agriculture 4 Orthography and Phonics 2 Physical Geography 5	Virgil or German	

CLASSICAL PREPARATORY COURSE

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER	
Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 5 Composition and Rhetoric 5 Physiology and Hygiene 4 Drawing 2	Beginning Latin 5 Algebra 3 Composition and Rhetoric 5 Electives 5 Drawing 2	
SECOND	VEAR	
Cæsar and Latin Composition 4 Plane Geometry 5 American Classics 4 Ancient History 4 Drawing 1	Cæsar and Latin Composition 4 Solid Geometry 3 History of American Literature and Classics 4 Modern History 4 Drawing 1 Music 1	
THIRD	YEAR	
Cicero and Latin Prose 4 Elementary Botany 3 Elementary Physics and Lab 4 English Classics 4 Algebra, completed 3	Cicero and Latin Prose	
FOURTH YEAR		
Virgil end Latin Prose 4 United States History 5 Beginning Greek 5 Physical Geography 5 Freehand Drawing 2	Virgil and Latin Prose 4 American Government 3 Beginning Greek, completed and Xenophon's Anabasis 5 Advanced Arithmetic 3 Freehand Drawing 3 Electives 2	

SCIENTIFIC PREPARATORY COURSE

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER	SECOND SEMESTER
Beginning Latin 5	Beginning Latin 5
Algebra5	
	Algebra
Physiology and Hygiene 4	Composition and Rhetoric 5
Composition and Rhetoric 5	Electives5
Drawing 2	Drawing 2
SECOND	YEAR
Cæsar and Latin Prose 4	Cæsar and Latin Prose 4
Ancient History 4	Modorn History 4
American Classics 4	History of American Literature
Drawing 1	and Classics 4
Plane Geometry 5	Drawing 1
Elementary Cooking	Solid Geometry 3
	Music
	Elementary Cooking
THIRD	
Cicero and Latin Prose or Ger-	Cicero and Latin Prose or Ger-
Cicero and Latin Prose or German 4	Cicero and Latin Prose or German
man 4	man 4
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Greeian History 4
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4 English Classics 4	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Grecian History 4 History of English Literature
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Grecian History 4 History of English Literature and Classics 4
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4 English Classics 4 Food Study.	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Grecian History 4 History of English Literature and Classics 4 Household Management 4
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4 English Classics 4 Food Study.	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Grecian History 4 History of English Literature and Classics 4 Household Management
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4 English Classics 4 Food Study.	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Grecian History 4 History of English Literature and Classics 4 Household Management 4
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4 English Classics 4 Food Study. FOURTH Virgil and Latin Prose or Ger-	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Grecian History 4 History of English Literature and Classics 4 Household Management 4 Virgil and Latin Prose or Ger-
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4 English Classics 4 Food Study. FOURTH Virgil and Latin Prose or German 4	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Grecian History 4 History of English Literature and Classies 4 Household Management YEAR Virgil and Latin Prose or German 4
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4 English Classics 4 Food Study. FOURTH Virgil and Latin Prose or German 4 United States History 5 Physical Geography 5	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Grecian History 4 History of English Literature and Classics 4 Household Management 4 YEAR Virgil and Latin Prose or German 4 American Government 3
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4 English Classics 4 Food Study. FOURTH Virgil and Latin Prose or German 4 United States History 5	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Grecian History 4 History of English Literature and Classics 4 Household Management YEAR Virgil and Latin Prose or German 4 American Government 3 Advanced Arithmetic 3
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4 English Classics 4 Food Study 5 FOURTH Virgil and Latin Prose or German 4 United States History 5 Physical Geography 5 Elementary Physics and Lab 4	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Grecian History 4 History of English Literature and Classics 4 Household Management YEAR Virgil and Latin Prose or German 4 American Government 3 Advanced Arithmetic 3 Elementary Physics and Lab. 4
man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Algebra, Completed 3 Roman History 4 English Classics 4 Food Study. FOURTH Virgil and Latin Prose or German 4 United States History 5 Physical Geography 5 Elementary Physics and Lab 4 Freehand Drawing 2	man 4 Elementary Botany 3 Orthography and Phonics 3 Grecian History 4 History of English Literature and Classics 4 Household Management YEAR Virgil and Latin Prose or German 4 American Government 3 Advanced Arithmetic 3 Elementary Physics and Lab 4 Freehand Drawing 3 Advance Grammar 3 Litys of the Latin may be substituted

by an equivalent in French or German.

CANDIDATES FOR ADMISSION to this department must furnish satisfactory evidence of good character, and must give evidence of proficiency in all studies of the courses lower than those they wish to pursue. Students who expect to graduate from the State Normal College must give evidence that they are thoroughly familiar with the common-school branches.

There are three preparatory courses, each requiring four years for its completion, and each leading to a corresponding course in the University or in the State Normal College. For the benefit of those who wish a more thorough preparation for their work, classes in Arithmetic, Elementary Algebra, and English Grammar will be organized at the beginning of each

semester

COURSES OF STUDY IN DETAIL

LATIN

FIRST YEAR

Collar and Daniell's First Year Latin completed. Easy Latin Prose Composition based on First Year Latin work. The aim of this year is a complete mastery of the First Year Latin.

Note—Classes in Beginning Latin are organized each semester.

SECOND YEAR

Cæsar's Commentaries and Latin Prose Composition. Much emphasis is placed on the Latin Prose that the students may become familiar with the more simple Latin constructions.

THIRD YEAR

Cicero's Orations. At least six Orations are read, including the four Orations against Catline. Latin Prose Composition. A careful study of forms and syntax is an important part of this year's work.

FOURTH VEAR

Virgil's Aeneid, Books I-VI. Grammar reviews, scansion, and mythology. Latin Prose Composition.

GREEK

FIRST SEMESTER

White's First Greek Book with particular reference to inflections and sentence writing.

SECOND SEMESTER

White's First Greek Book and Xenophon's Anabasis. Grammatical reviews and translations into Greek of easy prose.

PREPARATORY ENGLISH

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER

Composition and Rhetoric. Elementary work in the theme, the paragraph, and the sentence.

SECOND SEMESTER

Composition and Rhetoric. Work in narration, description exposition, and argumentation.

Second Year

FIRST SEMESTER

Classics from American Literature: Poe, Bryant, Webster, Franklin, Irving, Cooper, Washington, Thoreau, Emerson, Holmes, Whittier, Longfellow, Lowell, Hawthorne, Burroughs, Aldrich. Short stories.

SECOND SEMESTER

History of American Literature, with collateral readings.

Third Year

FIRST SEMESTER

Classics from English Literature: Milton's Minor Poems, Pope's Rape of the Lock, Merchant of Venice, Julius Caesar, Hamlet, Macbeth, The Tempest, Selections from Goldsmith, Rasselas, Sheridan, Coleridge, Wordsworth, Burns, Carlyle, Macaulay, George Elliot, and Tennyson.

SECOND SEMESTER

History of American Literature, with collateral readings.

Fourth Year

A thorough review of the principles of English Grammar with a view to a mastery of this subject. Advanced English Grammar.

GERMAN

First Year

FIRST SEMESTER

German Grammar complete. Study of forms and compositions Conversation based on Newson's First German Book (the new edition of Alge's Leiftfaden), in connection with Hoelzel's charts on the seasons. Reader begun.

SECOND SEMESTER

Some short modern stories, such as *Storm's Immensee* and composition based thereon. Conversation as in first semester. Eichendorff's *Aus dem Leben eines Taugenichts* or some other short story, Wesselhoff's German Composition.

This course is for students who offer no credit in German for entrance and begin the study of German. For students who had one year of high-school work in German, the following work is offered preparatory to regular Freshman German: first and second semesters; Review of German, conversation based on Newson's German Course and those Hoelzel charts connected with it. Reading of several modern stories and composition based on the text. It is known as Conversational or Special Freshman German, as collegiate credit will be given if the student is otherwise entitled to it.

FRENCH

Students taking the Scientific Course may substitute French and German for all or a part of the Latin. As to the work in French and Spanish, consult the department of French and Spanish in another part of the catalogue.

PHYSICS

FIRST AND SECOND SEMESTER

Recitations and Laboratory work, four hours per week. Graduates of first grade high-schools who have studied such texts as Carhart and Chute or Millikan and Gale will receive full credit for their class work. If in addition they present note books showing that at least forty experiments have been *performed* and carefully written up, they will receive full credit for the course without condition.

The first semester is devoted to Properties of matter, Laws of Motion, Mechanics of Solids, Liquids, Gases, and Heat.

The second semester is devoted to Magnetism and Electricity, Sound and Light. One of the above texts will be used in the class; and the manual of Atkinson and Evans as a laboratory guide.

PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY

This subject is ruquired in all courses. A standard textbook is studied for one semester.

BOTANY

This course will be a study of plants in their practial relations to mankind. Much emphasis will be placed on field and garden work. Each student will prepare a herbarium, and will be required to attend to a small garden. *Practical Botany* by Bergen and Caldwell will be the text. Three hours per week throughout the year.

AMERICAN GOVERNMENT

A careful study of the actual workings of the government, national, state, and local. James and Sanford's Government in State and Nation is used as the text.

U. S. HISTORY

Reference work is required each week. Some training in the use of sources is given. Frequent reports and papers are required. Careful note books must be kept.

GENERAL HISTORY

The aim is to give the student a general acquaintance with the leading persons, and the institutions, political and religous, with the literary and artistic movement; in general, with the progress of civilization in its broader aspects. The method employed will be the text-book, references to more comprehensive works, essay-writing, map-drawing, and lectures by the iustructor.

ARITHMETIC

This course in Arithmetic comprises two semesters. Accuracy and rapidity in performing the operations in the solutions of problems is the first aim in the study of this subject. Ray's Higher Arithmetic is the text-book for the second semester. The subjects especially emphasized in this term's work are the following applications of Percentage: Profit and Loss, Interest, True and Bank Discount, Stocks and Bonds, Commission, Exchange, and Equation of Payments. Other subjects which receive special attention are Arithmetical Analysis, Involution and Evolution, and the very important subjects of Mensuration. The one important result, a proper understanding of the reason for every step necessary to the solution of a problem, is kept constantly in mind throughout all the work in Arithmetic. This is the teacher's class and form of solution and methods of teaching receive special attention.

ALGEBRA

First semester Algebra will include all the fundamental operation of Algebra, factoring and its applications, and simple equations, to involution and evolution. Well's Secondary Algebra is the text-book used.

Second Semester Algebra, will include a brief review of simple equations, indeterminate equations, inequalities, special method of elimination, symmetry, and quadratic equations to harmonical progressions, using Fisher and Schwatt's *Higher Algebra* as the text-book.

GEOMETRY-PLANE AND SOLID

The work in Plane Geometry will run through the first semester. In this work students are encouraged to form the habit of original investigation. Terseness and technical accuracy of statements are constant requirements, and much emphasis is given to the application of the principles of geometry to arithmetic.

Solid Geometry will be given the first half of the second semester. This work will include the fundamental propositions in plane and solid angles, polyhedrons, and the sphere, with a great variety of original exercises. Lyman's *Plane and Solid Geometry* is the text-book used.

As in arithmetic, so in algebra and geometry, special emphasis is placed upon forms of solution and methods of teaching for the benefit of Normal College students taking work in teaching and observation.

DESCRIPTIVE ASTRONOMY

A two-hour course through one semester is devoted to this subject. A text-book is used, but the topical method of recitation is followed, and students are encouraged to seek information from the standard works of Astronomy in the library. Students are made familiar with the Zodiacal and Circum-polar Constellations, the principal stars and planets. The University is supplied with a good telescope and all the apparatus necessary to efficient work in this study.

Note—For the courses in Advanced Algebra, Trigonometry, and Surveying, and electives in mathematics, see description of courses in the College of Liberal Arts. The courses in Arithmetic are offered each semester. Classes in Algebra and Geometry will be organized at the close of the ninth week of the second semester to accommodate teachers entering after the close of their schools.

PHYSIOLOGY

The text-book is Hough and Sedwick's *The Human Mechanism*. The aim is to give a good general knowledge of anatomy and hygiene and of the functions of the different organs of the body. A large amount of laboratory work is done.

DRAWING

Drawing is required in all courses. Three hours in the studio are considered equivalent to the recitation hour.

The work begins with Still-life in outline, then Still-life in light and shade, single objects and in groups. After this, perspective is taken up. The work is done in charcoal, but occasionally the pencil is used and also pen and ink by those who desire it.

Drills are given in time sketching and in memory sketching. When the student can do this work satisfactorily, he may work in color or he may study from the cast; first, individual features, then heads, then the figure. This can not be done in two semesters however unless the student has unusual ability, or puts in more than one hour a day.

When the students are able to draw from the living models they are permitted to do so. A great variety of work can be done as the student advances, such as studies in composition, posters with the figure for the principal motive, etc.

Courses in Mechanical Drawing and in Public-School Drawing are also offered for preparatory credit.

OHIO UNIVERSITY

Degrees, Diplomas and Certficates June 18, 1914

A. B.

Ella Jean Adams	Highland
Floyd Guyton Beam	Athens
Mac Slator Bethel	Athens
Lucy Inez Brickles	Nelsonville
Charles Townsend Buell	Lancaster
William Carl Cheeseman	.Slippery Rock, Pa.
Homer Virgil Cherrington	Athens
Oscie Drusilla Chrisman	Athens
Lizzie Faye Cline	Albany
Anna Charlotte Copeland	
Edna Florence Copeland	Athens
Charles Middleton Eccles	Athens
Norman Fulton	Shade
Miles McKindree Graham	Logan
Carrie Clester Junod	Athens
Majel Lawrence	Coolville
Bernard R. LeRoy, Sr	Athens
Laura Helen Leech	Athens
Louise Micklethwaite	Portsmouth
Benjamin Warren Miller	Millwood, W. Va.
Anna Katherine Pickering	Athens
Chauncey Ace Plyley	. Washington, C. H.
Eva Inez Power	Nelsonville
Florence Marie Rambo	Zanesville
Samuel Renshaw	Athens
Elsie Myrtle Richards	Kokomo, Ind.
Robert Elliott Rucker	

Albert Truman	Smith Big	Plain
Carroll Stewart	A1	thens
Lena Ada Swar	tz	rthur

B. S.

Edwin Wallace BashWhite Cottage
Herman Davis BishopDerby
Stanley Dougan
Herman Henry Du BoisVigo
Blaine Randolph Goldsberry Athens
Fred M. McKayAthens
Henry Max McLaughlin Wilkesville
George Leslie ShermanAthens
Alfred William Stewart Portsmouth
Carl Henry Wilson

B. S. in Education

Fannie Cozette Bean	
William Raphael Blumenthal	Cleveland
Lurena Marjorie Cattell	Mt. Pleasant
Virginia May Crisenberry	Cardington
Walter H. Everhart	West Lafayette
Perry Wilbur Fattig	
Florence Beryl Fishel	
Burl Frampton	
Essie Maud Greisheimer	Chillicothe
Margaret Hall	Proctor, W. Va.
Mary Isabel Hanna	Cadiz
Estella Faye Hewitt	
Florence Estelle Hutchins	Nelsonville
Zella Elizabeth Knoll	Alliance
Albert Francis Lyle	Shelbyville, Ill.
Joseph Wilson Lyle	Cincinnati
George Evert McLaughlin	Athens
James Edgar McNaughton	South Webster
William B. McPherson	Jasper
Gertrude O'Connor	
Lena Estelle Patterson	
Anna Klostermeier Price	Athens

John Watson Ray.....Oil City, Pa.

John Watson Ray		
Anna Elizabeth RobinsonNewark		
Samuel Sullivan ShaferAthens		
Mary Ethel ShumanSherodsville		
Charles Edward SkinnerNewark		
May TemplerBelpre		
Bert McCune ThompsonByesville		
Jessie May Tresham		
Nathaniel Wiley Kimball, W. Va.		
Ernest Constantine WilkesAthens		
Cary C. Wood		
A. M.		
Carl G. Pemberton		
Herman H. Young Mogadore		
A. M. Pro Honore		
Arthur Howe Carpenter Crafton, Pa.		
Harry Mansfield Coultrap		
Warren Miller		
David Franklin Pugh		
M. S. in Education		
Joseph Hooker ComstockAthens		
Mau Deh LuShantung, China		
Francis Halbert McVayAthens		
Marion WolcottGreenwich		
DIPLOMA COURSES WITHOUT DEGREES		
Two-Year Course in Elementary Education		
Edith Caroline AikenJewett		
Grace Bateman. Fredericktown		
Annia May Bayley Elyria		
Besse Mae Benedict Greenwich		
Grace Mayfred Biedel		
Mary Longe Pro		

Mary Lenore Bye......Negley

Ethel Marie Carter	
Gladys Fantine Christman	
Anastasia Collins	
Edna Catherine Cooper	Youngstown
Lela Arminda Ewers	
Shirley Minerva Fawcett	
Clara May Floyd	
Winifred Jaymes Grafton	Adena
Mary Hoover	Middlebranch
Sylvia Hoover	Middlebranch
Helen Elizabeth Hunt	
James Lloyd Hupp	
Margaretta Elizabeth James	Steubenville
Edna Juliet Karr	
Lucy Marie Katzenbach	Nelsonville
Clara Catherine Leydorf	Perrysburg
Blanche Lois Long	Mt. Vernon
Jessie Hazel Lortz	
Rose Gertrude McCarroll	Steubenville
Augusta Bess McKelvey	Fredericksburg
Genevieve Mariner	
Hattie Ellen Morris	Carroll
Nellie Abigail Morris	Magrew
Mary Edith Park	
Carrie De Ette Pease	Wellington
Blanche Petty	Rockland
Mary Leah Phillips	Athens
Margaret Grace Pittinger	
Henrietta M. Schleicher	
Vivian Richards Shott	
Arloa Janiza Spracklen	Kenton
Zoe Lenore Sprowl	
Jessie Belle Strong	Fredericktown
Bess M. Todd	
Leua Matilda Van Dorn	
Virginia Jeannette Verity	
Elsie Vere Vincent	
Mary Ward	
Anna Marie Ware	Frankfort

Maude Antoinette Weber	Dexter City	
Eliza Lorena White	Chandlersville	

Kindergarten Course		
Esther Lillian Harrod		
Hazel Elizabeth Hunt		
Ruth Elizabeth Jones		
Olive Jane Roberts	-	
Irma Willis		
Public School Drawing		
Supervisors' Course		
Laura Belle Bailey	Athens	
Minnie Helena Horton		
Zelma Katherine Krapps		
Lena Estelle Patterson		
Verda E. Williams		
7 0.00 24 77 22 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		
Public School Drawing		
Teachers' Course		
Olive Alexander Robens	Chagrin Falls	
Public School Music	THE TANKS	
Public School Music		
Elizabeth Brettell	Mingo Junction	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster	Mingo Junction	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster Nelle Elizabeth Copeland	Mingo JunctionCarpenterAthens	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster Nelle Elizabeth Copeland Elizabeth Gertrude Garber	Mingo JunctionCarpenterAthensBellville	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster Nelle Elizabeth Copeland Elizabeth Gertrude Garber Mary Kathryn Kennedy	Mingo JunctionCarpenterAthensBellvilleCadiz	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster Nelle Elizabeth Copeland Elizabeth Gertrude Garber Mary Kathryn Kennedy Martha Lee King	Mingo JunctionCarpenterAthensBellvilleCadizMarietta	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster Nelle Elizabeth Copeland Elizabeth Gertrude Garber Mary Kathryn Kennedy Martha Lee King Helen Emma Pickett	Mingo JunctionCarpenterAthensBellvilleCadizMariettaAthens	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster Nelle Elizabeth Copeland Elizabeth Gertrude Garber Mary Kathryn Kennedy Martha Lee King Helen Emma Pickett Ina Leona Secoy	Mingo JunctionCarpenterAthensBellvilleCadizMariettaAthensAthens	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster Nelle Elizabeth Copeland Elizabeth Gertrude Garber Mary Kathryn Kennedy Martha Lee King Helen Emma Pickett Ina Leona Secoy Adah Ellen Sigler	Mingo JunctionCarpenterAthensBellvilleCadizMariettaAthensAthensCortland	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster Nelle Elizabeth Copeland Elizabeth Gertrude Garber Mary Kathryn Kennedy Martha Lee King Helen Emma Pickett Ina Leona Secoy Adah Ellen Sigler Hazel Dean Strode	Mingo JunctionCarpenterAthensBellvilleCadizMariettaAthensAthensCortlandChesterhill	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster Nelle Elizabeth Copeland Elizabeth Gertrude Garber Mary Kathryn Kennedy Martha Lee King Helen Emma Pickett Ina Leona Secoy Adah Ellen Sigler Hazel Dean Strode Fred Lee Tom	Mingo JunctionCarpenterAthensBellvilleCadizMariettaAthensAthensCortlandChesterhillAthens	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster Nelle Elizabeth Copeland Elizabeth Gertrude Garber Mary Kathryn Kennedy Martha Lee King Helen Emma Pickett Ina Leona Secoy Adah Ellen Sigler Hazel Dean Strode Fred Lee Tom Edna Alice Whitsey	Mingo JunctionCarpenterAthensBellvilleCadizMariettaAthensAthensCortlandChesterhillAthensPut-In-Bay	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster Nelle Elizabeth Copeland Elizabeth Gertrude Garber Mary Kathryn Kennedy Martha Lee King Helen Emma Pickett Ina Leona Secoy Adah Ellen Sigler Hazel Dean Strode Fred Lee Tom Edna Alice Whitsey Zoe Willis	Mingo JunctionCarpenterAthensBellvilleCadizMariettaAthensAthensCortlandChesterhillAthensPut-In-Bay	
Elizabeth Brettell Lovina Caster Nelle Elizabeth Copeland Elizabeth Gertrude Garber Mary Kathryn Kennedy Martha Lee King Helen Emma Pickett Ina Leona Secoy Adah Ellen Sigler Hazel Dean Strode Fred Lee Tom Edna Alice Whitsey	Mingo JunctionCarpenterAthensBellvilleCadizMariettaAthensAthensCortlandChesterhillAthensPut-In-BayWellston	

Domestic Science

I1-11- FNI -1-41- P	T7
Isabelle Elizabeth Bacon	
Effie Brown Baum	
Florence Marie Brown	
Rose Ora Brown	
Nancy Louise Copeland	
Hazel Marie Crooks	
Gladys Allen Danford,	
Marie Louise Dodds	
Goldie Jean Drake	
Mildred Arline Eddy	
Elsie Enstminger	
Margaret Hall	Proctor, W. Va.
Winifred Daisy Hardin	
Kathryne Anne Herbert	
Edna Fern Hesse	
Carrie Clester Junod	
Elsie Leota Knoll	
Bernice Olive Long	
Pearl Burnham Magrew	
Frances Mary Miller	
Florence Elizabeth Nelson	
Ada Rebecca Pilcher	
Anna Laura Porter	
Mary Elizabeth Reeves	
Orrell Louisa Rood	U
Anna Elizabeth Robinson	
Mamie Lizbeth Rutledge	
Margaret Gertrude Smedley	
Frances Folsom Stevens	
Anna Belle Thomas	
Mary Eva Warner	
Nola Cole Whittlesey	Atwater
Electrical Engineering	
Harold Way Anderson	Lancaster
Leland Irving Krieg	
Walter Ralph Langsdon	Mendon

Karl Burr Mann	
Lester Leroy Motz	Brice
Earl Kemper Peugh	Glouster
Edgar Weaver Sayre	Letart Falls
Luiz de Lima Vianna	. Minas Geraes, Brazil
Civil Engineering	
Harley Earl Calvin	
Stanley Miller Hastings	
Bernard David Johnson	McConnelsville
James Robertson King	
Omar Ashton Knisely	
Lewis Walter Russell	Luther, Montana
Leo Schaeffler	Athens
Gwilym I. Williams	Glouster
College of Music	
College of Music	Athens
Genevieve Baker Thurlow	
Genevieve Baker Thurlow	
Genevieve Baker Thurlow	Athens
Genevieve Baker ThurlowFred Lee Tom	Athens
Genevieve Baker Thurlow	Athens
Genevieve Baker Thurlow	
Genevieve Baker Thurlow Fred Lee Tom Oratory Clara Pauline Ewing Lucile Rebecca Henry Graduates of the Two-Year Collegiate	
Genevieve Baker Thurlow. Fred Lee Tom. Oratory Clara Pauline Ewing. Lucile Rebecca Henry. Graduates of the Two-Year Collegiate Mac Slator Bethel.	
Genevieve Baker Thurlow Fred Lee Tom Oratory Clara Pauline Ewing Lucile Rebecca Henry Graduates of the Two-Year Collegiate Mac Slator Bethel Norman Fulton	AthensBellaireAthensAthensAthensShade
Genevieve Baker Thurlow Fred Lee Tom Oratory Clara Pauline Ewing Lucile Rebecca Henry Graduates of the Two-Year Collegiate Mac Slator Bethel Norman Fulton Etta S. Kelly	AthensBellaireAthensAthensAthensShadeShadeSt. Marys
Genevieve Baker Thurlow Fred Lee Tom Oratory Clara Pauline Ewing Lucile Rebecca Henry Graduates of the Two-Year Collegiate Mac Slator Bethel Norman Fulton	

PROGRAM

OF

ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT

JUNE 18, 1914

The Orchestra

Song—"Celeste Aida"
FRED LEE TOM
Oration
MILES M. GRAHAM
Oration
FLORENCE BERYL, FISHEL
Oration
Violin—"Scene de Ballet"
Oration
Oration
Orchestra—"Fantasie in B Minor"
Conferring of Degrees and Presentation of Diplomas
Benediction Day C F Chandler

ALUMNI DEPARTMENT

CLEMENT L. MARTZOLFF, B. Ped., M. Ped., Secretary

At the annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of Ohio University, in June, 1906, the office of Alumni Secretary was created. The object of this department is to assist in the work of

the Alumni Association, to organize clubs of alumni and former students, to secure data concerning the history and the alumni of the University.

A monthly news bulletin is published, giving items of interest concerning the alumni.

GENERAL ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

Constitution

ARTICLE I. This Association shall be called the "Alumni Association of the Ohio University."

ARTICLE II. The officers of the Association shall be President, Vice-President, Secretary, Treasurer, and an Executive Committee, consisting of four members, to be chosen annually.

ARTICLE III. The annual meeting of this Association shall be held in connection with the Commencement exercises of the University.

ARTICIE IV. The object of this Association shall be to cultivate fraternal relations among the Alumni of the University and to promote the interests of our Alma Mater by the holding of social reunions, by literary exercises, or by such other means as the Association may, from time to time, deem best.

ARTICLE V. Any member of the Faculty, and graduate of the University, also any one who has spent three years in the college classes of the University, and has been honorably dismissed, may, by the payment of one dollar and the signing of the Constitution, become a member of this Association.

ARTICLE VI. This Constitution may be altered or amended at any annual meeting, by a vote of two-thirds of those present at such meeting.

ARTICLE VII. Amendment. The members of this Association shall each pay into its treasury an annual fee of one dollar, and the sum so paid shall be expended in defraying the expenses of the annual reunion.

ALUMNI ASSOCIATIONS

Officers of General Alumni Association for 1914-1915

President, Dr. T. C. ILIFF, '70	. Denver, Col	orado
Vice-President, Hon. T. S. Hogan, '95	Columbus,	Ohio
Secretary, C. L. MARTZOLFF, '07	Athens,	Ohio
Treasurer, B. L. HORN, 'OI	Athens,	Ohio

Executive Committee

I. M. Foster, '95Athens,	Ohio
AMY WEIHR, '95 Athens,	Ohio
Anna K. Price, '14Athens,	Ohio
THOMAS N. HOOVER, '05 Athens.	Ohio

The Ohio University Alumni Association of Pittsburg

(Organized in 1906)

President, CALVIN B. HUMPHREY, '88

131 Riverside Drive, New York City

Secretary-Treasurer, Dr. NEWMAN H. BENNETT, '99

1908 Carson St., Pittsburg, Pa.

The Ohio University Alumni Association of Columbus

(Organized in 1909)

1507 E. Long St., Columbus, Ohio

The Ohio University Alumni Association of Southern Ohio

(Organized in 1910)

The Ohio University Alumni Association of New England

(Organized in 1912)

The Ohio University Alumni Association of the Western Reserve

(Organized in 1912)

The Ohio University Club at Cornell

(Organized in 1913)

The Ohio University Alumni Association of Southwestern Ohio

(Organized in 1914)

The Ohio University Alumni Association of Eastern Ohio

(Organized in 1914)

LIST OF STUDENTS COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS

GRADUATE STUDENTS STUDYING FOR A DEGREE

Jones, Walter Howell, A. B., B. D	Jackson
LeRoy, Bernard Reamy, A. B., M. D	Athens
Leech, Laura Helen, A. B	Athens
Lowther, William Ernest, B. S	Athens
Pemberton, Carl G., Ph. BNew	Lexington
Place, Jesse Alfred, A. B	Athens
Young, Herman H., A. B	Mogadore
	77

CLASS OF 1914

Adams, Ella Jean	Highland
Bash, Edwin Wallace	White Cottage
Beam, Floyd Guyton	Athens
Bethel, Mac Slator	Athens
Bishop, Herman Davis	Derby
Brickles, Lucy Inez	Nelsonville
Buell, Charles Townsend	Lancaster
Cheeseman, William Carl	Slippery Rock, Pa.
Cherrington, Homer Virgil	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Chrisman, Oscie Drusilla	Athens
Cline, Lizzie Faye	
Copeland, Anna Charlotte	Athens
Copeland, Edna Florence, B. S.	
Dougan, Stanley	
Du Bois, Herman Henry	
Eccles, Charles Middleton	
Fulton, Norman	
Goldsberry, Blaine Kandolph	
Graham, Miles McKindree	
Junod, Carrie Clester	
Lawrence, Majel	
LeRoy, Bernard Reamy, Sr	
Leech, Laura Helen	
McKay, Fred Merrick	
McLaughlin, Henry Max	
Micklethwaite, Louise	
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Miller, Benjamin Warren	Millwood, W. Va.
Pickering, Anna Katherine	Athens
Plyley, Chauncey Ace	Washington C. H.
Power, Eva Inez	Nelsonville
Rambo, Florence Marie	Zanesville
Renshaw, Samuel	Athens
Richards, Elsie Myrtle	Kokomo, Ind.
Rucker, Robert Elliott	Rappsburg
Sherman, George Leslie	Athens
Smith, Albert Truman	Big Plain
Stewart, Alfred William	Portsmouth
Stewart, Carroll	Athens
Swartz, Lena Ada	McArthur
Wilson, Carl Henry	Conneaut
	-40

UNDER-GRADUATES

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Abbott, Lafayette	. Eng	.Fresh	Lancaster
Aber, Irene Virginia	A. B	.Sen	Athens
Aber, Nina Conner	A. B	Sen	Athens
Albright, John Grover			
Alfred, Theodore C	A. B	Soph	Lancaster
Algeo, Charles Thomas	. Com'l	.Fresh	Pataskala
Allen, Ella	Music		Glouster
Allensworth, Agnes Florence	Special		Unionport
Anderson, Harold Way	A. B	.Jun	Lancaster
Anderson, William Reed	A. B	.Fresh	Mansfield
Andrews, Helen Elizabeth	Special.		Monmouth, Me.
Andrews, Zoe Marie	A. B	.Fresh.	Glouster
Antorietto, Dora Catherine.	Music		Athens
Armstrong, Valerie	Music		Athens
Arnold, Dana B	Eng	Fresh	Bedford
Arpee, Victoria Agnes	A. B	. Fresh	Athens
Athas, Constantine Pan	Special		Ligoudista, Greece
Atkinson, Gertrude Aldine	A. B	.Fresh	Athens
Auer, Charles Frank	Eng	Fresh.	Baltimore
Augustus, Ernest	Com'l	.Fresh.	Chillicothe
Aumiller, Leighton Edington	n.A. B	.Fresh	Nelsonville
Bahnsen, Christopher J	A. B	Soph	Latcha
Bairamain, Barker Duros	Special.		Paphos, Cyprus
Baird, Hazel Marian	Com'l	Fresh.	
Baker, Fred Gifford	Com'l		Athens
Barth, Karl Morrison	A. B	Jun	Athens
Bash, Herbert Wigton			
Battrick, Helen Claire			
Bauer, William Wert	A. B	Fresh.	Thurston

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Bauersachs, Walter Seal	A. B	. Soph.	Waverly
Bauman, Ida Grace	A. B	Jun	Allentown, Pa.
Bay, John Elbert	Eng	Soph.	Cumberland
Bell, Enid Rose	A. B	. Jun	Jacksonville
Bender, Harry Albert	A. B	Fresh	Uhrichsville
Bender, Jacob Roy	A. B	Fresh	Uhrichsvilie
Bentley, William Prescott	. A. B	Jun	Athens
Benton, Fletcher Chapman	A. B	Soph	Jackson
Bethel, Nina Pauline	A. B	Fresh	Athens
Biddle, Clinton Poston	A. B	Fresh	Athens
Bierer, Martin Ellsworth	A. B	Sen	
Biggins, Lena Glendora	Com'l.		Canaanville
Bins, Norbert Matthew	Eng	Fresh	Lorain
Black, Della Olive	. Music .		Athens
Black, Edith Lucile	Music .		McConnelsville
Blake, Carleton Frederic	Special		Monmouth, Me.
Blosser, Frank Ray	A. B	Sen	Hicksville
Bogran, Samuel	Eng	Soph.	.Santa Barbara, Honduras
Bolin, Eleanor	Com'l.		Athens
Bort, Donald S	Com'l.	Soph	Logan
Bowser, Ida Elizabeth			
Brady, Benjamin Franklin	Eng	.Soph .	Nelsonville
Brainerd, Arthur Alanson	A. B	Sen	
Brown, Floyd Ernest	Music .		Athens
Brown, James Gladstone	A. B	Sen	Uhrichsville
Brown, Wilda Lucile	Music .		Athens
Brubaker, Elizabeth Marie			
Brubaker, Lucile	Com'l	. Fresh	Urbana
Bryson, Lucy Weethee	Music .		College Hill
Buchanan, Arthur Ellsworth	n. Com'l.	Fresh	
Buchanan, Bertha Aletha	A. B	Fresh	Sherodsville
Buell, Lewis Edward	. A. B	Soph.	South Bloomfield
Bunch, Charles Henry	A. B	. Sen	Ravenna
Bundy, William Sanford	A. B	Sen	Athens
Burleigh, Viola May	Com'l .		Athens
Burson, Ethel Frances	Music .		Athens
Cagg, Miles Herbert	A. B	Fresh	Nelsonville
Callison, Lester Meek	A. B	. Fresh	Calvin, W. Va.
Calvin, Harley Earl	Eng	Soph.	Hamden
Cameron, Arthur Edward			
Campbell, Florence Katherin			
Carpenter, Alfred Hadley			
Carpenter, Edith Marie	Com'l.	Soph	Athens
Carr, Marie			
Carroll, Anna Elnor			
Carter, Ludlow Ray			
Caruthers, Teresa Lorraine.	A. B	Soph	Middleport

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Cassady, Everett Sidney	A. B	Fresh	Belpre
Causley, Mayola Herriff	Com'l.		Cleveland
Chamberlain, Willard Jaso			
Chandler, Frances Adelaid			
Chandler, Jane Hammond			
Chandler, Mary Hammond			
Chang, Ju Shen			
Chapman, Ernestine Carna			0,
Chapman, George Lawrence			
Chase, Lowell Henry			
Chen, Shon Jen			
Cherrington, Edith Mabel			
Christman, Eva Leo			
Christman, John Carringto			
Chu, Tsowa	,		
Chubb, Catherine Downer			
Chubb, Ida Maude			
Clark, Carl			
Clements, Rudy Allen			
Clendenin, William Everet	tEng	Fresh	Athens
Cline, Hazael Blanche	A. B	Soph	Albany
Cole, Clarence Edison	A. B	Sen	
Cole, Fern Lelah	A. B	Sen	
Coleman, Frances White	Com'l.		
Collins, Ruth Chandler	Music.		Columbus
Conaway, Willard Green	A. B	Sen	Ridgway, Pa.
Connelly, Margaret Wylie.			
Cooksey, Helen Van Clief.			
Cookson, Thomas J			
Cooley, John Milton			
Cooley. Merrill Finley			
Cooley, William Leonard.			
Coombs, Lucile			
Cooper, Gilbert Floyd			
Copeland, Nelle Elizabeth			
Copeland, Wm. Franklin, J			
Cotner, Robert Arthur		Fresh	Athens
Couyumdjopoulos, Constatine J		Soph	Beni Souef, Egypt
Cox, Garnett Leggett	A. B	Soph	Coshocton
Crawford, John Harry			
Cronacher, Henrietta Viole	etA. B.,	Sen	Ironton
Cuckler, Kathryn Eunice.	Music		Athens
Cupp, Luther Allen			
Curtis, Mary Lucile			
Dains, Evalina			
Dais, Katherine	Music		Athens

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Davidson, Ralph Edwin	Music .		Athens
Davis, Clara			
Davis, Daniel	Eng	Soph	Athens
Davis, Margaret			
Davis, Ruth Myers			
De Long, Guy William			
Dearth, Ethel Marie	-	-	
Dew, Frank Wheeler			
Dew, Margaret Jeannette			
Dilcher, Charles Albert			
Doernenburg, Elsie			
Dougan, Virgil Curtis			
Du Hadway, Eva Elizabeth.			
Dupuy, Henrietta Deonna			
Eakin, Charles Thornton			
Eccles, Henry H			
Eli, Mun Look.			
Elson, Winfred Paul			
Emde, John Martin			
Englehart, Walter Stewart			
Esch, Eirine Eliza			
Espy, Raymond Henry			
Evans, Edith Gwendolyn			
Eves, Edward Holt			
Ewing, Clara Pauline			
Fagan, Fanny Lucile			
Falloon, Helen Worth			
•			
Falloon, James Hugh			
Fenzel, William Henry			
Finsterwald, Edwin Sayre			
Finsterwald, Russell Weihr.			
Fisher, Charles Richard			
Flegal, Jacob Carl			
Flesher, Vashti Pauline			
Fletcher, Mary Ella			
Foley, Louis Haynes			
Ford, Lydia Mae	Com'1.		Athens
Forsyth, Florance D., Ph. B.			
Fought, Julia May			
Foutch, Lena Elizabeth	Special	Clark	Athens
Frame, Howard Morrill Francis, Arthur James	AB	Sopn	Norwell
French, Willis Lewis	A. B	South	Washington C H
Frost, Loah Lucile			
Gahm. Jacob Harold	A. B	Fresh	Jackson
Gandee, Wilbert Dale	A. B	Fresh	Athens
Geach, Edith Claire			
Geib, Arleigh Lloyd	A. B	Fresh	Middlebranch

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Geib, Lorena	A. B	Soph	Middlebranch
Gettles, Alice Hazel			
Gillen, Harold William			
Gillen, Roy John			
Gillilan, Anna Pearl			
Ginnan, Marie Elizabeth	Com'l	opii	A thens
Goddard, Fred Benoni			
Goddard, Harry Hull			
Goddard, John Rodney			
Gorsuch, Mary Ruth			
Graf, Walter William			
Graham, George Naylor			
Graham, Hazel Frances			
Greenlee, Charles Theodore			
Grethen, John Peter			
Grether, Lewis Elroy			
Griffin, Homer Glenn			
Gullette, Cameron Charles.			
Hackett, Mary Patton			
Hahn, Ralph			
Hall, William Loring			
Hammond, Fay			
Hanely, Chester Franklin.			
Hanna, Maybelle Lenore			
Hansen, Frank Frederick			
Harper, Walter Jean			
Hart, Frederick Glenn			
Hartford, Edward Elmer			
Hastings, Stanley Miller			
Hatch, Alva Gilbert			
Hauschildt, Katherine			
Hawkins, Douglas McWillian			
Hendershott, Howard Erne			
Hendrickson, Mark Clayton			
Henry, Alice Minerva			
Henry, Chloe Elizabeth			
Henry, Doris	Music.		Athens
Henry, Lucile Rebecca	A. B.	Jun	Athens
Herrold, Rose Ella	A. B	Sen	Nelsonville
Herrold, Russell Phillips	A. B	Jun	Athens
Heskett. Harrison Allison.	A. B	Sen	Bethesda
Hibbard, Edwin McCune	A. B	Fresh.	Athens
Hibbard, William Donald			
Higgins, Leight Monroe			
Higgins, Rachel Jennings			
Hill, Clyde Gilman			
Hill, Gail H			

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Hixson, Elizabeth Jeannette.	.Com'l		Chauncey
Hoffmeister, Alex. C. M	.A. B	.Sen	Athens
Hoisington, Harland William	.A. B	.Soph	
Holden, Harry	.A. B	.Fresh	Bethesda
Holley, Walter Scott	.A. B	.Fresh	Hamlin, W. Va.
Hoodlet, Charles Stuart	.A. B	.Fresh	Nelsonville
Hopkins, Homer Smith			
Horn, Albert Henry			
Hover, John McCoy			
Howard, Clarence Edward			
Howard, Mildred Anna			
Howard, Vertis Elizabeth	Com'l		Athens
Howe, Mary Ellen	.A. B	.Jun	Troy
Hudson, Chester Arthur			
Huffman, David Clark	0		
Hughes, Milton De La Haye-A.			
Huls, Mabel Lena			
Hunnicutt, William Clarence			
Hunt, Johnston Hickson			
Hussey, Cyril Christopher			
Jackson, Homer Burton			" ,
Jackson, Katherine			
Jackson, Ole Cleveland Jacoby, Marvella Juanita			
Jennings, Glenn			
Jewett, Joseph Everett			
Johnson, Bernard David			
Johnson, Eva May			
Johnson, John Edwin			
Johnston, Mayme Virginia			
Jones, William Dale			
Junod, Grace Marie, Ph. B			
Kahler, George Rannells			
Kelly, Etta			
Kelly, Helen			
Kelly, Wendel		-	
Kendall, Gilbert Lloyd			
Kendall, Richard Stockham.			
Kennedy, Ada E	Special.		New Marshfield
Kerr, Alexander Charles			
Kerr, Mary Helen	A. B	Soph	Beverly
Kilpatrick, Hazel Jane	Special.		
Kimble, Jennie Leon			
Kimes, Blair Reed King, Alice Lorena	A B	Fresh	Warren
King, Edward Riley			
King, James Robertson	Eng	. Soph	Clyde
Knight, James Dawson	Com'l	. Fresh	Nelsonville

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Knight, Oscar Allen	A. B	Jun	Athens
Knisely, Omar Ashton	Eng	Soph	Bainbridge
Koenig, Norma Anna	Music .		Murray
Krieg, Leland Irving	Eng	Soph	Nelsonville
Langsdon, Walter Ralph	Eng	. Soph	Mendon
Lash, Greta Alecia	A. B	Soph	Athens
Law, Christine Elizabeth	A. B	Sen	Chauncey
Lawrence, Arthur Elbert	A. B	Soph	Coolville
Le Roy, Bernard Reamy, Jr	A. B	Sen	
Le Roy, Frank Coats	A. B	Fresh	Athens
Leech, Mary Alice	.A. B	Sen	Los Angeles, Calif.
Leete, Constance Grosvenor	A. B	Soph	Athens
Liggett, Clarence Carr	A. B	Jun	Athens
Liggett, Nellie Beatrice	A. B	Fresh	Leesville
Lim, Wee Kim			
Lineburg, Jesse Bruce			
Logan, Edward Wilson	Eng	Soph	Athens
Logan, John Arthur	A. B	Fresh	Athens
Long, Louis John			
Lonsinger, Celia	A. B	Fresh	Walhonding
Lott, Helen Flowers	Music .		Columbus
Lott, Herman, Jr	Eng	Fresh	Minas Geraes, Brazil
Love, Arthur Albert			
Lummis, Jacob Chauncey	Eng	Fresh	Hot Springs, S. Dak.
Lutes, Olin Silas	A. B	Sen	Coal Center, Pa.
Lynn, Wallace Leroy	A. B	Fresh	Clintonville, Pa.
McBee, Earl Edgar	A. B	Jun	Athens
McCarty. Floyd	Music .		Glouster
McCauley, Nelle	.Music .	Fresh	Sutton, W. Va.
McCleery, Walter Scott			
McConnell, Gilbert Franklin.	.A. B	Jun	Gnadenhutten
McCreary, Melvin Leslie	A. B	Fresh	Freeport
McDougall, Gilbert Woodwort	h Eng	Soph	Athens
McGinniss, Robert Daniel	.A. B	Jun	Zanesville
McGowan, Helen Catherine	Music.		Athens
McKay, Helen	Music.		Milledgeville
McKee, Grosvenor Stewart	Eng	Soph	Athens
McKee, Ross Hamilton	.Eng	Soph	West Carlisle
McKibben, Clovis Litle	Eng	Fresh	
McLeod, Constance Truman,			
A.B	.Music.		Wyoming
McReynolds, Wilbur Reece	.A. B	Sen	Columbus
McVay, Charles Don			
Mann, Karl Burr			
Mann, Margaret Mercein	A. B	Fresh	Athens
Mann, Samuel David			
Mardis, Harold Carson	A. B	Soph	Athens

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Mariner, Daisy Belle	Com'l.		Athens
Marquis, Carrie Edith	Music.		Athens
Martin, Gertrude Mae	.Com'l.		Albany
Martin, Peter Elwyn	A. B	. Fresh	
Mast, Cora Elma	A. B	Sen	Zanesville
Mercer, Gladys Lucile	A. B	Soph	Gambier
Merkle, Robert	A. B	Soph	Bourneville
Merwin, Addie Tullis	Music.		Athens
Merwin, Margaret Blanche			
Miller, Albert Edward	A. B	Soph	East Liverpool
Miller, Fletcher McCoy	A. B	Sen	Athens
Millikan, Agnes Dyson B	Music.		Athens
Millikan, Donald Beck	Music.		Athens
Mills, Grover Cleveland	\dots Com'l.		Athens
Mills, Lewis Herald	A. B	Jun	Athens
Mindigo, Rose Marie	A. B	Soph	Corning
Moler, Harley Edwin	A. B	Soph	Athens
Moore, Frederick Darrell	A. B	Jun	Athens
Moore, Harold Amos	A. B	Sen	Danville, Ill.
Moore, Jo Alma	A. B	. Soph	Athens
Morehead, Howard Franklin	nEng	Fresh	Hamden
Morgan, Thomas Everett	A. B	Fresh	Jackson
Morgan, Thomas Wendell	Eng	Fresh	Jackson
Morris, Dana Claire			
Morris, Frank Otto	Eng	Soph	Albany
Morrison, Robert Byron	Eng	Fresh	Zanesville
Morton, Hamilton Emanuel			
Morton, Rosa Creta			
Motz, Lester Le Roy			
Murch, James DeForest			
Nader, Edna Valentine			
Neff, Perry Andrew			
Nelson, Leta May			
Nelson, Marguerite Lucile			
Nesbitt, Hannah Mary			
Newsome, James Earl			
Nicol, Carlyle Forrest			
Nixon, John Newton			
Norris, Herman Henry			
Norris, Lenna Catherine			
Nusly, Ruth Elizabeth			
Nye, Charles Edward			
O'Rourke, Marie Katherine.			
Oldham, Fred Wilson Ott, Harry Wesley			
Pairan. Paul Edward			
Pairan. Paul Edward Palmer, Horace Dutton			
raimer, Horace Dutton	A. B	sopn	

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Parfitt, Blanche Ruby	Music.	Fresh	Athens
Parker, Edna Lucile	Music.		Athens
Parker, May Margaret	Music.		Athens
Parker, William Floyd	A. B	Soph	Athens
Parks, Florence	A. B	Fresh	Nelsonville
Parr, Charles Hamilton	Eng	Fresh	Great Bend
Parry, Anna Gladys	Com'l.		Jackson
Patrick, Ralph Leroy	Eng	Fresh	Pickerington
Paugh, Charles Thomas	A. B	Sen	Athens
Pelley, Mary Vance	A. B	Sen	Mingo Junction
Penzickes. Cleanthos Const	an-		
tine	Eng	Soph	Nicosia, Cyprus
Peoples, Helen Foster			
Peoples, Mary Foster	Music		Athens
Perry, Hazel Lucile	A. B	Soph	Martins Ferry
Peters, Stewart Harris	Specia	1	Mt. Gilead
Peterson, Carl Theodore	Eng	Soph	Lorain
Petros, Edward Joseph	Com'l.		Cleveland
Peugh, Earl Kemper	Eng	Soph	Glouster
Phillips, Adda Alderman	Music.		Athens
Phillips, Eleanor Primrose	Music.		Athens
Phillips, Helen Marie	A. B	Sen	Hornell, N. Y.
Pickering, Gertrude Gardne	r. A. B	Sen	Athens
Pickering, James Theodore	A. B	Sen	Athens
Pickering, Kenneth Harvey	A. B	Fresh	Athens
Pierce, John Harley	A. B	Soph	Shade
Pilcher, Leroy Washington.	Com'l.	Soph	MeArthur
Pilcher, Lois Teresa	A. B	Sen	McArthur
Poling, Robert Burton			
Porter, Allie Goddard	Music		Chauncey
Porter, Julia Elizabeth			
Post, Harriet Grace			
Post, Mary Hazel			
Powell, Newman Minnich			
Power, Everett			
Preston, Ellen Harkins			
Price, John Henry			
Pritchard, Charles Gilbert.			
Rader, Georgia Hattie			
Rambo, George Jefferson			
Reeves, Wilbur David			
Reichelderfer, Gladys Ruth			
Reinoehl, Earl Ralston			
Reynolds, Beneva Elizabeth			
Reynolds, Helen			
Rhodes, Clifford John			
Richards, Besse Estelle	Music .	Fresh	Glouster

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Richardson, Charley Burr	Eng	Fresh	
Richardson, Grace Vida	Music.		Athens
Richeson, Mary Grindle	Com'l.	Soph	St. Paris
Rickey, Edna	A. B	Fresh	Athens
Riley, Grace Lillian			
Riley, James Perry	A. B	Jun	Guysville
Riley, Mildred Ann	Music .		Athens
Roach, Bernice Maude	Music .		Athens
Roach, Edith Marie	Music .		
Roach, Hazel Putnam	A. B	Soph	Athens
Roberts, Emmett Ephraim.	A. B	. Sen	McConnelsville
Roberts, Mabel Ruth	A. B	Fresh .	Middleport
Robinson, Ort Kelso	A. B	Fresh	De Graff
Rodgers, Emma Wilson	A. B	Soph .	New Lexington
Rodock, Roy Edgar			
Rogers, Lynton Harold	Eng	Soph	Lorain
Romine, Glen Mutchler	Com'l.	Soph	
Rosser, Hazel Mae	A. B	Fresh.	Nelsonville
Rossetter, Howard Monroe .			
Rothgery, George Albert	Eng	Fresh.	Lorain
Roush, Helen Cornell	Music .		Athens
Russell, Lewis Walter	Eng	. Soph	Luther, Mont
Rutledge, Ethel Cora	A.B	. Sen	Athens
Rutledge, Grace Lucinda			
Sakurai, Rinzo M			
Sams, Darrell Hudson			
Sanford, Robert Mason			
Sayre, Arthur Alan			
Sayre, Edgar Weaver			
Schaeffler, Gretchen Amelia			
Schaeffler, Leo			
Scheer, Nelle C			
Schilling, Stewart Earle			
Schloss, Belle Elizabeth			
Schwab, Dolleno			
Scott, Cash Leon			
Sebestyen, Andrew			
Secoy, Lauren			
Secrest, William Jackson			
Seelig, Frederic Charles			
Seibel, Elmer Herman			
Seidenfelt, Henry Kaiser			
Seward, J. Emrie			
Sharp, Hattie Stiles			
Sharp, William Thompson.	Eng	Fresh	
Shaw, Wayne	A. B .	\dots Fresh	Rising Sun
Shepherd, Pauline Stoody	A. B	Fresh	Cleveland

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Sherman, Ray	Com'l	Fresh	
Silcott, Gordon Raymond	A. B	Jun	Nelsonville
Simkins, Richard			
Sines, Mabel Alice			
Sinkey, John T			
Slaughter, Adria Alice			
Smith, Lena Violet			
Smith, Patsy,			
Snyder, Atheal Clio			
Snyder, Earl Sidney			
Souder, Ruth Serena	A B	Sonh	Athens
Speck, Margaret Jane	A B	Frach	Dannison
Sprague, Allan Dent			
Sprague, Lenore Adalene			
Stalder, Margaret Ullon			
Starr, Everett Murch			
Stewart, John Wendell			
Stitt, Lydia Isabel			
Stratton, Mae Louise			
Strawn, Don Carlos			
Strode, Rachel Ann			
Stuart, George Washington			
Swank, Helen Armacost			
Swanson, Hester Sarelda			
Sweeney, Eunice Margaret.			
Swick, William Landon			
Sykes, Doris Mary			
Tannahill, Bertha Ann			
Taylor, Marguerite Grove.			
Tewksbury, Crescent Willia			
Thomas, Deborah			
Thomas, Hazel Leola			
Thomas, John Nelson			
Thomas, Susan Mildred			
Thompson, Carl Vernette			
Thurlow, Genevieve Baker.			
Thurlow, Greeley Gordon			
Timms, Ezra Dowd			
Tyree, Harold Burdick	A. B	Sen	Huntington, W. Va.
Upham, Chester Robert	Eng		Mt. Vernon
Van Dyke, Gladys Marie			
Van Valey, Edwin Glazier	A. B	Fresh	Walton W. Va,
Verwohlt, Howard William			
Vianna, Luiz de Lima	A. B	. Jun	Minas Geraes, Brazil
Wade, Leta Lurene	Com'l.		Millfleld
Wagner, Mary Emma			
Walden, Blanche Leota	A. B	Jun	Athens

Name	Course	Rank	Address
Walker, Robert Herman	Eng		New Marshfield
Wardlow, Nell L	Com'l.		Winchester
Warner, Florence Isadore			
Warrener, Mary Estelle	A. B	Jun	Athens
Watkins, Charles	Com'l .		Luhrig
Watkins, Wendell Sprague	eA. B	Fresh.	Chauney
Weaver, Helen	Music.		
Webster, Frances Elizabet	hMusic .		Athens
Weed, Fred Ozias			
Welday, Sadelle Margaret			
Wells, Alma Lucile			
Whipple, Byron			
Whiston, Wilbur Harry			
White, William C. Orr			
Wilder, Alfred James			
Wilder, Lilla E. M			
Wilkes, Inez Grace			
Williams, Gwilym I			
Williams, James Edward.			
Williams, Mary Margaret			
Willis, Gertrude			
Wilson, Harry Clifford			
Wilson, Harry Reynolds.			
Wilson, Ruth			
Wilson, Thelma Fae			
Wingett, Ruth Barker			
Wininger, Roscoe J			
Winings, William Kail			
Winter, Hazel			
Wood, Austin Vorhes			
Wood, Ernest Richard Wood, Homer Balden			
Worden, Esther Margueri			
Wyatt, Bessie Madge			
Yanit, Margaret			
Yoakem, Howard Haynes			
Young, Lola Lee			
Toung, Lora Lee	om 1 _. .	******	—538
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STATE NORMAL COLLEGE

GRADUATE STUDENTS STUDYING FOR A DEGREE

Athens

Comstock Joseph Hooker A B B S in E

Comstock, Joseph Hooker, A. B., B. S. in E	Athens
Gibson, Elza Goodspeed, Ph. B., B. S. in E	
Lu, Mau Deh, B. S. in E	
McVay, Francis Halbert, B. S. in E	Athens
Root, Alexander, B.S. in E	Athens
Wolcott, Marion, B. S. in E	Greenwich
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CLASS OF 1914	
	Athens
Blumenthal, William Raphael	
Cattell, Lurena Marjorie	
Crisenberry, Virginia May, A. B	
Everhart, Walter H	West Lafayette
Fattig, Perry Wilbur, B. S	
Fishel, Florence Beryl	Pleasant City
Frampton, Burl	
Greisheimer, Essie Maud	Chillicothe
Hall, Margaret	Proctor, W. Va.
Hanna, Mary Isabel	Cadiz
Hewitt, Estella Faye	New Marshfield
Hutchins, Florence Estelle, B. S	Nelsonville
Knoll, Zella Elizabeth	Alliance
Lyle, Albert Francis	Shelbyville, Ill.
Lyle, Joseph Wilson	
McLaughlin, George Evert	
McNaughton, James Edgar	
McPherson, William B	
O'Connor, Gertrude, A. B	
Patterson, Lena Estelle, A. B	
Price, Anna Klostermeier	
Price, Marie Louise, A. B	
Ray, John Watson	
Robinson, Anna Elizabeth	
Shafer, Samuel Sullivan	
Shuman, Mary Ethel	
Skinner, Charles Edward	
Templer, May	Belpre
Thompson, Bert McCune	
Tresham, Jessie May	
Wiley, Nathaniel	
Wilkes, Ernest Constantine, A, B	
Wood, Cary C.	
	—34
	-01

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UNDERGRADUATES

Name	Rank	Address
Acker, Marie Leone	.Fresh	Favette
Adams, Nancy Ruth		
Aiken, Edyth Caroline		
Albert, Homer Clark		
Albert, Louise M		
Allison, Eliza Maude		
Andrews, Nellie Belle		
Applegate, Vesta		
Arbaugh, Helen Scott		
Archer, Angie		
Armstrong, Lyman Walter		
Armstrong, Violet Janet		
Aten, Lucile		
Atkisson, Mattie Margaret		
Ault, Mary Ruth		
Axline, Mary Barbara		
Bacon, Isabelle Elizabeth		
Badnell, Ethel Mary		
Bagley, Ethel May		
Bailey, Laura Belle		
Baird, Don Otto		
Baldwin, Gladys		
Baldwin, Harley Eugene		
Ball, Frances Winifred		
Balliett, Nora Belle		
Ballmer, Ula May		
Barbee, Hazel		
Barcroft, Frances		
Barnett, Arthur		
Barnett, Frances Ella		
Barnett, Leonard		
Barrett, Veda Marie		
Barrows, Golda Irene		
Bartlett, Alison		
Basom, Florence Allard		
Bateman, Grace		
Battrick Mabel Celestia	Fresh	Williamsfield
Baum, Effle Brown		
Bauman, Ada		
Bay, Helen Swern		
Bayley, Annia May		
Beatty, Harry T		
Beck, Josephine Leona		
Beckley, Carrie Ethel	Jun	MeArthur
Bell, Arl Mary	Soph	Athens

Name	Rank	Address
Bell, Bruzella Catharine	Fresh	Crooksville
Bell, Coral		
Benecke, Lydia		
Benedict, Bess Mae		
Bennett, Jessie Hope		
Berry, Ethel Alice		
Biedel, Grace Mayfred		
Bienz, Neva Blanche		
Bischoff, Florence Lucille		
Bishop, Lena Marie		
Bitzer, Harry Leslie		
Black, Treva		
Blackwood, Faye Fern		
Boger, Elsie		
Bohl, Bessie Lucile		
Border, Mabel Iva		
Bork, Bertha A.		
Borror, George William		
Bouts, John Harry		
Bowers, Clyde Emerson		
Bowers, Edna Marie		
Bowers, Florence Mae		
Boyer, Edna Elizabeth		
Boyer, Faye		
Bracken, Margaret Frances		
Brettell, Elizabeth		
Breyfogle, Myrtle Belle		
Britton, Jesse Brown		
Brohard, Edith Bronson		
Broomhall, Lula Blanche		
Brough, Gladys Irvin		
Brough, Kathryn Irene		
Brown, Florence Marie		
Brown, Hejen Duval		
Brown, Idabel Ruth		
Brown, Mabel Lucile		
Brown, Rose Ora		
Brown, Theodora Garnett		
Bruning, Irene Ruth		
Brunner, Ruth Emily		
Bryson, Lucile Mary		
Buchanan, Elizabeth Phoebe	Special	Woodsfield
Buell, Esther Lavina	Fresh	Croton
Bullock, Helen Mary		
Bunger, Anna Mae		
Bye, Mary Lenore		
Calhoon, Mina		
	-	0

Name	Rank	Address
Call, Goldie	.Fresh	New Straitsville
Cameron, Olive Lucile		
Campbell, Edith		
Campbell, Gertrude Chloe		
Carnahan, Fannie Elizabeth		
Carr, Joseph Clyde		
Carter, Ethel Marie		
Case, Mary Helen		
Cassell, Anna Mae		
Caster, Lovina		
Cavanaugh, Catherine		
Cherrington, Alta Blanche		
Christman, Frank Joseph		
Christman, Gladys Fantine		
Christman, Jacob Branch		
Clark, Florence Mildred		
Clark, Mary Evangeline		
Clem, Isabel		
Clemans, Esther		
Clifford, Isabelle Ethel		
Cline, Mamie Eula		
Clohs, Cora May		
Coe, Alta Mildred		
Coe, Mabel Mae		
Cole, Gladys Blanche	.Soph	Hartville
Coleman, Ina		
Coleman, Mabel Bertine		
Coles, Helen Alice	.Fresh	Jackson
Collard, Bernice		
Collins, Anastasia	.Soph	Athens
Collins, Mary Jane	.Soph	Washington C. H.
Connell, Henry Brice	.Fresh	Mt. Sterling
Cook, Jessie	.Fresh	Bloomingburg
Cooley, May Lucile	$. Fresh\dots\dots\dots$	Manchester
Cooper, Edna Catherine		
Copeland, Nancy Louisa		
Corner, Dayton Orrin		
Corwin, Elma Rebecca		
Cotterman, Homer Ray	$. Fresh \dots \dots \dots$	Glenford
Coultrap, Anna Marie		
Cox, Mary	.Fresh	Toronto
Cox, Stanley Donald		
Crawford, Flo		
Crile, Helen Hoetler		
Cronin, Helena Mabel		
Crooks, Hazel Marie		
Cross, Bonnie Prudence	.Jun	North Baltimore

Name	Rank	Address
Cryder, Maude Ethel	.Fresh	Athens
Cuckler, Dicie Enita	Soph	Athens
Cullum, Opal Wilma	Special	Nelsonville
Cunningham, Mabel Keturah	Soph	Steubenville
Cupp, Dorothy	Special	Chillicothe
Curry, Bess Todd	Soph	Columbus
Danford, Gladys Allen	.Sen	Glouster
Danford, Merle Elizabeth	Soph	Trimble
Danner, Dorothy Townsend	.Fresh	Minerva
Davids, Dora Opal	-Special	Sabina
Davidson, Bess Arcada		
Davis, Ada	.Special	Coalton
De Graft, Glenn Morgan	.Soph	Bradner
De Vore, Mary Mildred	.Fresh	Nelsonville
De Witt, Anna Evelyn	.Fresh	Amlin
Dempsey, Luella Ruth	.Fresh	Wellston
Dennis, Mollie	.Fresh	Clarksburg
Dickerson, Viva, Ph. B	Special	Jersey
Dickson, Bessie Bell		
Dillon, Clarence Bertram	Special	Franklin Furnace
Dillon, Elizabeth F	Special	Franklin Furnace
Dinsmoor, Constance Faye	Soph	Shade
Dinsmoor, Frieda	.Fresh	Shade
Dixon, Mildred	$. \\ Fresh$	Vigo
Dixon, Verna Elizabeth	Fresh	Coalton
Dodds, Marie Louise		
Dole, Grace Rebecca	.Fresh	Uhrichsville
Dole, Una Mae		
Dornan, Edith		
Downing, Walter Andrew		
Dozer, Mary Jane		
Drake, Goldie Jean		
Drake, Kathryn Eileen		
Duncan, Helen Evelyn		
Dunn, William Ross		
Durigg, Jacob Lee		
Durkee, Alice Lizbeth		
Durkee, William Henry		
Eagles, Jean Ethel		
Eaton, Charlotte Mercedes		
Ebersbach, Alice Louise		
Ebersbach, Florence Josephine		
Eddy, Mildred Arline		
Ellis, Goldie Mae		
Ellis, Grace Kathryn		
Ellis, Hollie Clifford		
Emery, Annetta Fay	Soph	Newark

Name	Rank	Address
Emmons, John E	Special	Bethel
Emsweiler, Harold W	.Special	Utica
England, Osie	.Fresh	Chillicothe
Entsminger, Elsie	Soph	Middleport
Evans, Anna Louise	.Fresh	Portsmouth
Evans, Myrle	Fresh	New Straitsville
Everett, Stella Mae	Jun	Larue
Ewers, Lela Arminda	. Jun	Fredericktown
Eyman, Florence Long	Fresh	Lancaster
Fackler, Lottie	.Special	Chicago Junction
Fawcett, Shirley Minerva	Soph	Wellsville
Featherstone, Thomas Arlow	.Fresh	Stewart
Fell, Elsie May	Fresh	Crooksville
Ferrell, Erma Olive	Fresh	Bellaire
Feth, Freda Henrietta	Fresh	Athens
Finsterwald, Nelle	. Soph	Athens
Fish, Bernice Firth	Fresh	Troy
Fish, Gladys Blanche		
Fisher, Mary Etta		
Fiske, Mabel Claire		
Fitzgerald, Agnes		
Fleming, Samuel Edwin		
Flowers, Edna Lenore		
Floyd, Clara Mae		
Floyd, Homer Samuel		
Fluke, Edna Lucile		
Flynn, Rhea Kirby		
Foucht, Urban R		
Foughty, Clara		
Foutch, Viola Frances	•	
Fouts, Ida Irene		
Fox, Marguerite Josephine		
Fox, Marie Helen		
Frampton, Jay T		
French, Cora Elizabeth		
Fry. Mary Mabel		
Frye, Lola Belle Chester		
Fuller, Roland Andrew		
Fulwider, William Elbert, B. S.		
Gant. Homer F		
Garber, Elizabeth Gertrude		
Gardner, Mary Emolyn		
Gaskill, Pearley		
Geyer, Mary Louise		
Gibson, Audrey Mabel		
Gillette, Edna Elizabeth		

Name	Rank	Address
Gillilan, Ruth Clare	Fresh	Salt Lake, Utah
Goddard, Augusta Maria		
Goodno, Marguerite		
Goodspeed, Dee		
Gotshall, Elizabeth Marie		
Graf, Mary Alice		
Grafton, Winifred Jaymes		
Griffin, Hazel May		
Griffith, Mildred Louise		
Grones, Dow Seigel		
Grover, Maria Rome		
Growdon, Clarence Holmes		
Gysan, Anna Marie.		
Haight, Mabel		
Haines, Frances Henrietta		
Hall, Helen Mildred		
Hall, Jesse Charles		
Halley, Ross		
Hamilton, Cleo Katherine		
Hamilton, Sarah Edmeston		
Hampton, Roxy May		
Hanna, Frances Sarah		
Haptonstall, Eva Alma		
Hardin, Edith Lucreta		
Hardin, Winifred Daisy		
Harmon, Pearl June		
Harris, Alice Glenna		
Harrod, Esther Lillian		
Harrod, Florence Ada		
Hart, Virrel Miles		
Hartford, Esther Rachel		
Hastings, Carrie Alida		
Hatton, Mae		
Hayes, Everett Raymond		
Hayes, Winifred		
Hechler, Anna Clara		
Hemphill, Winona		
Henderson, Florence Lucille		
Henderson, Ivah Jane		
Henke, Anita Lucile		
Herbert, Kathryne Anne		
Herbert, Nell		
Herold, Helen		
Hesse, Edna Fern		
Hesse, Myrtle Lucile		
Hesser, Helen Jane		
Heyner, Mildred Clair	Soph	Cleveland

Name	Rank	Address
Hibbs, Mabel Florence	.Fresh	Scio
Higbie, Una Dale	.Special	Jenera
Higby, Josephine Sharpe	Soph	Higby
Hill, Stella M	.Fresh	Dennison
Hite, Mary Ruth	.Soph	Marietta
Hoak, Hazel Claire		
Hoffert, Ruth Florence	.Soph	Bradford
Holden, Majorie Frances, Ph. B	.Sen	Zanesville
Holland, Esther Marie	Fresh	Cadiz
Hollett, Marie Hartzell	.Fresh	Athens
Holmes, Rachel Juanita	.Special	Carroll
Holmes, Ruth Erla	.Fresh	E. Liverpool
Hoodlet, Dorothy Helen	.Fresh	Nelsonville
Hoover, Eunice Nell	.Special	Black Run
Hoover, Gladys Beatrice	.Fresh	Athens
Hoover, Mary		
Hoover, Sylvia	Soph	.Middlebranch
Horton, Irene	Special	Zaleski
Horton, Merrill Aima	.Fresh	Lockwood
Horton, Minnie Helena	Jun	Lockwood
Hover, Fred Rex	Fresh	Harrod
Howard, Gale	Fresh	Kenton
Howard, Hubert L	Fresh	Pataskala
Howard, Marea Rosalind	.Fresh	Youngstown
Howell, Gladys Marie	.Fresh	McArthur
Howland, David	.Special	West Union
Huffman, Bruce	Special	Chesterhill
Huffman, Effie May	Fresh	Chesterhill
Hufford, Mary Elizabeth	.Fresh	Lancaster
Hughes, Florence Effie	.Fresh	Laneaster
Huls, Ora Mildred	Fresh	Athens
Humphrey, Christine	Fresh	Geneva
Humphreys, Agnes Rachel	. Fresh	East Liberty
Hunley, Martha Jane		
Hunt, Hazel Elizabeth		
Hunt, Helen Elizabeth		
Hupp, Florence Mae	.Fresh	Hemlock
Hupp, James Lloyd		
Hurd, Bertha Opal		
Huston, Mildred Elizabeth		
Hysell, Althea Fay		
Ickis, Marguerite Gourlay	. Fresh	Adena
Imler, Elsie Ellen		
Jackson, Frederick Augustus		
James, Margaretta Elizabeth		
James, Merl Elmo		
Johns, Edna May	Fresh	Mt. Gilead

Name	Rank	Address
Johnson, Angie Gertrude	Fresh	Richwood
Johnson, Lillian		
Johnston, Reed Seth	.Sen	Athens
Jones, Anna Maude		
Jones, Anne Matilda		
Jones, Bessie Mae	Fresh	Nelsonville
Jones, Earl Leslie		
Jones, Eunice Ann		
Jones, Faye		
Jones, Grace Hoyt		
Jones, John William, A. B		
Jones, Ruth Elizabeth		
Jones, Ruth Klein		
Jones, S. Alberta		
Justice, Laura Leoti		
Kampf, Grace		
Karr, Edna Juliet		
Kasler, Frederica		
Katzenbach, Edward Lee		
Katzenbach, Lucy Marie		
Keely, Edna Rosetta		
Kehl, Edwin Deming		
Kelly, Lu Verne		
Kelly, Margaret		
Kennedy, Blanche Ruth		
Kilpatrick, Alta Susan		
Kilper, Leda Ruth		
Kimball, Marjorie		
Kimble, Edna Blanche		
King, Dana M		
King, Martha Lee		
Kinsey, Bertha Lee		
Kirkbride, Wanda Marguerite		
Klever, Edna Marie		
Knapp, Emma Anna Knoll, Elsie Leota		
Krapps, Zelma Katherine		
Kratt, Barbara Ethel		
Lane, Wilma		
Lash, Faye Ardelle		
Lauth, Jesse Warren		
Lavine, Anna Claire		
Lawless, Emma Clare		
Lawton, Anna Mabel		
Lawwill, Nellie Alice		
Laycock, Grace Doris		
Leckrone, Chloe	.Fresh	Chalfants

Name	Rank	Address
Lee, Robert Leslie	.Fresh	Chauncey
Lee, William V	.Special	Nelsonville
Leffler, Ralph Emerson		
Lehman, Samuel George	.Sen	Nev
Leifheit, Rose Marie		
Lewis, John Blaine		
Lewis, Ralph Milton		
Lewis, Sara Stanford		
Leydorf, Clara Catherine		
Liggett, Laura Fern	-	
Linscott, Fred O		
Linton, Blanche		
Linton, Elizabeth		
Linville, Joshua Carl		
Liston, Eugenia May		
Little, Esther Ellen		
Lively, Bertha Alwilda		
Logan, William Henry		
Loney, Leota Salena.		
Long, Bernice Olive		
Long, Blanche Lois		
Long, Mary Carmichael		
Longstaff, Bertha Marguerite		
Loofbourrow, Christine Marie		
Loomis, Ramona Belle		
Lorey, Gertrude		
Lortz, Jessie Hazel		
Love, Sigrid Annetta		
Luntz, Nelle Marie		
Lutz, Estella Hester		
Lynch, Verne Haddow		
Lyons, Alena Erdman	-	0
McAfee, Sarah Elizabeth		
McAuslan, Frances May		
McCarroll, Gertrude Rose		
McCleery, Florence Mae		
McClellan, Cecile Laverne	-	•
McClelland, Mary Belle		
McClure, Harriet Clendenin		
McClure, Oscar Earl		
McCorley, Ethel Mae		
McCormick, Jesta Nelle		
McCormick, Rosemary		
McCulloch, Josephine Eugenia		
McCumber, Esta Mae		
McFarland, Christina Isabel		
McGrath, Margaret	.rresn	Nelson ville

Name	Rank	Address
McGugin, Julia Merle	. Jun	Mt. Vernon
McKelvey, Augusta Bess		
McKelvey, Octa Zitella		
McKelvey, Raymond Pancoast		
McKelvey, Verna Margaret		
McLaughlin George Ephraim		
McMullen, Edith M		
McNeal, Mary Olive		
McPhail, Margaret Elizabeth		
McVey, William Estus		
Mackoy, Bess Louise		
Magrew, Pearl Burnham		
Maier, Gertrude		
Manning, Ethel.		
0,		
Mariner, Genevieve		
Marquis, Carroll Basil		
Marshall, William Brandt		
Martin, Roscoe Everett		
Martyn, Mary Ruth		
Marvin, Genevieve		
Mason, Bertha Laree		
Mason, Hazel		
Mathias, Anthony Ottis		
May, Alice Ramsey		
Maynard, May Louise		
Maze, Esther Gertrude		
Merrell, Lucia Ellen		
Merrin, Mary Struble ,	. Fresh	Mt. Vernon
Metcalf, James Henry		
Middleton, Genevieve Virginia	Soph	Middleport
Miles, Mary Katherine	Special	Belmont
Miller, Frances Mary	Soph	Kelley's Island
Miller, Irene Mary	Jun	Green Springs
Miller, Nellie Blanche	Soph	Baltimore
Miller, Ruby Rebecca	. Fresh	Lancaster
Moffitt, Lulu Faye	Fresh	Mt. Vernon
Moore, Ila Winifred		
Moore, Irvie Meechem		
Morris, Harry Lee		
Morris, Helen		
Morris, Nellie Abigail	^	
Morrison, Ora Irene	A	
Moskoffian, John Gregory		
Munn, Florence Doris		
Murphy, Ella Cecelia		
Murphy, Margaret Elizabeth		
Musser, Mabel Grace		
Table 1 day of day of the state		···· ···· ZEVAICHS

Name	Rank	Address
Myers, Ethel	.Soph	Green Springs
Myers, Mary Gladys		
Naylor, Lucile		
Neer, Francina	.Soph	Forgy
Nelson. Florence Elizabeth		
Nelson, Mary Emeline		
Nesbit, John Elliott		
Newberry, Hawley De Witt		
Nicholson, Dwight Rogers		
Nihart, Cora Stuller		
Nisely, Ellen Marie		
Nutt, Helen Alma		
O'Connor, Anna		
Ohl, Marae Elizabeth		
Orr, Esther Elizabeth		
Pace. Juanita Marie		
Park, Mary Edith		
Parker, Adeline Davis		
Parlette, Ruth		
Parry, Lulu Marie		
Patterson, Carrie Vyde		
Patterson, Gladys Genevieve		
Patterson, Violet Jane		
Patton, Anna Mae		
Patton, Waite McKee		
Pearce, Clarence Spence		
Pearce, Lois Gail		
Pease, Carrie De Ette		
Pemberton, Letha Zane		
Peregoy, Emma Genevieve		
Person, Everett J		
Pettay, Ward English		
Petty, Blanche		
Petty, Gladys		
Phelps, Nelle		
Phillips, Mary Leah		
Phoenix. Bessie Violet		
Piatt, Cora Winona	.Fresh	Manchester
Pickett, Helen Emma	Jun	Athens
Pilcher, Ada Rebecca	.Jun	McArthur
Pinkerton, Mabel Elizabeth	.Fresh	Bloomingburg
Pipes, Maybelle Forest	.Soph	Fulton
Pittinger, Margaret Grace	.Soph	Toronto
Polk, Julia Mooreman	Jun	New Vienna
Porter, Anna Laura	.Sen	Plattsburg
Porter, Frances Hannah	.Special	McConnelsville
Potts, Carl Grady	Sen	Athens

Name	Rank	Address
Potts, Clarence McNatt	.Fresh	Athens
Potts, Pearl Lucile	.Fresh	Athens
Powell, Mary Josephine	.Fresh	Nelson ville
Price, Jennie Lovina		
Price, Katherine Estella	.Special	Athens
Price, Nellie Josephine	.Fresh	Franklin
Pyers, Bessie		
Pyers, Grace		
Ralston, Bernice Catherine		
Ralston, James G		
Ramage, Georgia Estella		
Rang, Miriam Viola		
Rauschenberg, Stella Anna		
Ream, Albert Lee		
Reamy, Florence Marion		
Reeb, Estella Marion, Ph. B		
Rees, Harry L		
Rees, Magdalene		
Reeves, Lulu Beatrice		
Reeves, Mary Elizabeth		
Reeves, Olive Marie		
Regan, Katherine Leona		
Reifinger, Helen Elizabeth		
Remer, Lelia Hermina		
Reynolds, Helen Marie		
Rice, Rexa Villa		
Richards, Nelle		
Richeson, Marian Cromwell		
Ricketts. Helen		
Ridenour, Margaret May		
Rife, Natalie Rebecca		
Riffle, Earl		
Riggin, Edna Florence		
Risdon, Nellie Blanche		
Ritter, Julia Anna		
Robens, Olive Alexander		
Roberts, Dorothy Lulu		
Roberts, Jessie Marie		
Roberts, Olive Jane		
Robinson, Harold Clinton		
Rood, Orrell Louisa		
Root, Mary Margaret		
Rowe, Dorothy		
Russell, Greta Mildred		
Russell, Mary Louella		
Russen, Mary Louella	. Sopii	Saransville

Name	Rank	Address
Rutledge, Mamie Lizbeth	.Sen	Athens
Rutter, Glenna Maude	Fresh	Waterford
Sachs, Catherine Elizabeth	.Fresh	Newark
Saunders, Arthur Clair		
Schenck, Grace	Soph	Mt. Gilead
Schilling, Anna Helen	Fresh	Lowell
Schilling, Mary Leora		
Schleicher, Henrietta Moorehead		
Schleicher, Mary Magdalene		
Schmeltz, Esther Annie		
Schreck, Leo Munoz		
Sears, Anna Marie		
Secoy, Ina Leona		()
Secrest, Edna Emma.	•	
Seeman, Ethel Olive	-	
Severns, Edna Mildred		
Sharp, David Benjamin		
Sharp, Helen Julia		
Sharp, Ruth Elizabeth		
Sheafer, Grace		
Sheridan, Helen Frances		
Sherrick, Florence Irene		
Shields, Mary Hambleton		
Shipley, Mary Ursel		
Shipps, Belle		
Shirpps, Belle Shirkey, Della Miriam		
Shirkey, Dena Miriam Shirley, Elmer Wesley		
Shott, Vivian Richards		
Shoot, Vivian Kichards		
Shuman, Grace Charlene		
Sidders, Auda Mae		
Sigler, Adah Ellen		
Sigler, Alice May		
Skinner, Faye Lulu		
Skinner, Harley Clay	.Fresn	Newark
Smedley, Margaret Gertrude		
Smith, Nova Alvenzy		
Smith, Viola May		
Smittle, Edwin	.Fresn	west Union
Snell, Myrvil Ruth		
Snook, Martha Mabel		
Snow, Ethel Mae		
Southard, Hazel Fern		
Spellacy, Catherine Elizabeth		
Spracklen, Arloa Janiza	Soph	Kenton

Name	Rank	Address
Sprague, Edna McGrath	.Jun	Athens
Stage, John Edward		
Stalnaker, Eula Dale		
Starr, Chassie		
Starr, Elma Vera		
Stauch, Minnie		
Staudt, Ralph Augustine		
Steadman, Inez Edith		
Stevens, Frances Folsom		
Stevens, Jennie May		
Stewart, Mary Agnes		
Stillman, Brenda Frederica		
Stimson, Hazel Sophia		
Stinchcomb, Judd Thomas		
Stobbs, Susie May		
Stockman, Emma Pearl		
Strode, Hazel Dean	Fresh	Chesterhill
Strode, Jessie Augusta		
Strong, Jessie Belle		
Stubbs, Treva Irene		
Sullivan, Dallas		
Sutphen, Helen Marie		
Swaim, Ethel Grace		
Swaim, Hannah Marie		
Swartz, Clara Bernice		
Talbott, Jean Elizabeth		
Taylor, Burdell M		
Taylor, Earl McGee		
Taylor, Eunice Loa		
Taylor, Fern A		
Taylor, Verna Mattie		
Terwilliger, Leda Margherita		
Thomas, Anna Belle		
Thomas, Annetta		
Thomas, Della Lee		
Thomas, Florence Mae		
Thomas, Harvey Dale		
Thomas, Helen Alice		
Thomas, Helen Tedfor		
Thomas, Nettie		
Thomas, Ruth Christina		
Thomas, Thirza Eliza		
Thompson, Jean Louise		
Thornhill, Gertrude		
Thourot, Susan Adella		
Tilley, Margaret L		
Tilley, Virginia Elizabeth		

Name	Rank	Address
Tom, Fred Lee	Jun	Athens
Touchman, Lottie Amelia		
Traverso, Josephine Candida		
Treudley, Ruth, Ph. B		
Tull, Elizabeth Ann		
Turner, Edythe Naomi		
Unklefer, Rosalind		
Van Dorn. Lena Matilda		
Van Pelt, Bethel		
Van Pelt, Wayne		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Van Scoyoc, Le Vaughn Grace		
Van Voorhis, Almeda		
Van Voorhis, Bessie		
Verity, Jeannette Virginia		
Vester, Clara Elizabeth	1	
Vincent, Elsie Vere		
Waggoner, Clada Ruth		
Wagner, Ada Merle		
Walburn, Wesley		
Walker, Greta Edith		
Waller, Elsie Gertrude		
Walpole, Branson Alva		
Walters, Nellie Elizabeth		
Ward, Mary		
Ward, Theron William		
Wardell, Alta Grace		
Ware, Anna Marie		O O
Warner, Edna May		
Warner, Mary Eva.		
Warner, Mary Lavinia		
Warnock, Bernice Elizabeth		
Watkins, Nettie Elizabeth		
Watson, Carrie Mae		
Watt, Agnes Rose		
Weber, Maude Antoinette		
Weik, Waldo Harrison		
Welch, Ruth Harriet		
Welker, Adriel, B. S		
Wenzell, Helen Jane		
Werner, Margaret Henrietta	Soph	Cleveland
West, Fannie	Fresh	Oberlin
West, Mary Annis		
Westfall, Freda Blanche		
Whitacre, Foster Elijah		
White, Eliza Lorena		
White, Ida Florintha		
White, Joseph Cooke	Jun	New Concord

-739

Name	Rank	Address
White, Mary Luanna	Soph	Chandlersville
White, Melba Rowena		
White, Otis Leo	.Special	Hemlock Grove
Whiteman, Doris	.Fresh	Napoleon
Whitsey, Edna Alice	Soph	Put-in-Bay
Whittlesey, Nola Cole	.Soph	Atwater
Wilcox, Marian Lucy	.Fresh	Youngstown
Wilkes. Marie Carsonia	Jun	Athens
Wilking, Corinne Wilhelmina	.Fresh	Zanesville
Willerton, Nettie Elizabeth	.Jun	Bellaire
Williams, David Burle	Fresh	Syracuse
Williams, Eva	.Special	Lebanon
Williams, Jessie	.Fresh	Pomeroy
Williams, Naomi	.Fresh	Glouster
Williams, Roger Eugene		
Williams, Verda E		
Williams, Wilbur Milton		
Willis, Irma		
Willis, Zoe		
Wilson, Arthur Lowell		
Wilson, Walter H		
Winters, Frances Alice		
Woodell, Harriet Alice		
Woodland, Ellen Elizabeth		
Woodworth, Gladwin A		
Wright, Florence Harriet		
Wright, Olivia Adaline		
Yanit, Freda		
Yealey, Nell		
Yester, Cora Ann		
Zeigler, Carl William		
Zimmerman, Elma Elizabeth		
Zwickel, Floyd	.Special	Logan

STATE PREPARATORY SCHOOL

All students taking work leading to collegiate courses are enrolled here.

Name	Year	Address
Abersold, Rose Leah	.Second	Cameron
Addicott, Cora Elizabeth		
Alexander, Hope		
Alexander, Mabel Margaret		
Alexander, Mary Elizabeth		
Allison, Herman Wallace		
Amann, Elsie Hurst		
Amerine, Arthur Truman		
Amerine, Ivan Robert		
Anderegg, Amy Magdalena		
Anderson, Glen		
Ankrom, Mona Hazel		
Armstrong, Clarence Edward		
Armstrong, Henry Philip		
Atkins, Gertrude Alice		
Ator, Bertha Mabel		
Baker, Anna May		
Baker, Margery May		
Ball, Ford Sylvester	Second	Brokaw
Barnes, Grace Adale		
Barnhill, Amy Gertrude	.Second	Guysville
Barnhill, Lulu Anna	Second	Guysville
Barnhill, Walter Everett	Second	Guysville
Baughman, Eva Ruth	Third	lew Marshfield
Baughman, Everett	ThirdN	ew Marshfield
Beatty, Elizabeth Grover	.Third	Luhrig
Beckley, Everett Asa	.Fourth	McArthur
Beckley, John Earl		
Beekman, Grace	Second	Elm Grove
Beekman, Ivalue	.Second	Elm Grove
Beekman, Latha Edith	.Third	Elm Grove
Bell, Ida Jane	.Second	Dixie
Benedict, Esther Leona	Fourth	Fleming
Blum, Clara Loretta	.Second	Logan
Blum, Oscar	.Second	Enterprize
Boarden, Nellie	.Second	Logan
Boetticher, Albert Wesley		
Bolen, Bessie	Second	Dexter
Bonnell, Foster Ray	.Second	Cambridge
Bouts, John Edward	.Fourth	South Webster
Bradbury, Victor Wymond		
Brammer, Esther Olive	First	Chesapeake

Name	Year	Address
Brammer, Guy Orrin	Second	Givens
Brandle, Helen Minette	.Fourth	Chillicothe
Brandom, Maree Abbie	Second	Athens
Brohard, Mabel		
Brown, Herbert Francis		
Brown, Iseah May		
Bunshaw, Jessie		
Burke, Hugh Russell		
Burns, Dana Thurlow		
Burns, Elijah Thomas		
Burns, Marie Caldwell		
Burton, Otis Austin		
Cable, Louise Marguerite		
Calhoon, William James		
Canfield, Freda Marie		
Carothers, Helen Hannah		
Casley, Paul Bartlett		
Chapman, Clarence Orton		
Chapman, Faye Marie		
Chapman, Pallie Gail		
Chappelear, William Kenneth		
Chappell, Dalton Orrin		
Chase, Don Edwin		
Chevalier, Willis Sheridan		
Clark, Chloe May		
Clark, Melvin Ray		
Clarke, Frances Etta		
Clum, Samuel J		
Conaway, Otho Basil		
Cook, Ollie		
Cooley, Ethel May		
Cooper, Ethel Raymond		
Cooper, Orland Clifford	.second	
Core, Charles B		
Cottrill, Maude Elizabeth		
Craig, Sara Ethel		
Cronin, Hazel Eska		
Crow, George H	.Second	Rutland
Crumley, Martha Mildred		
Culberson, Otho D		
Cullen, Esther Mary		
Cullum, Walter Meredith		
Cullum, William Price		
Cummings, Davis Vincent		
Dabritz, Edward Norman		
Davis, Bruce Watts		
Davis, Chester Francis	.Fourth	Glouster

Name	Year	Address
Davis, Jessie Amine	.Second	Dexter
Davis, Maye Amy		
Davis, Russell Harley		
Davis, Virgile	.Second	Nelsonville
Dearth, Miles		
Dearth, Otto Art		
Deck, Joe Vern		
Devine, Grace		
Dickason, Gladys Marie		
Dickinson, Lynette		
Dickson, Audra Murle		
Donley, Gerard Vernon		
Donovan, John Paul		
Dutton, Stanley		
Dye, Mary		
Earles, Fern		
England, Isaac Hugh		
England, Naomi Lucile		
Engle, Carl Arthur.		
Enochs, Edgar Ernest		
Erskine, Ralph Waldo		
Etter, Grace Mohler		
Evans, Lucy Belle		
Evans, Nelle Blanche		
Ewing, Frances Rachel.		
Ewing, Rachel Frances		
Faber, Corbett L		
Fawley, Raymond Ulric		
Fidler, Lloyd Burson		
Fisher, Gideon Phipps		
Flaugher, Carey		
Floyd, Ada Leota		
Floyd, Leafy Gretelle		
Folden, Atta Vida		
Ford, George William		
Foster, Lucile Majorie		
Francisco, Boyd Edward		
Frantz, Guy L		
Fri, Olan Euzeda		
Gardner, Verna Gladys		
Gillette, Edwin Taylor		
Goddard, Charles Curtis		
Halbirt, Leslie Elmer		
Hale, Charles Cunningham		
Hall, Lillian Louise		
Hall, Ormsby Snyder		
Hall, Virgil Truman		
Han, viigh Fuman	second	I roctorvine

Name	Year	Address
Halliday, Mary Gladys	Second	Dexter
Halterman, Edna Bernice		
Halterman, Mabel Marie		
Hamilton, Howard Preston		
Handley, Cecil Worth		
Hare, Ada Marie		
Harkins, Nile Otto		
Heckler, Christian Robert		
Heffner, Zennon Bemon		
Heidorn, Edith Kern		
Henry, Ralph McDougall		
Herr, Ross		
Hickman, Perla Grace		
Hill, Nita Nelle.		
Hogue, Frank Lorin		
Holt, Kathryn		
Holton, Leslie Bryan		
Hughes, Charles Clarence		
Hutchinson, Calvin Clyde		
Jackson, Blanche Mabel		
Jamison, Sarah Pearle		
Jenkins, Roscoe Jømes		
Jones, Irene Love		
Jones, Rupel Johnson		
Judy, Marinda Violet		
Kaltenbach, Edith Fern		
Kern, Albert Fred		
Kientz, Eva Dolores		
King, Robert Nelson		
Klieves, Margaret Isabel		
Knight, Charles William		
Langdon, Alma		
Le Favor, Dean Hart		
Lee, Gladys Myrtle		
Leeper, Elsie Iota		
Lent, Harry Webster		
Lightfritz, Winifred		
Linscott, Royal		
Long, Clara Belle		
Looker, Edgar Merrill	Second	Bloomingburg
Love, Thomas		
Lowther, Robert Paul		
Lust, Jennie Mildred		
Lyons, Henry James		
McCleery, Laura Helen		
McConnell, Eva Lucile	Second	Willow Wood

Name	Year	Address
McConnell, Garnett Mildred	Second	Willow Wood
McCraken, Pearl Marshall	.Third	Cambridge
McCumber, Christopher Columbus		
McGee, Flora Inez	Third	Caldwell
McManaway, Leo Francis	.First	Jacksonville
McNamara, Edward Thomas	Fourth	Portsmouth
Mansfield, Ardie Lee	.Third	Canaanville
Martin, Clio Florence		
Martin, Earl Fletcher	Third	Seaman
Martin, Eva Lee		
Martin, Russel Warren	Fourth	Malta
Massar, Ivan Ernest	Third	Long Bottom
Matteson, Sibyl		
May, Noel Bryan	Second	Manchester, Iowa.
Meadow, Christine Gertrude	Second	Ray
Meinke, William Gottlieb	Fourth	Oak Harbor
Mendenhall, Guy Marshall	Second	Dell
Meredith, Jennie Belle	Fourth	Freeport
Merritt, George Wood	Fourth	Mulberry, Fla.
Merry, Roma Zua		
Merry, Ruby Sua	Second	Millfield
Messer, Grace Eliza	Fourth	Walbridge
Metcalf, Verner Ethelbert		
Michael, Ray		
Mickle, Herbert C		
Miller, Carl Rudolph	First	Lorain
Miller, Forest		
Miller, Guy Bashford		
Miller, Laura Elizabeth		
Miller, Laura K		
Miller, Mark Aurelius		
Mills, Helen Mildred Josephine		
Morris, Josephine Inez		
Morris, Stella Tamar		
Morrison, Archie Raymond		
Morrison, Raymond Lamont		
Munyan, Vernon	Second	Culberson
Nelson, Emmett Gerald		
Nelson, Florence Williams		
Nesbit, Joseph Watson Blaine		
Nicholson, Corinna Cornel		
Noel, Garnet Susie		
Noel, Helen Marie		
O'Connell, Charles Wilmer		
Ogden, William Roy		
Ogg, Verda Lenora		
Orr, Daisy Lucile	Second	Pratts Fork

Name	Year	Address
Oxley, Lena Bertine	Second	Athens
Oxley, Ralph Sidney		
Paynter, Grace		
Paynter, Roy H		
Pickens, Ivan		
Place, Laura Ethel	Third	Little Hocking
Plummer, Harry Custer	.Fourth	West Union
Plummer, Thomas Herbert		
Ponn, Blanche Chlora	.Second	Alice
Ponn, James McMillin	Second	Wilkesville
Porter, Ethel Barriet	.Fourth	Vincent
Primm, Edna Mae	.Second	Ironton
Pugh, Cecil Carl	Second	Jacobsburg
Pugh, Dwight Malster	.First	Vincent
Pugh, Virgie Agnes	Third	Roxbury
Quigley, Alma Leta	Third	Newcomerstown
Rader, Alfred Waldo		
Rhollans, Mabel May		
Richardson, Fanny Kerlestia	Third	Deucher
Ricketts, Howard Benjamin	.Second	Shawnee
Riesbeck, Laura C	Third	Lewisville
Risch, Irvin	Second	Rockbridge
Roberts, Mildred Gray	.Fourth	Nelsonville
Roberts, Vera Virginia	Fourth	McConnelsville
Roby, Florence Lulu		
Rodock, Zelpha Endsley		
Rose, Dwight Leslie	.Second	Buffalo
Roush, Lester L		
Rowe, Chester Allen		
Rush, Eva Lena		
Russell, Mary Vivian		
Sailor, Hobart Andrew		
Sanders, Mary Captolia		
Shafer, Kate		
Scott, Edward Buell		
Scott, John Maxwell		
Scott, Lindsay		
Secrest, Harry Edwin		
Shannon, Alice Magdalen		
Shannon, Ella Veronica		
Shaw, Charles Louis Marvey		
Sheppard, Frederick Emanuel		
Sherburn, Bertha Edna		
Shields, Linnie Mabel		
Shimmel, Vernon George Shirkey, Carl		
Shriver, Mary Alberta		
Shriver, Mary Alberta	.rourtn	Hilliards

Name	Year	Address
Shupe, Blanche Victoria	.Fourth	Kingston
Shuster, Ardilla Mae		
Silvus, Effie		
Skinner, Mary		
Sleeth, Lenora		
Smailes, James Orville		
Smart, Jessie Pearl		
Smith, Anna Izora		
Smith, Augusta Olive		
Smith, Robert Alexander		
Sommer, Franklin Earl		
Speer Florence		
Speyer, Anna Belle		
Staats, Harold Ashton		
Staker, Pearl Clifford		
Staneart, Charles Earnest		
Steele, Edgar Bracy		
Stephens, Arthur James	.Second	Fleming
Stewart, Edith Rowena		
Stewart, Velma Jean		
Stockwell, Hugh Sylvester		
Stone, Clara Mae		
Stone, Elmer Arvil		
Stone, Goldie Mae	.Fourth	Orland
Stoughton, Joseph D	.Second	Laneaster
Strausbaugh, Henry Verne	.Second	Langsville
Sturgill, Susie Sufy	.Second	Carbondale
Swartz, Delbert Wilson	.Second	McArthur
Sweazy, Harry William	.Second	Logan
Swickard, Cook	.Third	Toronto
Swickard, Gladys Edna		
Swinehart, Ross Poorman	.Third	Somerset
Thompson, Charles Herbert		
Thompson, Goldie Mae	Second	Dundas
Timmons, Benjamin Finley		
Tippie, Edith	.First	Athens
Tippie, Villa Florence	.First	Athens
Tom, Giendola Mae		
Tracy, Everett John		
Tracy, Nellie Halliday		
Trittipo, Dwight Davies	. Fourth	Adamsville
Ulrich, Anna Marie		
Ulrich, Victoria Helena	Third	Lewisville
Vance, Wilbur Hoadley		
Vanderford, Eliza Lidora		
Varner, Carrol S		
Wagner, Walter Joseph	.Second	Lorain

Name	Year	Address
Walsh, Josephine	Third	Vincent
Wamsley, Peryle Steen		
Ward, Grace Elizabeth	. Fourth	Clarington
Ward, Juanita Alice	Fourth	Clarington
Warner, Esta Elizabeth	Second	Harrison ville
Warren, Josiah	. Second	Scioto
Watkins, William Poston	Second	Athens
Watrous, Pearl Nettie	Second	Chesapeake
Watts, Grace Elizabeth	. Fourth	Rainsboro
Weaver, Marie Olive	Second	Cherryville
Weekley, Bertha Leota		
Weinrich, Eugene	Second	Beecher
Whaley, Raymond Earl	. Second	Pratts Fork
Wharton, Edith Marjorie	Third	New Marshfield
Wharton, Florida Edna	. Third	New Marshfield
Whitacre, Nina	. Second	Graysville
Wickoff, James Lee	Second	Bentonville
Wiggins, Ina Hazel	First	Moxahala
Woodroof, Lillian E	SecondWa	shington C. H.
Woods, Sevah	Second	Ironton
Work, Owen James	Second	Millersburg
Workman, Benson Earl	Fourth	Lynchburg
Wyckoff, Grace Emma	. Fourth	Athens
Young, Earl Ellsworth	Third	Millersburg
Zimmerman, Carl Herman	Second	Toledo
		-349

GENERAL SUMMARY

1914-15

College of Liberal Arts		
Graduate Students	7	
Class of 1914	. 40	
Seniors		
Juniors		
Sophomores		
Freshmen		
Irregular and Special		
		580
State Normal College		
Graduate Students	6	
Class of 1914	. 34	
Seniors	. 33	
Juniors	. 51	
Sophomores	. 193	
Freshmen	. 350	
Irregular and Special	. 112	
State Preparatory School	. 349	
		1100
Summer School (Total 2404) counting only those not		1128
enrolled elsewhere		1924
chronica discurrence	•	1021
Total		3632
Names counted more than once		3
Net Total	•	3629
University Extension Students (Total 1188) counting only		
those not enrolled elsewhere	,	688
		-
Grand Total		4317

ENROLLMENT OF STUDENTS FOR THE PAST FIVE YEARS

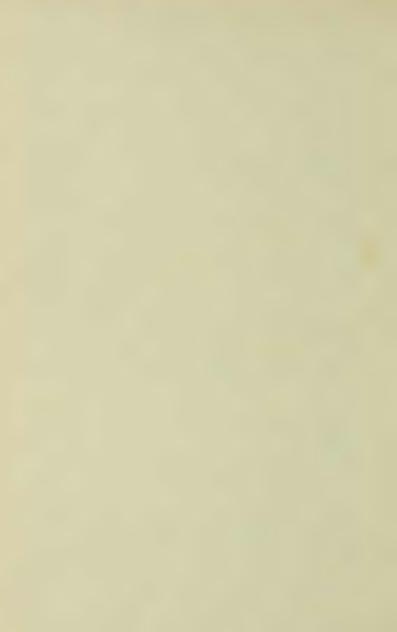
1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15
1810-11	1911-12	1912-15	1919-14	1814-19
1787	1882	9037	2276	4817

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UNIVERSITY CALENDAR

1914-1915

SECOND SEMESTER

Saturday, January 30	Registration of Students.
Monday noon, February 1	
Friday noon, April 2	
Monday noon, April 12	Easter Vacation Ends.
Thursday noon, June 17 Com	imencement Day and the Close
	of the Second Semester.

SUMMER SCHOOL

Saturday, June 19	Registration of Students.
Monday, June 21	Registration of Students.
Friday, July 30	. Close of Summer School.

1915-1916

FIRST SEMESTER

Saturday, September 11	Registration of Students.
Monday, September 13	Registration of Students.
Tuesday, September 14	
Wednesday noon, November 24.	Thanksgiving Recess Begins.
Monday noon, November 29	Thanksgiving Recess Ends.
Wednesday, December 22	Holiday Recess Begins.
Wednesday, January 5	Holiday Recess Ends.
Friday, February 4	First Semester Ends.

SECOND SEMESTER

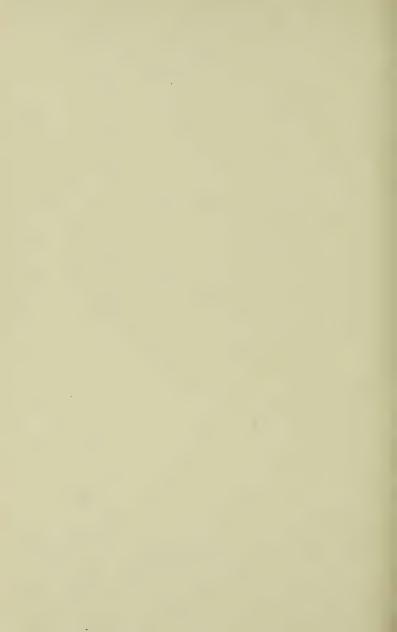
Saturday, February 5	Registration of Students.
Friday noon, April 21	Easter Vacation Begins.
Monday noon, May 1	Easter Vacation Ends.
	mmencement Day and the Close
	of the Second Semester.

SUMMER SCHOOL

Saturday, June 24	Registration of Students.
Monday, June 26	Registration of Students.
Tuesday, June 27	
Friday Angust 4	Close of Summer School

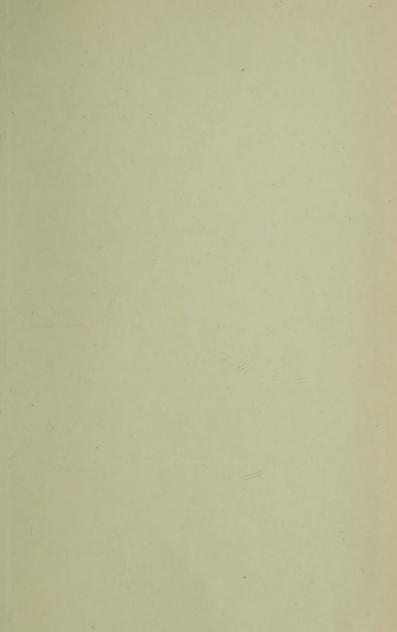
















UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS-URBANA

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